A FEARFUL STORM.

The telegraph despatches give but a meagre report of the remarkable and violent atmospheric commotion which disturbed the inhabitants of Chicago on Tuesday afternoon of last week. The city was suddenly, at 5 p. m., plunged in utter darkness and the citizens had to light the gas in all the streets. The darkness was unusually dense and chill, giving a sensation as though a tremendous hailstorm had passed very near. Three times did the phenomenon appear and then pass away, leaving at last the sun shining as brightly as ever. The Telegraph wires ceased to work at the time. In other parts of the State this connexion developed into an awful tornado. At Galesburg and Shanghai a fearful devastation happened, with loss of life in the latter place and the destruction of fifteen dwellings, school houses, and two or three churches.

Services commenced in the Second Adventist Church, a new building completed last fall, at 4 o'clock p. m. As the people were wending their way from their farms and cottages to church, the sun was brightly shinning although clouds were seen in the heavens. It was a day not now common in this State at this time of the year. The pastor of the church, Rev. G. Hurd, ascended the sacred pulpt and commenced his discourse, which was not interrupted until it was nearly through, when the evidences of the coming disaster began to be apparent. First it was perfectly still, and then a noise was heard in the distance as of the roaring of a mighty cataract. The windows began to shake, and some one called out from his seat, "Mr. Hurd, a bad storm is coming up." The minister answered, "Never mind the storm; there is a day coming when there will be a storm compared with which this will be nothing. It will be through soon." Just then the hail and wind commenced breaking in the window lights, and in almost an instant the windows of the church, sash and all, were torn out.

The only two persons who succeeded in getting out were George Vern and Harrison Wixer, who were instantly killed. The building reeled like a drunken man, but none could get out. Wives clung to their husbands, children to their parents, brothers and sisters to each other, and despair was depicted upon every countenance.—suddenly the crash came and with a deafening sound mingled with the shrieks of the pent up people, timbers, sonatling and all came down with a sudden crash upon the devoted heads of the congregation, men, women and children. Some had skulls broken, others arms, others received internal injuries from which they can never recover. There are several who did not receive a scratch, but nearly all were more or less injured.

Services were to have been held at the same hour in the Methodist church, but owing to the non-arrival of the minister the services were postponed. This church was also entirely demolished.

So awe-struck were the people of Chicago at the sudden apparation of darkness that in an editorial the *Republican* observes :—

"In one moment of time, without warning, as if the sun had suddenly expended its illuminating power, the light of day began to fade out of the sky, and night descend upon the earth, as it were, a mist, while a startling chillness permeated the air.

"We may well shudder when we contemplate what might have been the consequence if this fierce and tumultuous struggle of the elements had taken place amid our streets, instead of expending its fury and destructive force far above our heads.

"A blow might have fallen upon Chicago which would have cost hundreds of lives and millions os dollars, leaving behind a mighty record of prostrated blocks, shattered streets, broken fortunes, and crushed hearts."

MR. DISRAELI AND SIR ROBERT PEEL.—The new number of the *Edinburgh Review* contains the following statement :—"It was not until the great schism had taken place in the Tory party on the repeal of the corn laws that Mr. Disraeli can be said to have influenced a party in the House of Commons. A distinguished observer of the events of that time has recorded an anecdote, which we do not remember to have seen in print, but which throws a singular light on the origin of Mr. Disraeli's relations with his furture adherents. It was early in the session of 1846, when a knot of ardent protectionists, boiling over with rancour and resentment they had not words to express, addressed themselves to Mr. Disraeli. They proposed to him that he should undertake to direct systematically and at short intervals the whole battery of his vituperative powers against Sir Robert Peel. On their part they engaged to be present *en masse* on these occasions, and to support there mouthpiece by vociferous cheering. The interview was a curious one. We have seen an account of it by one who knew all that passed on the occasion. Mr. Disraeli requested to have twenty minutes to consider the proposal. At the end of that time he accepted it.—The bargain was kept by both parties.—Mr. Disraeli spoke; the Tories cheered. They considered him their servant; but in such service there was the voice of a master. It had probably occurred to Mr. Disraeli in those twenty minutes, or before, that the man who spoke for them, who thought for them, who was ready to act for them, and who condescended to be the instrument of their prejudices and passions, would be cheered so lustilly by these blind bawlers, that they would at last discover they had bawled him into absolute power over their party and themselves.

