SOCIALIST WEAPON KILLS PREMIER OF AUSTRIAN NATION

Wealthy Vienna Editor, Assassin, Surrenders Himself.

SAYS ACT IS DELIBERATE

Done Because Premier Would Not Convent Parliament—Riots Follow.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—Count Karl Stuergkh, premier of Austria, was shot and killed yesterday by Dr. Friedrich Adler, publisner of a Vienna newspaper because, according to the assassin's declaration, the premier refused to convene Parliament.

A wireless dispatch from Rome reports that there were grave riots in Vienna following the assassination, which the police were powerless to quell.

Culmination of Agitation.

The Austrian House of Deputies has been closed since March, 1914, and in accordance with the constitution ought to be re-elected next spring. There have been constant demands for the reopening of the House, which the premier consistently resisted, pleading that secrecy was imperative and that national affairs had better be left to the crown ministers.

The papers here quote Engelbert Pernerstorfer, vice-president of the Lower House of the Austrian chamber, who recently declared:

"Public opinion righteously demands the reopening of Parliament. The administration of public affairs grows ever more difficult, and the exclusion of the Parliament and the press from administrative decisions encourages the insupportable feeling that we Austrians are no longer the subjects of our own government, but have been handed over to the Hungarian premier, Tisza."

Prominent for Years.

Count Stuergkh has been a prominent figure in Austrian political affairs for years. He was minister of public works in the cabinet formed in 1909, at the retirement of which, in October of 1911, he was asked to form a new ministry. The count was born in 1859.

Adler a Radical.

"Adler was born in Vienna in 1879, of very wealthy parents, and has the reputation of being a self-willed man with very radical opinions," says the Fremdenblatt. "His radical views found little support or sympathy within the party, and he was therefore condemned to a life of comparative inactivity, which he felt keenly. Owing to his opinions he was almost always in conflict with the other party leaders, and frequently quarreled with his father, who is a prominent Austrian Socialist."

Friday's issue of the Vienna Arbeiter Zeitung, which is owned by Adler's father, Reuter's correspondent adds, contains a covert attack on Count Stuergkh, declaring that owing to the severity of his censorship all criticisms had been silenced, and the complaints and grievances of the people disregarded.

jured.

IF C.P.R. STRIKE SPREADS WILL INVOLVE 200 HERE

A new and possible development that may arise in connection with the threatened C. P. R. strike, called for Wednesday afternoon at 5 o'clock, may include the engineers, firemen, telegraphers and maintenance of way employees, in addition to the conductors, trainmen and yardmen already involved, according to a Winnipeg dispatch.

In the event of the first-named branches of the service entering the controversy an additional 200 employees would be affected locally.

This would mean that 400 would be affected here by the strike, according to a C. P. R. official, who gave the above estimate today.

The point at issue is one of principle, and arises over the interpretation which Hon. T. W. Crothers, minister of labor, places on the industrial disputes investigation act.

Mr. Crothers, on Thursday last, advised the leaders of the men, gathered in Winnipeg, that they would not be treating the men they represent justly unless they advised them that there was at least substantial ground for doubting the legality of a strike under existing conditions. Substantiating this with further telegrams, Mr. Crothers declares the employees are not at full liberty to participate in a strike, after an investigation had been had, as required by the act, as the findings of a board require acceptance.

FORWARDING CHECK.

Treasurer D. McEachren will forward this week $42,000 cash to Toronto, the headquarters for the Red Cross. He has $37,000 in hand now, and City Treasurer Bell will forward the city's contribution today.

Mr. McEachren has not given up hopes that he will get $45,000. He has a considerable amount promised, the collections extending over a period of time.

"There may be other contributions of some size," he added. "In any event I will forward $42,000 this week."

ROOFING.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

SLATE, GRAVEL AND CEMENT roofer. Paint for iron roofs. Walter Scott, 506 York street.

SLATE ROOFING—OUR SPECIALTY is slate blackboards. J. Whittaker, 551 King street.

NURSES.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

MRS. N. ROBINSON, MASSAGE, Swedish movement. Hydrotherapy treatment. Nervous cases specialty. Phone 1425.

DENTAL CARDS.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

DR. JARVIS, SPECIALIST—EXTRACTION and pyorrhea. Painless method. 213 Dundas street.

DR. JOHN HUTCHISON, 300 QUEEN'S avenue, opposite Princess Winter Garden. Phone 1372.

DR. B. EAID, DENTIST—DUNDAS and Richmond, Dominion Bank Building. Phone 5660.

DR. HOCKEN, CORNER ADELAIDE and Dundas streets. Phone 2463. Consultation by appointment.

