

GREAT WESTWARD RUSH COMMENCES

TRAINLOADS OF SETTLERS EFFECTS PASS WESTWARD THROUGH SASKATOON.

Saskatoon, March 15.—A whole train of baggage cars loaded with settlers' effects arrived at Saskatoon over the C.P.R. today, and two other trains of the same class of freight are leaving Minneapolis today, bound chiefly for Kerr Robert and the Tramp Lake district. This, for the time of the year, creates a record for the line, and is an earnest of what may be expected this year, when the rush of settlers to the west promises to be so great that it will tax the utmost capacity of all organizations to deal with them.

300 IMMIGRANTS REACH TORONTO.

Toronto, March 15.—Between 300 and 350 immigrants came through Toronto this morning, the aftermath of the heavy traffic yesterday. A few stopped over, but the majority went westward.

"Every Tuesday in March and April we may expect a rush," said Superintendent Beak. "From what I can learn, the number of immigrants this year will be very large and will likely eclipse all former years."

Toronto, March 15.—Pronounced proof of the opening up of the north-west provinces by the construction programs of the transcontinental railways is shown in the announcement that this year 25,000 homesteads of these 6,000 will be in the Jackfish Lake district, 9,000 in Athabasca, 5,000 between Saskatoon and Calgary, 5,000 in the Carrot River district, and the remainder in the Shellbrook district.

WAINWRIGHT TO HOLD WEEK OF FESTIVITIES

In Connection With the Coronation Celebration in June—Board of Trade to Give Big Banquet Toward End of This Month.

Wainwright, March 14.—The new officers of the Wainwright Board of Trade met to discuss and arrange the program for the year. It was decided to hold a banquet at the end of March. The banquet will be held at the Wainwright Hotel. M. L. Forster, proprietor, will do the catering.

Mr. Hinton, general passenger agent for the G.T.P.; Mr. Hazelton, of the International Society Townsite Co., of Winnipeg; and Mr. Howard Douglas, commissioner of Dominion lands, are the invited guests.

The Board of Trade is also considering the question of celebrating the coronation of King George V. It is suggested that the Board of Trade arrange for a week's festivities, commencing on June 22nd, and continuing until July 1st, the birthday of Wainwright. The streets will be decorated for this occasion; a coronation ball will be arranged; a fancy fair, fireworks display, theatrical performances, demonstrations and various competitions and other attractions will be arranged.

The business men of the town during the week's festivities will make special window displays, and it is expected that there will be a great rush of visitors during the week's celebrations.

The officers of the Board of Trade are as follows: President, C. T. Lally; vice-president, C. G. Cook; secretary-treasurer, H. C. King.

British Investors Coming. Toronto, March 15.—The growing interest in Canada as an investment field is exemplified by the fact that a representative party of British capitalists, including Sir James Tennant Bart, J. Leigh Wood, M.G., a member of the House of Commons, and Mr. J. H. Brown, chairman of the Bank of Montreal, are in the city on business.

The party proceeded westward via the Canadian Pacific and will inspect investment opportunities in the north-west and the Pacific coast before returning.

REGRETS ABSENCE OF IMPERIAL MACHINERY

London Times Comments on Lack of Machinery to Deal With Imperial Preference. Discusses Laurier's Request For Revision of Favored-Nation Treaties.

Canadian Associated Press. London, March 15.—The Times, speaking in Sir Wilfrid Laurier's request for a revision of the most favored-nation tariff treaties, said that such a move as that contemplated is significant of the trend of Canadian opinion. Canada, it says, derives no particular benefit from the most favored-nation clauses. It opens, however, large questions that there is no Imperial machinery at all adequate to deal with Imperial preference questions. In its absence, the difficult portions of the Empire are in danger of being driven by force of circumstances to partial solutions which may be found difficult to reconcile with one another.

"This state of things," says the Times, "is more fully realized in the Dominions and brings home to us difficulties which the Dominions have to face."

When you have rheumatism in your feet, it is not until you get quick relief. It comes but a moment. Why suffer? For sale by Dealers everywhere.

DR. SHEARER'S OPINION.

Says the Province of Alberta is the Worst in Dominion.

Calgary, March 15.—Dr. Shearer, the superintendent of social and reform work for the Presbyterian Church of Canada, arrived in Calgary and will hold a conference in Knox Church tomorrow of representatives of the Presbyterians and synods of the province of Alberta to consider matters pertaining to the social and moral reform movement in this province.

Dr. Shearer said that he considered Alberta the worst province in the west. He stated further that so far as temperance was concerned, the best of the western provinces in this respect was very slow, and much slower than those in the east.

In Manitoba the conditions were better than they had been, and in Saskatchewan they had good laws controlling the liquor traffic. In British Columbia they were not good, but in Alberta the legislation was of such a nature that the reform people had to do 50 per cent. of the vote to elect. They also lost a deposit of \$100 which the law compels them to put up.

In regard to the sentiment of Alberta towards the reform movement for temperance, Dr. Shearer stated that he thought the majority of the people wanted conditions changed, and in time things would be changed.

