# Efficient Farming

The time to commence the proper production of a draft horse is before he is born. Not only in the he is born. Not only in the selection of his sire and dam but in the care and management of the dam while Strong, healthy foals can desirable work for brood mares, par-ticularly in the winter, but when spring work commences there is no othy and clover hay, slightly damped difficulty, and any mare is better This adds bulk to the ration and preworking, provided care is exercised in seeing that she is not put in slippery places, not unduly crowded, not worked with too short a whiffletree, or overworked. Many foals have their chances ruined when their dams are

In view of the fact that a horse at-

Feeding-The mother's milk and warm barn at night.

at five months, while if she is a good ever making a ton horse.

There is no time of the year when

it is more urgent that the health of the

short winter days. Sanitation becomes

a vital link in the chain of health dur-

Filth accumulates rapidly and con-

Midwinter sanitation should involve

First, do not forget the importance

of removing the droppings frequently.

Clean your droppings boards at least

twice a week, sprinkling over them

each time after cleaning a very thin

layer of sand, which dries up the mois-

venting their freezing to the boards.

and dirt, and replacing it with clean

the litter is to change it and replace

with new whenever any of the follow-

ing conditions become apparent:

and soggy and tramped down.

quently rinsed and disinfected.

great ease and rapidity.

three operations.

THE HORSE.

The time to commence the proper production of a draft horse is before he is born. Not only in the selection reared, for a group of foals will not worry so much as a single one. They should be given plenty of exercise with fresh water before them at all times which are fed nutritious foods and given plenty of exercise, running in fields or paddocks or doing light work. It is difficult on many farms to find desirable work for broad marges near posed of two parts cats and one posed of two parts cats and provided the parts cats an posed of two parts oats and one part bran with a little oilcake added. The grain is best fed mixed with cut timvents the foal bolting his grain, and assists digestion as the grain cannot form in doughy lumps in the stomach. A few roots (carrots, mangels or turnips) should also be provided and chances ruined when their dams are plenty of good quality clean hay, mixoverfed and under-exercised during the winter season.

the winter season. should be given regularly. The colt tains at least half his weight by the time he is a year old, care must be exercised to see that he is given the best possible chance. Many spring-born foals do well for the first six months of their lives and then owing to lack of proper attention and feed-ing during the winter months do not to lack of proper attention and feeding during the winter months do not
mature to the size they should.

The should have the full of a first paddock in the daytime during favorable weather and a 'dry, roomy stall
in a well-ventilated and moderately

pasture grass afford excellent foods to The colt may be halter-broken with start with. By feeding the dam a little grain in a low manger, either in the little labor at this time also in handlbarn or on pasture, the foal soon is found eating concentrates. Then a the colt's feet is well expended. The feet should be picked up occasionated in the colt may be harter-forced with the start with By feeding the dam a little labor at this time also in handling the colt's feet is well expended. The feet should be picked up occasionated in the colt may be harter-forced with the start with By feeding the dam a little least difficulty before weaning and a grain in a low manger, either in the little labor at this time also in handling the colt's feet is well expended. creep may be erected in a corner of ally and later on pared. Keep the foot the pasture field and the foal will get large, round and level, cut away the grain in this manner. He should be too, keeping the fort wide at the neel provided with a shelter from heat and and quarters. Do not cut the bar of flies and if the mother must be worked, the foot or the frog. A good blister the foal should be kept in a strong applied to a small young foot will freloose box or paddock and given a suck quently stimulate growth. Too much in the middle of each half day. At first emphasis cannot be laid on the care the milk should be drawn from the of the feet, exercise and good common mare, particularly if she is warm, as sense feeding during the first year of a preventive against digestive trouble. the colt's life. Unicss the colt weighs Weaning-If the mother is a poor 1,100 pounds or more on his first milker the colt will be better weaned birthday there is lucle chance of his

> In other words, poultry litter at all times should be coarse, deep, clear

Do not forget the value of sunlight not only as a germ destroyer, but as an invigorator and carrier of healthgiving properties to the birds. Be sure birds be maintained than during the that the front of the house is so ar ranged that the direct rays of the sunlight can come in and sweep over the ing this season because the birds are floor of the house during the day, alconfined to the house all of the time. lowing the birds to lie in the direct rays of the sun. By direct rays we tamination, once started, spreads with mean, not those which have been filtered through glass, but those rays which reach the birds direct.

