THE HAMILTON TIMES

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 23, 1909.

ONE REASONABLE VOICE.

While the Toronto Mail and Empire and a few more of the journalistic Bourbons of the Tory party continue to make war upon the National Transcontinental Railway and to invent slanderous stories intended to destroy confidence in the great enterprise, the Victoria Colonist (Conservative) confesses frankly that the work is one to stir Canadian national pride, and to inspire hope in the future of our country. "Frequently," it says, "men see with a prophetic vision, and inspired by a faith for which they would find it difficult to give a substantial reason, embark upon enterprises of vast importance. This was the case with the Canadian Pacific enterprise; it was also the case with the Transcontinental Railway, the Union Pacific, and its its complement, the Central Pacific. The promoters of these projects were inspired to action by what we have called a prophetic vision, and we have no hesitation in saying that Sir Wilfrid Laurier's conception of a National Transcontinental Railway was a magnificent one for which in the years to come he will receive honor that to-day the strife of political warfare prevents him from receiving."

That shows a better spirit than is shown by the organs who are willing to resort to detraction and falsehood, and, for the sake of inflicting party damage upon their opponents, do not hesitate to defame their country and place obstacles in the path of her progress. Time will justify the Colonist, however, just as surely as it will bring disappointment and public condemnation upon the unpatriotic organs which place an apparent immediate party interest before the interests of our common country.

A FOOLISH ATTACK.

The Toronto World the other day attributed to Hon. Col. Matheson an uncalled-for attack upon Canadian banking institutions, which did him little credit. The Provincial Treasurer was represented as saying that a great many private investments were being made by gentlemen who sought to take care of their families in this way, as the double liability of bank stocks, now being exercised in the case of the Ontario Bank, had proven a hardship to many women. Business men could foresee a failure and liquidate their holdings, while women were often at a disadvantage."

It is hard for sane business men to understand a man in so responsible a position as that of Provincial Treasurer making such an ill-advised and unwarranted statement, carrying with it such a serious reflection upon our banking system, of which Canadians are justly proud. It is hardly to be wondered at that the Financial Post strongly resents his reflection, saying:

"Why the Treasurer of Ontario should go out of his way to reflect upon the credit of our banks is incomprehensible. It shows so inept an understanding of what is either seemly or proper in the business world that one is not surprised at any enormity which in pursuance of their power project this Ontario Cabinet will perpetrate. Hitherto there has been about the Provincial Treasurer an air of carefully preserved respectability but it is evident that evil communication with the Roaring Lion of the Government has corrupted his good manners.

There is to-day in Canada no better investment than the stocks of well administered banks. There must always be a certain percentage of failure or chicanery in any walk of life whether it be in ordinary business, in banking, in a Hydro-Electric scheme, or in administering the affairs of the Provincial Treasury. In touting for his own little loan the Provincial Treasurer has stooped to chicanery in advising the public not to invest in bank stocks.

We are surprised at Col. Matheson making a statement of this character, showing as it does an irresponsibility that should not exist in any guardian of the public Treasury. It is foreign to his natural instincts and we fear it is another case of that unfortunate Hydromania which has led to many "queer" actions on the part of the Government. Utilizing the money of our own people which will be soon required for the necessities of the harvest and commerce for a luxury such as a dangerous unguarded competitive transmission line is sufficiently bad in itself without endeavoring to reflect on the credit of the Canadian banks.

The rebuke is well deserved. Hon. Col. Matheson's offence is one for which he can hardly be allowed to plead ignorance. The Financial Post, in speaking of the unwisdom of the Government in absorbing by its Provincial loan the money so much needed for the development of the country's business, but voices a sentiment which is universal among the financial and business men of Canada. The result of this peddling out of a loan of $3,500,000 in Ontario will be to withdraw that much money from the industries of the Province, and thus prove a wet blanket to our prosperity. Sir James Whitney's Government has surely done enough already to damage Canadian credit without Hon. Col. Matheson proceeding to attack the Canadian banks.

