#### PLATE 7.

# (Uncoloured.)

Fig. 1, Papilio (Melanitis) leda. 4 figs. Upper and lower sides.

(The two upper figures represent the form in which the falcation of the primaries is most noticeable, and in which the outer margin of the secondaries is freely produced at the extremity of the third submedian. It may be that the figure was drawn from an African specimen, in which case the form *Banksia* is probably intended to be represented. The lower of the two figures represents a smaller form in which the falcation of the primaries is scarcely perceptible, and the secondaries are rounded posteriorly and not produced. I have such specimens of *Leda* in my collection from Perak and from Kumaon.)

Fig.	2,	Papilio	(Precis) lemonias.	2 figs.	Upper and lo	wer sides.
"	3,	••	(Mycalesis) mineus.	2 figs.	"	"
	4,	**	(Cynthia) alimenia.	2 figs.	66	"

(This is not *Hypolimnas alimena*, of which a good figure is given on plate 32, but undoubtedly represents *Cynthia deione*. *Alimenia*, Clerck, must therefore be added to the synonymy of that species. Fig. 5 unnamed, but easily recognizable as *Junonia atlites*.)

## PLATE 8.

## (Uncoloured.)

Fig. 1, Papilio Memnon. 2 figs. Upper and lower sides. 2, " (Euplaa) midamus. 4 figs. " "

(The two lower figures may represent E. midamus, but they have not the exact form of that species, and are too large. There is nothing but an outline. The two upper figures seem to represent E. Core.)

## PLATE 9.

## (Partly Coloured.)

Unnamed, but a fairly good figure of Attacus atlas.

#### PLATE 10.

## (Uncoloured.)

Fig. 1, Papilio Agamemnon. 2. figs. Upper and lower sides. (The tailed form of this species.)