FEMALE COMPOSITORS.—Female "type setters" are rapidly taking the place of men. In New York, as compositors women have been very successful, and are now employed in seven large establishments, including Harper's and the *World* office. They earn from $11 to $14 per week, being paid the same as men. Women are much steadier and more to be relied on. They have no 'blue Mondays,' and, except for want of strength to move form, and such heavy parts of the work, would be much preferable to men; in fact, they are superseding them, except in night work, for which they have been found too delicate. They are also employed at press work, working ten hours at $6 per week, and as binders, sewers and gilders at from $5 to $10 per week. Out of sixty-six hands in one establishment, ten average $10 per week, and two receive $10 50. In all these occupations they are said to be steadier than men.

A TRAGEDY.—A dreadful crime has been committed at Vannes (Morbiban). A man named Lodeo, formerly a soldier, had merried a few months ago a farmer's daughter of the neighborhood. He lived a life of debauch, and soon spent the four or five thousand francs which he had received with his wife. Suddenly, a few days back, he went to his father-in-law's house, and without saying a word, attacked him with a knife, and, after stabbing him twice mortally, took to flight. The dying man, fearing some further catastrophe, charged his son to go to his sister's, and, if necessary, protect her. But the young man arrived too late, as the woman was found a corpse, with the head nearly severed from the body. She had been dead, it appears, more than three days, and the murderer had been shut up most of the time in the room with the corpse. He has since been arrested.

SALE.—Boring for salt will be resumed at the Tilsonburg well. The boring for salt at Kincardine works is progressing favorably, the company having reached a depth of fifty-five feet. This company are operating under very favorable auspices, as they receive a bonus of $2,000 from the county when the well reaches a depth of 1000 feet.

The Attempted Assassination of Prince Alfred — Concerted Plot Against His Life.

(Latest to the Signal.)

Further telegrams, of the same date as those already made public from the Earl of Belmore to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, intimate that the assassination of his Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh was attempted by O'Farrell in pursuance of messages sent from conspirators in this country, which ordered the Prince's death. It is understood that O'Farrell was selected by lot to perpetrate the crime, and that the attempt would have been made when the Prince landed in state, but that an opportunity of doing so without risk of injury to others did not occur.

The New South Wales Government offered £1,000 reward for the apprehension of each accomplice; and one arrest, considered to be important, has been made in Victoria.

THE PRESS AND PULPIT.—The following extracts are from a sermon recently delivered by a Congregational clergyman in Cincinnati : "The newspaper is the daily preacher, out among the people. It is an efficent preacher too. Six days in the week it preaches, and never tires in arraying its facts, and in printing its morals. And the most effective preaching from the pulpits on the Sabbath, the preaching which most attracts, holds and instructs the people, is that which takes up the minds of the community just where the newspaper left them on Saturday night, and applies to them the truthes of God's Word, and the events and teachings of its Providence, and the saving doctrine of the gospel of the Son of God. We take men in our congregations of the Sabbath day just as we find them made up to our hand, if we would aim successfully at making them, under the blessing of God, what they ought to be. To ignore the influence in the midst of which men are living, is to ignore the men themselves. Our preaching is not divine preaching, but is is human preaching, accompanied, if it be right preaching, with divine power. We must meet men just as they are, and take them for what they are, and become all things to all men, if we would save them. The newspaper, for six days in the week, is a powerful agency in the make up of human characters, and therefore we are solicitous that the paper and the editor shall be objects of first Christian regards among the instrumentalities which are at work with men to whom we preach on the Sabbath. The editor of a daily newspaper, viewed as a labourer in a vast field, and in daily contact with men, needs and deserves the prayers of all good people, in the tasks to which he puts his brains and his pen. He seeks to elevate and bless them, and spite of all the faults attributed to the press, he does elevate and bless them, and no man labours harder or more constantly, or under more disadvantages, oftentimes, than he. No one is more interfered with, complained of, impertinently criticised and misrepresented than he; still, patiently, genially, courteously, he labours on, day and night, to give us each day what we could not live as communities half as well as we could survive without our meals. And while we are making the most of our daily lives by what he gives us every morning, there he is still at work, mining the ore and stamping the coin for our use without failure and without faltering. God bless the editor."

Bank of Upper Canada.

The following, taken from the London *Standard* of 20th April last, has an important bearing on the respective positions of directors and shareholders in the Bank of Upper Canada :—

ROLLS COURT, APRIL 18—TURQUAND V. MARSHALL.

His Lorship gave judgement in this suit, which had been instituted by Mr. Turquand, the liquidator of the Herefordshire Banking Company on behalf of the creditors and shareholders of the company, to make the defendants, who are past directors and executors of deceased directors of the company, liable for large losses which the bank had suffered through the alleged improper conduct of the directors. It appeared that the bank had, in 1846, exhausted its called-up capital and reserve fund; and the directors ought then to have wound up the affairs of the bank, but instead of doing so they carried on the business at a great loss to the shareholders. It also appeared that considerable sums had been improperly advanced to a Mr. Higgins. The hearing of the case lasted some time, and the former manager was subjected to a severe cross-examination.

