$14,000 If purchased at once, buys three brick houses on Jarvis street, corner Gerrard street, for which I have a rental offer of $1,200 per annum for term of three years, all repairs to be done by tenant.
H. H. WILLIAMS, 10 VICTORIA ST.

The Toronto World.

PATENTS Obtained in all countries by CHAS. H. RICHES, Registered Patent Attorney, Offices, Canada Life Building, Toronto. Advice as to the Patentability of Inventions and valuable Booklet to Inventors FREE!

Senate Reading Room
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SENATE PO

TWENTY-FIFTH YEAR | EIGHT PAGES—TUESDAY MORNING AUGUST 2 1904—EIGHT PAGES | ONE CENT

Japs Occupy Simoucheng, Cutting Russian Army in Two
Gen. Stakelberg's Command Isolated From Kuropatkin's

JAPS FIGHT AND WIN THE DECISIVE BATTLE

Occupy Simoucheng After Several Strenuous Days of Close Clashes.

KUROPATKIN GOING NORTH

Troops Said to Have Been Withdrawing as Far as Harbin for Days.

GREAT ANXIETY AT ST. PETERSBURG

Victory Followed Brilliant March of Little Fellows Under Enemy's Shrapnel.

The war news this morning is important. The Japs have succeeded after some days' hard fighting in occupying the Town of Simoucheng, thus getting between the northern and the southern divisions of the Russian army. Kuropatkin is reported to have got his army on its way to Harbin, leaving but a few soldiers to check the Japanese advance. He apparently believes it is better to sacrifice Stakelberg and his corps than the whole flower of the Russian army at this time. There is little doubt that the decisive battle of the war has been fought, and victory perches on the banners of the little fellows.

ARMY CUT IN TWO.

London, Aug. 1.—A despatch to a news agency from Tokio says there is reason to believe that, after two days' fighting, the Japanese occupied Simoucheng, thus cutting off Gen. Stakelberg from General Kuropatkin.

JAPS TOOK THE TOWN.

London, Aug. 2.—The correspondent of The London Times with Gen. Kuroki in the field, in a despatch dated July 31, says:

"This army began a general attack at daylight to-day, which lasted until sunset. The Japanese centre took the town, capturing the enemy's northeastern positions.

"The left advanced and occupied a position jeopardizing the Russian right.

"The Japanese right carried the position against superior numbers.

"There was tremendous artillery firing thruout the day, and the infantry finished with a brilliant march under the enemy's shrapnel.

"I believe that the Russian position will be untenable to-morrow."

It will be noted that the foregoing despatch does not name the town captured by the Japanese. It likely refers to Simoucheng, reports of the capture of which have been sent out from Tokio.

KUROKI SUCCEEDS.

Tientsin, Aug. 1.—It is reported here that Gen. Kuroki was successful in the battle fought near Haicheng yesterday.

Heavy firing was heard at Newchwang to-day.

The Japanese have removed ten electric mines from Liao River, and others have been located.

A strong Japanese guard has been placed at the Yinkow Railroad station.

A recent arrival from Port Arthur says the Japanese are five miles distant from the Russian strongholds, the approaches to which are heavily mined. The Chinese remaining at Port Arthur are being well treated. Rice is scarce, but bread is said to be plentiful.

ST. PETERSBURG ANXIOUS.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 2.—(2.36 a. m.)—The greatest anxiety prevails here for news of the general advance against the southern and eastern positions of General Kuropatkin's army. The public believes that the decisive battle of the campaign is being fought. However, keen military observers declare that for several days the main body of the Russian army has been moving north towards Mukden, and that, when the present line to the southeast is forced, the Japanese will find that they have crushed only the shell.

DECISIVE BATTLE BEGUN.

