

## BLACK-SPORED SERIES

Gills deliquescent, that is melting to an oily fluid which will turn the fingers black.

### **Coprinus**—or Inky mushroom

All varieties are excellent and much liked by many people. Once seen always easily recognized by this characteristic in all their varieties.

Habitat—very common all through the summer on lawns and boulevards and rich ground generally. Growing in clusters and popping up like Brownies through the grass.

They will not keep long and should be eaten as soon as possible.

The deliquescence is not due to decay, but to the ripening of the spores.

Gills not deliquescent	Gills waxy and very decurrent	<b>Gomphidius</b> Edible and harmless Habitat—mostly pine woods
	Gills not waxy, not decurrent	Cap striate with tough rind.
		Cap not striate stem fleshy

**Psathyrella**  
Small and unimportant Edible

**Panaeolus**  
Some species edible  
Some have intoxicating properties. Some sedative.

Note 1—Of Morels, Puffballs, Bolets, Hydnums, Coral Mushrooms, Pezizae (or Cup Mushroom) and Jelly Fungi no spore prints or detailed description in the Chart is necessary. They identify themselves, or one glance at a cut or picture of them is sufficient to place them in one's mind for all time. None of them that I know of are poisonous.

Note 2—There is one green-spored, "garlic with white gills becoming green." It was not thought worth while to form a series (Viridi-spore) for one single mushroom.

McIlvaine places it amongst the Lepiota under the name Lepiota Morganii.

Habitat—pastures, meadows, sometimes in woods.

Some eat it and enjoy it. It disagrees violently with others, especially when eaten raw. Great caution is advisable.

Note 3—I cordially agree with McIlvaine in placing all the Hypolomas amongst our best, and as such merit a full description, especially the White Capped variety, which are found in such abundance on our lawns and boulevards each season. If a person knew only these Hypolomas together with our little brown Coprinus or Little Brown Ink Caps one can easily have all one can eat during favourable weather conditions from spring to frost.

In order to be quite sure of it, and all other Hypolomas, pay no