His Lordship held that the plaintiff was the proper person to institute proceedings in respect of the matters in question, and that he properly represented the shareholders and creditors. After commenting on the importance of the question, his lordship decreed that the defendants were liable to make good the losses occasioned by the neglect of the directors to wind up the affairs of the bank in 1846, and also to recoup the monies advanced to Mr. Higgins.

A Slight Mistake.

In a New Hampshire town lived an ignorant, irreligious worthless family, Ransom by name, no member of which had seen inside of a church within the 'memory of the oldest inhabitant." The village pastor, after years of failure had at length almost persuaded two of the younger scions to promise attendance for one Sabbath; but the fear that they would be made the subjects of some personal remarks still deterred them. They were in great terror lest they should be publicly upbraided with their wickedness. After much exertion, their fears were quieted, and on the following Sunday the eyes of the good pastors's congregation were astonished at the unwonted presence of the aforesaid Ransoms. All went well until the reading of the second hymn, which was the familiar

'Blow ye the trumpets, blow!' etc.

Imagine the effect when, at the end of the line,

'Return ye RANSOM'D sinners home,'

the elder of our heroes seized his hat, and, with longstrides towards the door, shouted : "Come along home, Bill! I know'd they'd be flinging at us if we came here!"

Mr. Beecher writes : "Explain to me if you can, why it is that so many young people are ashamed to have it thought they are ashamed of economy in the management of slender means, and of frugality in living? There is no disgrace in being an acorn before being an oak. Young people frequently wish that they were grown men; but they are not *ashamed* of being young! No one is ashamed to have it discovered that his strength, knowledge and skill are proportioned to his years. But these same persons will blush, and suffer shame, at being supposed not to have money, under circumstances in which all the sensible world knows that they ought to have none!"

☞ A dispatch from Delaware, Indiana, says on Sunday three boys, sons of Henry Foge, aged ten, twelve and sixteen years, were out in a field, when some difficulty arose between them. In the dispute the eldest mashed the heads of the younger brothers with an ax, killing one outright and leaving the other for dead. On the approach of the father, the oldest boy ran to a barn, where he was soon after discovered dead, having hung himself.

It is rumoured that in case the President is convicted, his punishment is to be commuted from disqualification to reading all the arguments made or filed upon the trial. It will be a life sentence.

Indian Hostilities on the Plains; White Settlers Being Massacred.

Omaha, Neb., May 5. 1868.

We have news from the plains here to the 1st., which informs us that the Indians are continuing their depredations, and murdering every white person they can catch. On the 29th ult., three men were shot at Sidney, and four men were killed at Plum Creek, on the Pacific Railroad, by the Sioux Indians. Only one of the men shot at Sidney was killed. He was a section master on the railroad, and fifteen arrows were found in his body. The other two, named Cahoon and Edmundson, were conductors on the road. They were fishing at the time the attack was made upon them, about half a mile distant, and within sight of the railroad dept. Mr Coohan was scalped. Both were badly wounded, and will probably die from the effects of their injuries.

The men killed at Plum Creek were all section men on the railroad, and were repairing the road when the savages came upon them.

All the ranch-men and wood-choppers are fleeing for safety to the North Platte.

Gen. Sherman passed upon the train on the 30th ult., and viewed the four dead bodies at Plum Creek.

All the trains on the Union Pacific Railroad lay up when night overtakes them, and pay no regard to schedule time.

☞ The Kilkenny cats have passed into a proverb. Even that tale is almost matched by one more cent of a hen which went to lay in a new patent hen's nest, in which the eggs drop through a trap-door, and so deceives biddy that she keeps on laying. This particular hen went on the persuader, as the invention is called, and never came off again. The owner visited the persuader at night. In the upper compartmet he found a handful a feathers, a few toe-nails, and a bill. In the lower compartment were three dozen and eleven eggs. The delicate constitution of the hen had been unequal to the effort; and fired by young ambition, she had laid herself all away.

EMIGRATION FROM THE EAST OF LONDON. About 150 emigrants from the East-end, including men, women, and children, will sail this morning from the Thames, in the screw-steamer "St. Lawrence," 1,400 tons register, bound for Quebec. The men, for the most part, are blacksmiths, fitters, sawyers, and labourers. They are all or mostly in the prime of life, with families varying from two to six in number, including in some cases well-grown sons and daughters, and have all been tried in the fire, so to say, of the severe and protracted distress in the east of the metropolis, consequent upon the late collapse of the shipbuilding trades on the Thames. They go out to Canada under the auspices and at the sole expense of the East-end Emigration Committee; and they have been selected by a committee of gentlemen connected with the locality. None of the emigrants who proceed by the ship *St. Lawrence* have been in the receipt of parochial relief at any time during the prevalent distress, and they are just the class of people likely to succeed in a country like Canada, the men being all rough handicraftmen and laborers, comparatively young, and with growing sons and daughters.—(London Times.

