

Local and Other Matter.

Eagleson received yesterday a quarter of Chicago beef. It will be on view a day or two before being cut. It is well worth looking at.

The attention of readers is called to the Dramatic Entertainment to come off in Whitman's Hall, Lawrence town, on the evening of the 23rd inst.

See Schaefer's, South Farmington, advertisement in another column. His discounts for the holiday season will surprise you.

Bear, otter and mink traps at Fraser's.

The Calgary Herald, N. W. T. is now under the editorial management of Mr. John Livingstone, a marvellous province man.

We acknowledge the receipt of the Xmas number of the Montreal Star with much pleasure. It is far ahead of all competitors whose Xmas offerings we have seen. The art plates are very fine, and its literary press and illustrations of the first quality. Nothing in its line can equal this holiday number of the Star.

We have a speedy and positive Cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker Mouth, and Head-Ache, in SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. A Nasal Injector free with each bottle. Price 50 cents. Sold by Dr. DeWitt & Primrose, Bridgetown, and Dr. Moore, Lawrence town.

Richmond, Va., by a Bridgetonian. A SURVEY OF A CITY UPON THE CAPITAL OF THE CONFEDERACY.

RICHMOND, VA., Dec. 10th, 1889.

In attempting to write a description of this city it seems almost superfluous to give any space to its history, as but a few years have passed since the attention of all Americans and much of Europe was treated on it for four long years, during which time, and afterwards its history—past, present, and to come—was a fruitful subject for newspaper and magazine writers. Still, as the chief interest of the place attaches to its past, a brief resume of its history may be excusable.

Richmond was founded by Col. William Byrd, in 1737, who secured a land grant and erected a tobacco, warehouse. In 1737 it was proclaimed an incorporated city, and in 1742, by an act of Assembly, it was made a town. Richmond was chosen as the capital of the State in 1779, its population at that time being 700. In 1781 British forces, under Benedict Arnold, invaded the town and burned a number of houses.

From the close of the Revolutionary War until the secession of the Southern States from the Union, the history of Richmond was comparatively uneventful, the place steadily growing in wealth and area. But in 1861 Richmond leaped at the capital of the Confederacy, and its history during the succeeding four years has made it famous for all time. As many of the events of that stirring period will be incidentally referred to in what follows, nothing more need be given under the heading of "History."

SITUATION AND CLIMATE. Richmond is situated on the James River, at the head of navigation. The distance to the ocean by water is 123 miles. Above the city are very picturesque rapids, a good view of which can be obtained from almost any part of the city.

The climate is delightful. Up to the time of writing there has been scarcely a suggestion of winter, and extra days are so warm that no overcoats or extra wraps of any kind are worn. A comparison of the climate of the whole State, and that of Massachusetts shows that the weather here is 20 degrees warmer in winter than in Massachusetts, and only 5 degrees warmer in summer.

HISTORIC BUILDINGS. This city is rich in historic buildings. The first in point of age is an old house built in 1737, which Washington used as his headquarters when he was in command of the Northern Army. It is a one-story structure made of granite, and is situated on the most frequented street of the city. Of late years it has been occupied only by negroes.

St. John's Church, built in 1740, is interesting, not only from its great age and quaint appearance, but also because in it met, in 1775, the Virginia Patriot Convention, before which Patrick Henry delivered his famous speech, one single phrase of which served as the key-note to seven years of war—"Give me liberty or give me death." The church has been kept in good repair, but an air of the past is very marked about it. The following unconsciously occurred to the writer when looking at it: "When that old church was built No freemason walls of gilt, Or windows stained with diamond hues, Or damask cushions in the pews, Gave all the place a brilliant air, And gorgeous made the place of prayer. No users waited at the doors, With noiseless feet upon the floors, Yet well it served its day."

Monumental Church is another very old-fashioned edifice. It was built on the site of the Richmond Theatre, which, in 1811, was destroyed by fire, burning the Governor of Virginia and sixty people to death. On the summit of the highest of the many hills on which the city is built stands the Capitol, in the centre of a beautiful square. The corner-stone was laid the year the Revolutionary War closed. In this building were held for four years the sessions of the Confederate Congress. It is still used for Legislative purposes. The halls are adorned with portraits of many of the famous men of the South, and the top story contains the State Library. In the surrounding grounds is a splendid state of Washington monument, and also one of Gen. Thomas Jackson, presented by his admirers in England.