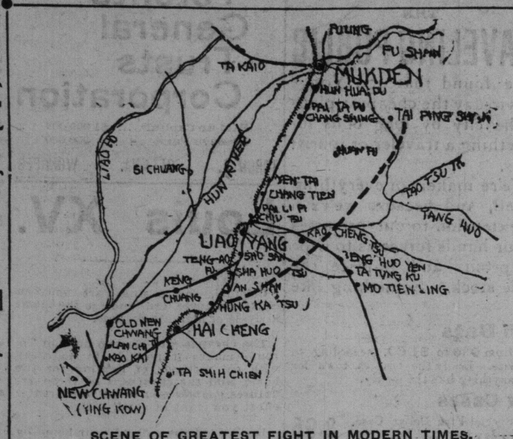
St. Petersburg, Aug. 1.—(3.05 p.m.)—At last the decisive battle of the campaign seems to be in progress. Having completed his enveloping movement of the Russian position, General Kuroki has ordered simultaneously an advance from all points against Haicheng and Liaoyang. Fighting is raging on both fronts, and still continues. The latest reports contain nothing yet confirmatory of the rumors that General Kuropatkin has been defeated.

According to Kuropatkin's official despatch to the emperor, the battle began for the possession of the important position at Simoucheng, which is located at the juncture of the Fengwangcheng and Siuyen roads. Two separate armies were launched from the east above the two roads, while a third, under Gen. Oku, moved up east of the railroad from Tatchekiao to try to cut off the Russian force there from Haicheng. If the latter move is successful this force will be crushed.

A portion of General Kuroki's army at the same time advanced against General Keller's positions at Ikhavuen, east of Liaoyang, trying the favorite Japanese plan of outflanking him on the right. Still further north on the Saimatsza-Liaoyang road, the Japanese moved forward against Houtsiatze (25 miles from Liaoyang). At all points the Japanese employed artillery to the best advantage.

General Kuropatkin's situation will be desperate in the event of his defeat. The keenest anxiety is felt at the war office for news of the progress of the battle. The general staff seems utterly dumbfounded at the number of men the Japanese possess, and consequently Kuropatkin's statement that they are landing another heavy force

Continued on Page 5.



SCENE OF GREATEST FIGHT IN MODERN TIMES.

GENERAL KELLER DIES IN ACTION BURST SHELL BROUGHT SUMMONS

First High Russian Commander to Lose His Life in the War.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 1.—The report of Lieut.-General Count Keller's death is confirmed. He was killed on July 29, while repelling the preliminary attack of Gen. Kuroki's army on the Yanze Pass, 30 miles east of Liaoyang. The general was standing near a battery which was subjected to a terrific fire, when a shell burst close to him and he fell, mortally wounded, dying twenty minutes later.

Before he expired Gen. Keller had the satisfaction of knowing that the Japanese attack had been repelled.

Gen. Keller was the first high Russian commander to lose his life in this war. Gen. Zassalitch may now command the First Siberian Army Corps.

The loss of Gen. Keller is deeply felt in court circles. He was a personal favorite of the emperor. His sister, Countess Kleimichel, is one of the leaders of St. Petersburg society.

Lieut.-Gen. Count Keller, at the opening of the war, was in command of the Second Siberian Army Division. He was 54 years old, and resigned the governorship of Ekaterinoslaff in order to go to the front. Gen. Keller took part in three campaigns of the Russo-Turkish war. In 1887 he commanded the Imperial Rifle regiment, and later was director of the Corps of Imperial Pages, by which Keller came in contact with the members of the imperial family, with whom he was in great favor. Gen. Keller was considered to be the possessor of cool judgment, and to be a fine strategist.

Tho a strict disciplinarian, Keller was a kind and careful officer and popular with his men. He wore a short grey beard, had keen blue eyes and dressed in khaki. His only decoration was the cross of the military order of St. George. He sustained two reverses at the hands of the Japanese recently—July 4 and July 17—being repulsed in attacks on the Motien Pass, almost due north of Fengwangchang), against our troops posted at Houtsiatze (25 miles from Liaoyang).

INTELLIGENCE HAS BEEN RECEIVED OF A CONSIDERABLE NUMBER OF JAPANESE LANDING OFF YINKOW UNDER THE COVER OF SEVERAL WARSHIPS.