The village of Paisley is moving for incorporation as a distinct municipality.

Whalen is failing in health, and is reported to have been very much cast down ever since receiving information that his conversation with Doyle in the jail had been overheard and taken down.

A passenger on the Great Western Railway, on Friday last, who carried his surplus capital consisting of $50, in one of his boots, carelessly pulled off his boats to ease his feet, and thought nothing of the money until the arrival at Windsor, when great commotion ensued over the discovery of his loss. The money had been found by a brakesman named Clark, and was returned to the loser.

☞ A curious report is in circulation about the Queen. It is said that she is alarmed at the threatened destruction of the Irish Church, and expresses her doubt as to her ability to sanction the course the Liberal party are pursuing. Her Majesty fears, it is said, that her coronation oath will prevent her giving her assent to the disestablishment of the Irish Church. She had a long interview with Lord Derby, (it is alleged) on the point. She had also an interview with Mr. Coleridge, and the gossip of the lobbies says that the learned member for Exeter endeavored to prove to her Majesty that there was nothing in her coronation oath to prevent her acceding to the proposition to disestablish and disendow the Irish Church.

In a western village a charming well preserved widow has been courted and won by a physician. She has children—among them a crippled boy, who has been petted, and if not spoiled, was certainly allowed very great freedom in debate. The wedding day was approaching, and it was time the children should know they were to have a new father, calling the crippled boy, she said, "George, I am going to do something before which I would like to talk about with you." "Well, ma, what is it?" "I am intending to marry Dr. Jones in a few days, and,"—"Bully for you, ma! Does Dr. Jones know it.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE! IN THE TOWN OF STRATFORD.

LOTS Nos. 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, on the north side of the Grand Trunk Railway line to Toronto, Lot 79 on south side of Union Station, and lots Nos. 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85 and 86, forming the Gore between the Grand Trunk Roads to Toronto and Buffalo, as shewn in a plan thereof registered in the Registry office for the County of Perth.

These lots are most advantageously situated, for warehouse purposes.

☞ Any of the above lots may be had very cheap.

For particulars apply to J. FRANCIS C. HALDAN, Solicitor, &c., Goderich. or to MESSRS. HAYES & O'LOANE, Barristers Stratford.

Goderich, Feb. 14, 1868. w41

NEW GROCERY! AND Flour and Feed Store. WM. ROBINSON

BEGS respectfully to announce to the inhabitants of Goderich and vicinity that he has commenced in the above line in Mr. Smaill's old stand,

CORNER OF SQUARE & NORTH ST.

In the Grocery Department he will keep on hand good articles, and sell as cheap a the cheapest.

Particular attention paid to the line of FLOUR AND FEED! and as the advertiser has had many years' experience in that branch of business, he feels confident that he can give satisfaction.

Goderich, Feb. 7, 1868. sw4tf

BRICK, BRICK, BRICK!

THE Subscriber will contract to deliver Brick at his yard in Maitlandville, on and after the 20th June next. He is fitting up a new brick machine, to be run by steam power, and can fill during the season all orders he may be favored with. Parties desirous of securing brick early, will please leave their orders at once at the office of the undersigned.

W. M. SAVAGE.

Market Square, Goderich, 14 Feb., 1868 w4 m2

Berlin Wool & Fancy Goods Store

Mrs. Warnock

Begs to acquaint the ladies of Goderich and vicinity that she has resumed her business after the recent fire; she desires to thank them for their kind patronage, and to assure them that no effort will be wanting on her part to secure a continuance of their kind favors.

Mrs. Warnock likewise begs to inform parties going to Europe that she has been commissioned by Messrs. F. McDonald & Co., New York, to dispose of their tickets, drafts, &c., for the Transatlantic Line of Steamers, from New York to Londonderry, Liverpool, and Glasgow. Their lines of Steamships are so favorably known to the public for safety, speed, and cheapness that they require no comment.

Market Square, Corner of Hamilton St Goderich, 22 Nov. 1867. w44

For Sale.

LOT 22, 16th Concession Kincardine Township, containing 100 acres more or less. Apply to WILLIAM KERR. Merchant.

Goderich 12th July, 1867. w25tf

G N DAVIS

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN Stoves, Ploughs and Castings of every description. Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware, at the Market Stove Depot, Market Square, Goderich.

COAL OIL, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ Coal Oil Lamps, &c., &c. Old Iron, Copper, Brass, Rags Wool Pickings and Sheepskins taken in exchange. 27tf

Take Notice.