BEAUTY SPOTS. Richmond has many beauty spots. The parks, of which there are four, are delightful places. With the exception of Munroe Park, which is a square surrounded by some of the finest houses which the city contains, these parks are all built on the same plan—that of terraces rising one above another. Chimborazo Park seems to be the favorite. From its eye traces the windings of the James river, and sees the place where the Confederate army made its last stand before evacuating the city. From it also can be seen the site of Libby prison, in which so many Union soldiers were imprisoned during the war, and which has since been taken to Chicago and placed on exhibition. And crossing the river at the foot of the hill is a bridge similar to the one Lee destroyed when he left Richmond with his army, the burning of which, together with some tobacco warehouses purposely set on fire, causing such a conflagration that the city suffers from it to this day.

News, Notes and Telegrams.

ANNEXATION.—We are among those who argue that annexation sentiment never existed in Canada to any appreciable extent, but if there are any among us any reasonable persons, or those who are loyal enough to entertain such sentiments, we think the following, from a perfect independent and reliable source, should be sufficient to expel from their minds such thoughts:—

"A representative of a Philadelphia paper has been making a tour of Canada to ascertain the extent of the feeling in the Dominion favorable to the annexation. After visiting various provinces of the Dominion and interviewing leading men he says: 'The result leaves no room for doubt. There is still disunion in sections of the east and north west; but it is infinitesimal and of a nature that will disappear as Ontario disunion disappeared in the sunshine of prosperity. Their glorious sea never had the effect of impelling real Canadians to seek relief in annexation. The only known British advocates of that policy to-day are Goldwin Smith and Erasmus Wilson. The former has by his attitude on this question succeeded only in curtailing his circle of admirers. The latter is hated and despised as a rascal.'"

The writer of the article and the editor of the Philadelphia paper, as far as could be discovered, had the unexpected effect of fostering loyalty to British connection. The talk is now of Imperial Federation; and two years ago the idea was spouted. Patriotic leagues are forming. As he crossed the Niagara river the other day, the writer met numbers of young men reading pamphlets descriptive of the battle and receiving badges, inscribed, 'Lundy's Lane.' The pulpit, the platform and the press vie each with the other in inculcating patriotism. The rapid development of material wealth, the 'pride of possession' of an immense land, are beginning to tell. Canadians are satisfied to rule their own household and farm their own patch. Mr. Depey has been misinformed. Canada is not the 'willing maiden' described by him, and if this country would avert the path of a refusal it will be better not to ask her hand in marriage."

A NEW SILVER MINE.—A gentleman from New Brunswick says that there is quite an excitement over the discovery of what promises to be a valuable silver mine. For some time a man named Randolph Britton, living on a farm about Woodstock, on the St. John river, had been under the impression that there was silver on his place. He had some capital of his own, started prospecting and had sunk a shaft 150 feet deep. An analysis has pronounced the ore to contain seven tenths ounces to the ton.—Sun.

FOUND BURIED TREASURE.—A curious bit of history has been brought to light by the death of Martin Savage, of Anson county. Mr. Savage had been a trader on the St. John river in New Brunswick. While ploughing one of his fields in May, 1888, he came across an old sword, and, on digging down a large iron box, supposed to contain treasure, was discovered. Mr. Savage and his employees attempted to raise the box to the surface, but were frustrated by one of his boys, Jules Restaux, a French Canadian, who left it until the next morning, so as to allow time to rig up a tackle to hoist out the box. On Mr. Savage repairing to the scene next morning, he found that the box had been removed during the night. He accused Restaux of having removed it, but he strenuously denied this, although his wife was seen in Halifax making purchases for which she paid in old Spanish gold. Restaux subsequently purchased considerable property, but continued in his denial regarding the buried treasure. Mr. Savage died a short time ago, and the above facts were discovered among his papers. His heirs immediately hunted up Restaux, but when he was found he was at the point of death, and although a confession was made to do so, therefore, the secret of the treasure is buried in the grave.—St. John Evening Gazette.