A further despatch from Gen. Kuropatkin to the emperor, dated to-day, says:

All our positions were retained at Simoncheng when the fighting ceased at 6.45 p.m. July 31, but I have not yet received reports of the operations on our eastern right flank.

We retained all our positions held by our eastern force at Yangze Pass. Gen. Keller, commanding, has chosen this as the point from which to watch the fight. A battery near him was exposed to heavier fire than any other, and he was mortally wounded at 3 o'clock this afternoon. He died twenty minutes later.

Gen. Kuropatkin also reported the retirement of the Russian vanguard on the south front a short distance in the direction of Haicheng.

After determined fighting near the village of Sanchengtse, the Japanese apparently concentrated considerable forces on the Saimatsza side of Liaoyang.

The Russian losses in the fighting of July 31 has not yet been reported, but the Russians held their positions.

LETTING RUSSIANS DOWN EASY OMINOUS REPORT OF KUROPATKIN

Japs Landed Troops Off Yinkow Under Cover of Several Warships.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 1.—The emperor to-day received the following despatch, dated July 31, From Gen. Kuropatkin:

Three Japanese armies have renewed offensive operations on our southern front. Our rearguard made an obstinate defence until the appearance of considerably superior forces of the enemy, and then gradually retired in the direction of Haicheng. A detachment near Simoncheng (15 miles southeast of Haicheng), successfully withstood the enemy until 3 in the afternoon. The attack was directed against our right flank, which, from its position at Kanhua Pass, inflicted great losses upon the Japanese.

The Fort Takushan army and Gen. Oku's army to-day are being mainly directed to cutting our communications between Simoncheng and Haicheng, their operations starting from a line traversing Yanshukan, Taputse and Liaohautse.

On our eastern front the Japanese began the offensive this morning against our IKHAVUEN POSITION, the enemy's main concentration being against its right flank, WHICH WAS TURNED.

The enemy is also acting on the offensive between Liaoyank and Saimatsza, (almost due north of Fengwangchang), against our troops posted at Houtsiatze (25 miles from Liaoyang).

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BREAKS MAN'S SPINE.

Horse Falls on James Anderson, Coachman at Cobourg.

Cobourg, Aug. 1.—(Staff Special.)—A shocking accident here this morning was a rather inauspicious opening to Home-Comers' Day and Civic Holiday. James Anderson, coachman for J. C. Rose of Pittsburg, who is summering here, was perhaps fatally injured by a horse, which he was riding. Anderson had recently purchased a new horse for his employer, and was out on King-street exercising it. The horse shied at something on the street and reared on its hind legs. It lost its balance, and fell back on top of its rider. In its struggles to rise, the horse severely trampled Anderson as he lay on the ground, and when picked up it was found that he had suffered several fractures—one of the spine, one of the hip, of the arm and of the leg. He was unconscious, and was hurried to Mr. Rose's residence. Altho living at a late hour tonight, he has no possible chance of recovery. Anderson is 35 years of age, and came from Pittsburg. He has a wife and two children in Cobourg.

Discriminated Against Unionists.

Lebanon, Pa., Aug. 1.—Seven hundred members of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers struck at the Lebanon plant of the American Iron and Steel Company today. They charge discrimination because of union membership.

TO DRIVE RIVETS AGAIN.

Pittsburg, Aug. 1.—Frank Buchanan, the head of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, who stood up against Sam Parks in New York and beat him out, was in Pittsburg to-day on business and announced that he would resign his place at the coming international convention at Toronto, Ont. He said to-day: "I want to go back to driving rivets. That is the only life. If Sam Parks had not fought me so hard at Kansas City last year, I would have resigned then and there, but Parks declared he would have my head and I went after him and won."

NON BIS IN IDEM.

New York, Aug. 1.—When Larry Kavanagh, residence unknown, was brought before Justice Whitman in Essex Market court yesterday on a charge of intoxication, he said:

"Your honor, I was here yesterday on the same charge, an' I think it's not fair. It's the same jag."

The judge smiled. "A man cannot be twice placed in jeopardy for the same offence,' he said, "but I don't believe that includes hold-over jags. Fined two dollars."