France, too, has a budget deficit. She is bound to be in the fashion. M. Caillaux wants a trifle of $42,400,000 to meet the shortage, and he proposes to levy $20,000,000 to $24,000,000 in succession taxes. Which shall be the first "progressive" nation to declare for the confiscation of all private wealth wherever found?

The teddy bear foolishness is wearing out. A New York manufacturer finds himself with 4,884 of the teddies on his hands, which a dealer, for whom they were made, refuses to take, declaring that Roosevelt's retirement from the presidential field has ruined the business. The court awarded the manufacturer $660.

THE GROWTH OF AUTONOMY.

Nova Scotia contemplates the erection of a tower to commemorate the establishment in 1758 of the first elective colonial legislature in the British dominions, and a contemporary in discussing the project presents this record of the progress of the growth of self-government in the British countries, the dates of progressive Acts being as follows:

Nova Scotia	Oct. 2, 1758
Prince Edward Island	July 7, 1773
New Brunswick	Jan. 3, 1786
Upper Canada	Sept. 18, 1792
Lower Canada	Dec. 17, 1792
Newfoundland	Jan. 1, 1833
Upper and Lower Canada	June 14, 1841
" "	Nov. 2, 1844
" "	May 14, 1850
" "	Aug. 29, 1852
Cape Colony	May 1, 1853
New Zealand	May 27, 1854
New South Wales	1855
Victoria	1855
Tasmania	1856
South Australia	1856
Queensland	1859
Upper and Lower Canada	June 8, 1866
Province of Quebec	Sept. 24, 1867
Dominion of Canada	Nov. 6, 1867
Prov. of Ontario	Dec. 27, 1867
" Nova Scotia	Jan. 30, 1868
" New Brunswick	Feb. 13, 1868
" Manitoba	Mar. 15, 1871
" British Columbia	Feb. 16, 1872
" P. E. Island	March 5, 1874
West Australia	1890
Natal	1893
Commonwealth Australia	May 9, 1901
Prov. of Alberta	May 15, 1906
" Saskatchewan	March 29, 1906
Orange River	July 1, 1907
Transvaal	July 1, 1907

It points out that the list makes no mention of the West Indies, where representative government was introduced at an early date. The system of government of Jamaica was changed in 1866 and replaced by a legislative council appointed by the Crown. The example of Jamaica, in the abrogation of the original system, has been followed in the other colonies of the West Indies. And the growth of autonomous self-government has in no way weakened the tie which binds the British countries together. It has strengthened it.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

What an insult to call in an electrical expert to inform the Council when we have T. J. Stewart and A. J. Wright "in our midst" spoiling to give it!

The July interests and dividends to be paid out by corporations in the United States are placed at $187,623,243, an increase of $13,093,865 over the first half of last year.

An offer of $3,000 a front foot has been refused for a lot in Edmonton. Not many years ago the entire town site could have tbeen purchased for a good deal less money.

The King and Queen of Spain are determined that the birth-rate cranks shall have no reason for girding at them. Three children in thirty-seven months is not a discouraging showing.

The St. Thomas Journal urges the Council of that city to pattern after Hamilton in the matter of a dog by-law. Merely passing a by-law, however, will not suffice. To be useful, by-laws require to be enforced.

Toronto has sixteen cases of smallpox, and as the woman who spread the infection had worked in a store, it is not improbable that more may be discovered. A man who is said to have come from this city is quarantined in Toronto.

There is said to be a union of German Clericals and Conservatives to defeat Von Buelow's inheritance taxes. It apears to be certain that the Government taxation programme will have to be modified before it can get through the Reichstag.

But more important than Mr. Lobb's opinion as to what the Hydro-Electric Commission might do as to granting Hamilton special conditions as to power is the fact that the commission's authority is derived from a statute, which prescribes the exact conditions and makes no exceptions.

The Grand Trunk Pacific is making a record in track laying in the West, and is completing a first-class roadway as it goes along. It is approaching Edmonton at the rate of 2½ miles a day, and expects to reach that city by July 20th. The quality of the roadbed of the new line is a subject for admiration by visiting railway men.

