al attention of farmers and others.com h agricultural pursuits is called to the The undersigned having com-AT TORONTO,

AT TORONTO, ilk cows, sheep, lambs, and hogs conwill receive our prompt attenden. signing cattle, &c., to us should forution thereof by post or telegraph or person in charge. To save expense erson in charge. To save expense idd join together in making up a cary their marks upon their stock. As rour intromissions we can refer to the Federal Bank of Canada. Our follows, viz.: On sales being maker with the same of the same of the same of the same of the same in buying and selling stock; nown in Toronto and the country, he patronage of all farmers in this and guarantee to give entire. We are able at any time to give in regard to the nuarkets. MATHERS & RIDDELL. rther netice please address all letters,

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The Toronto Weekly Mail.

LONDON, March 12.

and it was unanimously determined to offer

A CONSERVATIVE VICTORY.

At the supplementary election at Coventry to-day to fill the vacancy in the House of Commons caused by Sir Henry Jackson (Liberal) being raised to the bench, Henry

ton (Conservative) was elected, receiving

The Irish voters supported the

4,011 votes, against 3,568 for Shuttleworth

TRICHINOSIS IN SPAIN,

A Madrid despatch says:—An examination of five persons who died in a hospital displayed the presence of trichine. The au-

thorities have ordered several precautions t

MR. BRADLAUGH'S LIABILITIES.

Under the judgment given by the Queen's

ench Mr. Bradlaugh has rendered himself

liable to penalties amounting to over fifty thousand pounds, the statute imposing a

penalty of five hundred pounds for each individual offence by sitting and

ne supposes that these penalties will be

enforced. He will probably go back to North-

npton on being unseated, and on re-elec-

on, which he can safely cound on, take the

oath in the prescribed form. The Speaker of the House of Commons yesterday stated that

election for Northampton would, as a ques-

A LETTER FROM SIR STAFFORD NORTHCOTE.

Sir Stafford Northcote in a letter to his

onstituents explains the course he has ad-

vised the Conservatives to take in regard to

urgency for Committee on Supply. He points out that Mr. Gladstone's proposal threatens to subvert the rights and liberties of the

House of Commons in regard to controlling

garrison of Lisbon has been increased.

rotestant propaganda in Madrid.

THE BRADLAUGH CASE.

election of a successor to Mr. Bradlaugh.
In the House of Commons to-day Mr.

Bradlaugh expressing a wish to present some petitions, Mr. Gorst intervened, alleging that

Mr. Bradlaugh was no longer a member of the House. After a discussion, in which Sir

Henry James (Liberal) supported Mr. Bradlaugh's right to sit, and Sir John Holker

Conservative) opposed him, the Speaker aled that until the House should otherwise

Gorst (Conservative) postponed his mo-

decide Mr. Bradlaugh's seat was not vacant

tion for a writ for an election at Northamp

THE URGENCY MOTION.

Mr. Gladstone moved his resolution for

urgency for supply. The motion was lost: Yeas, 296; nays, 219—not the necessary

two-thirds majority. Mr. Gladstone announced that he acquiesced in the vote, and

appealed to the members to aid the Govern-

ment in supply. The Government, he said, reserved the liberty to propose hereafter any

ction that might be necessary. All the

nembers having motions on the paper, in-luding O'Donnell, withdrew them, and the

The American legation has received a let-er from the United States Consul at Dublin

legation decline to say whether action has been taken. In the House of Commons to-

day Sir Charles Dilke said no representations

had been made by the United States relative to the arrest of Mr. Boyton.

THE ARMS BILL.

reading fixed for to-morrow.

In the House of Lords to-day the Arms

oill was read a first time, and the second

ELOPEMENT IN GERMAN HIGH LIFE.

A Berlin despatch confirms the story of the

elopement of Count Herbert von Bismarck with the Princess Elizabeth of Carolath-Beu-

then. Both arrived at Messina, Sicily, sev-

eral weeks ago. The Princess is the wife o

Prince Charles of Carolath-Beuthen, Count of

sian aristocratic families, and a hereditary member of the Upper House. The faithless wife

is a step-sister of Prince Hermann of the Hatz

bearing the title since 1741, and daughter of

Princess Sybilia, aged fourteen.

eldt-Trachenberg, head of the Catholic family

the Countess of Reichenbach. She married

Count Carolath in 1866, and has one daughter,

Carolath, who is thirty-six years of age, has

eft Parliament and retired to his estates in

formerly secretary of the German legation at Berne, and recently secretary to his father,

who destined him as chief assistant and

eventual successor. It is said this domestic

calamity is the chief cause of Prince Bis-marck's recent irritability and bad humour.

THE BRADLAUGH CASE.

Mr. Gladstone refused Mr. Bradlaugh's application for the Chiltern Hundreds, probably

on the ground that a member cannot vacate

seat to which he is not entitled. The matter

remains in statu and until the decision of the

Prince Gortschakoff is unwell, and is con-

The statement that the Baroness Burdett-

States during 1880 were greater than in any year on record, exceeding those of 1879 by

Coutts will shortly visit America is denied.

husband will visit America in the spring.

NOTES.

Court of Appeals is rendered.

fined to the house.

15,000,000 francs.

chonarch, and chief of one of the first Prus-

LONDON, March 15.

