

GOOD THINGS COMING TO THEATRES OF ST. JOHN

PLENTY OF VARIETY AT THE OPERA HOUSE

"Great show this week—best for a long time," is what everybody is saying about this week's vaudeville programme at the Opera House. It has everything in it that a good show should have—variety, good clean comedy, peppy dancing, some of the best singing you ever saw, cutting good sister team who can both sing and dance, a splendid treat for the little kiddies and the big kiddies, too, in Elliott's Dog Circus; funny blackface comedians, all combined into an entertainment that keeps your interest firmly fixed until the final curtain.

Tonight at 7.30 and 9—the entire vaudeville programme and a special picture, "The Girl in the Red Dress," will be shown. The programme is a gripping story of out of doors in the far west. Popular prices.

SEATS FOR "EVERYMAN"
For the return engagement of the great Henry W. Savage music-play and spectacle, "Everyman," are being sold at the Imperial from 10 to 10 each day. Many choice locations can yet be secured. Telephone bookings and mail orders attended to in the office.

PRICE FOR "EVERYMAN"
Orchestra floor \$1.50 with the last four rows \$1.00. Front two rows of balcony \$1.00 with the remainder of that section 75c. Rear balcony 50c. Matinee prices on a lower scale. The first performance will be on Friday of this week and on Saturday evening suburban trains on both lines will be held until 11.15. The Imperial will be closed to pictures from Friday until Monday to make room for the big show. The Savage aggregation this year is identical with that of last season and the leading characters are the same. "Everyman" is a play of the same capable hands. Several theatre parties are already booked and a number of matinee parties of ladies and children.

KIDDIE ACTRESSES AT THE GEM THEATRE
Last two opportunities tonight to see Jane and Katherine Lee in "American Buds"—two wonderful kiddie actresses in a five-act Fox feature. Also "The Eagle's Eye" episode, dealing with German plots against the United States and Canada. Tonight at 7.15 and 8.45. Five and ten cents.

BURIED TODAY
The funeral of Mrs. Edna Ross took place this afternoon from her late residence, 105 Chesley street. Services were conducted by Rev. J. C. Appel. Interment was made in Cedar Hill.

The funeral of Mrs. Margaret Harper took place this afternoon from her late residence to the Cathedral, where burial services were conducted by Rev. Daniel Fraser. Interment was made in the new Catholic cemetery.

MALDEN WOMAN AND THREE DAUGHTERS KILLED BY GAS
Mrs. John A. Perry and her three daughters, ranging in age from nine to sixteen years, were found dead in a gas-filled room at their home in Malden, Mass., Sunday.

A note found near the bodies, indicated according to the police that the mother and her three daughters had been in a dispute over money matters, and that the mother and her daughters entered into an agreement to end their lives.

Mr. Perry left the house for an early morning stroll and when he returned all the doors were locked. Upon getting the entrance he found his wife and the children dead on the floor of a room filled with gas, which came from a small heater. The windows of the room were covered with blankets and paper and bed clothing had been used to close all the cracks beneath the doors.

Mr. Perry has been prominent as a member of the Socialist party. The police say that his daughters were left several thousand dollars by the will of his sister, who died recently.

"LONGSHOREMEN GETTING PRINCIPALLY SALARIES NOW"
"Longshoremen are no longer 'poor and down-trodden' according to William H. Edwards, United States internal revenue collector, who, in a statement at New York, Sunday, reported many of these workers earning from \$2,000 to \$3,000 a year.

Many longshoremen, ignorant of the income tax law, failed to file returns to the government and have been penalized as delinquents.

CROP CONDITIONS IN NEW ENGLAND ARE ENCOURAGING
Boston, Aug. 13.—Crop conditions in New England are encouraging, though slightly below normal because of the ravages of blights and pests, according to a statement issued Monday by V. A. Sanders, field agent for the department of agriculture in this district. Potatoes average high, particularly in Maine. Fruits, including apples and pears, average less than 50 per cent of normal. Corn and beans will be fair crops, though considerably below the average. Poor crop conditions in most cases are more than offset by increased acreage.

POTATO BLIGHT FOUND IN MANY MAINE SECTIONS
Potato blight or "rust" has been found in practically all parts of Maine, and in some instances it has been allowed to progress so far that it will be next to impossible to check the disease.

