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## Blames Lloyd George For the Recent Crisis Which Just Passed

Gardener Charges Lloyd George With Responsibility of Present Crisis—Says the Country Has Made a Choice Between Him and Asquith—Tells Lloyd George he Will no Longer Escape Exposure—Gardener Tells Minister he is an Agrarian Agitator—Tells Lloyd George he Was One of the Chief Architects of the Fallen Liberal Government

LONDON, April 22.—The displeasure expressed by Radicals over the attitude of Lloyd George culminated to-day in a remarkable open letter by Alfred G. Gardener, editor of the "Daily News," in which Gardener charges Lloyd George with responsibility for the Government crisis just passed.

"The crisis this week," says Gardener in his letter, "was the culmination of all your activities. The country has made its choice between Asquith and you. It heard much about Asquith from your friends of the Press. You escaped insult, you will escape exposure no longer. In the heated overwrought atmosphere of your mind you believe yourself a man of destiny. Democracy has been only a vehicle to you, not a faith. When the storm came, the adventurer within you made short work of the democrat. Now you could have had ten months power of a Napoleon whereof you once spoke to me. Parliament becomes a nuisance and democracy an embarrassment for a Napoleon making a new heaven and earth. You never understood nor liked Trade Unionism. You are essentially an agrarian agitator. This has been the crucial collision between you and Asquith. Throughout he sought to carry Labor with him. You, in an apocalyptic vision of yourself as saviour of Europe, turned to compulsion. You were one of the chief architects of the fallen Liberal Government and the establishment of the Coalition, but the new Government was not what you intended. Asquith, Grey and Kitchener remained, and it was subjected from the outset to that bitter, relentless attacks, and in wrong assuming you have been in close intimacy with the chief assailants of the Government?"

**A Little Joke.**  
Speaking of operas, remarks a contemporary, what did William Tell? Something funny evidently, for it made Lonegrain.

## Berlin Populace Grows Restless

Violent Outbreaks Before Reichstag Building—Soldiers Dispersed Crowds—Over 200 Killed

PARIS, April 20.—The Journal des Debats prints a Fournier News Agency despatch received by way of Basel, Switzerland, alleged that violent outbreaks occurred before the Reichstag buildings during Dr. Karl Liebknecht's recent interpellation. It asserts that the enormous crowd had to be held back by the troops who finally fired upon the people killing more than 200 persons.

## Turks Are Now Anxious For Peace

Agents Are Sounding Allied Circles on Behalf of Turkish Government—So Far all Efforts Have Led to Nothing—Turks in Bad Straits

LONDON, April 21.—A Salonika despatch to the "Chronicle" says: "I learn that intermediary agents are sounding Allied circles in more than one quarter on behalf of the Turkish Government, in order to find out what chances there are for separate peace. So far, I am informed, such efforts have led to nothing, but the disaster in Asia Minor may cause them to take a more direct form."

## Includes All White Sea And Arctic Ports

NEW YORK, April 21.—The Russian Government's decree closing Archangel to all ship's cargoes, except those exclusively for use by the Government has been broadened to include all the White Sea and Arctic ports.

No official explanation is forthcoming for the new order, but it is believed it has to do with the movement of Russian troops to France.

## GERMANY'S REFUSAL EXPECTED

German Foreign Office Very Reticent Over American Note—Associated Press Learns From High Quarters That Situation is Grave

BERLIN, April 21.—Nothing has as yet developed as a result of the receipt of the American Note to Germany, concerning Germany's submarine warfare. No expression of opinion is obtainable from the Foreign Office, where absolute reticence has been maintained. Neither the Note nor any reference to it has been published in Germany, and there is no intimation as yet when the Note will be made public.

Celebrations of Holy Week and Eastertide, therefore, are proceeding undisturbed by any knowledge of foreign complications. Ministers and other officials who were entitled to it, received a copy of the Note this morning, and were engaged during the day studying the document.

As far as the Associated Press has been made acquainted with the sentiment in higher quarters, it would be wrong to regard the situation as anything but extremely grave. The Note will probably be answered some time next week, after serious consideration has been given to the American contention, but there is little hope that any answer can go to the length demanded by the Washington Government, despite the fact that the Government desires to maintain good relations with the States. Sentiment is against any further weakening of Germany's submarine campaign, to say nothing about the abandonment of it.