DR. J. M. FREZELL, DENTIST—Over McLachlan's drug store, opposite old city hall.

Dr. Fred L. Wood

Artificial Teeth, $6.00.
No charge for extraction. Open evenings, 8 to 9:30.
2011½ DUNDAS STREET, OVER BELTZ & CO. PHONE 1077.
zxv

10,000 ITALIANS TO BE SENT HOME BY GERMANS

[Canadian Press.]

Paris, Oct. 23.—Germany is about to repatriate 10,000 Italian civilians, who are unfit for military service and who have been interned in Germany, according to news dispatches from Rome. It is stated that the German authorities lack the means of feeding these prisoners, and will send them home by way of Chiasso.

WINNER OF HONORS ON BATTLE FIELD WAS OLD SOLDIER

Sergt. Bert Kerry Saw Service in Africa.

VOLUNTEERED AT FIRST

Was With Artillery When Killed, His Old and Favorite Branch.

Sergt. Bert Kerry, word of whose death from wounds while serving with the 12th Field Battery was received on Friday, was a man of 23 years' military experience. He joined the imperial army at the age of 14, being drafted to India with the artillery. Although he served in India for many years, he saw no actual fighting there, as the heavy artillery was never called into action.

At the outbreak of the war with the Boers, he was sent to South Africa, a member of "J" Battery. He served with this throughout the war, gaining a good conduct medal, as well as the South African one. For two years before the commencement of the European struggle, he was identified with the 6th Field Battery of this city. He was almost the first one in the unit to offer his services for overseas duty. His choice lay between the battery and the Princess Patricia Light Infantry. During his military career in England he had several times met the princess, and was therefore anxious to serve with the unit named for her. He decided, however, to remain with his comrades.

Among the first Canadians to reach France, he won the Cross of St. George at the battle of Ypres, when the battery was attacked from three sides at once, and almost captured. He several times later turned down better positions in order to remain on active service.

A new member was added to his family on the date of his departure from Canada in the person of a baby girl. She was named Patricia Valcartier.

One son, George, is still with the battery, and another, Bert, with the 135th Battalion. Bert Kerry, junior, went overseas once with the 70th Battalion, but was sent back, being under age. As soon as he was 18, however, he re-enlisted.

Sergt. Bert Kerry was a member of the Masons, although he belonged to no lodge in the city, having joined in India.

LONDONER KILLED; THREE MISSING IN OFFICIAL MESSAGES

Pte. H. L. Holbrook of the Mounted Rifles Dead.

Six more names were added to London's casualty list today. Pte. Henry Leonard Holbrook is reported to have been killed in action between October 1 and 2, in an official telegram received by Mrs. Florence Holbrook, 219 Clarence street. He belonged to the Mounted Rifles.

Three Londoners are reported missing, one of them being wounded. Pte. James McColl, Mounted Rifles, is reported missing between October 1 and 2. The message was sent to Hugh McColl, 149 Waterloo street.

He enlisted with the 70th Battalion in London and left here with the main body on Good Friday. He was in England only a month, going to France with the first draft from his unit. He was 23 years of age, and before enlisting was employed at A. A. Langford's. He was well known in the city as a member of the Scottish Clan.

His father is employed in the Advertiser composing room.

Pte. Charles Buffalo was previously in the casualty lists as wounded, and is now stated to be both wounded and missing in a official message to George Gavy of London. The other missing man is Pte. Johnston Douglas Kilpatrick. The message to Mrs. Mary Kilpatrick, 73 Marmora street, asserts that he has been missing since October 1 or 2.

Pte. James Robertson has been wounded. Notification was sent to Mrs. Bella Robertson of this city today. Mrs. D. Cuorie had been admitted to No. 8 Ambulance on September 24.

PROMINENT WINNIPEGGER LOSES HAND, SHOOTING

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Winnipeg, Man., Oct. 23.—D. J. Dyson, prospective candidate for mayor and prominent manufacturer, lost his left hand in a shooting accident Saturday.

STEAMER ARRIVALS.

Kroonland, at New York, from Liverpool.

Bergensfjord, at New York, from Christiania.

Roma, at Providence, from Marseilles.

Adriatic, at Liverpool, from New York.

Duca di Genoa, at Genoa, from New York.

Pomeranian, at Glasgow, from Montreal.

FELL ON CURBING.—While crossing Richmond street, opposite Carling, this afternoon, Henry Gardener, 83 Briscoe street, fell on the curbing, and sustained painful bruises on his face and a wrenched wrist. He stepped faster than usual to get out of the way of a street car and missed his footing when near the sidewalk. Dr. Maclaren dressed his injuries, and the man was removed to his home.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

WILLIAM J. WILSON, VETERINARY—Horse and dog hospital. 84 King street. Phone 788.