House went into Committee of Supply.

letailing the facts of the Boyton case.

MR. BOYTON'S CASE.

The Government, he said,

earliest possible moment.

ton for the place of Mr. Bradlaugh to the

PROTESTANT PROSECUTIONS IN SPAIN.

tion of privilege, take precedence of all other

voting without having taken the oath.

strenuous opposition.

Conservative candidate.

prevent further cases.

the estimates.

VOL. IX. NO. 468.

A Peaceful Message from the King

of Ashantee.

EMIGRATION FROM CERMANY.

England and the Proposed Pa-

nama Canal.

POLITICAL MATTERS IN ENGLAND

Judgment Given by the Queen's Bench

Against Bradlaugh.

ATTITUDE OF THE CONSERVATIVES.

A Seat Gained by the Opposition

at Coventry.

DISMISSAL OF THE TICHBORNE APPEAL.

A Paris despatch says the great drapery establishment called "Le Printemps," on the

Boulevard Haussmann, has been burned. It is reported that several lives were lost. The

fire originated through the carelessness of the man cleaning the floors. The insurance com-

panies lose seven million francs. One of the immates of the establishment, who threw her-

elf from a window, is dead, and numerous

LATER. -The loss by the fire is nine million

A Berlin correspondent comments on the

great increase of emigration to the United States, and says whole villages are described

by the local papers as migrating from Posen, Prussia proper, and Schleswig. American emigration agents hardly dare set forth the advantages of the various States, as they are

warned by the American legation that it would be unable to help them if they should

get into trouble with the authorities. Mr. Wrandell, an American citizen of Hungarian

extraction, who two years ago was forbidden to lecture at Berlin on emigration, has just

been equally unsuccessful on his second visit, designed to persuade the authorities of the

folly of impeding emigration. The precau-tions against the exodus of young men have been somewhat abated. In South Germany

the German Government particularly aims at

diverting emigration from the United States.

A Madrid despatch says :- The Papal

Nuncio has formally protested against the re-

turn of Republican and Rationalist professor

to chairs at the university as a violation of

the concordat. Premier Sagasta says, the Ministry cannot tolerate the interference of

the Church with the royal or constitutional

THE EVACUATION OF CANDALIAR.

In the House of Commons this afternoon

the Marquis of Hartington said that the order

for the withdrawal of the troops from Candahar had already been given. He believes that

THE PANAMA CANAL.

In the House of Commons to-day Sir Charles Dilke, Under Foreign Secretary, re-plying to Sir Henry Wolff, said there had

to take any action in the matter. Sir Henry

Welff in his question cited the passage in President Garfield's inaugural relative to an

the Clayton-Bulwer treaty England and the

principle to extend their protection to any

practical means of communication across the isthmus, and whether her Majesty's Govern-

ment and the United States will or have

come to any understanding as to the every-

tion of this treaty in respect to the canal now

THE ASHANTEE TROUBLE.

firmed the statement that the Governor of

the Gold Coast has received a peaceful mes-

sage from the King of Ashantee, but said the

governor does not yet consider the state of

In his annual report, United States Consul

Shaw, at Manchester, considers the moisture

of the atmosphere in Lancashire a natural ad-

vantage in favour of English cotton spinning,

which cannot be supplied in America arti-

ticially. In American wood manufactures

Mr. Shaw thinks there are special reasons for expecting a great development in the demand here. In regard to cheese and butter he

counsels careful attention to quality. Mr.

shaw does not consider it so easy to beat

English manufacturers in their own markets

as some English writers and speakers are

On April 14 the new steamers of the French

Transatlantic Co. will commence running be-

tween Marseilles and New York, and will touch at Cadiz every month. It will take

thirteen days to go from Cadiz to New York

THE TICHBORNE CASE.

In the final appeal of the Tichborne claim

art, to declare the sentence of two consecu-

tive terms of seven years' penal servitude on the same indictment illegal, the Lord Chan-

cellor confirmed the decisions of the courts

RUMOURED CABINET CHANGES.

Edmund Yates' new penny paper, the Cuckoo, has appeared. The Cuckoo asserts that though discredit is thrown on the

rumoured Cabinet changes, they will become faits accomplis after Easter, Lord Hartington

URGENCY ON SUPPLY.

In the House of Commons to-day Mr.

Gladstone said he hoped if his proposal to

facilitate business in Committee of Supply was acceded to he would be able to devote

Thursday week to the debate on the Candahar

guestion. There are fifty supplemental votes of money to be taken before the close of the

financial year. It is proposed to fix the por-

tion of the Afghan war expenses to be borne

by England at five million pounds, which will partly be met by the remission of

the two million pounds debt due by India, and partly by a series of annual grants to India. He said he would move on

Monday that the state of public business

s urgent in reference to Supply, and that Sup-

by shall consequently have precedence. Sir

stafford Northcote said he was anxious to support the Government in the advancement

business, but the application of urgency to Supply was a matter for grave consideration

oted that there will be a meeting of the Con-

servative party at the Carlton Club to-mor-

ow. Mr. Gladstone also stated in the House

that the Government will ask a vote on ac-

of the Land bill before Easter will depend on

whether the necessary supply is finished. The Speaker announced that he would sub-

mit to-night new rules for the application of

argency to supply.

count for three months. The introduction

ection with this statement it is to be

below, and dismissed the appeal.

taking the War Office.