Birds have a high body temperature. They give off in process of respiration large quantities of carbon dioxide and they must have more oxygen than any other animal. These factors simply mean that the quarters in midwin ter should be fully ventilated.

ture and at the same time facilitates the removal of the droppings by premoisture in it. Combs will freeze and See that the water vessels are frebirds will suffer in a moist atmosphere, even if it is but a few degrees Last, but not least, is the importbelow the freezing point; whereas they will show no ill effects from a ance of keeping the litter on the floor of the house in good sanitary conditemperature around zero, if the atmostion. This will mean during the winphere within the house is free from ter the occasional removal of all the accumulated litter with its droppings

The hired man came home from the barber shop all excited. He said that lives. A good rule to follow in replacing Jim Robinson had eaten some spoiled vsters and had an awful case of tomine poisoning

Whenever the litter becomes wet Out of the discussion of farm problems and the farmer, this one thought is being generally crystalized in the of Health for Ontario, at the meeting is "the sound of a voice that is still." the litter becomes so finely ground that it fails to hide the grain. minds of the public that the farmer is When the litter becomes heavily and, of necessity must be an allcontaminated with poultry droppings. around business man



in town and country places we would be compelled to hang our heads in the

No plant can flourish in the popular. It is of old clms and other trees that use surrounding grounds.

A bare unattractive house brings no up the plant nourishment and shut out credit to its occupant. If all homes were like those occasionally seen both thinning out of old trees may be nechas given not one cent for the protecin town and country places we would be compelled to hang our heads in the presence of visitors from other lands, things cannot prosper when trees the more important is the moth-Why should any home with a bit of monopolize the whole space. On the ents the more important is the mothground present a stark uninviting appearance? Few countries can boast of as wide a range of hardy planting manufacture and smaller ornamentals, both trees and smaller ornamentals, both trees and smaller ornamentals, terial, and where can helpful information and co-operative assistance more should be chosen. Of these there are easily be obtained? Our experimental farms and agricultural colleges exist when used give distinction to the to discover for the citizen reliable inhome. particularly when so placed as a full the attention of her dector, would formation on plants and cultural to screen unsightly views. A full the attention of her doctor, would methods, and the horticultural so-planting plan needs to make provision have received treatment which would cieties stand ready at all times to help for suitable kinds of trees and shrubs in nine cases out of ten saved them those who desire to improve their and herbaceous perennials as well as from convulsions and the death of their location according to the size of herself or her baby or both. There One has only to attack the problem of beautifying his place to find assistion of the house. A simple, rather sistance and clean lying in facilities, tance on every side, and when once than a complex arrangement is to be for many women die of puerperal commenced the way opens for pro- preferred, not only because it is less fever. It is a disgrace to our intelle ceeding with the undertaking. Whe expensive, but as a rule more pleasing, there it be the planting of a hedge, of it is now regarded as a mistake to clump of shrubbery, a hardy border, break up the lawn with flower beds or laux, the great pupil of Pasteur, lost or a few vines, some thought must be even shrubs. These had better occupy his wife from this affection. He wrote given beforehand, and this is the sea-son for making the necessary plans. | lishing a corner, or screening abrupt It should be borne in mind that angles of the dwelling. What is known sunshine is necessary for luxuriant as foundation planting has become shade of huge trees. Not even grass and vines and should be so placed as will thrive in soll filled with the roots to appear to tie the dwelling to its



Edison Marshall, who divides his time between big game hunting and writing novels, is shown with a bear he killed in the Canadian Rockies and which he refers to as a small one.

#### **Experiments With Lime** Phosphate.

now being conducted by the Dept. of one hour before milking produces bad Chemistry of the O.A.C. have given flavors and odors in the milk. Ininteresting results and show without creasing this feeding to thirty pounds doubt that lime may be applied with causes an increased intensity of these profit for clover on the older soils of flavors. lime plots was 40 per cent., for the lime and phosphate 60 per cent. average increase in wheat yields

on the lime phosphate plots was in 1923, 54 per cent., in 1924, 45 per cent. This work has now been extended to three farms in each of eighteen coun-The plots are one-half acre in

Feed Turnips After Milking. Root crops, particularly turnips, often impart undesirable flavors to often impart undesirable flavors to reached without digging in frozen milk and cream from dairy cows fed ground. This pit also makes a fine this form of valuable succulence. The Department of Agriculture has car- the summer time.

ried on experiments to determine methods of avoiding this. The results indicate that feeding lime phosphate experiments turnips at the rate of fifteen pounds

On the other hand, feeding at the Ontario, and that acid phosphate may On the other hand, feeding at the be used with profit on wheat. The rate of thirty pounds immediately average increase in yield of clover on after milking has practically no effect on flavor or odor of milk or cream.