Dr. Shearer went on to talk of the social reform movement in the west, and stated that he believed that even in Winnipeg, where he had made strong assertions regarding existing conditions, there was a change for the better. In Saskatchewan, there were strict laws to prevent the away of the social evil, and in Alberta there were also laws to prevent it. If there were properly enforced there would not be a hospitable ill-fame existing in the principal and respectable parts of the city.

When asked his opinions on the civic elections at Winnipeg last winter he stated that they would not affect the moral reform movement to any great extent. He believed that Sandford Evans was an upright, honest man, but the element behind him and the influences were not of the best.

Dr. Shearer stated further that although the reason why the social and moral reform candidate was defeated was due to the element behind Evans, but personally he did not blame Evans himself. There was also "crooked" work connected with the election.

Dr. Shearer stated further that although the best part of the city wanted the reform candidate for mayor, the immoral element worked their ropes too well, and he was defeated.

"But it won't last," Dr. Shearer stated, "for that class may win once or twice, but eventually the best and better classes will gain their desires."

Shearer addresses a meeting for men at 8 o'clock, and a meeting for women only at 8 o'clock.

IS MILDLY SURPRISED.

Action Will Not Be Delayed by Diplomatic Lamentations.

Canadian Associated Press. London, March 15.—The Daily Telegraph's St. Petersburg correspondent cables that the promise of Sir Edward Grey, foreign secretary, to enquire how far the interests of Canadian fishermen would be impaired by the act of Russia in extending the territorial waters to the twelve mile limit, aroused mild surprise in St. Petersburg. The passage of the bill is a forcible conclusion which will be neither concentrated nor delayed by diplomatic lamentations.

Hamilton Child Victim of Plagues. Hamilton, Ont., March 15.—Gordon Milne, the two-year-old boy who was frightfully burned at his parents' home when he pulled a lamp of the table, causing it to explode, died at the hospital this morning. His mother, who caused the child in a sensational manner, fighting her way through a wall of fire, will recover.

WANT A GENERAL ELECTION CALLED. Toronto, March 15.—The executive of the British Empire League have passed a resolution to hold general election to give the people an opportunity of pronouncing upon the reciprocity agreement.

Houghton Lennox: "Is it true that the proposal for an amendment to the tariff question has been abandoned?"

Mr. Graham: "That is a pointed question, which I would not like to answer, yes or no. I will say, however, that the question is not being actively discussed at the present moment."

Continuing, Mr. Graham said that he was of the opinion that the farmers of the Canadian west, and the Americans have a great deal to say in the matter of the tariff question.

Referring more particularly to capitalization, Mr. Graham said that conditions differ in Canada from those in New York state. There, railway charters are granted by letters patent, whereas in Canada, parliament retains control of the charters and the capitalization.

He reminded Mr. MacLean that the men who originally put their money into the C.P.R. took big chances and that they were entitled to a fair proportion of the present time the chief profits of the company were due to the remarkable increase in the value of land held rather than to earnings.

Must Remember New Companies. Mr. Graham said that the new companies which have to finance railways should be remembered. It was desirable that nothing should be done to shake the confidence of the people who held the purse strings of the world. In conclusion he said that Mr. MacLean's proposal merited consideration. He was at liberty to say that he had discussed the matter with the chairman of railway board and with railway men but had not been able to arrive to a conclusion that the time had come in Canada when it would be desirable to make a change. He assured the House that the question of cheap rates is now and will continue to occupy the attention of the Government.

A Bitter Denunciation. One of the bitterest denunciations in parliament in recent years fell from the lips of Major Beattie, of London, who said, "I have no sympathy with the resolution. It seems

SENSATIONAL MURDER ENDS IN CONVICTION

London Police Tried to Establish That Man Killed Was One of Houndsditch Anarchist Gang Murdered Because of Treachery To His Comrades.

London, March 15.—Stimie Morrison was today found guilty of the murder of Joseph Beron and sentenced to death. The police tried to connect the tragedy with the Houndsditch anarchist burglar gang and the trial was of the most sensational and longest drawn out that has been held in London. The mutilated body of Beron was found on Clapham common early in January.

The police theory was that the victim was a member of the Houndsditch gang and had been killed for treachery to his associates. The trial occupied nine days. The evidence was wholly circumstantial. Morrison, who is a Russian, claimed that he spent the evening of the murder at a music hall and the rest of the night at his home.

Most of the witnesses were from the Whitechapel district and startling assertions were made on both sides. A sensation was caused this afternoon when the closing arguments of counsel were interrupted to admit the testimony of a policeman who declared that his colleagues had sworn falsely.

Morrison made many incriminating admissions and under cross-examination admitted that he had been several times convicted of burglary.

Violent Attack on McLean. J. J. Leach, a Conservative member for London, made a violent attack on Mr. MacLean, the British Empire League member, who had expressed his opinion that the member for South York was not in earnest and that the C.P.R. could buy him if he wanted to. Mr. MacLean could not find enough supporters for his proposal to call for a division.