NEW LINE OF OCEAN STEAMERS,

LONDON, March 11.

The Under-Colonial Secretary to-day con-

United States had not agreed as a general

inter-oceanic canal, and asked whether

not all will be withdrawn at once.

prerogative.

contemplated.

things quite satisfactory.

wont to assume.

LONDON, March 10.

francs. Twenty-six persons were injured.

EMIGRATION FROM GERMANY.

other deaths are expected.

LONDON, March 9.

THURSDAY, MARCH 17, 1881.

to the new Emperor and the imperial family to-day swore allegiance to Alexander III.

The court officials will swar their allegiance at one this afternoon." Novoe Vremya

states that the man arrested yesterday confessed that he threw the state bomb, but

denies knowledge of the person who threw the second. In addition to the revolver

The whole city is in deep mourning.

Charles will attend the funeral.

MOURNING AT BERLIN.

IN ENGLATE.

who were staying at Clarence

Hall, St. James, received the news of the

Czar's death yesterday afternoon. The Duke

nmediately made arrangements for a special

train to Dover, and left with the Duchess

and the Russian Grand Duke Alexis at 8

The Conservative meeting at the Carlton Club to-day was attended by nearly all the members of the late Government belonging to the Lower House, besides unofficial Conservatives. The discussion lasted an hour and a quarter. The course to be adopted re-The Threatened Emperor at Last the Victim of the Nihilists. lative to Mr. Gladstone's resolution on Mon-day, that the state of public business is urgent in reference to Supply, and that Supply shall consequently have precedence, was agreed to, but at Sir Stafford Northcote's request secrecy will be observed until the House meets. The Globe says the various speakers were emphatic in pointing out the daugers involved in Mr. Gladstone's proposal, and it was unanimously determined to offer

KILLED BY NITRO-GLYCERINE

THE CZAR ASSASSINATED

Several of the Imperial Escort Killed or Wounded.

A TERRIBLE EXPLOSION ON THE STREET.

Intense Consternation at Saint Petersburg.

TWO OF THE ASSASSINS ARRESTED.

Alexander the Third upon the Throne.

LONDON, March 12. The imperial carriage was attacked on the Ekaterinofsky canal, opposite the imperial stables, while the Emperor was returning Michael palace in a closed carriage, escorted eight Cossacks. The first bomb fell near the carriage, destroying the back part of it The assassin on being seized by a colonel of police drew a revolver, but was prevented from firing. A second bomb was then thrown by another person, and fell close to the Czar's feet. Its explosion shattering both his legs, the Czar fell the Government's motion for a writ for a new for help. Colonel Dorjibsky, though himself much hurt, raised the Emperor, conveyed to the Winter Palace in Dorijbsky's Large crowds assembled before the palace, but were kept back by a troop of Cosbled at the deathbed. The Council of State was immediately convened. All places of public resort are closed. The Official Messenr makes the following announcement "God's will has been done. At 3.25 this afternoon the Almighty called the Emperor

to himself. A few minutes before his death

the Emperor received the sacrament. Paris, March 13. AFTER THE MURDER. The agitation in Portugal continues. The A St. Petersburg despatch says:—The two assassins of the Czar were immediately Conservatives and the popular party now ombine to prepare street demonstrations and neetings to co-operate with the strong opposi-The glasses of the gas lamps in the Michael garden beside the canal were tion in the House of Peers to defeat the broken to pieces by the concussion of the raamichamp Cabinet this week on the explosion. A cordon of guards was drawn Lorenzo Marquese treaty, conceding to England the right of passage for troops, between around the scene of the murder. The streets are densely thronged with excited crowds, the Transvaal territory and the Portugueso colonies on the east coast of Africa. The and the utmost sympathy for the imperial family is everywhere expressed. The bells of the principal churches are tolling. British fleet is still in the river Tagus. The

THE DEATH-BED SCENE. A St. Petersburg correspondent telegraph Our Madrid correspondent telegraphs as that the Czar's right leg was nearly torn from his body, and his left leg was badly shattered. A Cossack and a passer-by were killed on the spot. The Grand Duke Michael follows :- The Sagasta Cabinet has proposed to the King to grant an amnesty to a Proestant clergyman now suffering imprisonment for holding Divine worship in Catalonia was wounded. An officer of the escort and a vithout having complied with the stringent Cossack have since died. The Czar lingered regulations of the late Cabinet against the an hour and a half, but all efforts to rally him failed. The only word he uttered after ernment has also instructed the authorities to being struck was the name of the Czareabandon all the prosecutions, so numerous witch. The latter on leaving the palace after the death of his father was hailed as Emperor by the crowd. He under Senor Canovas, against the native Protestants and the agents of the Bible societies. was surrounded, contrary to his custom, by a LONDON, March 14. strong mounted escort. The people are in-

a long debate on Mr. Gorst's motion for the loss of the carbon of the Car. Telegrams announcing his death were sent to all the foreign courts and to every part of the empire, THE MURDERERS' WEAPONS.