A SEIZURE OF WATCHES.—A commercial traveller who was in the city lately received a genuine surprise party at one of our leading hotels last Saturday morning. The drummer was the possessor of two watches, for the disposal of which he had been selling lottery tickets during the past few weeks. Early on Saturday afternoon a gentleman approached the commercial man in the hotel office and wanted to purchase a lottery ticket. The drummer replied that he had mislaid the books containing the required checks but would accommodate the customer later on. The stranger then asked to see the watches which request was complied with immediately. After looking at them carefully for a moment he discovered they were of American make, and turning up the lapel of his coat exposed to view the badge of a customs officer. The watches were then confiscated and held for payment of duty.—St. John Telegraph.

SUCCESSFUL HANTS COUNTY INVESTOR.—Mr. J. A. Mumford, of Hants county, was in Windsor the first of his week. His improved patent boiler, and his new type of compound high speed engine, are being brought out by Messrs. Robb & Sons of Amherst, and meeting with great favor. The advantages they possess are such that cause them to be preferred to any other. A company to manufacture them is being formed in the United States in New York, under the name of the Windsor Works.

VALUABLE RELIC.—An officer of the Royal Engineers, who is somewhat of a crypto hunter, bought an antiquated looking desk at an auction room in this city a short time ago, and after getting home proceeded to have it renovated, when the discovery was made that it had been a presentation desk from the citizens of Halifax to the Duke of Kent, which must have been more than 90 years ago. He sent it to England, and by last mail received \$1,000 for it.—Re, courier.

FIRE AT BELMONT.—On Friday last the fire owned and occupied by Mr. Harding Foley, of Belmont, was totally destroyed by fire, together with all its contents. Mr. Foley was away from home at the time, and when the fire, which is supposed to have originated from a defective chimney, was discovered, it had obtained such headway that Mrs. Foley and the five children were able to save only what they stood in. Mr. Foley had just finished his summer's work in Mr. Dimock's shipyard, Windsor, and all of his tools were destroyed by the fire. Much sympathy is expressed for Mr. Foley, who is a hard working man, and has lost everything he owned.

A Little Spark. May kindle a great fire, just so dyspepsia give rise to other troubles. Hays' Yellow Oil gives great benefit for colds, sore throat, cuts, burns, chapped hands, etc. We can recommend it to be very useful and good in many different ways. Mrs. Abel helps, Rose Island, Ont.

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of our correspondents.

Woman's Rights. Mr. Editor:—I am glad of the sympathy and assistance of "U. Manity," but will not one take the other side and give a reason why men should enjoy all the privileges of the franchise to the exclusion of women? Is there no one to say that man has a right to say that because it is so it must be right? Can no one prove the present position correct? Can no one prove that an infant in breeches is worth more to the state than an industrious, intelligent, moral woman. Will no soldier come forward and say that they dare not give women their rights for fear they would surrender them? Is the sailor, said Admiral Maria outmaneuvering him? Is there no minister to advocate his prior claim to the pulpit? Is he afraid of the ghosts of Miriam and Anna? Why does not the lawyer defend his claim to the "wool sack," and chief justice? And is there no one to say to women confine yourselves to the kitchen and the dining room? Is there no one to say that man should have equal rights socially, or cancel his rights politically? Have all male sympathizers concluded that "discretion is the better part of valor?"

Equal Rights is an advocate for the suffrage for woman. I would like to hear his voice through your columns.

W. SEFFAGE. December, 1889.

GOOD OFFER NOT ACCEPTED.—Mr. C. R. Hill, of Meadow Stock Farm, in N. S., has just declined an offer of \$4,000 for his farm called "Rampart." This offer was made by an American party, who had him spend at Truro, and subsequently saw some of his get. Mr. Hill thinks he is worth as much to Nova Scotia as any other place.—Ez.

Who Were the Mount Builders? The question was considered last evening by Rev. W. A. Prout at the Church of the Redeemer. All over the broad fields of the west were footprints of a departed civilization. The remains of the mounds were erected as forts of defense, some for sacrifice and worship, others for burial. They represented birds, men and inanimate objects. One of the best collections of pottery taken from the burial mounds was in the Davenport academy of science, at Davenport, Iowa,—a collection that was richer than that of the Smithsonian Institute at Washington. It consisted of bowls, jars, bottles and urns, and included a casket made of clay and shells, which contained when found, the bones of an infant which crumbled to dust at the touch. How tenderly, said the speaker, had this little one been laid to rest by some mother long ago, as tenderly as the mother today in Christ's love, lay her darling baby to earth's last long sleep, and will God ever let it be known that the Christ, forbid the thought. In this academy could be found the pipes which had been the subject of so much controversy between the ethnologists. As the pipes were carved, with the figure of a mastodon and all art in initiative the finishing of them was a most important matter. The champions of the theory that the mounds were the work of the Indians had reasons to be greatly troubled for they gave the theory its death blow. The mounds were very old; they could not be newer our time than seven or eight thousand years. They were the work of a semi-civilized race that went down before the advance of more tribes. Their glory and their grandeur had faded away, and the Indians saw his own race dying out as the rays of the setting sun die at closing day. And this is the story of life. "The old man must give way to the young—nations like men—men like leaves." It was a sad sight, but joy was mingled with our sadness, for as the mortal fades the immortal brightens and we draw near the sweet home.

