

# THE CONCEPTION-BAY MAN.

From latest papers.

## LATEST FROM INDIA.

The following telegraph despatch was received at the Foreign-office from Acting Consul-General Green, December the 14, 1858, at 4 p.m.:-

ALEXANDRIA, Dec. 10.

The steamer Ganges arrived at Sues from Bombay yesterday, with dates to the 25th of November.

The Queen's Proclamation has given general satisfaction throughout India.

In Oude the talookdars are tendering their submission, and surrendering their forts and arms.

Rajah Loll Mahdoo Singh surrendered himself and his forces of Amethy on the 10th of November.

The fort of Simres, in Oude, was taken by Brigadier Eveleigh on the 9th, with the loss of only two Europeans killed and three or four wounded.

Tantia Topce is in the Satpoorah hills, the outlets of which are closely guarded.

The following are official telegraphic despatches:-

From Indore, Nov. 28.—The Nawab of Banda has separated from the rebels, and is gone to General Michel's camp 'en route' to Indore. He states he comes under the Queen's proclamation.

From Swantwarree, Nov. 23.—The remaining rebel leaders have given themselves up to government.

This telegram arrived at Malta from Alexandria by the contract steam-packet Malta at 9 a.m. on the 14th December.

FANSHAWE, Vice-Admiral.

The following message was received at India-office, Tuesday, Dec. 14 11 30 p.m.:-  
To JAMES C. MELVILL, Esq., Assistant-Under-Secretary-of-State, India-office, London, from G. F. Edmonstone, Esq.

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 16.

Oude.—On the 29th of October, Beni Mothad, with 20,000 men, made a determined attack on our force at poorwa. The rebels were beaten off, and lost two guns. No casualty among the Europeans. On the 30th of Oct. the rebels under Mehudee Hoosein were defeated near Saufdurgunge losing five guns and one elephant. No loss on our side. On the 3rd of Nov., Brigadier Wetherall took the fort of Rampore Kupia by assault, and found five guns in it. He lost thirty men; the loss of the rebels was severe. On the 9th of Nov., Brigadier Eveleigh took the fort of Jamree. Two Europeans were killed. The fort of Amethy was surrounded by Colf Madeoo Singh on the 9th of Nov., and on the 11th of November was occupied by our troops. Sixteen guns found, more believed to be in the fort.

CENTRAL INDIA.—On the 31st of October and 1st of November Tantia Topce and his followers, with guns, but with a number of elephants, crossed the Nerbudda 40 miles up stream from Hoshungabad and are believed to be making towards the Deccan. They were last heard of as crossing the Chundwara hills. They have plenty of money, but are short of ammunition. General Michel was at Hoshungabad on the 7th and Brigadier Parke was expected there on the 8th. The Resident at Hyderabad and the Commissioner at Nagpore are watching the rebels, and are prepared.

BENGAL.—Nothing particular has occurred during the last fortnight. The rebels, it is expected will try to break away, and make in the direction of Mirzapore. A mutiny is said to have occurred in the rebel

camp. Ummur Singh is reported to have fled, and Durkishen Singh to have been killed.

G. F. EDMONSTONE, to the Government of India, with the Governor-General.

SUPPLEMENT TO MR. SECRETARY EDMONSTONE'S MESSAGE, DATED THE 16TH OF NOVEMBER.

CENTRAL INDIA.—The rebel force under Tantia Topce remained in the Sindwara districts of the Nagpore province for four or five days. On the 8th November they passed 25 miles south-east of Baitool and continued their course via Sautnair and Meil Ghaut towards Boorhaanpore. On the 14th they crossed the Taptee River and proceeded in the direction of Manirod and Dhar to the Nerbudda. They reached Acharpore, on the south bank of the Nerbudda, on the 21st. All the forts on the north bank of this river are guarded. The British forces are in close pursuit. Troops have been concentrated at Sindwa and Chupra to prevent the enemy entering Candeish.

The Banda Nawab has left the rebel camp, and on his way to Major-General Michel.