The lawyers for Hamilton and Barton appear to have exchanged verbal compliments very freely at the hearing of the annexation application in Toronto yesterday. But it is all in the day's work. It appears that in these matters results are all that count. In this case the result will depend upon the scrutiny of the petitions.

We are pleased to learn that our local manufacturers are making preparations for the holding of the convention of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association in this city in September next. There will doubtless be a large attendance of the country's manufacturers. The local committee should have the hearty support of the Council and citizens in preparing for the welcome of its guests.

The Board of Works last evening forwarded a recommendation to the Council that Mr. S. F. Washington, who has threatened, on behalf of a ratepayer, to attack the street lighting by-law, be notified that the city intends to carry out the contract. This is the proper course. If there is to be litigation, let us have it at once.

Of course it is possible to use power at 13,200 volts to run the Beach pumps. To do so, however, would be most unwise. The motors would have to be specially wound for that voltage, and that, in the opinion of electrical experts, would be neither economical not safe. Experience has proved that such voltages are not desirable. Moreover, the power for other purposes of the city would have to be stepped down anyway.

Although Whitney is unable or unwilling to institute an inquiry into the fraternal societies of the Province, there are not lacking indications that some of them recognize the need for reform. The Sons of Scotland is the latest society to take steps to improve its standing. It has decided to raise its rates to the Hunter scale, authorized by the Dominion Insurance Act. Very wisely, too, we think, it decides to bring all its members under it on the same plane.

Mr. Brierley, of the Montreal Herald, very properly took occasion, at the Imperial Press Conference, to set the chairman right as to the capacity of the visiting newspaper men. The chairman had stated that the visiting press men were there "in a representative capacity." That was inexact, he pointed out. The delegates were there merely in the capacity of trained observers. The distinction may, to some, appear to be a small one, but it is of the first importance to the avoidance of producing errors and misconceptions in the British public mind.

A small cart load of maps, plans and reports on the Georgian Bay canal is now available for those who desire to study the project. It is a great work, and will, doubtless, be carried to completion. Meantime, however, Sir Wilfrid Laurier has made it clear that it is not the Government's intention to proceed with the work at present. The great expenditures undertaken for other public works are sufficient for the time. It is probable, too, that the enlargement of the Welland Canal will be the first great improvement in our waterways to be undertaken.

Messrs. Copp, Clark & Co. have reduced the prices of the Catholic Separate School Readers 46 per cent. The company's manager explains that it has a considerable demand for these readers from the other Provinces. Speaking of the reduction, he says:

The reason why we could not publish for the same price are that we have to supply our own plates, while the Government furnished theirs to their publishers. Then the Government supplied all the material in the books and the illustrations, and moreover, there are fully ten times as many public school books used as separate school, which means cheaper prices.

The Halifax Herald, the chief Tory organ in Nova Scotia, has been laboring hard to arouse enthusiasm in the ranks of the party; and laboring in vain. In a moment of disgust and candor, it frankly declares that "what the Conservative party of the past few years in this province wanted was a red hot pitchfork, or an earthquake to wake them up!" But may it not be that the Herald has been making the mistake of crying "Wolf! Wolf!" when there has been no occasion for alarm, until its party has ceased to note its most strident shrieks?

Our Exchanges

HARMLESS.

(Galt Reporter.)

The bite of Hamilton's dog by-law is even worse than its bark.

MUSTN'T ROCK THE CANOE.

(London Free Press.)

Rocking the boat is unsafe. But it is a pastime absolutely prohibited in the canoe.

TOO WELL, RATHER.

(Brantford Expositor.)

Latest advices relative to the New York tragedy indicate that Elsie Sigel loved not wisely and too many.

ALWAYS BLAMING SOMEBODY.

(Toronto World.)

The chief opponent of the Whitney-Beck power policy in Hamilton seems to be the official head of the Ontario admiistration.

NEW VERSION.

(Guelph Mercury.)

Now that the racing season is well on, the following version is given of an old saying: "Every little bit taken from what you've got, makes you a little bit sore."

OUR POLICE.

(Toronto News).