Nearly all colonies are slight, at first, but their tendency is to lower the system of the world, and a ready victim. It cannot be sold in competition with the multiple of low test, short weight or phosphate powder. Sold only in cans. Retail, Isaac Foxworth Co., 104 Wall St., N. Y.

THIS Powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multiple of low test, short weight or phosphate powder. Sold only in cans. Retail, Isaac Foxworth Co., 104 Wall St., N. Y.

A case absolutely new in the jurisprudence of the New York state, if not in that of the country, has just been decided by the New York court of appeals, which is of great importance to the states in behalf of the unwritten law. Elmer Palmer, a boy living in St. Lawrence county, New York, was convicted by the court with a term in the state prison for the crime of kidnapping his grandfather. The young murderer was convicted but escaped with a term in the state prison for the crime of kidnapping his grandfather. The young murderer was convicted but escaped with a term in the state prison for the crime of kidnapping his grandfather.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS. THE SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT which appeared in our columns some time since, announcing a special arrangement with Dr. B. J. KENDALL & Co., of Newburgh Falls, Vt., publishers of "A Treatise on the Horse and his Diseases," whereby our subscribers were enabled to obtain a copy of that valuable work free by sending their address to B. J. Kendall & Co., (and enclosing a two-cent stamp for mailing same) is renewed for a limited period. We trust all will avail themselves of the opportunity of obtaining this valuable work. Its phenomenal sale throughout the world is indisputable, as it treats in a simple manner all the diseases which afflict this noble animal. Its phenomenal sale throughout the United States and Canada, make it standard authority. Mention this paper when sending for "Treatise."

Births.

WALKER.—At Bridgetown, Dec. 15th, the wife of Stephen Walker, of a son.

WILSON.—At Hazelton, Dec. 12th, the wife of John Wright, of a daughter.

MARSHALL.—At Lower Chatham, Dec. 3rd, the wife of Stanley Marshall, of a son.

POYER.—At Annapolis, on the 10th inst., to Mr. and Mrs. W. Poyter, a son.

CLARK.—At New River on Thursday evening, 5th inst., to Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Clarke, a son.

MARRIAGE.—At the Methodist Parsonage, Chatham, Dec. 12th, by Rev. E. K. Stevens, Thomas A. Gleeson to Miss Hattie Bond, both of Halifax, Queens Co.

DEATHS. JACQUES.—At North Kingston, on Thursday, 8th inst., Alexander Jacques, aged 73 years.

HERRIS.—At Waterville, on the 7th inst., daughter of William and Ida Kistow, of Chatham Centre, aged 25 years.

MELANSON.—At Westmouth, on Dec. 8th, after a lingering illness, a beloved wife of Henry Melanson, and mother of Capt. Wm. Melanson, in the 72nd year of her age.

CATARRH, CATARRH, Diphtheria, Hay Fever, a new most effective. Sufferers are not generally aware that these diseases are contagious, or that they are due to the presence of living parasites in the lining membrane of the nose and catarrhal tubes. Microscopic research, however, has proved this to be a fact, and the result is that simple remedies have been formulated whereby catarrhal diseases are cured and hay fever is permanently cured in from one to three simple applications made at home by the patient once in two weeks. N. B.—For Catarrh of the nose, a remedy for females (white) this remedy when specially prepared is a specific. A pamphlet explaining this new treatment is sent free of charge, sent by A. H. Dixon & Son, 366 West King St., Toronto, Canada.—Scientific American.

Sufferers from catarrhal troubles should carefully read the above.

New Advertisements.

Life in a Lumber Camp. While working in a lumber camp a year ago I caught a severe cold which settled on my lungs, I got no relief until I tried Hays' Pectoral Balsam, which cured me entirely. It is highly recommended by J. W. Wilson, Magnetawan, Ont.