KUROPAT. HURRIES NORTH.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 2.—(4.05 a. m.)—A report from an apparently reliable source late last night is to the effect that General Kuropatkin's main force had been rapidly moving north for several days.

According to this report, no troops proceeding to the front from Russia had gone past Harbin in the past three days. They will be detrained there, and every available piece of rolling stock will be rushed south empty for the removing of troops at Liaoyang and other points to the northward, leaving a skeleton force to contest the Japanese advance on vital positions.

PHONES OUT OF STATIONS 4 TOWNS GROW INDIGNANT

Bell Company and Pere Marquette Railway Cannot Reach a New Agreement.

Chatham, Aug. 1.—(Special.)—The citizens of Ridgetown, Dresden, Blenheim and Wallaceburg are quite indignant over the recent action taken by the Bell Telephone Company in removing their instruments from the Pere Marquette offices in these places. Apparently the removal of the phones is the outcome of a difference between the Pere Marquette Railway Company and the Bell Telephone Company over a new agreement, the old one having expired.

Both the railway officials and the telephone people are mum on the subject, but it is understood that the Bell Telephone Company offered to leave their phones in the railway offices in the meantime for the accommodation of their subscribers, but were ordered by the Railway Company to remove them.

Indignation meetings have been held in Wallaceburg and Dresden, and the mayors of both places have taken the matter up, with a view to having the instruments replaced.

CAR FLOOR GIVES WAY.

Several Londoners Injured in an Excursion at St. Thomas.

London, Aug. 1.—An accident of somewhat serious nature occurred on the Pere Marquette Railway in the St. Thomas yards this afternoon. An excursion train of Londoners bound for the lake side at Port Stanley was leaving St. Thomas when the floor in the second to last coach gave way at the rear end, throwing the other end to the ceiling.

About a dozen seats were jammed together, throwing their occupants in all directions. Several people were hurt, all Londoners, Miss E. Hamilton, daughter of A. M. Hamilton, of A. M. Hamilton & Sons, London, being particularly unfortunate. The physicians attending the young lady report her case as being very grave, the shock of the accident tending to break up her nervous system.

The other injured passengers escaped with nothing more than a few bruises and a severe shake-up. They are being well cared for at the hospital at St. Thomas. Traffic was delayed about an hour and a half.

YORK-ST. BECOMING DANGEROUS.

Another Englishman Held Up and Relieved of $57.

William Aird, an Englishman, who has not been long enough in Canada to have an address, complained to the police last night that he had been held up on York-street and relieved of $57.

His story is that he got into a quarrel with several Italians, and when they left him his money was gone.

Later in the evening Samuel Guittare, 125 York-street, was taken into custody in connection with the affair.

FELL DEAD ON STREET.

Robert A Jaffray Expired While Out With His Brother.

While walking with his brother on Church-street about 11.30 yesterday morning, Robert A. Jaffray, 95 Roxborough-avenue, was suddenly stricken dead.

The deceased had been in ill-health for some time, having been only recently discharged from the General Hospital. He was 32 years of age.

An inquest will probably be ordered to-day.

SMALLPOX AT LINDSAY.

Lindsay, Aug. 1.—(Special.)—A case of smallpox was discovered in this town on Saturday afternoon. The patient is Mrs. W. Ashley. The health authorities have isolated her and taken all other precautions usual in such cases. Mrs. Ashley recently returned from her wedding tour. Her father, W. Weese, horse buyer, visits Montreal frequently, and it is supposed that the disease was either contracted by Mrs. Ashley at some place visited during her wedding trip, or brought from Montreal by her father.

THREATENED FOREIGNERS.

Port au Prince, Hayti, Aug. 1. — At a public reception to-day President Nord accused the foreign population of raising the rate of exchange in order to oppose the government. He added some threatening words which have alarmed the foreign colony. The rate of exchange is 600 per cent.

Broderick's Business Suits. — $22,50 113 King-street.

BITTEN BY A SPIDER.