It is stated that the bombs were made of thick glass, filled with nitro-glycerine. The assassins stood on opposite sides of the road The carriage was moving fast, and the first shell struck the ground behind, it and the back of the carriage was blown out. coachman implored the Czar to enter the arriage again, but he moved a few paces from the carriage to see to the wounded of his escort. The assassin who threw the first bomb tried to point his revolver at the Czar, but the pistol was struck from his hand. The Czar death, as he motioned away the doctors, who wished to amputate his legs. The Czarewitch and Czarevna drove to their palace after the death, amid the sympathising cries of the people. A company of guards surround the palace. The Duke and Duchess of Edinburgh and the Grand Duke Alexis have left London

for St. Petersburg. THE CZAR'S INJURIES. When Col. Dovjibsky asked the first assassin his name be replied Rossakoff. Service will be held in the Winter Palace on Monday, and afterwards the new Emperor will receive the homage of the officers of state. doctors' bulletin this afternoon stated that the Czar's legs were broken below the knee, the lower part of the body severely injured, and the left eye torn from its socket. The Grand Duke Michael was not hurt.

THE ASSASSINS vere disguised as peasants. One report states that one of them was so roughly handled that e has since died. All the army officers have been ordered to remain in barracks. The Council of the Empire under the presidency of the Czarewitch is still sitting at midnight. A manifesto will be published on Monday.

THE NEWS AT BERLIN. A Berlin despatch says :- The news of the leath of the Czar was a fearful shock to the

Emperor William. LONDON, March 14. A St. Petersburg despatch says:-The following imperial manifesto has been promul-

gated :- "We, by the grace of God, Alexander III., Emperor and Autocrat of all the Russias, Czar of Poland, Grand Duke of Fin and, etc., hereby make known to all our faithful subjects that it has pleased the Almighty in His inscrutable will to visit Russia with the heavy blows of fate and to call benefactor, Alexander II., to himself. He fell by the hand of impious murderers, who repeatedly sought his precious life, and Silesia. He will commence a divorce suit. Count Bismarck, who is aged thirty-two, was made their attempts because they saw in him, the protector of Russia, the foundation of her greatness and the promoter of her wel-fare. Russian people, let us bow to the unfathomable will of the Divine Providence and offer up to the Almighty our prayers for the repose of the pure soul of our beloved father. We ascend the throne which we inherit from our forefathers, the throne of the Russian Empire and the Czardom and Grand Dukedom inseparably connected with it. We assume the heavy burden which God has imposed upon us with firm reliance upon His almighty help. May He bless our work to the welfare of our Fatherland and guide our strength for the happiness of all our faithful subjects. In repeating before Almighty God the sacred vow made by our father to devote according to the testament of our forefathers the whole of our life to care for the welfare and honour of Russia we call upon all our faithful subjects to unite be-It is understood that if her health will allow it Baroness Burdett-Coutts and her fore the altar of the Almighty their praises with ours, and commend them to swear fidelity to us and to our successor, his Im The exports of Swiss products to the United

perial Highness the Hereditary Grand Duke Nicolai Alexandrovitch.
"Given at St. Petersburg," Anno Domini 1881, and the first year of our reign."

Control of the second s

THE ONLY PRISONER.

The Agence Russe says:—"The Grand Duke Michael was driving behind the Czar's sleigh with Col: Djorjebky. The second bomb-thrower disappeared in the crowd and escaped. The troops have taken the oath of allegiance to the new Evergence and the color of the pay Evergence and the pay Ever escape. AN UNSUCCESSFUL PLOT.

containing pills, with a letter, from abroad. When Dr. Botkin opened the box a slight exlosion occurred. The pills contained a nighly explosive substance, enough to kill three persons. WELCOMING IN THE NEW CZAR A St. Petersburg despatch says :- Yester-

which the prisoner attempted to use a dagger was found on him. The name he gave is believed to be false. The Coles states that the prisoner is 21 years old, and a native of Alexander III. to the throne. The space be fore the palace was covered with people. The Borovitchy, in the government of Novgorod. During the night a Cossack and a civilian who declined to give his name died from injuries received by the bursting of the amidst deafening acclamations. bombs. Twenty persons more or less were injured, and thirteen are in the hospital. PREVENTIVE MEASURES. to Gen. Melikoff the entire direction of affairs and has summoned deputations from Berlin advices state that the sensation aused by the assassination is indescribable.

country at large to consult as to the best The Imperial Princes remained until two this morning with the Emperor, who is incon-solable. The Crown Prince Frederick Wiliam of Prussia or the Prince Frederick terday. It is persistently stated that Gen. Melikoff some days previous to the murder unearthed a plot, and entreated the late Czar not The Prince and Princes of Wales, the rince and Princess of Tee, and the whole tutor, a much respected and experienced man, will with General Melikoff play a prominent staff of the Russian Embassy and other for-eign representatives attended a special serpart in public affairs. the Welbeck street Greek chapel POLISH FEELING OVER THE ASSASSINATION. -day. The Duke and Duchess of Edin-

A Vienna despatch says:—In the Lower House of the Reichsrath yesterday the Polish members threatened to withdraw if an expression of condolence with the Russian imperial family were attempted. ADDRESSES FROM THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

has been indefinitely postponed. CONDOLENCE FROM FRANCE AND ITALY. A Paris despatch says :- President Grévy is telegraphed his concolences with the riperial Russian family. The newspapers of all shades express horror at the Emperor's murder. Rome advices state that the Russian Grand Dukes Sergius and Paul, sons of the late Emperor, leave to-day for St. Petersburg. THE ASSASSINS. Russakoff, who threw he first bomb, has een a student for two years in the Mining Academy. The second homb-thrower, who has been arrested, is a young man. The

cologne Gazette publishes telegram from the Russian frontier dated I p. m., Sunday, statng that the police on the previous night made everal domiciliary visits in search of political iminals. The police had lately discovered traces of a plot against the life of the Czar. CONDOLENCE FROM %N OLD FOE.