Notice of Births, Marriages and Deaths, 50c.

DEATHS
RUDDOCK—Entered into rest on Monday, Aug. 12, Joseph, youngest son of the late Francis L. Ruddock. Funeral from his late residence, 261 Douglas avenue, on August 14, at 2.30 p.m. Service at St. Luke's church at 3 o'clock.

READY—At Fairville, on Aug. 11, after a lingering illness, Ethel, beloved wife of Arthur Ringer and daughter of Bridget and the late Frank Abbott of Chance Harbor, leaving her husband, mother, two brothers and four sisters to mourn.

Funeral Wednesday at 8 o'clock from her late residence, Main street, Fairville, to St. Rose's church for requiem high mass. Friends invited to attend.

LOCAL NEWS

Wanted—Foster for mangle room. Royal Hotel Laundry. T.F.

AFTERNOON SAIL
Wednesday, Aug. 14th, Steamer Hampton will leave Indian town 8 p.m., returning about 6 p.m. Tickets 50 cents.

Notice—The fall styles are in at Morton's, the ladies' and gent's tailor, 52 Germain. 80100-9-19

Pea head coal landing, Gibbon & Co., Phone Main 2383 or 594. 8-14

LOCAL 810, L. L. A.
A full meeting will be held tonight of the Coal Handlers and Trimmers. All members are requested to be present by order of president.

PERSONALS

Misses Jennie and Margaret Russell of New York arrived in the city yesterday and are the guests of Mrs. Robert May. Hon. W. P. Jones, of Woodstock (N. B.), arrived in the city last night. Mr. and Mrs. Rex R. Cormier returned from New York yesterday and are at Ten Eyck Hall, 121 Union street.

Misses Grace Campbell and Helen Murray are spending a vacation in Digby and Annapolis.

Miss Jessie Cunningham and Mrs. W. G. Miller left last evening for Nova Scotia, where they will visit friends in Halifax and Sydney.

Dr. J. D. Maher, Mrs. Maher and Miss Hortense Maher, who have been guests at the Birchdale, Halifax, for the last month, have returned home.

Miss Edith Cummings, of St. John, is visiting Miss McIlveney, Fredericton.

Mrs. John Akerley and son, William, of St. John, are visiting friends at Barter's Point.

R. W. L. Tibbitts, king's printer and deputy provincial secretary, accompanied by Mrs. Tibbitts, will leave Fredericton Thursday for Ottawa where they will be the guests of their daughter, Mrs. Walter C. Gills for some days.

Alexander McEachern of St. John, is visiting his brother-in-law, H. B. Gay, of Shediac.

Sackville Tribune.—Mrs. H. A. Powell and Miss Madeline de Soyres, who have been guests of Mrs. Wood, have returned to St. John. Miss Violet Knapp left Monday for St. John, where she will visit her cousin, Miss Grace Estey, Mrs. A. E. Vessey, who has been the guest of Mrs. C. Mitchell and children at her home in St. Stephen.

Moncton Transcript.—Miss Mabel Logan, of Maryville, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. C. Mitchell and children at this evening for Dorchester, where she will spend some time at the residence of Mrs. Norman McKelvey.

Miss Nan Logan, of Maryville, N. B., who has been spending the last few days in Moncton, the guest of her sister, Mrs. Clifford Milton, returned home on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Milton and family, of Georgetown, left for St. John on Saturday. Mr. Milton will be in the city a few days visiting his sister-in-law at Lakewood.

Frank W. Merrill and Robert H. Maxwell have returned from the Marples, on the St. John river, where they spent an enjoyable two weeks vacation.

J. H. Corcoran of the Grand Trunk Railway, with headquarters in Moncton, was in the city yesterday and left last evening for Halifax.

Miss Greta Parkin and Miss Jennette Seely of Parkinville, N. B., who have been the guests of Miss deMille, Sussex, are receiving congratulations on the arrival of a little daughter on August 10.

Howard P. Robinson, general manager of the N. B. Telephone Co., and one of the directors of the N. B. Power Co., arrived home from Montreal at noon.

Hon. Robert Murray, provincial secretary, arrived in town at noon.

Mrs. Susan Connell arrived from Lynn, Nova Scotia, yesterday, where she has been visiting for some months.

J. Hunter White returned to the city at noon after an American visit.

Dr. and Mrs. John R. Nugent arrived in the city from their wedding trip today. They were warmly greeted by friends.