W. McDONALD, VETERINARY SURGEON—Opposite market. Phone 688. Residence, 29 Byron; phone 1786.

GERMAN RESISTANCE SHOWS IMPORTANCE OF REGINA TRENCH

British Attack Was the Most Notable Made in Three Weeks.

[BY FREDERICK PALMER.]

BRITISH FRONT IN FRANCE, Oct. 21.—Via London, Oct. 22.—(Copyright, 1916, by the Associated Press.)—With the return of fighting weather the British resumed the offensive on a larger scale this afternoon and turned on enough gunfire and sent in enough troops to make sure Regina trench was theirs. It was the most important attack for three weeks.

All this month Regina trench has been developing a sinister reputation. It joins on to the old first-line fortifications in the neighborhood of Thiepval, and anything in that region, with its comfortable dugouts, the Germans like to retain in order to prevent the active battle front from broadening, and for another reason which a British soldier expressed when he said: "With winter coming on we feel the need of those deep snug dugouts the Germans spent so much time in building."

Nibbling Not Effective.

Parties of the British got possession of portions of Regina trench on several occasions, but the Germans swarmed in front of their burrows and repulsed the invaders. Evidently Regina trench was not to be taken by nibbling and required one big bite. In such cases there is nothing to do but wait till clear weather, when the gunners can see what they are doing, and turn on a No. 1 artillery curtain.

Yesterday morning a set gunners' smile was on the face of the whole army. Instead of rain and mist making a gunner's bane of low visibility, an almost wintry sun was shining in crystal air—literally an artilleryman's heaven. All the gun tribe necessary for the job were up and in position already awaiting for such a day as this, when the eyes that see for them from the observation posts can tell whether the practice shells they leisurely fire are on the target which they are to paste as far as they can on the signal being given for the concert to begin. When the same kind of weather continued today, staff officers who arrange these affairs, said: "This is moving day for the Germans in Regina trench."

The Regina is a long trench of nearly three miles—about the same length as the battlefront at Gettysburg.

Shortly after noon, when there had been the usual amount of shell fire all morning and no signs anywhere on the landscape that anything unusual was going to happen, a number one curtain fire was suddenly turned on with the same effect on the ear as when all the whistles of New York start when the clock strikes 12 on New Year's eve. The usual billowy cloud of shell smoke, vaporously extended in the sold clear air behind Regina trench, and then the British infantry were in full possession of the trench.

All Left Alive Captured.

Some Germans bolted from the first ugly breath of that barrage, knowing from experience that the only thing to do was to move on to another position and force the gunners to prepare another deluge for the next step of the Allied offensive. Six hundred left alive were taken prisoners.

The gunners are smiling at the stars tonight, which promise another fair day tomorrow. The cold weather has transformed the army into a winter chrysalis. The battalions are marching up the trenches all wearing their overcoats. The call is for more chocolates and more slices of bacon, frizzling in pans in the dugouts. The gunners who were stripped for their war work in August now warm their hands on the heated gunbarrels. At night on the field, where fires are permitted, the men gather around the blaze of any wood they can gather. Those digging new trenches on the ground won do not mind how cold it is, so long as the ground is not soaked by rain.

BERLIN ADMITS CRUISER TORPEDOED BY BRITISH

Muenchen, Damaged in North Sea, Puts Back to Port.

[Canadian Press.]

Berlin, Oct. 23—Via London.—It is semi-officially announced that the vessel torpedoed on Thursday was the small cruiser Muenchen, which was slightly damaged and returned to harbor.

The British admiralty announced Saturday night that a German light cruiser of the Kolberg class had been torpedoed on Thursday morning in the North Sea, by a British submarine. The statement said that when last seen, the cruiser was steaming slowly toward German waters, and was in evident difficulties. The Muenchen was built in 1904, and displaced 3,250 tons. The Kolberg is a vessel of 4,350 tons.

EMBARGO ON FREIGHT

Shortage of Labor Blamed for the Trouble in Toronto.

TORONTO, Oct. 22.—The inability of the railways and the teaming companies to obtain ample labor has forced the Grand Trunk Railway to place an embargo against less than a carload of freight from all points consigned to Toronto. The C. P. R. also had an embargo, which became effective on October 9, but they have been able to check up their congestion in the local freight sheds, with the result that the embargo has been distinued. If the company finds it impossible to keep pace with the enormous volume of freight moving, the order will be restored. The embargo placed by the Grand Trunk is applied to all freight less than a carload, except perishable goods and munitions.