Adil Mahomed and his party have separated from Tantia Topce, and are now with Maun Singh near Scongong, pursued by the columns under Brigadiers Lockhart and Smith.

Maun Singh was surprised on the 14th at Koondige by Brigadier Smith, and defeated with a loss of 600 men.

SAWNT WARREE.—The rebel leaders Baba and Dgunant Dessaees have surrendered to the Go government. The Bombay Presidency is quiet.

Intelligence just received from the magistrate of Candeish that Tantia Topce had left Kurgaon yesterday morning, and taken the road to Churpra, via the Dowlabaree Pass. This place is guarded by 12,000 of all arms. The Pooah Horse and Horse Artillery will be there at Chupra to-morrow. Captain Abbott, will be there this day with two Regiments of Beatson's Horse. The Bheel chiefs are harassing Tantia Topce's flank. The feelings of the population of Canderish are excellent.

H. L. ANDERSON, Secretary to Government.  
Bombay Castle, Nov. 25.

V. MONTARNO.

Malta, Dec. 14, 5 30 p.m.

PRESENTATION OF ADDRESS TO CAPTAIN GULLIFORD.

We have much pleasure in publishing the following address to Captain Gulliford, of the Steamer "Ospray," with his reply. All who have ever travelled with the commander of the vessel speak of him in the highest terms.

TO CAPTAIN GULLIFORD,

R. M. STEAMER "OSPRAY."

We, the undersigned, passengers per R. M. Steamer "Ospray," from St. John's, Newfoundland to Halifax, Nova Scotia, cannot separate without expressing by this address our admiration of your gallant conduct under the trying circumstances through which we have passed. Having been overtaken with a heavy gale of wind from the N. W. the day after leaving St. John's and driven off Cape Race some hundred miles whilst laying-to for 48 hours, and getting short of coals and water, fears for our safety naturally were much excited; but your coolness and courage inspired us with confidence in you as a Commander, and we attribute our safety under Providence to your skill and ability.

We also tender our best thanks to the other officers of the "Ospray," who all did their utmost for the safety of the ship and passengers. We hope your success in your capacity as commander will be commensurate with your merits.

Sincerely wishing you every happiness and prosperity,

We are dear sir,

Geo. C. Rutherford,  
Peter Crerar,  
Thos. Kearns, Jr.,  
Duncan McRay, Jr.,  
H. Rutherford,  
Patrick Griffin,  
J. H. Buer,  
Joseph Hart,  
William Leahy,  
James Johnston,  
Charles Foster,  
Hugh McKinnon,  
William Therpe,  
Joseph Murray,  
Joseph Rabach,  
Meloney Mianet,  
Peter Degaw.

REPLY.

GENTLEMEN,

I feel exceedingly gratified for the kind manner in which you have presented me with this address.

In doing what I did under the trying circumstances of our past voyage, was wholly my duty, and I assure you that I shall always feel a pleasure in being able to add to the comfort and safety of my passengers.

We are all now thank a kind Providence, relieved from our fears, and I trust that you all as well as myself feel sincerely thankful for our safety.

Thanking you most kindly for your good opinion of myself and the other officers in the ship, who all most cheerfully and readily assist me in my duties.

I am, gentlemen, with every sentiment of respect, yours very truly,

RICHARD E. GULLIFORD.

THE CONCEPTION-BAY MAN.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 19, 1859.

In all Countries and under every form of Government those Capitalists who afford the humbler classes employment command corresponding influence. The Despotic Emperors of France and Russia frequently have their plans frustrated by such influence, and democratic America naturally submits to its dictation. The great landholders in agricultural Countries are politically paramount, whilst in trading communities the merchants are generally the most influential. Happy for the inhabitants of those places, when such influence is exercised, not in a selfish and contracted spirit of avarice and injustice, but with due consideration for the rights of others, for the security of constitutional rule, and for the benefit of all classes of society.