SAMUEL POLLOCK, Esq., late Deputy Sheriff has been appointed official Assignee under the Insolvent Act of 1864 for the United Counties of Huron and Bruce.

☞ Office in Cameron's Block, Kingston street.

February 20th. 1866. w50

COLONIAL HOUSE!

KID GLOVES! KID GLOVES

Josephine's, Alexander's, Jouvin's, Duchess Lace backs & Alexandras in white, black and colors. The largest Stock in the Counties.

CHAS. E. ARCHIBALD.

Goderich, August 22nd, 1868. sw10.

MONEY TO LEND.

EASY TERMS.

J. B. GORDON.

Goderich, Jan. 14th, 1868. w51tf

Salt Lands!

FOR SALE, IN PARCELS RANGING FROM 2 TO 5 ACRES! LAND IMMEDIATELY ADJOINING THE Present Salt Well, AT THE Goderich Railway Station. Apply to M. C. CAMERON

Goderich, Nov. 28, 1867. w15tf

STARTED AFRESH!

CANADIAN AXES GODERICH Steam Axe Factory.

JOHN McPHERSON,

BEGS to announce to the public that he is now prepared, with new and improved steam machinery, to turn out his superior axes in larger quantities than hitherto, and hopes to give the same satisfaction that has attended his efforts up to the present.

These axes have gained a wide-spread popularity throughout Huron and Bruce.

Remember the shop: Corner of Waterloo and Lighthouse streets.

Goderich, Dec, 2. 1867. w45tf

1868. Division Courts.

Times for holding DIVISION COURTS FOR THE COUNTY OF HURON, 1868.

1st Division, Goderich, Thursday, 30th Jan.
6th " Dungannon, Friday, 31st "
7th " Bayfield, Saturday, 1st Feb.
10th " Clinton, Monday, 3rd "
2nd " Seaforth, Tuesday, 4th. "
11th " Ainleyville, Wednesday, 5th "
5th " Exeter, Friday, 7th. "

1st Division, Goderich, Thursday, 30th April
6th " Dungannon, Friday, 1st May
7th " Bayfield Saturday, 2nd "
10th " Clinton, Monday, 4th "
2nd " Seaforth Tuesday, 5th "
11th " Wroxeter, Wednesday, 6th "
5th " Exeter, Friday, 8th "

The several Courts will open at 10 o'clock a. m.,

Goderich, 23rd December, 1867.

S. BROUGH, J. C. C. Huron.

I certify the above to be a true copy as entered in the Division Court Record Book, pursuant to the Statute.

DAN. LIZARS, Clerk of the Peace, Huron.

Office of the Clerk of the Peace, Goderich, 24th Dec., 1867. w49

SELLING OFF! SELLING OFF.

GIVING UP BUSINESS.

Great Reduction in Prices!

WM. STEWART

HAS DETERMINED TO SELL OFF HIS STOCK OF

DRY - GOODS, AND READY-MADE CLOTHING.

AT COST & UNDER.

BARGAINS UNPRECEDENTED! TREMENDOUS SACRIFICE of GOODS!

The whole must be sold in six weeks. Call early and secure some of the many thousand bargains now offering for sale

At the GLASGOW HOUSE, West St., Goderich!

COMMERCIAL BILLS TAKEN AT PAR.

WM. STEWART, GLASGOW HOUSE

Goderich, Dec. 20, 1867. w24

GODERICH WOOLEN FACTORY.

THE Undersigned beg to inform Farmers and others that they have purchased the above named establishment of Mr. Wm. Piper; and having

Renewed the Machinery!

which is now in first-rate working operation,

Are Now Prepared to Manufacture Cloths, Blankets (full width), Wincey, Shirting, Sheeting, &c., &c.,

expeditiously, and at prices compatible with the best workmanship. Particular

Attention paid to Custom Roll-Carding, Fulling, Dressing, Dyeing, &c.

We shall also have in a few weeks a FIRST-CLASS SPINNING JACK, (imported from one of the best machine shops in the United States), which will enable us to do Custom Spinning. We would also call particular attention to our

STOCK OF CLOTHS, &C.,

which we keep constantly on hand cheap for cash or in exchange for wool. MR. L. W. WATSON, Merchant Market Square, Goderich, is our authorized agent and all orders left with him will receive careful and immediate attention. Parties coming from a distance with wool to get carded, may rely on getting their rolls home with them the same evening.

☞ Parties favoring us with a call are assured general satisfaction.

Goderich Woolen Factory, April 7th, 1868. J. INGLIS & SONS. w11

COLONIAL HOUSE.

Tailoring & Outfitting Department!