#### If the Well Freezes.

It was a tubular well, equipped with the usual petcock vent which persisted in causing trouble in freezing weather. was always necessary to dig down to it when the ground was frozen. Finally a pit was dug and the sides walled with concrete. Now, when the vent refuses to work as it should, it can be

## FOR HOME AND COUNTRY

The Next Step in Child Welfare.

Division of Child Welfare, Dept. of no longer cause the wife to fall her Health, Ottawa, in making an earnest husband, and the mother the new-born plea for adequate provision for the mother, especially the expectant vised during pregnancy. Too many mother and the mother with sm mothers in Canada are not having that children, referred to the loss of 1,236 care." mothers in Canada during the year, largely because of lack of adequate adbody help the mother. We need small vice and proper care.

The death rate among infants of and 100 in Canada. By far the great-

"We always know that the deaths "We always know that the the mothers need. from any cause are not half of the about that than even he does. childbirth, probably five, perhaps ten, are never so well and strong again, little bein. "We mothers are always if they are not properly cared for they will be are properly cared for they will be a set of the saddest result of the saddest res properly cared for they will be as well did not want to live. She was just or better than ever before in their tired out," said somebody of one of

How shall we make Canada safe for do in 1922. the mother? There are two answers to that question. First:Give every Canadian mother the proper medical and nursing care. Dr. J. W. Windsor, June 10th, 1923, says: "By voice of all in the world. far the most valuable asset of any country, particularly of a young counits native-born children. Yet it is a curious fact that up to the present time, while the Government of Canada

a book on 'Ferments and Maladies, which he dedicated to his wife in the following words: To you, the innocent victim of the infinitely little, I dedicate this book in which I have attempted to popularize their history. May it, slight as it is, serve to hasten a little the day wherein the accomp-

Dr. Helen MacMurchy, Chief of the lishment of her sacred mission will

The second chief answer is: Every hospitals, especially for maternity cases. We need nursing and medical one year is 42 per thousand in New care more readily available. District Zealand, 77 in England and Wales, organizations and county organizations of Ontario Women's Institutes, send er number of deaths take place before the baby is a month old. "What does him how many mothers died in your Fresh air, even if cold, is far to be preferred over warm air which has and she will make Canada safe for to save their lives. Strengthen the and she will make Canada safe for to save their lives. Strengthen the the baby. She will live and not die." Officer of Health, and tell him what the mothers need. You know more For every mother that dies in need the leadership of the mother. The

these 1,236 mothers who died in Cana-

The sum of it all is: -too little help.

There are many and great voices in this world. Influential is the sound of Essex Medical Society, held at The voice of silence is the greatest

There was a Khaki Convocation at the Provincial University of Ontario try like ours, is the conservation of the University of Toronto, in the first year of the war. Even the examina-tions had to be hurried out of their time at the call to arms and these new graduates were in uniform when the president read out their names and down from the University platform to go overseas.

At the next Convocation, the president of the University, Sir Robert Falconer, read to the whole silent asof Convocation, as they rose to hear, the list of the names of the fall-Khaki Convocation

"They rose in reverence. Yea: But those who lie

Far on the Flanders field to-day Had not an answering word to say, Their silence thundered their reply They gave their lives away.'

'And us they trusted: We the task inherit.

The unfinished task for which their

What can we do for our country? Do something for the mothers. Listen izers: The mangel crop received 7½ to the silent voices of these 1,236 tons of manure and one-half the quan-Canadian mothers: "They gave their

lives away." know how.

### The Sunday School Lesson

FEBRUARY 8.

Christ's Intercessory Prayer, John 17: 1-26. Golden Text-Holy Father, keep through thine own name those whom thou hast given me, that they may be one, as we are.—
John 17: 11.

· ANALYSIS. I. JESUS SURRENDERS HIMSELF TO GOD. 1-5.