A Constantinople despatch says :-- The sultan to-day sent a despatch of condolence to St. Petersburg.

AN UNHEEDED WARNING. The St. Petersburg Herald states that the Czar was warned against attending the parade whence he was returning when he was skilled. After alighting from the shattered carriage the Empeyor approached Russakoff and ordered his removal. The police had difficulty in protecting the second assessing from the fury of the crowds. One of the Czar's legs was shattered to the top of the thigh, the abdomen torn of en, and his face injured. The surgeons de lared amputation

TAKING THE OATH OF ALLEGIANCE. All the officers of the Guards, civil officials. didiery. Winter Palace to take the coath of allegiance to the new Kinjeror. Wil all were assentiated the bombs has been discovered. As soon as the police appeared the male occupant of the all perial family issued from the cabinet where the dead Czar lay. In passing through St. George's hall on the way to the chapel the Emperor stopped before the guard of honour and said with emotion: -"I should not like accomplished by two persons. This morning my son to ascend the throne under such cirimstances as the present.

SYMPATHY FROM PARIS. The Chamber of Deputies adjourned to-day view of the death of the Czar. In the enate, M. Léon Say alluded to the Czar as one of the greatest reformers of this century -(loud cheers on all sides)-one who liberated million slaves. M. d'Audiffret Pasquier France from his earliest days. The Senate Russian Church to-day were attended by members of the diplomatic body, President Grévy, Marshal MacMahon, and other promi-

THE GERMAN EMPEROR'S FEARS. A Berlin despatch says :- The Emperor, on hearing of the death of the Czar, wept bitterly. He expressed a fear that he being an old man might not be assailed, but his son might be hunted to death

ADDRESSES FROM THE BIGNISH PARLIAMENT. In the House of Common to-day Mr. Gladstone gave notice that he would to-morrow move an address to the Queen expressing the sentiments of the House relative to the asassination of her ally the Emperor of Russia. In the House of Lords Earl Granville gave notice of an address to the Queen, and one of condolence to the Duchess of Edinburgh, daughter of the late Czar.

THE MURDERED EMPEROR'S WOUNDS.

A St. Petersburg despatch says:-Dr. Voiriachine, who was among the physicians first summoned to the Czar, immediately fetched the necessary instruments for ampu-tating his legs, which held by the flesh only, the bones being broken. The blood flowed copiously from the lacerated wounds. India rubber bandages were applied first to the right leg below the knee, and then to the left. The Czar's right hand, or which was a glove, was found to be greatly lacerated; his marriage ring was broken to and driven into the flesh. surgeons tied up the severed arteries, and at ength, under the influence of sulphate of xygen and ice, the Emperor opened his eyes, his respiration became more apparent. haplain Bianor availed himself of the inter al of apparent consciousness to administer the sacrament, and for a moment hopes were entertained of the Czar's but a minute or two afterward heart ceased to beat. During the inal flicker of life the members of his amily surrounded the bed, and the archpriest recited the prayer for those in extremis, all present kneeling. The spectacle was heartng. Colonel Djorjebky is confined to his ed, but not seriously injured. The number of persons injured by the explosion is greater than at first supposed, and several have since

LONDON, March 15. A St. Petersburg despatch says:—The Grand Duke Vladimir was yesterday ap-pointed to the command of the Imperial Guard and military district of St. Petersburg. The remains of the late Emperor will be removed at eight o'clock this evening from the cabinet adjoining the reception hall to the chapel of the palace. All the members of the imperial family, high dignitaries, and officials will be present. The body, in accordance with the wish of the deceased, will be laid in the uniform of the Preobrajenski regiment. requiem was chanted at nine o'clock last ing, and at midnight the doctors made an intopsy, which proved that all the internal ns were in a normal condition. The body has been embalmed.

THE CAPTURED ASSASSIN Russakoff, the thrower of the first bomb,

dark man, very stubborn in his refusal to reply to questions. The man who threw the second bomb appears to have made his luxury upon the products of our labours we A St. Petersburg despatch says :- Last week the Czar received a small box ostensibly

day afternoon a salute fired by the cannon on the fortress announced the conclusion of the ceremonies connected with the ascension of Emperor and Empress passed through the crowd on the way to the Razan cathedral

It is stated that the Czar has handed over means to adopt against anarchy and sedition.
The garrison was kept ready all Sunday night in case a disturbance should occur. A large number of Cossacks patrolled the streets yesto expose himself. It is thought the Czar's

m. to go direct to St. Petersburg. In the House of Commons to-day Mr ueen's drawing-room, ann ninced for Friday, Gladstone eloquently moved an address to ne Queen expressing the sentiments of the House relative to the assassination of the Czar. Sir Stafford Northcote seconded the motion, echoing Mr. Gladstone's laudation of the late Czar. The address was unanimously adopted, as was also a resolution of con Mr. Gladstone, in moving the address, said he assassination of a great sovereign would. under ordinary circumstances, supply a fitting ccasion for expressing the sentiments of the