E. P. Scully and party returned yesterday from a delightful auto trip to Boston.

Miss Marion E. Gregory of Cambridge, Mass., is the guest of Mrs. J. M. Thompson, 122 Douglas avenue.

Mrs. James Robichaud, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. A. M. Brown, Pine street, left today for her home in Montreal.

Occupation is the most favorable antidote to the poison which creeps in to the system after the mind is allowed to stagnate through long and forced idleness.

Some time before printing this comment on the soap situation, the Berliner Tageblatt published a detailed account of the beginning of an investigation by the Düsseldorf authorities of a mighty soap scandal involving the theft of soap valued at \$1,700,000 and the arrest of several officials of the soap committee.

It appears that the Government Soap Syndicate had bought large quantities of soap valued at about \$5,000,000, and finding that most of this soap was of very poor quality, it decided to have it melted down and made over. The cooperative association was intrusted with this task and two government officials were assigned to watch the work and see that none of the precious soap went astray during the melting down process.

Then, according to the prosecuting attorney, the head of the soap factory bribed the inspectors, and the result was that the Soap Syndicate was cleared out of soap to the value of \$1,700,000, which the guilty parties sold to the underground trade.

TAYLOR-STEEVES.
On Thursday afternoon, Aug. 8, in St. Mary's Episcopal church, Hillsboro, Miss. Florence Ethel Rowe Steeves, the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Trites Steeves, Hillsboro, N. B., and Arthur W. Taylor, son of Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Taylor of Halifax, N. S., were united in marriage.

A study of the figures carries the conviction that this problem (vocational "re-education") is by no means wholly that of the cripple or the maimed. It is a problem of the man who has a complication of troubles, or injuries that, while surgical, do not amount to membership. The most numerous cases will be those requiring medical rather than surgical treatment.—The Vocational Summary (U. S.), June, 1918.

WATCH THIS SPACE

L. L. Sharpe & Son
Jewelers and Opticians,
21 KING ST., ST. JOHN, N. B.



The Duchess of Marlborough, who is a Progressive candidate for the London, Eng., county council.

Germans Worried By Lack of Soap

War Soap a Failure, Dangerous and Ineffective—"Underground" Trade Large—A Government Scandal

The following sketch of the soap shortage in Germany, which, according to a report sent out from Amsterdam on June 29, has developed a new skin disease among the Kaiser's subjects, was printed in the Berliner Tageblatt of June 9:

"Berlin, although officially there is no more soap to be had, there are the most varied kinds of soap for sale at the most varied prices. Sometimes Dutch soap is offered to us, yellowish like harness grease and soft as butter. It costs about \$1.25 a cake, and it is asserted that you can wash your face with it. You can also get Hungarian soap in the shops. It is dark brown and is supposed to contain glycerine, at least that's what the makers assert. Occasionally good friends offer us Danish, Swedish, Polish, Rumanian, and even Italian soap. The prices are high, the soaps bad and they do not very much help. But what's the difference? The people are glad to get soap at all.

"The housewife who sends her washing out to the laundry gets it back cleaned all right, but sometimes in a condition calculated to make her suspect that something like barbed wire is being used in the cleaning process. The Imperial Clothing Bureau has now come out energetically for the sparing of the linen in washing. It threatens to take drastic action, wants to forbid the use of washing substances containing acids and chlorides, and even the closing of the establishments, if the laundries do not spare the clothes. But the Imperial Clothing Bureau doesn't indicate how the clothes can be washed without having the fabric damaged. This problem doesn't interest it at all. It is merely interested in seeing that the linen is spared.

"In response to our query we are informed that in the future more soda is to be added to the wash soap powder. But, as we learn from the War Bureau for Oils and Fats, there is no soda on hand, so the question of solving this problem is left up to the officials concerned. The Imperial Clothing Bureau is of the opinion that the clothes should be washed merely in accordance with the conditions and that people should not ask for dazzling white shirts and handkerchiefs. This 'war-time washing' would hardly satisfy the housewife, who, half washed without the use of cleansing chemicals, would probably be an incubator of diseases.