A weekly day off will be granted to the police of Old London. There ought to be some method for relieving the inmates of Hamilton.

BOIL IT DOWN.

(Toronto Star.)

The speeches of even the foremost public men are no longer reported in full except on special occasions, the discussion in which twenty men engage is reported in a column, so it is not unfair to ask "Pro Bono Publico" and "Constant Reader" to get abreast of the times and cultivate a more condensed, brief, and snappy style in writing to the newspapers.

MURDERER BLYTHE.

(Goldwin Smith.)

About the worst crime that a man can possibly commit is the murder of his wife, by which he stabs love as well as life. Nor is drunkenness any palliation. It is the reverse. Blythe, on conviction, ought to have gone straight to the gallows. His probably is one of those natures in which the finer sentiments have no place; otherwise he would have prayed for death rather than a life confinement, solitary it is to be presumed, with such an adder as that memory at his heart. It is curious that there should be this outburst of feeling against taking the life of a wife-murderer while we are all being invited to preparations for taking innocent life on the most enormous scale.

A WOODEN-HEADED COUNCIL.

(Toronto Mail and Empire).

The City Council insisted on dictating the directions and specific courses along which the required extensions of the street railway system should be carried. The Toronto Railway Company submitted other routes that it deemed preferable for the serving of the sections of the city that were to be reached. It undertook to build 15 or 20 miles without delay if the Council would be satisfied with the company's plan of extensions. The Council declined to vary from the arrangement it had ordered the company to carry out, and the latter now refuses to bow to the Council's bidding * * * It is the fiat of the City Council that the sweep of our street railway system shall not be so enlarged. A purely obstructive attitude on the part of the Council will not be forgiven by the thousands of voters who have waited long to be brought within the sphere of the street railway system.

"A LONG FELT WANT."

(Ottawa Free Press.)

It is stated that the new daily paper to be started in Hamilton in the interest of the Whitney Government, as a sort of punishment for the Spectator declining to fall down and worship the power policy of the Ontario Ministry in all its glory, is to be strictly 'anti-temperance."

Now, surely here is something that Ontario has long been waiting for. Has there not been altogether too much interference with the right of the individual to get drunk, to waste his substance, to do just what and as much of the said what as he darn pleases?

The wave of local option sentiment which is sweeping over the province is shamefully imperilling the millions of dollars invested in the distilleries and the breweries. It must be stopped at once. Let the number of licenses to sell liquor in the cities of Ontario be increased, and instead of encouragement being given to the advocates of clean living, let license be allowed free sway.

The Paulinian exhortation to be "temperate in all things" is a confounded nuisance. Away with such nonsense. "Let us eat, drink and be merry, for tomorrow we die."

The distillers, the brewers, the race track touts, the gamblers, the bad language fiends and all the forces of license and lawlessness have spoken.

SANITARY MEASURES.

The Board of Health's Efforts on Wentworth Street.

To the Editor of the Times:

Sir,—A pool of stagnant, green, foul smelling water has existed west of Wentworth street and opposite the Stock Yards Hotel now for some years. Through the activity of the Board of Health during the last three summers dozens of such ponds, previously unnoticed or disregarded have been drained into the sewer or filled in, and the existing nuisance abated.

It is rather complimentary to the work of the Board along this line that these unsightly ponds having now become a rarity, the few remaining should provoke some criticism.

The pool in front of the Stock Yards happens to be some eight feet lower than the sewer on Wentworth street, and hence cannot be drained into this sewer.

Mr. J. J. Scott, on whom a notice was served for the abatement of the nuisance, appeared before the Board claiming that a large portion of the water stands on an unopened street, and was generous enough to offer one hundred dollars to assist the Board in getting rid of the water. This can only be done by filling into the gulley to the level of Wentworth street sewer, after which the proper drainage can readily be accomplished.

Two months ago, on my own authority I stopped the deposit of garbage at this point as the odor therefrom was very offensive. With the best of intentions and on the understanding that the City Council would supply us with earth and cover the refuse placed in the ravine, the Board ordered the work continued with the approval of the nearest resident who was present at the meeting and also of His Worship, Mayor McLaren, who took an active part in the discussion.