House, but the present occasion was excep-tional. Mr. Gladstone dwelt upon the noble self-forgetfulness with which the Czar, after the first attack upon him, lingered to see to the wounded. The crime showed ingrati-tude. There might be causes for criticism and censure in the great empire over which the Czar ruled, but these were inherited. The sole labour of his devoted fe was to improve his inheritance for benefit of his subjects. His reign would be regarded as illustrious and memorable. had caused one of the greatest benefits to mankind which had ever been peacefully acomplished when he liberated over twenty illion serfs. He had established free local government and trial by jury. In the House of Lords Earl Granville moved addresses to the Queen and Duchess of Edinburgh similar to those offered by Mr. Gladstone in the

Commons, and eulogized the late Czar. Earl Beaconsfield seconded both motions, which were unanimously adopted. FURTHER ARRESTS. The Minister of the Interior states that one of the chief organizers of the attack upon the Czar, arrested on March 11th, confessed his complicity in planning the decd, and denounced Roussakoff in person. Roussakoff, being shown the corpse of the individual who

being shown the corpse of the individual who evidently threw the second bomb, and who was mortally wounded recomined his according to reliable information, the was mortally wounded recognized his accomplice. The house from which Roussakoff ob-tained the bombs has been discovered. As soon as the police appeared the male occupant with him was arrested. The police found there a number of grenades, and a proclamation stating that the assassination had been a young man entered the house and was nediately arrested, but not until he bad fired

a revolver six times, wounding three police FRENCH NIHILIST SYMPATHISERS.

In the French Chamber of Deputies to-day Talandier (Irreconcilable) that he vainly tried to protest against the motion yesterday that the House adjourn in view of the death of the Czar. M. Gambetta replied that if M. Talandier had protested against the almost unanimous vote of the Chamber he would have enforced the standing orders against him. M. Gambetta reminded the House that the Legislature under the Empire adjourned on the occasion of the assassination of President Lincoln The subject then dropped. It is stated that the Intransigeant and Citoyenne will be prosecuted on a charge of apologizing for the crime in articles regarding the murder of the Czar.

NIHILISTS TRIUMPHANT. A Nihilist proclamation has been found posted at the University avowing that the ssassination was by order of the Executive Committee, and stating that the work would go on. The students tore it down, but another was posted in an hour. Gen. Melikoff has usual course resigned, but the Czar absolutely refused to accept his resignation.

ALBANY, N.Y., March 14, The Assembly has adopted a resolution of condolence and sympathy with the family of the late Czar of Russia. The resolution details at length the services to his country of the late Czar.

WASHINGTON, D.C., March 14. In the Senate to-day a resolution of con-colence with the Government and people of Russia was adopted unanimously.

NEW YORK, March 15. AN INFERNAL MACHINE FROM AMERICA. Henry Loreet, clock-maker of this city. says he believes he made the machine with which the Winter Palace at St. Petersburg was partly blown up. A foreigner ordered a machine, and subsequently other foreigners asked him to make another but he declined. SOCIALIST CONGRATULATIONS.

A large meeting of Socialists was held to-

night, Justus Schwab presiding. William

Drury said Russia had too long neglected the warnings of men of thought and freedom,

who had finally broken the chains of bondag y removing from earth the greatest tyrant Russia had ever known. The imperial families of Európe must go. The speaker said they liked to see all human butchers die, and while he regretted the shedding of human blood he rejoiced that the Emperor had been killed, because he had been the cause of the death of thousands of people Resolutions were adopted congratulating the world upon the overthrow of absolutism and of feudal aristocracy in Russia; the people of Europe upon the removal of the greatest obstacle to the establishment of a western republic or United States of Europe; their ellow-Socialists that the great prop of monarchical institutions which supported kingcraft throughout the world has shaken to its very core by the fall of the Czar, and that the way is being cleared for the foundation of a social republic; and callin upon the liberty-loving people of the United states to rejoice in the overthrow of the Czar especially, as they rejoiced at the overthrow of Maximilian, whose presence en-dangered Republican institutions. It was also resolved to forward the following address to the fellow-workingmen in Russia, to their best friends and most active parti-sans, the Nihilists:-" Tell the workingmen sans, the Nihilists:—"Tell the workingmen of Russia that between the aristocracy and death; after which the meeting dispersed

luxury upon the products of our labours we must suffer and starve. Brothers, your cause is that of the oppressed against the oppressors. That cause is a holy cause; that cause, is not only for Russia, but for all countries; it is universal. Brothers, we approve of your actions, we approve of your methods. Between you and your oppressors there can be no truce. Kill, destroy, assassinate, annihilate even to its very germ your aristocracy. Have for them no feeling of ve, for they are incapable of that noble emo-Addresses were also delivered in Rus-

THE TRANSVAAL WAR.

n and German of similar import to the re-

Prolongation of the Armistice with the Boers.

DICTATORIAL TERMS OF PEACE. An Interview with the Enemy's

> Commander. LONDON, March 9.