## RUSSIANS GET GREAT RECEPTION

French Folk Tender Them a Royal Welcome—Expected That a Quarter of a Million Russians Will be Sent to France This Spring

PARIS, April 20.—A strong force of Russian troops disembarked at Marseilles to-day. The Russians are to fight beside the Allied soldiers in France.

General Joffre welcomed the Russians in an Order of the Day, saying their arrival was another striking proof of the devotion of Russia to the common cause.

MARSEILLES, April 21.—The coming of the Russian troops to the Western front has been talked of by military people for two or three months. The reason, as now explained, is that it is easier for Russia to supply fighting material to Russian troops on the Western front than on the Eastern. In Russia there are still many hundred of thousands more men under training than she can use on her fighting lines, because the Russian problem continues to be not how to get men, but munitions. The Allies can provide complete equipment for the Russians more easily in France than by shipping to Russia. Possibly a quarter of a million men will be sent into France this spring.

MARSEILLES, April 20.—The Russian National Anthem was sung as the first transport, La Touche Treville drew up. The Russian officers and sailors were lined up along the decks and on the bridges of the transports. Russian bands played, the Marseillaise as the debarkation began, and cheers went up from the Russians on the transports. General Lochwescy, commander of the Russian forces, was received with military honors by General Menaissier, the Governor of Marseilles and Genl. Gverin, representing Genl. Joffre. A notable gathering of Russian and French officials joined in the exchange of salutations and the Russian and French soldiers were let loose amid salvos of cheers, while cannon roared in exchange of salutes.

OTHER MESSAGES ON PAGE 2.



THE JUNIOR PARTNERS. FRANK: "THINGS SEEM TO BE AT A STANDSTILL IN MY DEPARTMENT." BELAS: "I ONLY WISH I COULD SAY THE SAME OF MINE." PINCH.

## BERNSTORFF IS FEELING ANXIOUS

Had a Conference With Lansing—Is Desirous of Preventing a Break in Relations—Germany Must Answer Note First Before There Can be Any Further Discussion

WASHINGTON, April 21.—Count von Bernstorff, German Ambassador called at the State Department to-day, and had twenty-five minutes conference with Secretary Lansing in the desire to prevent a break between his country and the United States.

The President having laid down the condition that there must be an abandonment of the present submarine methods, Lansing takes the view that there must be a direct formal response from the German Government itself, before there can be a discussion of the various phases of the subject, or of any alternative propositions short of absolute compliance with the American demands.

## Turks Lose Heavily In Late Attack

In Places 1200 to 1500 Turks Were Counted Dead—Enemy Lost 3000 Men on Nights of April 17-18—Attacks Led by German Officers

LONDON, April 21.—The recent attacks by the Turks on the British forces along the Tigris were made by about 10,000 men, and cost them heavy losses.

An official statement says: "They came on in dense formation and penetrated part of our front. Within 500 yards of the front of one of our brigades alone, 1,200 to 1,500 dead Turks were counted, and it is reported that they are lying thick farther out. Their killed on the night of April 17-18 are estimated at more than 3,000. In several instances the attacks were led by Germans, some of whom were killed. Apparently the enemy supposed that part of our troops were isolated by floods, and they had a chance of overwhelming us, as a matter of fact, supports were moving up at the time.

Our total casualties in killed, wounded and missing, though very considerable, are less than the Turkish killed.

On the 13th stormy weather made aircraft reconnaissance difficult. Floods are spreading and the river is still very high.

LONDON, April 20 (Official).—Previous to the Turkish counter-attack

## SPLENDID RESPONSE OF AUSTRALIA

Has 200,000 Men at the Front at an Annual Cost of \$50,000,000—Is Drilling Another 100,000—Will Leave no Stone Unturned to Aid Entente Allies

NEW YORK, April 22.—Australia, with 200,000 men at the front at an annual cost to the country of \$50,000,000, is drilling another 100,000 soldiers, and is prepared to exhaust her resources of men and wealth to aid the Entente Allies, according to T. J. Ryan, the Prime Minister.

The Attorney General of Queensland, who arrived here to-day with other members of an official party on their way to London. As an evidence of the patriotism which is felt all over Australia toward the Allied cause in the war, Premier Ryan stated, he is carrying a set of engrossed resolutions from Queensland, from the Irish Association, endorsing the activities of John Redmond, endeavoring to get all Irishmen to enlist in the army.