We hope that the proper officials will see their way clear to have the offensive material covered, and still think that instead of enduring the stench that has been allowed for years to continue, it would be wisdom on the part of the residents to consent to its being abated by the Board of Health in the only feasible way, and since no other material seems available.

It may sometimes be justifiable in order to do a great right to do a little wrong, and with the approval of several aldermen who accompanied the Board on its inspection last fall, it was decided to divert the garbage temporarily here for the purpose of ridding this district of a long standing and odious condition of affairs.

As for the near-by Coal Oil Inlet there never was a more courageous, fearless, or solid endeavor made by any authorities to do their duty than was made by ex-Chairman Quinn and his colleagues who supported him in the attempt to have this nuisance remedied. It is a species of underhand blackmail only that would imply anything to the contry.

If the difficulty and odium of abating these abominations fell on those so active in subverting the Board in its endeavor to get some real power from the Legislature to do its work, we might soon hope for a substantial change in sanitary conditions.

James Roberts, M. D.
Health Officer.

Hamilton, June 23, '09.

FAIRBANKS IN JAPAN.

Seoul, June 23.—Former Vice-President Charles W. Fairbanks and Mrs. Fairbanks, who arrived yesterday on a tour of the Orient, were presented to the Emperor and Empress to-day by Viscount Sone, the Japanese resident-general.

MR. HARRIMAN.

Semmering, June 23.—E. H. Harriman arrived here last evening and went immediately to the Hotel Parhan, where a suite had been engaged for him and his family. Mr. Harriman appeared to be in excellent health.

Mrs. Henry Stewart, of Carberry, Man., who was under the doctor's care, took strychnine instead of medicine in error. She took convulsions, and despite medical aid, passed away.

AT THE RACES

The opening of the Hamilton Jockey Club races was well attended in the members' enclosure. In the president's box with his Honor the Lieutenant-Governor were Mrs. William Gibson, in blue and white foulard, maize colored hat with plume of the same shade.

Mrs. John Eastwood, graceful lingerie gown, tuscan straw hat with deep pink roses and panache of the same shade.

Miss Jean Gibson also wore a dainty lingerie frock, a picture hat with roses, liberty cloak to match.

Among others noticed were:

Mrs. P. D. Crerar, costume of royal blue linen, hat of the same color, with black satin scarf.

Mrs. F. F. Backus, braided white linen sut, hat of green rustic straw.

Mrs. Bruce, green brocade with small bonnet to match.

Mrs. Walter Bruce, pale green linen gown, braided with black soutache, with hat of deeper green crinoline straw.

Mrs. Washington, mauve rajah suit and black toque with Stuart osprey.

Mrs. Loudon, violet cloth suit and hat with shaded lilacs.

Mrs. H. H. Champ, suit of china blue linen, with black satin collar and cuffs, white crinoline hat with black band and cluster of roses.

Mrs. D. S. Gillies, mauve linen costume and hat of same color with shaded lilacs.

Miss Agnes Climie, grey silk gown with touches of black, black hat with foliage, and rajah coat with burnt orange and black on collar.

Mrs. Pigott, suit of pale blue rajah with Irish lace collar, black hat with shaded roses.

Miss Pigott, white linen suit, black hat with black cherries and foliage.

Mrs. Coleman, long rajah coat faced with black over a blue gown, black hat with blue velvet and foliage.

Mrs. Seixus, St. Catharines, shepherd's plaid suit and black rough straw hat.

Mrs. Bostwick, linen suit, hat of the same tone, faced with ruch of pink velvet and massed with button roses.

Mrs. Mark Holton, white linen suit and black sailor hat.

Mrs. R. B. Harris, white pique gown and white hat.

Mrs. Kerr, white linen suit, the coat beautifully inset with Irish lace, large mauve flower hat.

Mrs James White, cream rajah suit, piped with black, sheath black hat with roses.

Mrs. Walter Champ, white linen gown worn under a long Rajah coat, black hat with a wreath of small pink roses.