The power which latterly has been seized and exercised in this country, by a party the members of which neither possess property nor afford employment, can only be sustained by the concurrence or consent of the Merchants. If that Power is exercised for good, in other words if our Government is a just and proper one, our Merchants deserve credit for its sustentation; but if, on the contrary, that Government is known to be corrupt, and the Public funds otherwise dispensed than for the peoples' benefit, then must our Merchants be held accountable for Executive misrule which they lack the spirit to repudiate, or still worse become a party to injustice by participating in advantages which such governments are prone to concede as a reward for toleration by those who are capable of being silenced by such unworthy considerations.

We have frequently urged the argument that as the Members of the Assembly are accountable for the acts of the Government they support, so are the supporters of those Members equally accountable. If we are correct in this conclusion it must follow that our needy Ministers are not so much to be blamed for availing themselves of the material at hand to consolidate their position, as is that party who being independent in means, still for the sake of greater pecuniary advantages yield their influence to, and advocate the claims of the supporters of a Government, which they well know to be a flagrantly corrupt one; thus contributing to deprive the sons of the soil, who toil for their benefit, of the reasonable advantages of equitable Legislation and just rule, burdening them in the first place by an exorbitant per centage upon the necessities of life, and in the second by bolstering up a Government which is sedulously bent upon increasing taxation whenever and however that object can be most certainly attained.

We would not be understood to include

our commercial body generally in this censure, acknowledging with satisfaction that the majority are above such influence, we only allude to those who shrink not from the odium which such a course necessarily entails.

## NOTICES.

### PHENIX FIRE Assurance Comdany.

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The PHENIX FIRE OFFICE is confidently recommended to the notice of the public—for the LIBERALITY and PROMPTITUDE with which all claims upon it are adjusted and paid—as well as for the ALMOST UNLIMITED SECURITY which it affords, comprising in addition to the large invested Capital of the Company, the whole fortunes of a numerous Proprietary, composed of some of the most opulent gentlemen and Merchants in the United Kingdom.

The PHENIX OFFICE has carried on an extensive and successful business for upwards of seventy-five years. The duty paid by it to Government for Insurances in Great Britain and Ireland Exceeds £12,000 STERLING PER ANNUM.

Annual and short time Insurances are undertaken by the PHENIX COMPANY on almost every description of risk, in Newfoundland, at moderate rates of premium which may be known on application to the agents, at their office in St. John's, where policies are issued free of charge.

W & G REDELLE,

Agents for Newfoundland.

January 14.

## POST OFFICE NOTICE

### WINTER ARRANGEMENTS

## MAILS

Will be made up at the General Post Office for the following places,—

Harbor Grace, Carbonear, and Brigus, every Monday, and Thursday, at half-past nine o'clock a.m.

Trinity, Bonavista, and King's Cove, every Thursdays at half-past nine o'clock, a.m.

Bay Bulls and, Ferryland, every alternate Wednesday at half-past nine o'clock a.m.

Trepassey, St. Mary's, Placentia, Little Placentia, Red Island, Harbor Bufile, Merasheen, Isle of Valen, St. Kyran's, Ouderin, Burin, Harbor Briton, Burgeo and La Poile, Monthly, commencing on Wednesday, the 5th inst., at half-past nine o'clock a.m.

Greenspond, Fogo, and Twillingate, every Thursday after the arrival of the Mail from Halifax.

W. L. SOLOMON.

Post Master General

Post Office Department,  
St. John's, Newfoundland,  
6th January, 1859.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF NEWFOUNDLAND.

A DIVIDEND on the paid up Capital of this Company, at the rate of Six per Cent. per annum, for the half-year ending 31st December, 1858, will be payable at the Banking House in this City, on and after the 10th instant, during the usual hours of business.

(By order of the Board.)

R. BROWN,

Jan. 6,

Manager.

RATE in and out a-mile on wharf; on half-a mile 50 Tons From 50 addition From 100 addition From 200 addition From 250 addition From 300 addition From 450 " 500 " 600 " 700 " 800 " 900

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January 5 UNION

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M. SH

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INVESTED

The premi the year 185 000. Insurance on Property are moderate p rompt. Th and the sums ced One Mil

Sept. 23