

**HOMEOPATHIC CONGRESS.**—The homeopaths have announced a grand congress, which is to be held at Nice on the 10th of April, 1857. All medical men, whether favorable or unfavorable to Hahnemann's doctrines, are to be admitted; but it remains to be seen to what extent the supporters of rational medicine will get a hearing.—*Lancet*.

### Journal of Homeopathy.

A number of articles are deferred in consequence of the length to which friend T. N. has drawn out his excellent article on the "Misrepresentations of Homeopathy." His articles answer many of the objections urged against homeopathy, and afford reliable information of the progress and present state of homeopathy in various parts of the world wherever it has been introduced.

We hear it rumored that Professor W. A. Gardner has resigned the chair of Anatomy and Physiology, which he has so long and ably filled in the Pennsylvania Homeopathic College.—We hope it is not true, for so accomplished and popular a lecturer will with difficulty be found to fill his place.

A semi-annual meeting of the Homeopathic Medical Society of Canada will be held in Woodstock on the September next. Professor Gatchell, of Cleveland, O., is expected to deliver an address. We hope to see all the homeopathic physicians in the Province present, especially those who found it inconvenient to attend the annual meeting in Toronto. We expect homeopathy to increase in this province, but will be disappointed unless all will devote their time in accomplishing it. Now, gentlemen, do not stay away, thinking it will make but little difference if you are ab-

sent. We must tell you it will if but one is absent of our whole number, so turn ye out all, and we pledge you that you will go away satisfied that your time was well spent.

For the Homeopathic Journal.

### THE MISREPRESENTATIONS OF HOMEOPATHY.

(CONTINUED FROM OUR LAST NO.)

6. *Allopathic physicians never use homeopathic drugs.* "Our allopathic step-brethren," as Hahnemann somewhat ungraciously styles the "orthodox" portion of the profession, are very fond of asserting that they are the "ever-faithful, never-changing" disciples of Hippocrates and Galen, and that they have nothing to do with the miserable delusion of the arch-quack Hahnemann.

In inquiring into this point, it is necessary to draw a rigid line of demarcation between the two rival systems—the Hippocratic and the Hahnemannian—and, accordingly, I shall commence by defining allopathy and homeopathy.

On turning to the admirable Medical Lexicon of Professor Dunglison, I find that eminent allopathic physician defining as follows:—"ALLOPATHIC, *allopathicus, allaopathic, allaopathicus, allopathes, heteropathic*, from *allos*, 'another,' and *pathos*, 'affection.' Relating to the ordinary method of medical practice, in contradistinction to the homeopathic."

And again, "ALLOPATHY, *allopathia, allaopathia, hypenantioses, hypenantiosma, curatio contrariorum per contraria*, same etymon. The opposite to homeopathy. The ordinary medical practice."

Homeopathy is thus defined:—"HOMEOPATHY, *homoeopathia, arshomoeopathica, homeopathy*, from *omoios*, 'like,' and *pathos*, 'affection.' A fanciful doc-