

belong solely to Mrs. Hamilton. In taking out Letters of Administration, the widow was obliged to obtain an Order-in-Council before she could secure a conveyance for the portion to which the Crown was entitled.

This case Mr. J. S. Jamieson referred to in several of his addresses.

The widow and her children may be called upon to share the estate with the concubine and the illegitimate family. (See laws relating to "Wife's Financial Position" in Appendix.)

Under the Revised Statutes of British Columbia it will be seen that the husband of an intestate, if there be no other heirs, receives half of his deceased wife's estate as heir, and the remainder as administrator, and no one but creditors or heirs may ask for an accounting. English law supports this disposition, and also supports the title of the Crown to the other portion of the intestate husband's estate when there is a widow and no other heirs.

[*For Laws, see Appendix.*]

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For much kindly criticism the compiler is deeply indebted to Mr. J. S. Jamieson (Wilson & Jamieson). Specially is this true of Chapters III. and IV.