St. Thomas, Aug. 1.—Miss Retta Canfield of Iona, while berry-picking at Port Stanley on Saturday, was bitten by a spider on the finger and blood poisoning set in. Her hand and arm are now black and badly swollen. She was removed to the Amasa Wood Hospital.

Broderick's Business Suits. $22.05.—113 King-street west.

Nothing but the best at Thomas.

CELEBRATED EMANCIPATION DAY.

Windsor, Aug. 1.—The streets have been filled to-day with colored people of this town and the surrounding country, who come here to celebrate Emancipation Day.

Try the decanter at Tkomas'.

Try "Lowe Inlet" Canned Salmon Always reliable.

Before Breakfast.

The World delivered to any address in the city or suburbs in time for breakfast. Only twenty-five cents a month.

No Premium given with Union Label Cigars. 246

$5250—buys a new, modern home, Annex, 9 rooms, reception hall, all improvements, terms $500 cash. Ward A. English, 42 Victoria St.

AT THE CALL OF EMPIRE CANADA'S MILITIA WAITS

Principle That Our Forces Should Be at All Times at the Service of the Empire Meets With Hearty Support in the House of Commons.

Ottawa, Aug. 1.—(Staff Special.)—An important modification of the militia bill is likely to follow upon a debate that took place in the house to-day. The clause at issue was that which prevents the government sending the Canadian militia out of Canada except for the defence of Canada.

W. F. Maclean vigorously attacked this principle, insisting that Canada should be prepared to send her militia to any part of the empire for the defence of the empire. Dr. Sproule, Seymour Gourley, Jabel Robinson and others expressed similar views.

Sir F. W. Borden argued that the law was copied from the English law and had been approved by the British authorities. Henri Bourassa and Armand Lavergne fought hard for the preservation of the clause. But the sentiment of the house was against them. Loud applause greeted the affirmation of the principle that the Canadian militia should be at all times at the service of the empire. The government finally weakened.

Hon. W. S. Fielding suggested that the debate on the contentious clause should be discontinued in order that an effort might be made to reach an agreement. This suggestion was accepted and the house proceeded to consider the less objectionable clauses.

House in Committee.

The house went into committee on the militia bill, and Sir Frederick Borden moved the following amendment:

"Whenever the governor-in-council places the militia or any part thereof on active service anywhere in Canada or beyond Canada for the defence thereof—if parliament be then separated by an adjournment or prorogation that will not expire within ten days, a proclamation shall be issued for a meeting of parliament within fifteen days; and parliament shall accordingly meet and sit from the day appointed by such proclamation, and shall continue to sit and act in like manner as if it had stood adjourned or prorogued to the same day."

Sir Frederick explained that this clause was copied from the English law.

W. F. Maclean asked if it was the intention of the government to confine the calling out of the militia to the defence of Canada only. If so, it was a great mistake. "Canada," said Mr. Maclean, "is part and parcel of the British empire, and the defence of the empire is an emergency which might call for the turning out of the Canadian militia and sending them abroad. We have a political alliance to-day with the empire; we have, I believe, a defensive alliance. In this bill, we have the oath set forth, 'I do sincerely promise and swear that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to His Majesty.' This proposed amendment used the very same language as in the clause to which I object, namely, 'When the governor-in-council places the militia or any part thereof on active service in Canada or beyond Canada for the defence thereof.' I object to the limitation to the use of the militia of Canada only for the defence of Canada.

For Canada and the Empire.

"Either we are of the empire or we are not. If we are of the empire, as I say we are, the militia of Canada and the resources of Canada ought to be at the service of the empire, always provided that the people of Canada, thru their parliament, are consenting parties thereto." Mr. Maclean went on to say that there ought to be a provision in the act under which the governor-in-council, assuming the responsibility under the act, may order the forces of this country outside of Canada, not only for the defence of Canada, but for the defence of the empire. Our country was defended by the empire, by the army and navy of the mother country, and surely, while that state of affairs continued, we should not declare in our legislation that the forces of Canada are only for the defence of Canada. Not only have we a political and defensive alliance with the empire, but, Mr. Maclean hoped, we would have a closer commercial alliance between Canada and the mother country before long.