"There is no substitute for good soap. The war soap, with its high percentage of clay, can hardly be used to wash anything but the dirtiest things with a stone-cutter. It can't be used at all to wash clothes. All that the housewife wishes to spare her clothes with is to limit them to the use of the washing substances allowed by the War Committee on Oils and Fats. If the washing substances approved by the committee are at least entirely harmless they are at least less harmful than the unapproved substances.

"Some time before printing this comment on the soap situation, the Berliner Tageblatt published a detailed account of the beginning of an investigation by the Düsseldorf authorities of a mighty soap scandal involving the theft of soap valued at \$1,700,000 and the arrest of several officials of the soap committee. It appears that the Government Soap Syndicate had bought large quantities of soap valued at about \$5,000,000, and finding that most of this soap was of very poor quality, it decided to have it melted down and made over. The cooperative association was intrusted with this task and two government officials were assigned to watch the work and see that none of the precious soap went astray during the melting down process.

Then, according to the prosecuting attorney, the head of the soap factory bribed the inspectors, and the result was that the Soap Syndicate was cleared out of soap to the value of \$1,700,000, which the guilty parties sold to the underground trade.

TAYLOR-STEEVES.
On Thursday afternoon, Aug. 8, in St. Mary's Episcopal church, Hillsboro, Miss. Florence Ethel Rowe Steeves, the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Trites Steeves, Hillsboro, N. B., and Arthur W. Taylor, son of Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Taylor of Halifax, N. S., were united in marriage.

A study of the figures carries the conviction that this problem (vocational "re-education") is by no means wholly that of the cripple or the maimed. It is a problem of the man who has a complication of troubles, or injuries that, while surgical, do not amount to membership. The most numerous cases will be those requiring medical rather than surgical treatment.—The Vocational Summary (U. S.), June, 1918.

WATCH THIS SPACE

L. L. Sharpe & Son
Jewelers and Opticians,
21 KING ST., ST. JOHN, N. B.

LIEUT. DOUCETT DIED OF WOUNDS

Ottawa, Aug. 12.—One casualty from the maritime provinces is reported in today's list, that of Lieut. J. T. Doucet, of Bathurst, N. B., who has died of wounds.

SACKVILLE MAN WITH U. S. FORCES
Washington, Aug. 12.—Today's army casualty list contains the name of Leslie Estabrooke, Sackville, Canada, as being severely wounded.

British Airmen at Work By Day and Night

MANY DIRECT HITS

Railway Junctions of Military Importance Attacked With Good Effect—Twenty-nine Hostile Craft Destroyed in One Day

London, Aug. 12.—An official communication dealing with aviation, issued tonight, says:

"Fifty tons of bombs were dropped by our airmen on Aug. 11 and the following night. The two chief objectives, both by day and by night, were the crossings and certain railway junctions of military importance. The attacks were heavily bombed by some of our squadrons in broad daylight, from a low height, without loss to us. Many direct hits were observed.

"At night the statement says, the stations at Peronne and Cambrai were severely attacked with good effect. All of our night bombing machines returned safely.

"Enemy aircraft, flying in large formations, were active on the battlefield. Twenty-nine hostile machines were destroyed in air fighting during the day and twenty-four others were driven down out of control.

"Four hostile balloons were shot down in flames. Five of our machines are missing.

"The observation work for our artillery, carried out by airplanes and balloons, was steadily continued. On the night of Aug. 10-11 a Gotha machine was brought down by our night bomber fire, in addition to those already reported.

Attacked Railway Centre.
"On the afternoon of Aug. 11, in addition to the bombing previously reported, a few hostiles were dropped on the triangle of railways at Metz.

"On the night of Aug. 11-12 our machines attacked two hostile airbases and various ground targets with bombs and machine gun fire. On the day of the 12th one of our squadrons, despite unfavorable weather conditions, successfully attacked the airplane and chemical works at Frankfurt.

"But the fact of our being well in the centre of the objectives. Large numbers of enemy airplanes attacked and kept up a running fight for about thirty miles. Two enemy machines were destroyed. All our machines returned safely.

"Another of our squadrons attacked the hostile airbase at Haguenau, Alsace, with excellent results. This squadron just after crossing the lines met large numbers of enemy ships and at once decided to give battle. As the result of severe fighting four enemy airplanes were destroyed and one other machine was driven down out of control. Two of our machines are missing.

"The squadron reformed after this fight and proceeded to bomb its objectives. A direct hit was obtained on a large hut in the airbase and a bomb fell among four enemy machines on the ground and destroyed them."