C. C. RICHARDS & Co. GENTS.—We consider MINARIS LINTMENT the best in the market, and cheerfully recommend its use.

J. H. HARRIS, M. D., Bellevue Hospital.

F. U. ANDERSON, M. D., L. R. C. S., Edinburgh, M. R. C. S., England.

H. D. WILSON, M. D., Uni. of Penn.

Below will be found a partial list of Goods in Stock: Dry Goods, Gent's furnishings, Dress Goods, Bridled and Striped, Truss Patterns, Cashmere in Black, Brown, Green, etc., Dress Meltons, 5 cent and upward, Flannels, 16 cent and upward, Ladies' Mantles, Shawls, Gossamers, (Liner Cloths, newest patterns, Canton, Fashions, Colored Canton for Dresses, Grey and White Cottons, Trimmings, Table Linens, Berlin Goods in Shawls, Scarfs, Caps, etc., Wool Goods, Kid Gloves. A full line of Ladies' Misses' and Boy's Clothing, Hats and Caps, Laminated and Unlaminated Shirts, Flannels, Collars and Drawers, Ties, Collars, Cuffs, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Fancy Merino Scarfs, Gloves, Hosiery and Shoes, Men's Extra Heavy Walking Boots, Men's Long Boots, Men's Fancy Slippers, Ladies' Walking Boots, (Chamois Lined), Ladies' Skating Shoes, Ladies' Kid Boots for Fall and Winter.

Always on hand a full line of Groceries, Crockeryware, Glassware, Hardware, Paints and Oils, Stoves, Fancy Cups, Platters, Fruit Dishes.

W. H. PARKER. Middleton, October 18th, 1889.

Latest Fashions! Newest Designs!

MY STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE, COMPRISING ENGLISH, SCOTCH, and CANADIAN TWEEDS.

ENGLISH WORSTEDS in Black, Brown, Olive, and Blue. BEAVERS, in Olive, Brown, Dark Green, and Blue. MELTONS, in all the Fashionable Shades.

Also a Full Stock of First Quality Trimmings.

JOHN H. FISHER, Merchant Tailor.

1881

BRIDGETOWN GROCERY.

I HAVE ON HAND AND CONSTANTLY ARRIVING A CHOICE LINE OF THE FOLLOWING GOODS, VIZ:—

FLOUR, BEST QUALITY FLOUR.

Corn Meal, Oat Meal, Rolled Oat Meal, Standard Oat Meal.

SUGARS, WEST INDIES, REFINED, SUGARS, AND GRANULATED.

MOLASSES, Beans, Fish, Brooms, Brushes, Goods of all descriptions, Jams and Jellies of the best make.

Our Teas and Coffees are unequalled for the Strength and Flavor. TRY THEM.

SPOICES, GUARANTEED STRICTLY PURE. BISCUITS, FRESH EVERY WEEK.

A new line of CROCKERYWARE at bottom prices. Other Goods too numerous to mention.

Here's Wisdom.—"Prove all things, hold fast to the best."

GEO. H. DIXON, FOR SALE!

ONE BASEBURNER HALL STOVE, only one year in use. Good as new. Apply to WM. R. TROUP, Granville, August 19th, 1889.

'89 YARMOUTH S.S. CO. '89

THE SHORTEST AND BEST ROUTE BETWEEN NEW SCOTIA AND THE UNITED STATES.

THE FAST STEEL STEAMER "YARMOUTH," WILL leave Yarmouth for Boston every Wednesday and Saturday Evenings, after arrival of the train of the Western Counties Railway. Returning, will leave Lewis' Wharf, Boston, at 10 a. m., every Tuesday and Friday, connecting at Yarmouth with train for Halifax and Intermediate Stations.

THE YARMOUTH carries a regular mail to and from Boston, and is the fastest Steamer plying between Nova Scotia and the United States. Fitted with Triple Expansion Engines, Electric Lights, Bilge Keels, etc.

For all other information apply to F. CHESKILL, Station Agent, Bridgetown, or to W. A. CHASE, L. E. BAKER, Seat and Treas. Manager, Yarmouth, April, '89.

Free Treatment FOR 1 YEAR, immediately will be donated by Dr. Sweet the enclosed number name and occupation to the special person in each town without expense except \$2.00 for traveling expenses. Send no money until return of papers. Application must be made to the following: Dr. Sweet, 100 Park Street, Boston, Mass.