IL HE INTERCEDES FOR THE DISCIPLES

Introduction—The discourse of Jesus in the upper room concludes with a great act of prayer in which he commits himself, the apostles, and the whole future Church to God. He has spoken to the disciples of the great assurances which, as they go out to serve in the world, will be theirs: the assurance of the love of God, the assurance of Christ's abiding presence, the assurance of the Spirit's coming. What more is left to do now except to commend them to the eternal care of the Father in heaven? Here, then, we have Jesus as the great High Priest of his Church, interceding for his followers, both those who are already his and those who shall afterwards be gathered in. Our lesson to INTRODUCTION—The discourse wards be gathered in. Our lesson to-day shows how he thought of these followers and what he sought fer

It will be instructive and helpful while we study the great Intercessory prayer are an expression of the Sather prayer which Jesus taught his disciples and which we call the Lord's prayer. Three is a very marked resemblance between the spirit of the other. Both begin with petitions for the hallowing of God's "name." Both lead up to petitions for the deliverance of the teacher of this lesson, therefore, if, in conjunction with the Intercessory Prayer, he wilk keep in mind the brief, but infinitely comprehensive accents of "Our Father which are in heaven."

I. JESUS SURRENDERS HIMSELF TO GOD.

1-5.

V. 1. The opening words of the prayer are an expression of the "Sather viour's full and free acceptance of the hour when he must yield his life in sacrifice, and now when it has come he prays that God will "gjorify" him; that is, not only support him, but reveal him in the true light of his divine character and mission on the Cross. Men have been blind to God's purpose in the life of Christ. They had not acknowledged the divine purpose of his coming. Jesus prays that his going, his death, may open their eyes, and make the purpose of God pain.

V. 2. What was the divine purpose expressed in Jesus' life? This, that the make and keep them holy the make and keep them holy supported by the Father in heaven."

I. JESUS SURRENDERS HIMSELF TO GOD.

1-5.

1-6.

V. 1. The opening words of the prayer are an expression of the "Sather the prayer are an expression of the "Sather the prayer and now when it has come he prays that God will "gjorify" him; that is, not only support him, but reveal him in the true light of his divine character and mission on the Cross. Men have been blind to God's purpose in the life of Christ. They had not acknowledged the divine purpose of his coming. Jesus prays that his going, his death, may open their eyes, and make the purpose of God pain.

V. 2. What was the divine purpose the prayer which I result of the world of severe temptation. But this is what Jesus asks for his followers. He was a propagate the prayer and the prayer whence t while we study the great Intercessory prayer are an expression of the Sa-

v. 2. What was the divine purpose expressed in Jesus' life? This, that he should have "authority over all flesh," that is, that he should rule the human heart as Lord, and bestow eternal life on all whom God should give to him. We may here compare the great words in Matthew 28:18-19: "All power is given to me in heaven "All power is given to me in heaven and on earth. Go, therefore, and make disciples of all nations, etc."

V. 3. When "eternal life" is spoken of, we should not think of everlastingof, we should not think of everlasting-ness, but rather of full, perfect, un-restricted life, the life from which God is no longer hidden, but to which he stands immediately revealed. Jesus explains this here, when he says that eternal life consists in knowing God, and in acknowledging himself, God's messenger, as the true Messiah. Eternal life is thus a spiritual experience: it has to do with the quality

of existence, not with its duration.
Vs. 4-5. Jesus has "glorified" God on earth; that is, he has revealed God's true character and attributes.
He has finished the work which God committed to him, namely, to reconcile men to God, as far as that can be done in his life. Now he prays that, as he bows his head in death, the Father will give the world some glimpse of that eternal majesty which he enjoyed with God before the world began. In and women must weep," and mutual and women must weep," and mutual the with God before the world began. In other words, Jesus prays that the Cross may convince and convert the world, by showing men that he is the Son of the Father.

II. JESUS INTERCEDES FOR THE DIS-CIPLES. 6-17.

V. 6. Jesus on earth has made the meet.

### The Manuring of Farm Crops.

to farm knows that manure has value, years. many do not fully realize the extent they came up to receive their degrees. to which the manure when properly in the tables published in the report saved and applied increases the farm show that both barnyard manure and income. During the past twelve years commercial fertilizers considerably incomparisons have been made between creased the yields of mangels and hay barnyard manure and commercial fer- but that neither have increased very tilizers at the Central Experimental materially the yield of oats. Farm at Ottawa. Mr. E. S. Hopkins, respect to the results with the oats, it Dominion Field Husbandman, in his is explained in the report that the report for 1923, which is now being crop on the manured Some of them graduated at that distributed by the Publications Branch heavy that it lodged, which prevented of the Department, states that the proper filling. The unmanured crop comparisons were made on a four-year being lighter in the straw stood up rotation, which included mangels, and filled better. oats, clover hay and timothy hay.