THE Subscriber begs to inform his many customers and the public generally that he keeps constantly on hand the largest variety and best selection of

English, Scotch, French, Swiss & German Tweeds,

IN THE COUNTIES. ALSO A LARGE VARIETY OF

Canadian Manufactured Goods,

ENGLISH, FRENCH & GERMAN BROADCLOTHS,

CASSIMERES & DOESKINS,

ENGLISH AND FRENCH BEAVER AND PILOT OVERCOATINGS!

OVERCOATINGS OF ALL OTHER DESCRIPTIONS.

Having secured the services of

Mr R. CARR, as CUTTER,

he is prepared to execute all orders with promptitude, and in a style unsurpassed by any MANUFACTURER in this PROVINCE, *Cities not excepted.* Try him and satisfy yourselves. A perfect fit guaranteed in every instance.

Constantly on hand the LARGEST STOCK and LATEST STYLES in

Gentleman's Outfittings of Every Description!

AMERICAN MONEY taken at the highest rate.

Goderich, August 22nd, 1866. Chas E. Archibald. sw103

F. G. BECKETT & CO.,

HAMILTON, ONTARIO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

MARINE, STATIONARY AND PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES & BOILERS

OF ALL SIZES. ALSO,

Machinery for Pumping Salt, Steam Saw Mills, and Grist Mills!

Gold-Crushing Machinery,

MINING, HOISTING, AND PUMPING MACHINERY, STEAM PUMPS, ENGINEERS' AND BOILER MAKERS' TOOLS!

SUCH AS

Lathes, Planeing, Drilling, Screwing, and Slotting Machines, Plate-Bending and Punching Machines, &c.

Hamilton, Ontario, Jan. 6th, 1868. w50 1yr

THE COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY.

19 AND 20, CORNHILL, LONDON, ENGLAND.

CAPITAL, (Fully Subscribed) - - - £2,500 000 Sterling.

INVESTED OVER, $2,000,000.—DEPOSIT FUND IN CANADA, $50,000.

FIRE DEPARTMENT

The distinguishable principle of the Company has been the establishment of an equitable classification, charging in all cases a premium proportionate to the risk.

The success which has attended the Company's operations has been such as fully to realize the most sanguine expectations of the Directors, who have resolved to extend the business more widely, and now offer to the Canadian public.

PERFECT SECURITY guaranteed by large Subscribed Capital, and Invested Funds.

Prompt Settlement of Claims. The Directors and General Agents, being gentlemen largely engaged in Commerce, will take a liberal and business-like view of all questions coming before them.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

The Company offers terms to those desiring Life Assurance unsurpassed by any Life Office.

Moderate Premiums—Perfect Security—Economy of management, tending to increase the Bonus offthose on participating scale, among whom 80 per cent of profits are divisible.

Claims paid one month after proof of death.

And other advantages, which may be seen in the Company's Prospectus.

Morland Watson & Co., General Agents for Canada.

FRED. COLE, *Secretary.* OFFICE,—385 AND 387, ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

Surveyor. H. MUNRO, MONTREAL.

Inspector of Agencies, T. C. LIVINGSTON, F. L. S.

H. GARDINER & CO., Agents for Goderich and Lucknow; Wm. Rastall, Kincardine; Joshua Jemieson, Walkerton and ——Saugeen. sw14

SALT TERRITORY.

THE subscriber offers for sale a valuable piece of property near the present Salt Well in Maitlandville, comprising three acres of land.

WILLIAM SWAFFIELD, Goderich p. o.

Goderich, Nov. 29, 1867. w45

SALT TERRITORY. FOR SALE OR TO LEASE.

20 ACRES just East of Cameron's Salt Block, situated on both sides of the Railway track. Also, Lots 8 and 9, Range 8, Township of Stanley, and east 25 acres of south-easterly quarter of lot 3, in the 8th concession, W. D., Ashfield, Apply to THOS. WEATHERALD, Goderich

Nov. 25, 1867. w44

SALT TERRITORY FOR SLE OR LEASE.

WITHIN 150 yards of the present Goderich Salt Works. Also, FARMING LANDS convenient to that locality. Apply to JOHN BELL GORDON, Solicitor Goderich

Goderich, 1st Dec., 1866. w36tf

Salt Well Casing.

THE Subscribers Manufacture and keep on hand all sizes of WELL CASING, cheap for cash.

M. & E. ANDERSON, Globe Foundry, Dundas St., London, Ont. Feb. 4th, 1868. w3 3m

To Salt Speculators!

LAND FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers for sale about four acres of land in Goderich, which is admirably adapted for salt works, being on the bank of the River Maitland and adjoining the G. T. R. track. By a short switch, Salt could be sent Eastward by rail or to the wharf for shipment. The property is close to the well now sinking and about 700 yards from the famous Goderich Salt Works. This is one of the most desirable plots now in the market, and intending operators should examine it without delay.