"This," said he, "is the great question before the empire to-day; the political binding of the empire together and the commercial binding of the empire together. If that is the work that the people of the empire have in hand, do not let this country put it on record that the militia force of Canada is to go outside of Canada, only for the defence of Canada. Let us put it fairly. Let all the world know that the imperial idea is that the motherland has all the daughter states and colonies at her back in an emergency.

What Proposal Means.

"To enact such a clause as here proposed is in effect to declare that the power and resources of Canada, which is the greatest of the daughter states, are not to be used for the defence of the empire. In England to-day there is a movement which means a great deal to Canada; a closer commercial union between the mother country and the colonies. That movement is growing. The government in England is more or less committed to it. Mr.

Continued on Page 2.

AND EVERYBODY HAD A GOOD TIME

Civic Holiday Marked by Rush to the Pleasure Resorts.

Civic Holiday passed off quietly, as per usual. It is the biggest holiday of the summer for taking crowds out of town, and tho several thousand left on Saturday, yesterday's early trains and boats were well patronized, while last night the Union Station and wharves were thronged with homecomers, tired, but pleased with their holiday jaunt.

It is estimated that over twelve thousand left the city by the lake boats yesterday. The Lakeside made an extra trip last night to assist in bringing back the crowds from St. Kitts, while all three Niagara line boats made the return trip at night. The island was a lodestone that attracted over 25,000 people, while the street railway satried the month with a big addition to its receipts.

In spite of the big movement of citizens, there were no accidents reported, and the police did not have a very busy day.

Use "Maple Leaf" Canned Salmon the best packed.

DRIVEN FROM CANADA.

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 1.—One of the best-known western engineers who has been employed on the Canadian Northern Railroad, arrived from Manitoba last night, having been arrested at the point of a revolver by mounted police and ordered to leave the Dominion. The man's name is withheld for the reason that he has taken steps to interest the United States government in his case, as well as that of others who have been driven over the border during the last week under the Canadian labor laws. The engineer says the Canadians are jealous of the American engineers.

Wait for the Simcoe Old Boys' Excursion to Barrie on August 10th. Special train. Highlanders' Band concert in the evening. Round trip $1.15. Good for two days

TOOK HER LIFE.

Durham, Aug. 1.—Mrs. Edward Hutton, while in a state of temporary insanity, committed suicide at the home of her son in the Township of Bentinck this morning by hanging herself with a rope suspended from a beam in the driving shed.

Fireproof Metal Windows, Skylights Roofing and Ceilings. A. B. Ormsby Limited. Queen-George. PhoneM 175

NO STRIKE.

Scranton, Aug. 1.—It is assured that there will be no strike.

Broderick's business suits, $22.50—113 King Street West.

TO-DAY IN TORONTO.

O.C.P. Council, 10 a.m.
Garrison and Civic Committees re Perry reception, City Hall, 11 a.m.
York Pioneers, Canadian Institute, 2 p.m.
Vaudeville, Hanlan's Point and Munro Park, 3 and 8 p.m.
Band concert, Toronto Light Horse Band, High Park, 8 p.m.

Smokers — Take Bollard's Smoking Mixture for your holiday. Cool and sweet.

Get Your Money's Worth.

Smoke a pipe, insist on having "Clubb's Dollar Mixture." Greatest value sold in Canada. High-grade all the way through. Smokes cool, "will not burn the tongue." Sold at a popular price—1-lb. tin, $1.00; 1-2-lb. tin, 50c; 1-4-lb. package, 25c; sample package, 10c. Sold by wide-awake tobacconists or from A. Clubb & Sons, 49 West King. The trade supplied.

REAR END TROLLEY CRASH.

One Woman Hurt in Accident on the Mimico Line.

What might have been a serious accident occurred on the Mimico electric line, just west of Mimico-avenue, about 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Two well-loaded cars were running westward, when one stopped suddenly at the curve and the other crashed into it. There was considerable of a panic among the passengers, and several were slightly hurt in making hurried exits from the cars.