Miss Alice Hope, suit of mauve linen, black hat with aigrette of white tips.

Mrs. D. D. O'Connor, green linen costume, black hat with green hsaded foliage.

Miss Reba Kittson, pale blue lingerie frock, black picture hat with roses, long cream colored coat with black collar.

Mrs. James Gillard, blue linen suit, leghorn hat with foliage and blue satin bow.

Miss Strathmore Findlay, suit of robin's egg blue linen, Tuscan hat with black scarf.

Mrs. Geo. Robertson was smartly gowned in mauve linen, large black hat with white aigrette.

Mrs. Willie Stewast, linen suit and black crinoline straw hat.

Miss Jennie Grantham, a white linen suit, Tuscan straw hat with clusters of button roses.

Mrs. R. L. Innes, white flowered organdie, white hat with gold band and shaded blue and pink flowers.

Mrs. McIntyre, becoming gown of old rose linen with Dutch collar of Irish lace, black hat with deep pink roses.

Mrs. Simonds, tan suit and black hat with buttercups.

Mrs. R. M. Breckenridge, white and black striped linen and toque of shaded geraniums.

Mrs. Ernest Watkins, blue linen striped suit, hat of rough black straw.

Miss Bessie Balfour, green Rajah suit with touches of black, black picture hat.

Mrs. Gregory (St. Louis), flowered muslin gown and hat with roses.

Mrs. Wilgriss, black tailor made and black hat.

Miss Dorothy Wilgriss, grey suit and black hat.

Mrs. Waddie, dark violet silk coat worn over a white linen gown, black crin. hat with violets and button roses.

Mrs. Arthur Rowe, suit of Delft blue linen, with black satin collar, and black hat.

INSTANT RELIEF OF ITCHING HUMOR

Limbs Below the Knees Were Raw —Feet Too Swollen to Get Shoes On—Sleep Completely Broken by Intense Itching and Burning—Well in Two Days and Says That

CUTICURA IS AMONG HIS HOUSEHOLD GODS

"God bless the man who first compounded Cuticura. Some two months ago I had a humor break out on my limbs below my knees. They came to look like raw beefsteak, all red, and no one knows how they itched and burned. They were so swollen that I had to split my drawers open to get them on and could not get my shoes on for a week or more. I used five or six different remedies and got no help, only when applying them the burning was worse and the itching less. One morning I remembered that I had a bit of Cuticura and tried it. From the moment it touched me the itching was gone and I have not felt a bit of it since. The swelling went down and in two days I had my shoes on and was about as usual. I only wish I had used the Cuticura Remedies in the first of my troubles. They would have saved me two or three weeks of intense suffering. During that time I did not sleep an hour at a time, but was up applying such remedies as I had. Henceforth the Cuticura Remedies will be among my household gods, rest assured. George B. Farley, 50 South State St., Concord, N. H., May 14, 1907."

FOR BABY RASHES

Eczemas and Irritations, Cuticura Is Worth Its Weight in Gold.

The suffering which Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment have alleviated among the young, and the comfort they have afforded worn-out and worried parents, have led to their adoption in countless homes as priceless for the skin and scalp. Infantile and birth humors, scalled-head, eczemas, rashes, itchings, chafings, and every form of itching, scaly, pimply skin and scalp humors, with loss of hair, are speedily, permanently and economically cured.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor of Infants, Children, and Adults consists of Cuticura Soap to Cleanse the Skin, Cuticura Ointment to Heal the Skin, and Cuticura Resolvent (or in the form of Chocolate Coated Pills, in vials of 60) to Purify the Blood. Sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston, Mass.

Mailed Free, Cuticura Book on Skin Diseases.

PASSED IN BIBLE STUDY.

Large Percentage of Hamilton Y.M.C.A. Boys Successful.

A complete list of the Bible Study examinations has been received from the international Committe of the Young Men's Christian Association, New York, by W. J. Robinson, the local boys' secretary. Out of one hundred and thirty-three who tried one hundred and fourteen have taken very credible marks.

