

platysma binding it down divided on a director. By careful touches of the knife the attachments were severally divided and the tumor removed without much difficulty. No large vessel was divided and only one or two required ligature. The facial nerve, however, was divided in removing the tumor. When the oozing had ceased the cut surfaces were wiped over with carbolic acid and oil, and the edges brought together by several points of suture and a strip of lint soaked in carbolic acid and oil laid over the cut edges and kept in its place by a few strips of plaster and a bandage.

*Sunday, Oct. 18.*—She did not recover entirely from the chloroform for two hours after removal to her bed; passed a quiet night, free from pain, but sleepless; no bleeding, feels comfortable and takes her nourishment without much trouble.

The cheek looked puffy, as if blood had collected in the cavity from which the tumor had been removed; I therefore removed the dressings and found the edges united and the puffed appearance the result of a pad placed on the inferior maxilla. This was removed, and a single piece of lint, with a few strips of plaster, and a bandage, applied.

Pulse 84, soft; tongue moist; and she feels well, except from want of sleep.

To have Liq. Opii Sed. m. xxx, h. s.

*Monday, 19.*—Doing well in every respect.

*Tuesday, 20.*—Bowels not moved since operation; wound dressed; perfect union, except for half an inch at the anterior angle, and which may probably arise from the escape of saliva, as the duct may have been divided.

Ol. Ricini, ʒvi. Cras mane.

*Sunday, 25.*—Two ligatures came away to-day; there has not been any suppuration, even in the course of the ligatures, which were brought out at the posterior angle, and union is complete, except at the ant. angle, where, if the duct was divided, a fistula will exist. General health good.

Ol. Ricini, ʒj. Cras mane.

*Wednesday, 28.*—Doing well. To have two eggs daily, as she cannot yet masticate solid food.

*Friday, 30.*—The last ligature came away to-day, and every part of the wound is now firmly healed. The anterior portion of the wound which did not heal by the first intention, is now closed, and therefore the duct must have escaped. To have a chop or bit of steak daily.

*Monday, Nov. 2.*—Continue.

*Saturday, 7.*—She was attacked with slight erysipelas, some days ago, which ended in the formation of matter along the ramus of the jaw. It made its escape at the anterior angle of the wound. In other respects, doing well.

*Sunday, 8.*—

R. Quin. Sulph. .... 5 ss.

Tinc. Ferri Mur. .... ʒiv.

Aq. Menth. Pip. ad. ʒxvi. m.

Two table spoonfuls three times a-day.

*Saturday, 14.*—Continue.

*Wednesday, 18.*—The wound is now quite firm and healed, and in every respect she is quite well. To leave the Hospital.  
Discharged cured.

The principal interest in this case was, its very large size, and the question as to whether the parotid gland was involved or not.

From the positive statement of the patient that the tumor commenced at the anterior edge of the masseter, from its partial mobility, from the facial artery dipping between the tumor and the jaw, and from the space behind the angle of the jaw being comparatively free, I was induced to believe that the parotid gland was not implicated, and I therefore decided on the operation.

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LLEWELLYN BROCK, M.D., EDITOR.

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### MEETING MEDICAL SOCIETY STATE OF NEW YORK.

The *Medical Record* of the 15th February contains a very full account of the meeting of the Medical Society of the State of New York, held in the city of Albany, 2d of February. The President, Dr. J. V. P. Quackenbush, of Albany, delivered the inaugural address. He congratulated the Society upon the number of members and delegates present. He then eloquently discoursed on the advancement of the science of medicine, of the various instruments that we were enabled to bring to our assistance, mentioning some of the most prominent, but particularly recognizing the sphygmograph and dynamograph.

The important advancement in the method of representing the appearance of diseased organs by means of the pathological plates now furnished by the stereoscope, which fully equals a view of the specimen itself, was dilated upon. He called upon the County Societies to wake up to more extended usefulness, to hold their meetings more frequently, only by this means could the members elevate the profession to its true position; recommended