The only one to require treatment, however, was Mrs. Henry Gilks, wife of P. C. Gilks, who received a painful scalp wound. She walked to Hendry's farmhouse and was attended to.

The platforms of the cars were badly smashed.

THE SOVEREIGN LIFE.

All policies issued by the Sovereign Life Assurance Company have the full reserve guaranteed at the end of the accumulation period.

No Prison Labor on Union Label Cigars 246

TOLSTOI'S SON A VOLUNTEER.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 1. — Count Tolstoi's son is leaving for the front as a volunteer in the 217th (Kromy) Regiment of Infantry.

To get a good shave, in a cool parlor, go to Brunet's, 17 Colborne-street.

BIRTHS.

LEVI—On July 31st, at 28 Regent-street, to Mr. and Mrs. P. Levi, a son.

HARRIS—On Monday, August 1, 1904, at 189 Markland-street, Hamilton, to Mrs. Edward Harris, nee Rose, a son.

STINSON—At Alexandra Palace, University-avenue, Toronto, on August 1st, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. C. McLean Stinson.

MARRIAGES.

KENNEDY—COLLINS—On Aug. 1, 1904, by the Rev. M. L. Pearson, Jas. M. Kennedy to Ethel Mae Collins, both of Toronto.

Funeral Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock

DEATHS.

FLYNN—At 19 McAlpine-street, on 1st of August, 1904, Francis John Joseph, only and dearly beloved son of Daniel and Mary Flynn, aged 2 years 3 months and 10 days.

Funeral Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock to St. Michael's Cemetery.

JAFFERY—Suddenly, Aug. 1, 1904, Robert Jaffery, son of the late George Jaffery.

Funeral private to-day (Tuesday), at 3 p.m., from 95 East Roxborough-street.

LYNCH—At his late residence, 73 Duchess-street, August 1st, 1904, Jeremiah Lynch, aged 44 years.

Funeral on Wednesday morning at 8.30 to St. Michael's Cathedral, thence to St. Michael's Cemetery. Friends kindly attend.

SCOTT—At Winnipeg, July 30th, James Turner Scott, Toronto, barrister-at-law, in his 33rd year.

Funeral from his late residence, 77 Huntley-street, Wednesday, August 3rd, at 10.30 a.m.

TEMPLE—At the residence of her father, 113 Winchester-street, Toronto, on Monday, Aug. 1, 1904, Josephine M., dearly beloved daughter of Chas. G. and Catherine E. Temple.

Funeral private on Wednesday, 3rd.

Grand Rally—Simcoe Old Boys at Barrie. Special train August 10th. Concert in evening. Round trip $1.15. Good two days.

BEEF PRICES FALL DOWN ON THE BRITISH MARKETS

Slump of Three Cents Will Have Its Effect Locally in Sale of Exporters.

After the market closed yesterday cables were received by several cattle buyers, noting the fact that a big slump had taken place in the price of cattle in the English markets. The slump was from 14 cents a pound to 11 3-4 cents and 11 cents a pound. A mighty falling off. A small-sized panic was thrown among the cattle dealers, and several who had received orders to buy and ship withheld their orders. Some who had already let space on steamers and taken steps to buy as many as 250 head of cattle relet the space and stood pat. One dealer was glad to be informed by the steamship company that it had relet his space contracted for before he heard of the slump in prices.

What is the cause of the depression in the price of beef in the old land? A prominent local shipper speaking to The World declared that the packers' strike in the United States was the chief cause. Cattle shipped to Chicago and other United States points remain unsold and unslaughtered. As many as 25,000 head of cattle at Chicago yesterday remained unsold. The strike has been on now for three weeks, and shippers to the United States market have been forced to look abroad for a market for undressed beef. Hence steamship accommodation suddenly lifted to double capacity has been contracted for by the wholesale and United States cattle rushed across the ocean in enormous quantities. The London market has been made a slaughter market for the surplus products of the United States with a vengeance. The supply has far exceeded the demand, and in the natural order of events the price has fallen.