The Toronto terminals are congested with freight, much of which cannot be delivered.

WILL NOT CHANGE NAME

Protestant Episcopal Church to Keep Same Title Despite Faction.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 22.—Efforts to change the name of the Protestant Episcopal Church have been abandoned in the convention in session here, leaders of the wing of the church advocating the changed announced today. This follows the action of the House of Deputies yesterday adopting yesterday without debate a title page for a new hymnal which reaffirmed the present name of the church.

For several years a change of name has been advocated by a faction in the church, upon the ground that the word "Protestant" in the title apparently allies it with the denominations having their origin with the reformation. The Protestant Episcopal Church traces its history to the time of Christ, they assert.

CONSUL OF RUSSIA DENIES STATEMENT OF MUENSTERBERG

Says Nothing in Story of German-Russ-Jap Alliance Against England.

[Canadian Press.]

Boston, Oct. 23.—Joseph A. Conry, the Russian consul in Boston, took issue with Professor Hugo Muensterberg of Harvard, on Saturday, on account of the psychologist's speech of Friday night and his recent writings and statements about the German cause.

The Russian consul particularly referred to the address to Harvard students on Friday night, in which the professor predicted an alliance of Germany, Austria, Russia and Japan. Mr. Conry asks the source of the "reliable" information, and further asks with Professor W. E. Hocking: "Is he an agent of the German Government," to determine if his Friday night address is "official German doctrine."

A Strange Discourse.

The statement refers to Professor Muensterberg's address as "this strange discourse on psychology and astrology." "Apparently, to a defender of Germany, it does not appear to be at all difficult for a people to abuse itself," remarked Mr. Conry.

"German kultur, having demonstrated how easily this is done, would gladly encourage similar action by other states. This is indeed noble teaching, ideal doctrine for a civilized man to lay before the young manhood of America."

Russia's Position.

Mr. Conry's statement concludes: "Russia has taken her position for right in the greatest struggle known to civilization. During two years her soldiers have won the unqualified admiration of the world. As an upright power, she esteemed the opinion of the world, and particularly does she desire the goodwill of the United States, with whom she has enjoyed the warmed friendship since the beginning of this republic. Her people are united in this cause, for which she is now fighting; those who would slander her and malign her with the hope of injuring her have hitherto operated under cover of darkness or in disguise.

A Friend of United States.

"Whatever may be the outcome of this war, and there can be only one, but under whatever terms peace may be declared, Russia will stand a world power, worthy to associate with every other honorable power, and particularly will Russia have demonstrated to the people of the United States that the two great countries of the world are intended by nature to co-operate in the maintenance of future peace, prosperity and happiness.

"A study of Russian history from the time of Peter the Great to the present moment will fail to disclose a single incident which would warrant the statement made by Professor Muensterberg. His remark is not wholly harmful, if it causes the American people to make an earnest inquiry into Russian history."

DANISH, DUTCH AND BRITISH STEAMERS SUNK

[Canadian Press.]

London, Oct. 23.—The sinking of the Danish steamer Hede and the Dutch steamer Fortuna, of 1,254 tons gross, was reported today at Lloyds shipping agency. The survivors of the Fortuna were landed. The captain and fifteen others, it is feared, were drowned.

It was also announced that the Donaldson liner Cabotia, of 4,309 tons gross, was believed to have been sunk. The Cabotia was 385 long and was built in 1900.

C. P. R. STATES POSITION IN THE PRESENT CRISIS

Has Never Failed to Abide by Arbitration Boards.

WINNIPEG, Oct. 22.—On being asked for a statement as to the sanding of the dispute between the trainmen and the company, Grant Hall, vice-president and general manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway, tonight said:

"Since the introduction of Lemieux arbitration act, on different occasions when the company and various bodies of employees were unable to reach an agreement respecting wages and working regulations, the employees appealed to the Government for a conciliation board under the act, and in every instance the railway company accepted the findings of the various boards, although in many cases they did not agree with these findings.

"The only instance of the findings of the board not being accepted by the men and the issue being carried to a strike, was in 1908, when the men employed in the shops refused to accept the finding of a board, and precipitated a conflict. As far as the present dispute is concerned, the trainmen and the company were unable to come to an agreement about certain matters about two years ago, and a conciliation board was appointed by the Government on request of the men. The company accepted its findings, which granted to the men certain concessions, and offered to put them into force, but the trainmen were dissatisfied, and asked that the matter be left over, because in the meantime war had broken out, and they did not want to create a disturbance in conditions while war was on. Recently the men asked us to put in effect certain demands which had been submitted to this board of conciliation, and on which the board did not see fit to rule in their favor. In view of the present world-wide conditions, I offered to put in effect the findings of the arbitration board, and in addition to make further concessions, but was unable to come to any agreement, and rather than see any dislocation of traffic at the present time, I telegraphed the Government, asking if they would, on our request, appoint a conciliation board."

