

Port, and concludes by recommending a spirit of harmony and cordiality between the different branches of the Legislature. As this is a new House, in consequence of the passing of the Quadriennial Bill, the different officers were elected on the first day of the Session. Wm. Cooper, Esq. was chosen Speaker, Mr. Wm. Cullen, was re-elected Clerk, and Mr. S. Desbrey, Sergeant at Arms.

UNITED STATES

GREAT FIRE IN BOSTON.—On Thursday morning the 24th ult., a fire broke out in the Iron Foundry of Haskell & Turner, in Haverhill Street, which consumed thirty-five buildings, including shops, stables, &c. Estimated loss, \$60,000. The district was composed almost entirely of mechanics' workshops. About 500 of this useful class of people have been thrown out of employment by the fire.—*St. John Courier.*

BY THE ACADIAN.—Boston papers to the 2nd were received. A severe storm was experienced at New York on Saturday the 26th ult. On the North River side the Cellars in Washington Market were overflowed—the same in West street throughout its whole extent.

All the cellars in South Street, from Whitehall to Market Street, were filled with water, as were also those in Maiden lane, as high as Pearl street, and some in Pearl street. Large amounts of property stored in these cellars must be more or less damaged. People passed in boats from South street up as far as Pearl street. Castle Garden was overflowed, and bridges and houses inundated to considerable extent. The same with South Ferry Bridge and houses to the depth of about four feet.

Large quantities of timber, barrels, &c. were floated up Broad street to Pearl street, the tide flowing up as far as Marketfield street to Broad. Several houses were unroofed and many chimnies blown down. The roof of the large tobacco inspection building was taken off, as were also the roofs of several buildings on Long Island, opposite Blackwell's Island.

Two or three sloops sunk on the East River side, and heavy damages were done to the shipping. The tin roofing in some places was loosened, and rolled off like a piece of broadcloth. The whole city, at the time the boat left on Sunday morning, was a scene of havoc and confusion. Two or three lives were reported to have been lost; and several persons had been been seriously injured by the falling of chimnies and roofs.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LATER FROM ENGLAND.—The packet ship England arrived at New York on Tuesday afternoon, bringing London dates to the 19th December, and Liverpool to the 20th. and the prisoners were put into irons.

The Greenwich Advertiser says that surveys have for some time been in progress, preparatory to the fortification of the entrances of the Thames and Medway, at the expense of \$1,500,000.

The Tampico Telegraph of the 27th December, announces the intelligence that the blockade of that Port has been raised. Tampico, it will be remembered is in possession of the party opposed to the Government, and the French Admiral has shown every disposition to be lenient towards them.

Lord Durham had declined receiving the deputation appointed to present the Address of the Westminster Reform Association, on the ground that the objects of the meeting, and the sentiments expressed by the speakers, were not in accordance with those expressed in the Address, and his own opinions.

Accounts from Athens to the 29th of November state that serious disturbances had broken out in the Morea, and that it had been proposed in the King's Cabinet to proclaim martial law.

One of the London papers says, that it is enabled to declare that the Emperor of Russia has recently given to our government, the most frank assurances of his pacific feeling towards this country, and the most positive denial of his hav-

ing had recourse to any measures, either open or secret tending to the injury of British interests in any quarter whatever.

The Great Western was to sail from Bristol on the 19th of January.

MALTA, Dec. 1.—The Queen Dowager of England has arrived here in the Hastings, and has created great excitement; for the first time the royal standard of England has been seen to float from the castle of La Vallette.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

We have been favoured with London and Cork papers of the 13th January, received by the Inconstant, and find them principally filled with details of a most fearful storm on the Coast of England and Ireland, by which an incalculable amount of damage has been done to landed property and Shipping. In Phoenix Park Dublin, above a thousand trees had been plucked up by the roots, the houses unroofed and chimnies blown down to a dreadful extent.—The accounts from the different ports are most awful—Two American lines of Packets ships were lost, the Pennsylvania and Oxford, and it is said the St. Andrews is on shore in Bootle Bay. The crew and passengers of the Pennsylvania were not saved—Another ship "The Lockwoods" belonging to St. John, N. B. was totally lost; and out of 108 passengers only a few were saved—to these may be added the loss of an untold number of coasting vessels, the accounts of which were pouring in when the Inconstant left. H. M. B. Magnet (January packet) sailed at the commencement of the storm, on the 6th, and put back; she sailed again on the 9th, a week before the Inconstant, and is not yet arrived. The Inconstant made Sable Island in twelve days from Cork.

Amidst other items of news, we find—the Centenary fund Dec. 12, amounted to £67,000.

The Agitator Stephens (Rev. J. R.) has been arrested, on account of seditious language used at public meetings. The country appears in a most unsettled state. Radical "demonstrations," as they are called, have been held in many of the large towns, and in two villages in Yorkshire, it is said the inhabitants are subscribing 6d per week for the purchase of fire arms. The manufacture of pikes has been carried on in open day.

The Canadian prisoners who went home from Quebec in the barque Captain Ross, after an attempt at mutiny on the passage, arrived safe in Liverpool, were transmitted on the railway to London and lodged in Newgate. Messrs. Rorback and Hume have moved for writs of Habeas Corpus; their re-transportation is in consequence delayed, and their case will shortly come on before Justice Littledale.

In Ireland—Lord Norbury had been shot.

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.—On Wednesday week Mr. McKenzie lectured on Hydrostatics. Last week Dr. Cogswell delivered an able lecture on Physiology. While we regretted the low tone in which Dr. C. read his lecture, on account of the loss many sustained who were not so fortunately situated as ourselves, we deeply regretted some of the remarks used in the conversation that ensued; the object ought not to be to discourage a young lecturer; neither should the idea be thrown out, that no allusion should be made to the works of the Creator, lest men should express a difference of opinion respecting them.

MARRIED.

On Tuesday evening, by the Rev. E. A. Crawley, A. M. Rev. S. Black, Esq. M. D. to Mary Theresa, only daughter of Mr. John Ferguson.

At New Harbour, on the 11th December, 1838, by the Rev. Alexander W. McLeod, Mr. John Edward Miller to Mrs. Eunice Catharine, widow of the late — Nickerson, both of the Parish of Guysboro.

On the 27th of December, at the Mission-House, by the same, Mr. Matthew Gammon of the Parish of Canoe to Miss Mary Ann Luddington of the Parish of Guysboro.

On the 25th ult., (Jan. 1839) by the same, Mr. Alexander Fraser of the Parish of Guysboro to Miss Elizabeth Wilson, of the Parish of Manchester.

DIED.

At Wilmot, near Lawrencetown, January 25th, Mrs. William Merry, aged 72 years, entirely resigned to her Divine Master's will, in full hope of meeting her Redeemer at the Right hand of God.

Drowned at Lunenburg, on Thursday the 17th Jan. Master James Godfrey Rudolf, eldest son of Mr. Michael Rudolf, in the 15th year of his age, leaving a numerous circle of friends and relatives to mourn his loss.