Mr. Robinson wishes to take this opportunity of congratulating the boys on their splendid success and hopes still greater things when the new building is completed, when they will have adequate facilities for their work.

The following is a list of those successful:

Men of the Old Testament—Wm. Kennedy, 83; Jack Lumsden, 92; Gordon McNeilly, 61; Edgar N. Smith, 83.

Life and Works of Jesus—Chas. R. Burns, 89; Roy Begg, 78; Wm. D. Booker, 76; Ed. Barclay, 69; John E. Bainbridge, 89; Roy Conway, 75; Fred Crocker, 68; Archie Coombs, 66; Fred W. Dean, 92; John Frid, 65; Ed. F. Hitzroth, 52; John Mass, 85; Raymond Maddick, 90; John McQueen, 35; Fred Mills, 71; Thos. McCann, 67; H. Mitchell Pearson, 84; Bert W. Sharp, 76; Theo. Shireman, 75; Leslie Slater, 75; Francis Vila, 76; Geo. W. Walker, jr., 75; Clare E. Wattam, 85; Alvin Wilson, 89; Geo. C. Wright, 82; Daniel Webster, 67.

Travels of Paul—E. Blake Ballentine, 85; Wilfred L., 83; Russell Fothergill, 75; Ed. Hulek, 83; Clarence W. Kerr, 75; Morley Marris, 70; Guy Munson, 75; Archie McKenzie, 67; Wm. McLelland, 65; Stanley McNeilly, 81; H. Mitchell Pearson, 84; Herman Priellipp, 97; Cameron Roberts, 89; Laverne Rose, 95; Leslie Slater, 81; Wm. L. Somerville, 85; J. Mitchell Souter, 75; Joseph Stacey, 75; Alex. Stevenson, 91; Donald W. Whitehead, 85; Wm. Zimmerman, 95.

What Manner of Man is This (Life of Christ).—John E. Bainbridge, 96; Edward Barclay, 84; Chas. R. Burns, 83; E. Blake Ballentine, 75; Frank Blowey, 75; Percy Bowden, 75; Hugh Bowman, 75; Roy Begg, 96; Wilfred Ballentine, 86; Fred W. Dean, 95; John Eaglesham, 75; Harry Evans, 80; David Elliott, 90; Gordon Frid, 76; Herbert W. Fairclough, 100; Ernest Graham, 77; Bert Godard, 87; Ed. Hulek, 93; Ed. Hitzroth, 79; Fred Hutty, 10; David Keep, 77; James N. Lees, 19; Fred H. Lomas, 70; Raymond Maddick, 95; Guy Munson, 93; Albert E. Moore, 90; Roy Slater, 85; Geo. H. Monk, 93; Ralph C. Manning, 98; Stanley Moot, 81; Sydney Morton, [illegible] Wilfred Mills, 92; Harrison Memmery, 19; Duncan McQueen, 88; John MacQueen, 85; Alex McKenzie, 93; Archie McKenzie, 78; Alex. McFarlane, 98; Wm. McMillan, 83; Thos. McCann, 95; Harry Laid, man, 71; Mitchell H. Pearson, 90; Chas. Park, 89; Wilfred Phelan, 88; James W. Pattereon, 84; Elmore Philpott, 88; Vert Raynor, 86; Roy Shepard, 83; Theo. E. Shireman, 93; Jos. Stacey, 80; Wallace M. Sommerville, 90; Geo. Schnabel, 95; Robt. Truscott, 85; Thos. C. Taylor, 80; Francis Vilia, 93; Haley Wickett, 85; Gordon Waterbury, 86; Daniel Webster, 85; Alvin Wilson, 100; Harry A. Webb, 85; Geo. J. Webb, 87; Gordon Baker, 80.

WENTWORTH WOMEN.

The South Wentworth Women's Institute held its annual meeting last Saturday afternoon, in the Y.M.C.A. building. It was well attended.

Mrs. D. Reed, district president, gave an excellent report of the year's work. She also stated she would not accept ofice again. The officers who were elected by acclamation are:

President, Mrs. R. S. Stevenson, Ancaster.