GOOD STRIKE OF GAS NINE MILES FROM AYLMER

Well Tapped on Saturday Has 1,000,000 Feet Flow.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

AYLMER, Oct. 22.—The Pipe Line Company, which furnishes Aylmer with gas from the Vienna field, has been drilling for gas on the farm of Charles James, south of Richmond, and nine miles from here, on Saturday struck gas at 1,300 feet.

The new well has a million feet test from a 6-inch casing, which will insure the citizens of Aylmer an abundance of gas all winter.

The company has 7,000 acres of land leased in that vicinity, and will keep on drilling. The new well is three miles from the main pipe line.

TWO CAUGHT PLOTTING THE ASSASSINATION OF PREMIER TISZA

Had Weapons Ready and Way of Escape When Put Under Arrest.

[Canadian Press.]

London, Oct. 23.—The assassination of Count Stuergkh lends new interest to the details of a plot to assassinate Count Tisza, the Hungarian premier, which reaches London today by mail from Budapest. Two young men who were arrested in connection with this plot were named Zoltanbiro and Zaborsky. Each of them is 19 years old.

They had carefully made their plans, purchased revolvers, prepared measures for their escape from the country afterwards, and had communicated with several persons from whom they expected assistance.

At their trial one of the young men pleaded not guilty, but made a defiant political spech, in which he denounced Count Tisza as a traitor against the nation, and declared he would continue the plot against the premier's life as soon as he was free. Owing to their comparative youth, Zoltanbiro and Zaborsky were sentenced to only five months' imprisonment, with the provision that both should join the colors at the expiration of their sentences.

SIMCOE MAN DEAD, ANOTHER IS WOUNDED

SIMCOE, Oct. 22.—Norfolk has been hard hit in the recent fighting, and the lists report fresh names as time goes on. Mrs. Robins, Robinson street, has been informed by the war office that her youngest son, Pte. Lorne Robins, had been killed. He is also survived by a sister, Mrs. Geo. Starr, whose husband is in the ranks of the Norfolk Battalion, and two brothers. Pte. Robins had been wounded in previous fighting.

Pte. Gordon Morris, of Port Ryerse, enlisted in Welland. His parents, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Morris, of Port Ryerse, have received word that their son was admitted to hospital Oct. 10, suffering from gunshot wounds in arm and leg.

Pte. Harry Dixon, son of Mr. Wm. Dixon, of Simcoe, has also been wounded. Another son has been missing since July. Mr. Dixon has three other sons in training and at the front.

TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE.

[By Edward Cronyn & Co.]

	Ask.	Bid.		Toronto, Oct. 23. Ask.	Bid.
Am Cy..	35	30	do pfd. ..	91	..
do pfd.	61	58	T Paper.	70	60
Ames, p.	66	64½	Tor Ry.	90½	89½
Barcel..	12¾	12¼	Tucketts	28	23½
Brazilian	53¾	53	Tw City.	97	96
Bell Tel.	150	148	Banks—		
Burt. c.	81	79	Com'rce	186	..
C Bread	19½	19⅛	Dom'n..	213	211
do pfd.	90	87	Hamil'n.	..	190
C Car, p.	69	67	Imper'l.	201	198
Cement, p	95	..	Merch ..	173	..
C Fdry..	198	190	M'treal.	220	..
CG Elec.	119	117¾	Ottawa.	202	..
C P R...	175½	174½	Royal ..	211	210½
C Salt...	..	125	Toronto	197½	..
C Smelt	36¾	36	Union ..	..	134
Con Gas.	169	..	Loans, etc.—		
Cr Res..	75	72	C Land..	162¼	160
Canners.	20	19½	C Perm.	173	..
Dome...	25	23	H Prop.	..	140
D Stel..	67	66¾	H & E..	..	211
Dom Tel.	..	87	L Bank.	..	145
Duluth.	44	..	L & Can	..	134
La Rose.	60	58	T Trust.	..	210
Mackay.	86½	86	T Mort.	..	132
do pfd.	67	66	Bonds—		
M Leaf.	96½	96	C Bread	95½	94½
Mon'h, p	82	80	C Loco..	95	..
NSSteel.	139	138¼	Elec Dev	..	88¼
P Burt..	22	20	Mex Elec	30	..
do pfd.	80	77	M L & P	45	35
Pan. p...	..	85	Penm's.	..	94½
Petrol.	1165	1113	P Rico..	87½	86
P Rico, p	95	90	P of Ont	..	85
Russell, p	92¼	90	Quebec..	69	67
Sh Wh't.	103	102	Rio. 1st.	..	86
Spanish.	16⅞	16⅝	Spanish.	85	77
do pfd.	55	54½	St'l Can.	..	96½
St'l Can.	64⅞	64⅝	War L'n.	90	88⅝