French Bombers Busy.
Paris, Aug. 12.—(Aviation).—"During the day of Aug. 11 our bombing squadrons carried out successful expeditions over the enemy lines. Concentration centres, road crossings, bridges and railroads were copiously drenched with projectiles.

"Marching columns were subjected to machine gun fire. The important centre of communication of Perqueroucourt received for its part seventeen tons of explosives during the day.

"Numerous transports have been bottled up. A total of fifty-seven tons of bombs were dropped, of which twenty-two tons fell during the night on the regions of Ham, Noyon, Guiscard and Tergnier.

"Some day fifteen airships and four captive balloons were seen. Twenty-two machines were put out of action by our pilots, operating in collaboration with American crews."

INQUIRY INTO SHOOTING.
Paris, Aug. 12.—Coroner Jolicœur today postponed till Wednesday his enquiry into the shooting of a Serb on the night at Levis where a Serb on the night named Durovic, was shot and killed by a Vidai, a Serb volunteer, who attempted to enter the Levis fort with a pass. Vidai was himself killed by another soldier. A court martial is proceeding for his enquiry, but Coroner Jolicœur has to hold an inquiry also, the affair having taken place in a street, off the military camp.

FELL EIGHTY FEET
Quebec, Aug. 12.—Ernest Morin, St. Rouald, fell off the flooring of the Quebec bridge while painting the metal structure. He was picked up floating in the river below and rushed home. He will recover. He had an eighty foot fall.

LABOR INQUIRY RESUMES
Quebec, Aug. 13.—The royal commission enquiring into the labor dispute at the Davis shipbuilding plant resumed work today, after a three-day recess representing the International Union men had withdrawn his resignation from the commission. No one was allowed to enter the proceedings being held within closed doors.

QUEBEC BRIDGE FINISHED
Quebec, Aug. 13.—The last touch of workmanship will be given the Quebec bridge today, when painters finish the entire job. No more work will have to be done, and it is expected the government will take over the bridge some time this week-end.

PLUMBERS' CONVENTION.
The provincial convention of the New Brunswick plumbers is being held today at the Log Cabin Fishing Club, Loch Lomond. The party left the city this morning and will return this evening.

For good values and proper fit in Suits for Men, Women or Children come to

J. Goldman,
26 Wall St. Near Winter
Take the Haymarket Sq. Car.

BOOKS are a luxury. You only read them once. Rent the latest from us for a few cents.

Woman's Exchange Library,
158 Union street; open evenings

THE BEST QUALITY AT A REASONABLE PRICE

Is Your Watch a Credit to You?

Is your watch as good as your clothes—your automobile—your furniture in your home, or office? It ought to be.

You will find at Sharpe's a watch that is a credit to you—an accurate timekeeper, handsome in appearance—an asset to you in a business and social way.

Come in and look at modern watches at Sharpe's. We have a splendid stock.

Prices are mighty big values.

L. L. Sharpe & Son
Jewelers and Opticians,
21 KING ST., ST. JOHN, N. B.

FIFTY TONS OF BOMBS DROPPED ON THE ENEMY

British Airmen at Work By Day and Night

MANY DIRECT HITS

Railway Junctions of Military Importance Attacked With Good Effect—Twenty-nine Hostile Craft Destroyed in One Day

London, Aug. 12.—An official communication dealing with aviation, issued tonight, says:

"Fifty tons of bombs were dropped by our airmen on Aug. 11 and the following night. The two chief objectives, both by day and by night, were the crossings and certain railway junctions of military importance. The attacks were heavily bombed by some of our squadrons in broad daylight, from a low height, without loss to us. Many direct hits were observed.

"At night the statement says, the stations at Peronne and Cambrai were severely attacked with good effect. All of our night bombing machines returned safely.

"Enemy aircraft, flying in large formations, were active on the battlefield. Twenty-nine hostile machines were destroyed in air fighting during the day and twenty-four others were driven down out of control.

"Four hostile balloons were shot down in flames. Five of our machines are missing.

"The observation work for our artillery, carried out by airplanes and balloons, was steadily continued. On the night of Aug. 10-11 a Gotha machine was brought down by our night bomber fire, in addition to those already reported.

Attacked Railway Centre.
"On the afternoon of Aug. 11, in addition to the bombing previously reported, a few hostiles were dropped on the triangle of railways at Metz.