A Prospect Hill despatch save: The Boers sent by Joubert to Utrecht have completely leared the town and district of inhabitants yal to the British. It is reported that pubert has ordered all the homesteads of the by al Boers in the Utrecht district to be urned. This has excited the deepest indignation here, being considered a breach of the spirit of the armistice. A Bloemfontein despatch says :- President Brand has started for Harrismith to negotiate with the Boers.

THE BOER ARMISTICE. In the House of Commons to-day Mr.

Gladstone stated that the Government had assented to a prolongation of the armistice with the Boers. The announcement was received with cheers by the Radical memors LONDON, March 11.

In the House of Commons to-day Mr. Brand, President of the Orange Free State, had proposed the armistice with the Boers. The question of appointing

commissioners to examine into the matters i spute is under consideration. All rumours of peace negotiations are premature. JOUBERT INTERVIEWED. A correspondent at Mount Prospect had an erview with Joubert, in which the latter said he would agree that the English flag ight be hoisted once a year, and an English sident officer be placed in the Transvaal o legislate on all native questions, il land and frontier questions to be

erred to the Colonial Government. The Boers would also agree to a confederation if it is desired by the other South African colo-Joubert said he would consider no which included annexation, but thought settlement might be effected by the side of the Vaal river, and giving the Boers a republic on the other side, the British being ndemnified for their war expenses by this additional territory.

LONDON, March 12. A D'Urban despatch says :- The Boers keep secret their fortifications at Laingsnek and Majuba, and have refused an artist permission to sketch. It is understood that the Irishman called Aylward, acting as Joubert's the atrong reinforcements coming from England with suspicion as an indication of an intention to annex the Free State.

LONDON, March 13. A D'Urban despatch says :--It is reported that the Boer terms are so dictatorial that peace is impossible. Many Boers from the

Orange Free State are going to Laingsnek. EAST ELGIN.

Annual Meeting of the Local Liberal-Con-

St. Thomas, March 9.-The annual meet ng of the East Elgin Liberal-Conservative Association was held at the town hall, Aylmer, vesterday afternoon. There was a large ttendance of representatives from all sec ions of the riding, and considerable interest was manifested in the success of the associ ation, and of the Liberal-Conservative party n general. The following office-bearers were ected for the ensuing year :- President, J. P. Martyn, St. Thomas; vice-president, Walker, Aylıner; secretary-treasurer, W. Crothers, St. Thomas. The election of officers for the subordinate divisions of the riding was then proceeded with and resulted as follows:—St. Thomas—Charles Roe, president; F. Ellison, vice-president. Yarn Daniel Luton, jr., president; Benjamin Marlatt, vice-president. Malahide-J. Hag gar, president; T. A. Teeple, vice-president. Bayham—W. Y. Emery, president; R. P. Skidmore, vice-president. South Porchester —Andrew Cline, president; James Warwick, vice-president. Aylmer—John Crawford, president; Moses Leeson, vice-president. Vienna—R. L. McAuley, president; W. Brasher, vice-president. Springfield—W. E.

Port Stanley-M. Payne, president; J. Price, rice-president. After the transaction of some minor business. Messrs. J. P. Martyn, Chas. Roe, J. Haggar, J. Crawford, M. Leeson, G. J. Walker, and Murtagh delivered stirring addresses eulogistic of the great advantages which have accrued to the country through the successful peration of the National Policy and the bene fits that the country will realize upon the completion of the Canadian Pacific railway and the opening up of that fertile territory, our people expressing perfect confidence in the government of Sir John Macdonald. Their emarks were received with uproarious applause.

Roche, president; T. Sampey, vice-president.

The subjoined resolutions were then submitted and enthusiastically adopted :-"That this meeting of the Liberal-Conservative Association of the East Riding of Elgin, assembled in their annual convention, cannot separate without expressing their hearty approval of the manner in which Sir John Macdonald has inaugurated and carried the Pacific railroad syndicate; and they believe that the whole arrangement will be of great

advantage to this country, and tend greatly

towards the settlement of the wild lands in the North-West. "That after two years' experience of the practical working of the principles advocated the Conservative party at the last general election upon the commercial and national prosperity of this country, this meeting can, and does heartily endorse the National Policy as carried into effect by our present Govern-

"That the members of this meeting, having

watched the course of our member, T. Arkell, Esq., in the House of Commons, heartily approve of his course in the House in supporting the present Government in their wise legislation for the benefit of the Dominion." A vote of thanks was tendered to the retiring secretary, Mr. Edward Walker; and also a motion of condolence with the widow of the late Dr. Cross, formerly president of the association, and expressive of the great loss susis a thick-set, short-necked, repulsive looking I the proletariat there can be no compromise; I with three cheers for the Queen,

POSTSCRIPT.

PRICE CENTS.

MAIL OFFICE, THURSDAY, March 17, 1881.

THE CZAR'S DEATH.

An Opinion that the Czar's Death will Hasten a War in Europe. New York, March 17.—The Tribune reports interview with ex-Russian Minister Curtin. He expresses the opinion that the Czar's death will hasten a general war in Europe, as the present Emperor is very bitter toward Ger-He says Russia and Germany have been in sympathy on the Eastern question, but now it will be but natural for the former to assist the King of Greece, because he is a rother to the Empress of Russia. If war is eclared it is probable France will immediatey ally herself with Russia, as entering the edge for declaring war against Germany.