TORONTO MINING EXCHANGE.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, Oct. 23.—Morning mining sales: Apex, 2,000 at 8⅜, 200 at 8½; Davidson, 1,000 at 49¾; Dome Extension, 30 at 35; Dome Lake, 1,800 at 61; 200 at 61½, 600 at 60, 500 at 60½; Hollinger Consolidated, 70 at 670, 100 at 674; Imperial, 1,000 at 4¾, 200 at 4½; McIntyre, 1,500 at 161, 1,200 at 160; McIntyre Extension, 1,000 at 45; New Ray, 3,825 at 75; Porcupine Bonanza, 400 at 15, 2,000 at 15½; Porcupine Crown, 500 at 71, 200 at 69; Tommy Burns, 1,000 at 84; Vipond, 200 at 35½; West Dome Consolidated, 7,500 at 33½; Adanac, 500 at 21¾, 500 at 21½, 1,625 at 32, 500 at 32½; Beaver, 1,000 at 40; Crown Reserve, 500 at 47, 800 at 49, 500 at 50, 1,500 at 52, 2,000 at 51; Gifford 1,000 at 3⅞, 3,000 at 4; Great Northern, 500 at 8; Loraine, 500 at 48; McKinley, 100 at 60; Nipissing, 25 at 655, 100 at 865, 100 at 862, 100 at 850½, 425 at 860; Seneca, 100 at 10½, 2,100 at 10; Temiskaming, 300 at 62, 800 at 61½, 1,000 at 61; Vacuum Gas, 3,000 at 55, 500 at 56.

WALL STREET.

New York, Oct. 23—Wall Street, 10:20 a.m.—Dealings on a broad scale at higher levels were resumed at the opening of today's market, specialties leading the movement. High records were established by American Beet and Cuban Cane Sugar, and Central Leather also scored a new maximum. United States Steel's belated opening showed a gain of a point, with as much or more for American Car, Pressed Steel Car, Westinghouse, International Paper and Inspiration Copper. Other metal issues were in general demand, and the inquiry for rails was again featured by unusual activity in Wabash issues, Denver and Rio Grande preferred, Chesapeake and Ohio and Rock Island.

Noon.—Trading assumed much wider proportions before 11 o'clock, embracing issues of every description. Incessant profit-taking exercised little or no effect, prices attaining higher levels. Unusual activity in Bethlehem Steel, which rose 30 points to 580 was a conspicuous feature. Central Leather and sugars extended their gains, with metals, marings, petroleums and fertilizers. United States Steel became the central figure later, rising to the new record of 121¼, with gains of 1 to 4 points in related stocks. Rails were relatively backward but firm. Dealings up to the noon hour, when almost buoyant conditions prevailed, approximated 750,000 shares. Bonds were firm.

1:30 p.m.—Steel at the new record of 121¾, with further activity in other industrials, including American and Continental Cans, featured the mid-session. Union Pacific was strongest and most prominent of the rails.

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

Montreal, Oct. 23.—Sales: Steamships, 5 at 34; do., pfd., 43 at 89½; Civic Investment, 275 at 81; Detroit, 35 at 118 to 118½; MacKay, 6 at 86; Quebec Railway, 310 at 35½ to 35; Canada Cement, 100 at 67¾; do., pfd., 65 at 94½; Canadian Cottons, 35 at 59 to 59½; do., pfd., 90 at 81¼ to 81½; Smelting, 490 at 37 to 36⅝; do., Rights, 1,813 at 2½ to 2⅝; Dominion Bridge, 45 at 214 to 213½; Montreal Cottons, 25 at 56½; Crown Reserve, 4,200 at 50; Dominion Textile, 80 at 86; do., pfd., 20 at 104½; Laurentide, 167 at 197 to 198½; MacDonald, 225 at 14½ to 14; Penmans, 50 at 74; Riordan Paper, 525 at 103½ to 107; Scotia, 480 at 138¼ to 138¾; Spanish River, 1,837 at 16 to 17⅛; do., pfd., 610 at 48¼ to 54½; Steel of Canada, 304 at 64⅞ to 64½; Wayagamack, 900 at 91½ to 94; do., bonds, $10,100 at 89½ to 90; Dominion Textile, pfd., 20 at 104½; Canada Car, pfd., 30 at 68; Bank of Commerce, 15 at 183; Bank of Montreal, 109 to 219 to 220½; Royal Bank, 30 at 210; War Loan, $257,000 at 98½.