Vice-President, Mrs. Herbert Lutz, Hamilton.

Secretary-Treasurer, Miss Clara Walker, Stoney Creek.

Auditors, Mrs. J. H. McNeilly, Stoney Creek; Mrs. M. E. Dickenson, Ancaster.

A union picnic will be held at Dundurn on August 5, when a capital programme will be given, and a good time enjoyed.

Some folks never have time to be good, they are so busy having what they call a good time.

Thursday, June 24, '09 | SHEA'S | May Manton Patterns All 10c

A Big Bargain in
Table Cloths

$2.50 for $1.48

Beautiful pure Linen Damask Cloths, 66x84 inches border all round and most elegant designs, good qualities and fine satin finish. Cloths that $2.50 is the regular value of, on sale Thursday for each.: $1.48

Our Wash Goods Sale
Still Going Out With a Rush

Thousands of yards of the finest Organdies, Mull and Fancy Lawns, Cotton Voiles and Linens, in the most elegant designs in the trade and all the wanted and asked for colors. All the result of three special purchases for cash, from large importers, the figures are half price and less than half price.

18c to 25c Muslins for 12½c 25c to 35c Muslins 15c
35c to 60c Goods for 19c

A Rousing Bargain in Heatherbloom Underskirts

Women's Underskirts, made of the celebrated heatherbloom taffeta, trimmed with shirred flounces and embroidered flounces and insertion, worth $3.00 to $3.50, on sale Thursday, only one to a customer, $1.95

A Grand Sale of Sample Whitewear

A quantity of whitewear samples, Skirts, Drawers, Gowns, Corset Covers, Combinations, all most beautifully made and elegantly trimmed, all perfect and very slightly mussed, on sale at less than wholesale.

50c garments for	35c	35c garments for	25c
30c garments for	19c	$1.25 garments for	75c
$1.50 garments for	$1.00	$2.00 garments for	$1.25
$2.50 garments for	$1.50	$3.00 garments for	$1.95

A Wonderful Blouse Bargain

$2.50 for $1.75

500 only Women's Waists, made of finest Handkerchief Lawn, with allover Swiss needlework fronts and sleeves, all new and crisp. Just opened this morning, very latest style sleeves, very special, $2 value, on sale Thursday for, each $1.75

Special Waists at $1

Women's Fine Lawn Waists, in elegant quality of Lawn and Fancy Needlework Fronts, newest sleeves, full $1.50 values, on sale for, each $1.00

Cotton Vests at 12½c

Women's Cotton Vests, fine quality and perfect make. These are the very best value that we can buy in Canada, on sale at, each 12½c

A Rousing Sale of Women's Wash Suits

Made of pure linen materials, long coat, neatly strapped, button trimmed; skirts plain gored and trimmed with buttons; all the good colors in plain and striped; worth $10 to $12, on sale Thursday for each $5.95

WASH SKIRTS—A sale; made of mulls, lawns, linens, Indian Head, ducks, etc., pleated and plain gored; worth full regular value; on sale at cut prices—$2.00 for $1.00, $3.00 for $1.50; $4.00 for $2.00

A quantity of Children's Sample Dresses on Sale at Less Than Wholesale.

50c Dresses for	35c
$1.50 Dresses for	$1.00
$3.00 Dresses for	$2.00
$4.00 Dresses for	$2.50
$6.50 Dresses for	$4.95

$4.50 Waists $2.25

Cream Lace Waists, made over silk linings, prettily trimmed, a special purchase, worth $4.00 and $4.50, on sale for each $2.25

A grand collection of Women's, Misses' and Children's Fancy Parasols at reasonable prices.

A Grand Collection of Women's, Misses' and Children's Fancy Parasols at Reasonable Prices.

It's the Little Things That Count

The dainty little things that bring to us comfort and convenience.

Here's a LITTLE THING, so very useful to the Eye-Glass wearer, so pretty in design, so practically useful that to see it is to covet it.

The AUTOMATIC EYE-GLASS HOLDER can be used also as a Pencil Holder. All styles—Price, 50c to $2.50.

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