For particulars apply to JOHN HYSLOP. Goderich.

September 30, 1867. w36.3m $p

Salt Teitory in Port Albert!

THE Subscriber having Water Power that could be applied in sinking a Salt Well in the above Village, would give parties an opportunity of using said power, and would also take shares in the enterprise. Wood can be had at a low figure. Apply for further particulars to JAS. CRAWFORD.

Port Albert, Nov. 25, 1867. w44t

NOTICE.

To Tavern Keepers In the county of Huron

HIS Excellency the Lieut. Governor of the Province of Ontario, having appointed the undersigned issuer of Tavern Licenses for the County of Huron.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons, applicants for Tavern License in the County of Huron who present the proper Municipal Certificates and on payment of the Provincial duty will receive Licenses for the current year in terms of the Statute. Town Licenses $10, Township and Village Licenses $5.

DAN. LIZARS, Issuer of Tavern Licenses.

Office of the Clerk of the Peace, Goderich, 7th March 1868. County of Huron. w7

6 PER CENT Government Stock.

TRANSFERABLE AND NOT REDEEMABLE WITHIN TEN YEARS.

HENRY GRIST, DEPARTMENTAL AGENT, OTTAWA,

TENDERS his services to persons desirous of investing in this safe and saleable security. Parties remitting him, before January 31st next, one-tenth of the sums they wish to invest, will receive by return of mail the receipt of the Government of the Dominion. The remainder must be paid before March 2nd, 1868. Full particulars on application.

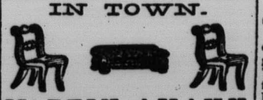
Mr. Grist's charge is $2.00 for sums under $1200 and one quarter per cent on larger amounts.

REFERENCES:

Hon. A. Campbell, P. M. G., Kingston; W. C. Smillie, Esq., President British American Bank Note Company Ottawa; John Langton, Esq., Auditor for the Dominion, Ottawa; Wm. Wasie, Esq., Manager Ontario Bank, Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 11th, 1868. sw41 6w

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHMENT IN TOWN.



MARTIN AMANN

BEGS TO INFORM HIS OLD CUSTOMERS, that he is still able to sell for cash, at the lowest rates,

ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE

At his shop on Kingston street, opposite the Huron Hotel, Goderich. Give him a call.

Goderich Oct. 3. 1866. sw11w3

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, For Children Teething,

greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is

Sure to Regulate the Bowels.

Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and

Relief and Health to your Infants.

We have put up and sold this article for years, and Can Say in Confidence and Truth of it what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—Never has it Failed in a Single Instance to Effect a Cure, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operation, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter "WHAT WE DO KNOW," after years of experience, and Pledge our reputation for the fulfilment of what we here declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered.

Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper

Sold by druggists throughout the world.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

OFFICES 7215 Fulton Street, New York; 205 High Holborn, London, England; 441 St. Paul Street, Montreal Canada. sw2w32 1yr

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

County of Huron, to wit: BY virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of Her Majesty's County Court of the County of Huron, and to me directed against the Lands and Tenements of H. P. Chapman at the suit of John Walsh & Co. I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, and interest of the said defendant, in and to the north part of lot number 30, in the sixth concession of the township of Morris, containing twelve acres of land more or less, Which lands and tenements I shall offer for sale at my office, in the Court House, in the town of Goderich, on Tuesday the 30th of June next, at the hour of twelve of the clock noon.

JOHN MACDONALD, Sheriff of Huron.

Sheriff's Office, Goderich, 23rd March, 1868. w9 td.

Provincial Permanent Building and Savings Society, TORONTO, (First door South of the Post Office.) Reduced Rates OF REPAYMENT FOR EACH $100 ADVANCED.

No. of yrs.	2 yrs	3 yrs	4 yrs	5 yrs	6 yrs	8 yrs	10 yrs	12 yrs	15 yrs
At end of each quarter	14.15	7.77	6.61	5.66	4.66	4.04	0.00	0.00	—
half-year	25.29	15.47	12.95	11.28	9.33	8.02	7.25	6.50	—
6 m's th'ree	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yearly	55.66	30.20	25.28	22.02	18.01	15.67	14.15	12.79	—
each year	57.82	31.72	26.55	23.13	18.92	16.46	14.86	13.34	—

The above Rates include Principal and Interest, and if punctually met the entire Debt will be paid without any other payment whatever. Application received by D. S. GOODING, the Society's Valuator at Goderich.

March 17th, 1868. w9tf

ALL RIGHT AGAIN.