Financial, Market and Commercial Section

NEW OATS AND WHEAT ON LOCAL MARKET TAKE JUMP

Potatoes Also on the Rise—Tomatoes Still Being Offered.

There was not a large local market this morning, only a few loads of hay and grain being brought in. The market for these were brisk. Hay was steady at $12 to $13.50 a ton, and straw was unchanged at $8.50 to $9.25. Old oats were firm at $1.90 to $2 a cwt., but now oats were higher at $1.65 to $1.78 a cwt. Wheat jumped, too, selling for $1.55 a bushel for new, and $1.45 a bushel for old. Barley was steady at $1.35 a cwt.

Potatoes are on the rise again, selling for $1.60 to $1.90 a bag, and in some cases for $2. Tomatoes it is expected will be offered throughout the week for about 40c a basket. Cabbage sell for 60c to $1.50 a dozen, and dried onions for $2.25 a bushel.

Apples promise to be fairly plentiful at 75c to $1 a bushel. It is expected that few peaches will be offered, as the season is practically over. Grapes, however, are finding a brisk market at 20c to 25c a basket.

Hog prices are steady, with live hogs selling for $10.25 to $10.40 a cwt., and fat sows for $7.75 a cwt. Dressed hogs are bringing $15 a cwt., and small pigs alive, $4 to $6 a pair.

Hides and wool were steady. Wool was scarce at 30c to 40c a pound. Cow hides, No. 1, sold for 17c a pound, lamb skins for $1 to $1.25 each, and calf skins for 23c to 25c pound.

Grain, Per Cwt.			
Oats, per cwt.	$1 90	to	$2 00
New oats, per cwt.	1 65	to	1 78
Barley, per cwt.	1 35	to	1 35
Wheat, per cwt.	2 56	to	2 56
Grain, Per Bushel.			
Oats, per bu.	64	to	68
Wheat, new, per bu.	1 53	to	1 55
Wheat, old, per bu.	1 45	to	1 49
Vegetables.			
Potatoes, peck	35	to	40
Potatoes, per bu.	1 15	to	1 35
Potatoes, per bag	1 60	to	1 90
Tomatoes, basket	40	to	40
New cabbage, dozen	60	to	1 50
Beets, per doz.	30	to	30
Green onions, doz.	30	to	30
Dry onions, per bu.	2 25	to	2 25
Parsley, per doz.	30	to	40
Carrots, per doz.	30	to	30
Carrots, per bu	90	to	1 00
Celery, per doz.	39	to	50
Spinach, bu.	75	to	75
Pumpkins, each	5	to	15
Hubbard squash	10	to	15
Fruit.			
Apples, per bu.	75	to	1 00
Pears, per bushel	1 00	to	1 25
Peaches, per basket	30	to	60
Grapes, per basket	20	to	25
Citrons	10	to	25
Hay and Straw.			
Hay, new, per ton	12 00	to	13 50
Straw, per ton	8 50	to	9 25
Dairy Produce, Retail.			
Butter, creamery, lb.	42	to	42
Butter, dairy, lb. rolls	40	to	40
Butter, crocks, lb.	39	to	39
Eggs, per dozen	42	to	42
Honey, 10 lbs.	1 10	to	1 35
Honey, sections, doz.	2 00	to	2 40
Dairy Produce, Wholesale.			
Butter, creamery, lb.	38	to	38
Butter, store lots, lb.	34	to	34
Eggs, crate, doz.	37	to	37
Wholesalers to Farmers.			
Butter, rolls, lb.	36	to	36
Butter, dairy, lb.	36	to	37
Butter, crocks, lb.	36	to	36
Eggs, basket, doz.	34	to	35
Eggs, crate, doz.	36	to	36
Chickens, per lb.	13	to	14
Old fowl, per lb.	10	to	12
Poultry, Alive, Wholesale.			
Young chickens, lb.	13	to	14
Old fowl, per lb.	10	to	12
Ducks	11	to	12
Poultry, Dressed, Wholesale.			
Chickens, per lb.	16	to	18
Ducks, per lb.	14	to	14
Old fowl, per lb.	13	to	14
Poultry, Dressed, Retail.			
Chickens, per pair	90	to	1 40
Ducks, per lb.	15	to	17
Turkeys, per lb.	25	to	25
Live Stock.			
Hogs, per cwt.	10 25	to	10 40
Fat sows, per cwt.	7 70	to	7 75
Small pigs, pair	4 00	to	6 00
Butchers' Meats.			
Dressed hogs, cwt.	15 00	to	15 00
Veal, per cwt.	13 00	to	15 00
Beef, per cwt.	9 00	to	11 50
Lamb	16 00	to	17 00
Hides and Wool.			
Wool, per lb.	30	to	40
Cow hides, No. 1	17	to	17
Cow hides, No. 2	16	to	16
Lambskins, each	1 00	to	1 25
Calfskins, per lb.	23	to	25