The Canadian shippers are holding back. They find that space on the steamers is hard to get, and they are wise to observe the movement from across the line. The present effect of the strike is a surprise to the local cattle dealers, who were positive during the early stages of the strike that the British market would be but slightly affected, while the Canadian market would be unharmed. But their hopes and their prophecies have all fallen down.

There will be a break on the Toronto market coincident with the break on the English market. Beeves sold yesterday from $4.90 to $5.15 a cwt. on the local market. If a shipper paid 5 cents a pound for a beast here, live weight, he would have to be able to sell it in England at 12 cents a pound dead weight to make a profit. That is to say, there must be an advance of 7 cents a selling pound in order for a profit to be produced. The price of beeves yesterday, then, is too high. Seven cents less than 11 and 11 3-4 cents would approximate more nearly to the price that will likely be paid when the market opens to-day, say 4 cents and 4 3-4 cents a pound, or $4 or $4.75 a cwt.

A well-known cattleman, asked what he thought of the outlook for the local market, said: "The price for exporters is bound to break here."

BOTH BYLAWS CARRIED.

Trenton to Provide Loan for Ontario Electric Railway.

Trenton, Aug. 1.—(Special.)—To-day the ratepayers of Trenton carried two bylaws by large majorities. The one to provide for a loan of $20,000 to the Ontario Electric Railway received 339 for, 74 against, and the one granting exemption from taxation for a period of ten years to the Apple and Produce Cold Storage and Forwarding Company, Limited, received 362 for and 49 against. It will thus be seen that the citizens entitled to vote upon these bylaws were almost unanimous in carrying them, and it is believed that the town will benefit in many ways in consequence of their approval of the bylaws.

Summer Beauties.

To-day is summer hat day at Dineen's, corner of Yonge and Temperance-streets. Here are the bargains that are going to tempt the stylish man to invest: Straw Sailors, were $4, for $3; Straw Sailors and Alpines, were $3, for $2; Straw Sailors and Alpines, were $2.50, for $1.75; Straw Sailors and Alpines, were $2, for $1.50; Straw Sailors and Alpines, were $1.50, for $1. They are also sole Canadian agents for Dunlap, Melville and Heath. Store open until 10 o'clock Saturday night.

No Child Labor on Union Label Cigars 246

FINE AND WARM.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, Aug. 1.—8 p.m.—A few light scattered showers have occurred to-day, chiefly from the Ottawa valley to the Maritime Provinces. But the weather in Canada generally has been fine and warm. Minimum and maximum temperatures: New Westminster, 52—58; Kamloops, 54—94; Medicine Hat, 48—92; Qu'Appelle, 46—74; Winnipeg, 46—72; Port Arthur, 46—70; Parry Sound, 60—72; Toronto, 62—84; Ottawa, 64—78; Montreal, 68—90; Quebec, 66—78; St. John, 54—64; Halifax, 60—78.

Probabilities.

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Light to moderate winds; fine and warm.

Ottawa Valley and Upper St. Lawrence—Moderate winds, mostly northwest and west; fine and warm.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Moderate to fresh westerly winds; fair and warm; a few scattered showers.

Maritime—Moderate winds, mostly south and southwest; partly fair; some local showers or thunderstorms; fog in Bay of Fundy.

Lake Superior — Light to moderate winds; fine and a little warmer.

Manitoba—Fine and warmer.

Brunet's Barber Parlors, 17 Colborne St., is the place for gentlemen. 246

STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Aug 1.	At.	From.
Minnehaha	New York	London
Grosser Kinfurst	New York	Bremen
Ryndam	New York	Rotterdam
Buenos Ayrean	St. Johns	Glasgow
Ultman	Trieste	New York
Hamburg	Hamburg	New York
Columbia	Glasgow	New York
Barbarossa	Bremen	New York
Kron Prinz W.	Cherbourg	New York

The height of St. Michael's Cathedral spire is a trifle over 200 feet. The height of St. James' spire is 220 feet.