SEASON OF '89-'90

THE subscriber desires to inform the general public that he has now on hand a full line of GENE'S BALLOON & NIXON, a line of GENERAL MERCHANDISE, in Dry Goods, Groceries, Ready-made Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Crockeryware, Hardware, etc., and that he will offer them in keeping with all other dealers.

Country Produce of all kinds taken in exchange for goods, and the very highest market prices always allowed.

SAUEL NIXON, Nictaux Falls, Nov. 12th, 1889.

NOTICE. ALL persons having legal demands against the estate of the late ARTHUR GUMSBY, of Toronto, in the County of Annapolis, deceased, are hereby required to send in their accounts, duly attested, to the undersigned, on or before the 15th day of January, 1890, at which time all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment to:

SARAH EMMA RUMSEY, FLETCHER WIRBLECK, Administrators. Toronto, Nov. 12th, '89.

New Advertisements.

BRIDGETOWN CENTRAL GROCERY RE-OPENED.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their friends, and the public generally, that, having formed a co-partnership, they have just opened a Full Stock of STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES,

Such as may be found in all First-Class Grocery Stores. We make a specialty of Flour, Meal and Feed Stuff.

We invite inspection of our Large and New Stock. Ask for prices. L. D. SHAFER, SEAFNER & NEILLY, Burton D. Nelly, Bridgetown, Nov. 12th, 1889.

FALL ANNOUNCEMENT OF W. H. PARKER!

To THE PUBLIC:—My Fall Stock being now complete, and one of the largest in the County purchased from our first-class Houses, I am prepared to offer it to the public at prices that cannot be equalled elsewhere. Great care has been taken in selecting my stock, and I would ask an inspection of the same. Thanking my patrons for past favors, and asking a continued and extended patronage. I am yours truly, W. H. PARKER.

Below will be found a partial list of Goods in Stock: Dry Goods, Gent's furnishings, Dress Goods, Bridled and Striped, Truss Patterns, Cashmere in Black, Brown, Green, etc., Dress Meltons, 5 cent and upward, Flannels, 16 cent and upward, Ladies' Mantles, Shawls, Gossamers, (Liner Cloths, newest patterns, Canton, Fashions, Colored Canton for Dresses, Grey and White Cottons, Trimmings, Table Linens, Berlin Goods in Shawls, Scarfs, Caps, etc., Wool Goods, Kid Gloves. A full line of Ladies' Misses' and Boy's Clothing, Hats and Caps, Laminated and Unlaminated Shirts, Flannels, Collars and Drawers, Ties, Collars, Cuffs, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Fancy Merino Scarfs, Gloves, Hosiery and Shoes, Men's Extra Heavy Walking Boots, Men's Long Boots, Men's Fancy Slippers, Ladies' Walking Boots, (Chamois Lined), Ladies' Skating Shoes, Ladies' Kid Boots for Fall and Winter.

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New Advertisements.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

The subscriber has just received a large stock of suitable goods, comprising BOOTS & SHOES, Men's and Women's Wear, first makes; RUBBER BOOTS and SHOES, AMERICAN MAKE; PURE GUM RUBBER LONG BOOTS; FUR CAPS in Variety; GENTS' FLANNEL UNDERWEAR; READY-MADE CLOTHING in Variety; RUBBER COATS in all styles and prices, together with a quantity of SLEIGH ROBES, & A FULL ASSORTMENT OF GENERAL GROCERIES. Buck Hill Gloves and other makes of Mitts, Etc.

These goods will be sold at the lowest possible prices for Cash, or approved credit.

T. A. FOSTER.

BEEF, LAMB and PORK always on hand. NOTE.—All persons indebted will please call and settle before the close of the year.

NOW READY! GRAND CHRISTMAS DOUBLE NUMBER

The New York Fashion Bazaar. PRICE 50 CENTS. BY SUBSCRIPTION \$2.00 PER YEAR.

THE CHRISTMAS NUMBER CONTAINS A MAGNIFICENT GILDED SUPPLEMENT OF MEMORABLE GREAT PAINTING, "FREDERICK'S BIRTH."

Representing Napoleon at the zenith of his glory at the battle of Waterloo. From the original picture now in the Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York, for which \$50,000 was paid at the time of the seizure.