## Will Fight Side by Side With French

Russian Troops Glad of Opportunity to Join Hands With Their French Brothers—Russian Officer Says This is Real Purpose of Our Being in France

MARSEILLES, April 22.—One of the superior officers of the Russian troops received an Associated Press correspondent in his tent at the camp near Mirabeau. The officer expressed satisfaction over the opportunity given the Russian troops to join hands with their French brothers. "The real purpose of this sending of Russian troops to France," said the officer, "is to demonstrate the profound sentiment, admiration and respect Russia has for her Ally. Our soldiers, who have just disembarked, doubtless will fight side by side with the French on French soil. I will be proud to see the soldiers of both nations thus marching together."

The enemy left between 200 and 300 dead in the captured trenches. Two field guns, five machine guns, and prisoners aggregating 180 including 8 officers, also were taken. Our losses were comparatively small. An aeroplane reconnaissance after the enemy's counter-attack disclosed the fact that a large number of Turkish ambulances were busy all day removing the wounded.

## Huns Again Bombard the French Positions In Region of Verdun

### Will Support Wilson's Stand

New York Republicans Adopt Resolution Pledging Unqualified Support To Wilson And Congress

ALBANY, N. Y., April 20.—The Republican Legislature of the New York State in the closing hours of the 1916 session to-night adopted a resolution pledging its unqualified support to President Wilson and Congress in any action necessary to maintain the action's honour, and its willingness to support Governor Whitman in any exercise of authority for that purpose to the full extent of the resource of the State.

### Says Prudence Is Essential At Present

Spanish Government Forbids Meeting to Protest Against Sinking of Steamer Vigo Owing to Present Disturbed Conditions—Germans Claim Vigo Was Carrying Contraband

PARIS, April 21.—A Madrid despatch to the Temps says that a meeting, which was to be held to protest against the torpedoing of the Spanish steamer Vigo, in the Bay of Biscay, has been forbidden by the Spanish Government, on the ground that prudence is essential under the present disturbed conditions.

Leaders of the Republican, Radical and Socialist parties made arrangements for the meeting. The Spanish Government received a number of telegrams of protest seeking to obtain satisfaction from Germany for the loss of the Vigo.

The German Embassy has issued an announcement to the effect that the Vigo was torpedoed because she was carrying contraband, and that time was given to the crew to leave the vessel.

WASHINGTON, April 22.—The American consul at Lisbon reported to-day that the Norwegian steamer Terjiviken, which sunk April 16th off Lisbon Hr., struck a floating mine, and that all of board were saved, including two Americans.

Germans Heavily Bombarding French Positions Around Verdun—In East Galicia Russians Repulse a German Attack Near Popovogora—Artillery Duels on Austro-Italian Front—No Important Change in Positions Has Taken Place—Turks Admit Occupation of Trebizond by Russians but Claim Town Had Already Been Evacuated in Accordance With Instructions

LONDON, April 22.—On all fronts around Verdun the Germans are heavily bombarding the French positions, especially those occupied by the French in their last attack around Le Mort Homme, north-west of the fortress and in the sector from the eastern bank of the Meuse to Fort Vanx. No infantry engagements have taken place around Verdun, although Paris records the occupation of the portion of a crater made by a German mine in the Argonne Forest.

The Teutons in East Galicia, near Popovogora, went on the offensive against the Russians, but Petrograd asserts their efforts were without result. Bombardment by the Germans of the Russians holding the Izkahl bridgehead is still in progress. Farther south of this point, west of Olyka, and north of Mourvitzka the Germans essayed an attempt against the Russian trenches, but were repulsed.

On the Austro-Italian front there have been the usual artillery duels, and at various points small infantry engagements. At no point, however, has any important change in the position taken place.

Petrograd reports the Russian Caucasus army continues on the offensive against the Turks in the Black Sea district in Asia Minor. Constantinople, acknowledging the occupation of Trebizond by the Russians, says, the town had already been evacuated in anticipation of its capture, Turkish troops withdrawing in accordance with instructions to a sector where they will have a new task to fulfil.

### Danish Steamer Esbjerg Captured

COPENHAGEN, April 22.—The Danish steamer Esbjerg, bound from Bordeaux for Copenhagen with a cargo of wire, has been seized by a German cruiser in the Cattegat and taken to Swinemunde.

This is the first time the Germans have captured a Danish vessel laden with goods bought in an enemy country, and bound for Denmark.

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