LARGEST PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY IN THE PROVINCE, WITH A New & Magnificent Sky-Light AND SPLENDIDLY FURNISHED ROOMS.

E. L. JOHNSON

BEGS to inform his old patrons, and the public generally, that he has, at much expense, fitted up his rooms, in STEWARTS' New Brick Block, corner of Hamilton street and Square, Goderich, in such a style as to render them the finest in the country, and the best adapted for the accomplishment of first-class work in his delicate and beautiful art. Those desirous of having Pictures of

CHILDREN

taken will please bring in the morning.

Photographs taken in every Style known to the art, and Old Ambrotypes and Daguerrotypes copied as Photographs. A large Stock of Gilt and Rose-Wood Frames always on hand. Also. ALBUMS, very cheap.

E. L. J., in returning thanks for the liberal patronage of the past, feels satisfied that recent improvements will enable him to merit a continuance and increase of the same.

E. L. JOHNSON.

Goderich, March 1, 1867. w6tf

CHEESE! CHEESE!

Shephard & Strachan, GROCERS, GODERICH.

HAVE been reappointed sole agents at Goderich for the sale of the celebrated Exeter Factory Cheese.

Local dealers supplied at the Factory Prices.

SHEPHARD & STRACHAN,

Goderich, May 27, 1867. w18tf

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers for sale lot 6, con. 3, Goderich township.—88 acres, 55 cleared, frame barn, good land. The property is only a mile from present salt wells, and as the railway runs through it, better salt territory cannot be found.

WILLIAM ELLIOT, Goderich.

March 24, 1868. s.w 60 tf

FARM LANDS FOR SALE!

Lot 22 1st con. Township of Goderich 116 acres
" 22 2nd " " " 80 "
" 4 Lake road west Colborne 100 "
" 4 Lake shore " 103 "
East ½ of lot 8 11th con. Ashfield 100 "
Lot 27 5th con. Stanley 27 "

For prices and terms, apply to. GEORGE H. PARSONS. Goderich p. o.

November 19 1867. w43tf.

TOWN PROPERTY FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.

LOT No 200, on Quebec St., Goderich.
" " 103, Harmony Plats, "
" " 1 and 2, on the bank of Lake Huron overlooking the harbour, an eligible situation for a summer Hotel.

For terms, &c., Apply to J. FRANCIS HALDAN. Solicitor &c. Kay's Block, Goderich

Goderich, June 1, 1867. w19

FARM FOR SALE IN ASHFIELD.

THE subscriber offers for sale a fine farm in the Township of Ashfield, being lot 3 con 5 E. D. containing 100 acres, of first class clay land, hardwood timber. About 20 acres cleared. For particulars as to price, &c., apply to WM. SEYMOUR & Co. or T. B. VANEVERY, Goderich.

Dec. 12, 1867. w47t

Farm for Sale.

THE west ½ of lot 25 Bayfield Road, Township of Stanley, 77 acres, about 50 cleared. The land is of first-rate quality, and a good spring creek running through the lot. Terms, part of the money down. Time given for the remainder at 8 per cent per annum. Further particulars may be had on application or to JOHN JOHNSTON. Lot 9, Bayfield Road Stanley.

Goderich, Sept 9th, 1867. w33.

FARM FOR SALE, OR TO TRADE FOR A TOWN PROPERTY.

BEING West ½ of lot 2, con. 2, Ashfield. 100 acres, 45 cleared. Frame barn, good house, fine young Orchard—well watered. This is a very desirable farm. For particulars apply to ROBERT CARMAN.

Goderich Aug. 28, 1867. w32tf.

TO SELL OR RENT!

THE WEST HALF LOT NUMBER EIGHT, fourteenth concession of Hullett, on the boundary line between Blyth and Walton, Post Office each way. Good hardwood land, well watered; thirty acres clearance. Seventy seven acres and a half in all. Well fenced. For further particulars apply to the house on the premises. RANKIN LAWSON.

May 27th, 1867. 8m

ESTABLISHED 1848.

THE "HURON SIGNAL."

PUBLISHED—*SEMI-WEEKLY* AND *WEEKLY*.

TERMS :—*Semi-Weekly* edition, $2.50 per year. *Weekly* edition, only $1.50 " "

RATES OF ADVERTISING :

First insertion ..... 8cts. per line.
Each subsequent insertion ..... 2cts. " "
Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths ..... 25cts.
Business Notices ..... 15cts per line.

All advertisements charged by a scale of solid nonpareil. No notice taken of unpaid communications.

THE SIGNAL JOB OFFICE

Is supplied with power presses, hand presses, and possesses every facility for the rapid and neat execution of every description of plain and fancy printing at prices as low as any establishment in the country.