Farm manure was applied to the mangel crop at the rate of 15 tons per Commercial fertilizers were applied on another portion of the land under experiment in the following manner: The mangel ground received a dressing of 100 pounds of nitrate fertilizers for the four crops in the of soda, 300 pounds of superphosphate lives were spent,
But, leaving us a portion of their spirit,
They gave their witness and they
diad content."

They gave their witness and they in the rotation there was applied 100 pounds of nitrate of soda to the acre. supplemented with commercial fertiltons of manure and one-half the quantity of fertilizers which were used in the area that received commercial fer-It is the mothers who can lead us tilizers alone, while the oats and two to do for the other mothers. They hay crops areas in this rotation each received 100 pounds of nitrate of soda. crops.

"name" of God plain to the disciples: that is, he has given them a new consciousness and a new experience of God's holy character and will. So long as Jesus has been with them in the world, they have been quite sure of God, and have kept his word.

Vs. 7-8. As the result of living in Jesus' presence, the disciples have confessed that all his deeds and words have been inspired divinely. They have been led to spiritual thoughts both as to his origin and as to his mission. Here we have plainly a reference back to what the disciples said in Chap. 16, verses 29, 30. But Jesus knows the perils which their untried faith will encounter when he himself is gone.

faith will encounter when he himself is gone.

Vs. 9-11. Therefore, he commits the disciples very solemnly and earnestly to God. He puts the world altogether from his thoughts, and concentrates all his mind on the future of these loved ones. They are his own, specially given to him by God, as the witnesses of his glory. Their need is very great because they are being left in a world which does not acknowledge them or their Master. The only secure confidence which Jesus has of their continuance in faith consists in their being held securely in God's almighty hand, and so he prays. "Hely Father, keep in thy name those whom thou hast given me." That is, keep them in that holy secret of the divine knowledge, which I received from Thee, and imparted in turn to them.

Vs. 12-14. This safe-keeping of the disciples in the holy knowledge of God has been possible while Jesus was on. is gone.

world of severe temptation. But this is what Jesus asks for his followers. He prays that God may "sanctify" them, make and keep them holy through the knowledge of the truth.

Application. INTERCESSION—Of all the types of prayer, this ranks highest. Abraham yearning over the righteous who may be found in the wicked city, Moses pleading with God on behalf of the people, Hezekiah praying for a revivat of religion, Nehemiah brooding over a great task and making supplication for the future of, his race; these\_are types of men of faith whose prayers were for others.

There is pathos in the lesson picture before us. It is the eve of a long

before us. It is the eve of a long farewell. The morrow will bring its tragedy, and beyond that the scatterrelations are to be severed. Hence-forth they will journey without their

leader. Jesus commits them to the care and guidance of God.

Such critical moments constantly occur in life. It is a great day full of solemn import, when a little lad sets out into a big new would for his fact. out into a big new world, for his first day at school. Mother watches him wistfully as he goes off without her. She will do well to pray with and for him at such a time. Family worship has a sclemp has her was the school of th intercession for dear ones, near and far, is ever an appropriate expression of vital faith. Those whom we love of vital faith. Those whom we may be far from us, over land or sea, but they are never far from God.
"Though sundered far, by faith they

The fourth area did not receive any manure or commercial fertilizer Although everyone who attempts throughout the entire period of 12

The outstanding points brought out

The lesson is drawn from this experiment that in farm practice the application of manure or commercial fertilizers should go to root crops, or other intertibled crops, or to hay.

In the matter of profit, the report shows that the cost of commercial rotation was \$20.59 per acres the value of the increased crop over that taken from the unmanured land was \$50.16 per acre. Some experience it is pointed out, is needed in order to get the most profitable results from the use of commercial fertilizers. For this reason a beginner should use it on a small area at first, learning from his experience. Beginners are invited to write to the Dominion Husbardma for guidance in the use of commercial fertilizers for the various kinds