McLean's Amendment. When the Government moved the House into committee in order that the debate on the reciprocity agreement might be continued, Mr. Leach moved an amendment substituting for motion a declaration that "the control of the capitalization of the railways should be in the hands of the board of railway commissioners."

In support of the resolution he made a speech, which, while containing a good many arguments already made, was of a high order. He pointed out that the matter of the proposed motion was of great importance to the farmer, especially in winter.

Premier Roblin said that at many points the Government had installed telephones at their own expense, but this was not fair. As the provincial government had installed telephones at their own expense, it was decided to memorialize the Dominion House. The House also voted down 54 to 1 a motion to amend the public schools act which practically meant the cancellation of the school agreement of 1897.

W. M. Molloy, Liberal, wanted to strike out clause compelling Roman Catholics to contribute to public schools, or in other words to establish separate schools. The agreement, however, could not be abrogated without the consent of Ottawa.

Charles Fermaniski Seeks to Collect Damages From Dr. Crang for Alleged Negligence in Treatment of Broken Arm of Three-year-old Son.

Eight witnesses for the plaintiff were examined yesterday morning by Mr. Justice Stuart in the Supreme Court. Two other witnesses were called and the evidence, together with that of the defence occupied the afternoon session of the court.

In this action, Chas. Fermaniski, a laborer, of Strathcona, is suing Dr. H. Crang for \$5,000 damages for alleged negligence in the treatment of his three-year-old son, Alexander Fermaniski. The right arm of the boy was broken by a fall on May 2nd last. Dr. Crang set the bones and attended the boy until July, when the parents were informed that the arm was all right. But since that time the child has not had the use of his hand. The wrist from Smokey Lake, ten miles north-west of this place. The deceased had been engaged with a portable saw-mill sang in the woods and during the severe gale on Monday evening a tree fell, striking him on the forehead. Wright never regained consciousness and only lived three hours. He had only been in Canada some sixteen months and came from England, where a mother still resides. Deceased was thirty-two years of age and unmarried.

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A BITTER ATTACK BY MAJOR BEATTIE

CONSERVATIVE MEMBER FOR LONDON GOES AFTER W. F. McLEAN.

Ottawa, March 14.—The government expected to make some headway with the debate on the reciprocity agreement today, but owing to the objection of other topics, only a few minutes were made or more correctly speaking, the speech commenced on Thursday last by D. D. MacKenzie (Cape Breton) was concluded.

George Bradbury (Selkirk) moved the adjournment and will speak on the subject of the reciprocity agreement.

The most important subject introduced in the early part of the sitting was a motion by W. F. MacLean (South York) declaring that the control of the capitalization of railways should be placed in the hands of the board of railway commissioners.

He argued that such action in the part of parliament would do more than any other line that could be done to contribute to an early reduction of the railway rates in Canada.

Hon. Geo. P. Graham said that the suggestion was of great consideration but he doubted if the time had yet arrived for parliament to take such a step. He said he had discussed the matter with Chairman MacLean, but he doubted if the time had yet arrived for parliament to take such a step.

Violent Attack on McLean. J. J. Leach, a Conservative member for London, made a violent attack on Mr. MacLean, the British Empire League member, who had expressed his opinion that the member for South York was not in earnest and that the C.P.R. could buy him if he wanted to.

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GERMANY APPROVES PEACE SUGGESTIONS.

Berlin, March 15.—The declarations of Sir Edward Grey on Anglo-German relations made in the House of Commons on Monday night have a sympathetic echo in Nord Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung which announces that the view of the British foreign secretary on the subject of armaments corresponds closely with the German standpoint and opens the prospect of further development in the relations between Great Britain and Germany. If an agreement will assist in allaying the distrust of English public opinion, Germany is ready to do her part, the paper says. Sir Edward's speech is approved in sections of the unofficial press.

me that it has been moved by the honorable member for South York to suit his own purposes. I have the best opinion of the C.P.R. We have in Canada a stock within my recollection sold for 38 cents and the member for South York would not have sold it for 38 cents worth of it, but he comes forward to find fault with the C.P.R. agreement. We in the British Empire have reason to be proud of the C.P.R. No railway has attained the same high position in this, and I venture to predict that if the C.P.R. would buy that man for a small sum he would not open his mouth on it."

The Speaker called Major Beattie to order, but he continued his attack on Mr. MacLean and expressed himself so forcibly that the Speaker had again to interfere. He characterized the speech as a "falsification of the facts" and Mr. MacLean that he was opposed to public ownership. He declared himself in favor of public ownership if it was in the hands of honest men.

The Speaker called for yeas and nays in Canada and the Empire. Russell stood there were not enough to force a division. The Speaker then declared the resolution lost.

Debate on Reciprocity. D.D. Mackenzie (Cape Breton) continuing the debate on the reciprocity agreement, he said that the people of the West should take note that they could not get any tariff reductions until the present party.

Mr. Mackenzie placed on record the appeal of Mr. Scallion, president of the Manitoba Grain Growers' Association, to the farmers of Manitoba. Mr. Mackenzie also referred to the resolution passed by the Saskatchewan legislature in support of the reciprocity agreement.

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