GRAIN.

Winnipeg, Oct. 21.—Wheat closed 1⅞c up for October and November, 1⅛c better for December, and 1¼c up for May. Oats were ⅜c to 1⅜c higher for the three active months. Barley was unchanged for both months. Flax gained 1c in October, 1½c in November and 1½c for December.

After the opening sensation when October gained over 3c in less than five minutes and declined almost as quickly, prices steadied down to a very strong market. The trade during the day was mostly of an evening-up character, but the threatening attitude of the strike and the last snowfall were bullish features, while news from Argentine gave further strength to the market.

The volume of trade was fair without any special feature to either the buying or the selling. All grains have made record gains for the week. Wheat is up from 11½c to 14½c, oats 4c higher, while flax has made the record gain of 22c.

Many of the local pit crowd were looking for a break today, but the snow had the opposite effect. The best informed men are of the opinion that the strike will not materialize.

WINNIPEG GRAIN MARKET.

[Reported by Thomson & McKinnon.]

Winnipeg, Oct. 23.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
Oct.	$1 81	$1 83¾	$1 79½	$1 81⅝
Dec.	1 73	1 77½	1 72	1 75½
July	1 75⅛	1 78¼	1 74½	1 76¾
Oats—				
Oct.	57⅞	58⅞	57⅝	58½
Dec.	58⅛	59⅝	57⅞	58¾
July	60	62⅜	60	61
Flax—				
Oct.	.....	.....	.....	2 51
Dec.	.....	.....	.....	2 47

MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN MARKET.

[Reported by Thomson & McKinnon.]

Minneapolis, Oct. 23.—Wheat—Close—December, $1 85⅝; May, $1 83¼.

KANSAS CITY GRAIN MARKET.

[Reported by Thomson & McKinnon.]

Kansas City, Oct. 23.—Wheat—Close—December, $1 69; May, $1 69⅞.

Chicago, Oct. 23.—Estimates that the world's 1916 crop was 25 per cent short of last year's total led to a decided new advance today in the price of wheat. Continuance of the drought in Argentina tended also to lift values, but a temporary reaction was caused by reports that the weather there was unsettled. Liverpool dispatches saying that arrivals in Great Britain were inadequate acted as a handicap on the bears.

Opening prices, which ranged from 1@2½c higher, with December at $1 72¼@1 74, and May at $1 73@1 74, were followed by a substantial setback, but then a fresh advance.

Liverpool, Oct. 23.—Wheat—Spot was firm; No. 1 Manitoba, 15s 6½d; No. 2, 15s 5d; No. 3, 15s 3d; No. 2 hard winter, 15s; No. 1 northern (Duluth), 15s 2d.

Corn—Spot firm; American mixed, new, 11s 3d.

FLOUR.

Liverpool, Oct. 23.—Flour—Winter patents, 47s.

HOPS.

Liverpool, Oct. 23.—Hops (in London)—Pacific coast, £4 15@5 15s.

PROVISIONS.

Liverpool, Oct. 23.—Hams—Short cut, 105s.

Bacon—Cumberland cut, 97s; clear bellies, 97s; long clear middles, light, 100s; do, heavy, 98s; short clear backs, 92s; shoulders, square, 85s.

Lard—Prime western, in tierces, new, 88s; do, old, 89s; American refined, in pails, nominal; do boxes, 88s 3d.

DAIRY.

Liverpool, Oct. 23.—Cheese—Canadian finest white, new, 113s; do, colored, new, 114s.

OILS.

Liverpool, Oct. 23.—Tallow—Australian (in London), 47s 6d.

Turpentine Spirits—44s 3d.

Rosin—Common, 19s 6d.

Petroleum—Refined, 1s 1¼d.

Linseed Oil—43s 6d.

Cottonseed Oil (Hull refined)—Spot, 43s.

London, Oct. 23.—Calcutta linseed, October