"On the night of Aug. 11-12 our machines attacked two hostile airbases and various ground targets with bombs and machine gun fire. On the day of the 12th one of our squadrons, despite unfavorable weather conditions, successfully attacked the airplane and chemical works at Frankfurt.

"But the fact of our being well in the centre of the objectives. Large numbers of enemy airplanes attacked and kept up a running fight for about thirty miles. Two enemy machines were destroyed. All our machines returned safely.

"Another of our squadrons attacked the hostile airbase at Haguenau, Alsace, with excellent results. This squadron just after crossing the lines met large numbers of enemy ships and at once decided to give battle. As the result of severe fighting four enemy airplanes were destroyed and one other machine was driven down out of control. Two of our machines are missing.

"The squadron reformed after this fight and proceeded to bomb its objectives. A direct hit was obtained on a large hut in the airbase and a bomb fell among four enemy machines on the ground and destroyed them."

French Bombers Busy.
Paris, Aug. 12.—(Aviation).—"During the day of Aug. 11 our bombing squadrons carried out successful expeditions over the enemy lines. Concentration centres, road crossings, bridges and railroads were copiously drenched with projectiles.

"Marching columns were subjected to machine gun fire. The important centre of communication of Perqueroucourt received for its part seventeen tons of explosives during the day.

"Numerous transports have been bottled up. A total of fifty-seven tons of bombs were dropped, of which twenty-two tons fell during the night on the regions of Ham, Noyon, Guiscard and Tergnier.

"Some day fifteen airships and four captive balloons were seen. Twenty-two machines were put out of action by our pilots, operating in collaboration with American crews."

INQUIRY INTO SHOOTING.
Paris, Aug. 12.—Coroner Jolicœur today postponed till Wednesday his enquiry into the shooting of a Serb on the night at Levis where a Serb on the night named Durovic, was shot and killed by a Vidai, a Serb volunteer, who attempted to enter the Levis fort with a pass. Vidai was himself killed by another soldier. A court martial is proceeding for his enquiry, but Coroner Jolicœur has to hold an inquiry also, the affair having taken place in a street, off the military camp.

FELL EIGHTY FEET
Quebec, Aug. 12.—Ernest Morin, St. Rouald, fell off the flooring of the Quebec bridge while painting the metal structure. He was picked up floating in the river below and rushed home. He will recover. He had an eighty foot fall.

LABOR INQUIRY RESUMES
Quebec, Aug. 13.—The royal commission enquiring into the labor dispute at the Davis shipbuilding plant resumed work today, after a three-day recess representing the International Union men had withdrawn his resignation from the commission. No one was allowed to enter the proceedings being held within closed doors.

QUEBEC BRIDGE FINISHED
Quebec, Aug. 13.—The last touch of workmanship will be given the Quebec bridge today, when painters finish the entire job. No more work will have to be done, and it is expected the government will take over the bridge some time this week-end.

PLUMBERS' CONVENTION.
The provincial convention of the New Brunswick plumbers is being held today at the Log Cabin Fishing Club, Loch Lomond. The party left the city this morning and will return this evening.

For good values and proper fit in Suits for Men, Women or Children come to

J. Goldman,
26 Wall St. Near Winter
Take the Haymarket Sq. Car.

BOOKS are a luxury. You only read them once. Rent the latest from us for a few cents.

Woman's Exchange Library,
158 Union street; open evenings

THE BEST QUALITY AT A REASONABLE PRICE

Is Your Watch a Credit to You?

Is your watch as good as your clothes—your automobile—your furniture in your home, or office? It ought to be.

You will find at Sharpe's a watch that is a credit to you—an accurate timekeeper, handsome in appearance—an asset to you in a business and social way.

Come in and look at modern watches at Sharpe's. We have a splendid stock.

Prices are mighty big values.

L. L. Sharpe & Son
Jewelers and Opticians,
21 KING ST., ST. JOHN, N. B.

GREAT RAILWAY WRECK IN STAR THEATRE FEATURE

The Ruler of the Road With Frank Keenan in Star Role—Presents interesting problem

"The Ruler of the Road," a Pathe play featuring Frank Keenan, is the attraction at the Star Theatre for the first two days of this week.

This particular picture was selected for Mr. Keenan because it gave