A SPECIAL UKASE. ST. PETERSBURG, March 16 .- It was thought necessary to follow the proclamation of Alexander III. by a special ukase summoning the peasants to join in allegiance with the other faithful subjects. The Golos says the late Czar's reforms had not attained their end because co-operation of the Government and society was necessary. The State lately invited society to assist in the struggling against the apathetic faction. The ques-

hand not ended the life of the Czar, he would have decided the question in the interest of his people. The Strang says there is no other ue than to diminish the responsibilities of the head of government, thus lessening the dangers personally threatening him from fanatical evildoers.

AFFAIRS IN THE TRANSVAAL.

An Armistice with the Boers - The Pros pects of Peace.

Durban, March 16.—The armistics with e Boers has been extended four days, du hich more provisions can be sent to the Eng.

New Castle, March 15. -- Paul Kruger, in his letter to the President of the Orange Free State, says the Boers long for peace, but must hold to the offer of a Republic under a British protectorate.

TORONTO ITEMS.

At a meeting held in Shaftesbury hall, in is city, on Friday, a Presbyterian Church Defence Association was formed, with the bject of maintaining a systematized protest against musical and other innovations in hurch service. A committee was appointed to draw up a constitution and provide for arther action.

ABATTOIRS FOR TORONTO. - If the company eeking a charter for the building of abattoirs ere succeed in getting it, the buildings will robably be put up just below the cattle yres east of the Don. The new company is the result of the rapidly developing trade with England. Shippers have before this desired to kill in Toronto, but have been unable to do so owing to the want of facilities. Should the company succeed in obtaining the charter, work will commence at once upon

ASSESSMENT OF FOREIGN LOAN COMPANIES. -If the decision given on Friday in favour of the city in its suit with the North of Scotand Loan and Investment Company, giving the city the power to assess the company's stock, had been adverse, the city assessment would have suffered to the extent of fully one-quarter of a million dollars. The Assess year the city will reap the advantage of an assessment of half a million dollars on acount of the favourable decision above allud-

VETERINARY COLLEGE. - The usual weekly meeting of the Ontario Veterinary Medical Society was held in the lecture-room of the college on Wednesday night, Dr. Smith in the chair. W. A. Labron, of Perth, Ont., read an essay on "Thorough-pin and bog spavin." H. Ovens, of this city, read an essay on "Congestion of the lungs," and W. E. Langford, of Granton, Ont., read an essay on "Splint and ringbone." These subjects were thoroughly debated, after which followed the chairman's remarks, and the meeting

djourned.

THE OTTAWA MAYORALTY CASE .- Mr. Mosgrove, of Ottawa, who appeared for the plaintiff Clancey in this case, has telegraphed to this city his intention of appealing the case to a judge of the Supreme Court. He claims that Mayor Mackintosh could not accept office until he took the oath of said ffice, which he did on the 17th of January. and that therefore in making application on the 16th February, the time had not expired. Mr. Mosgrove, says an Ottawa despatch, expresses himself as being perfectly satisfied that the decision will be reversed.

CANADIAN POULTRY, PIGEON, AND PET STOCK ASSOCIATION .-- At their regular monthly meeting held in the rooms in the Agricultural hall, on Wednesday night, it was posed and seconded that a reward of \$5.00 be offered by the association for the detection, apprehension, and conviction of any person or persons stealing any fowl or pigeons, the property of any member, such reward to be paid by the president, W. H. Doel, J. P., on the perpetrators being brought to justice. It was also proposed that a vote of condolence e tendered to our late president in his sad bereavement in the loss of his son. The members present suggested that it would be advisable to hold a show in this city next winter, as the Ontario Poultry Society intended to have theirs one more year in Brant ord. After a few remarks on the advisabilty of having such a show the meeting was rought to a close. MORE MUNICIPAL LITIGATION. - Dr. Stew-

ert, of Kingston, is again on the war-path, and as active as ever in legal matters. Tuesday he appeared before a judge at Osgoode Hall in support of an application to unseat the ground of bribery being employed as a means of his return. The doctor is a defeated candidate for the same office, and has formed ne opinion that the judge of the County Court and several other prominent men at Kingston have formed a conspiracy against him which prevented his return. The County Court judge made an order disallowing the doctor's sureties in support of this acon, and he also applies for a set aside this order. Judgment was reserved. Two applications for quo warranto were granted on Tuesday by Mr. Dalton, Q.C., to est the election of two aldermen for the city of Guelph. The appeal in the Ottawa mayoralty question will be argued on Friday. A CONSIDERATE PARENT .-- A young bull

errier was on Monday afternoon observed anging to the ear of a child on Jarvis street by a gentleman, who very naturally removed it, and then dashed its brains out. The child was screaming and the blood running down rom her ear, which was bitten through. After the terrier was killed the father of the girl came out, and his grief was great at be-holding the remains of the "purp" lying on the sidewalk. Without wasting any time is investigating the child's injuries he rushed round trying to find out who had killed the log, which, he said, belonged to him and was only playing with the little girl. Discovering the gentleman who had terminated the existence of the canine, he attempted to induce a constable to arrest him, and the officer. although declining to go so far as that, tool the name of the gentleman—Mr. John A. Fraser. The father then retreated, expressing a determination to have justice out of Mr.