

have been coming to our help in this matter. Just lately, others of God's stewards have heard the call of our needy little brown sisters, so that now Miss Pratt can begin the building of the much-longed-for addition. There is still the opportunity for others to have a share in this good work. God pays the dividends on these schools.

Simeoe, Ontario.

MISSIONARY NEWS.

Our work in Bolivia is so near the great United States of Brazil that we shall be glad to know what mission work is being done there. As a matter of fact, there are fewer missionaries at work there in proportion to the population than in either India or China. Our Baptist force numbers 23 missionaries, 20 of whom are married. These men and women are under the Southern Baptist Convention of the United States of America. There are 142 churches, with about 10,000 members, and 500 outstations, 9 primary schools, and 4 High Schools, besides Rio de Janeiro College and Seminary, with three hundred students. Do we all realize that Brazil is not only the largest of the 13 states in South America, but is large enough to hold within its borders the United States of America and the German Empire?

Here is an interesting item from the centre of the war district. A private letter written at Constantinople while the Bulgarian cannon were booming near at hand, says: "The girls of Gedik Pasha School, of various races, Turk, Armenian, Greek and others, meet to sew for the wounded soldiers, and as they sew they chat together harmoniously and sing the songs they had learned in the school. It is curious to see Greek, Armenian and Turkish girls sewing for soldiers who are fighting Greece, and hear them singing, "Star Spangled Banner."

A summer's day trip from Peitaibo to the Great Wall of China, about twenty-five miles away, impressed Mr. DeHaan with the magnificence of that revelation of China's enterprise:—

"One stands amazed at the very audacity of the plan, namely, to build a high brick-and stone wall along the whole northern border of the country, extending for hundreds and hundreds of miles, yes, into the thousands. The Chinese call it the 3,333 mile wall. It is built over mountain and valley regardless of the stupendous difficulties involved. The monarch who built the wall so as to protect the nation from the Tartar invaders on the north can be compared to the Pharaoh of Egypt who built the pyramids, although the latter, perhaps, are less of a wonder than this wall. Millions of Chinese built their lives into this wall. All natural formations were used where possible, so that the actual wall completes what nature tried to do when it threw up these mighty mountain ranges during past geological times. This wall is perhaps twice as wide at the base as at the top, and the top is broad enough for a four-horse team and wagon to drive upon and still have room to spare. Its height varies according to the location. I saw places where it must have been almost fifty feet high and mostly built out of solid stone facing, filled in with dirt. The bricks used are large, often weighing fifty pounds. The lime used is remarkable, for in many places it has stood the wear and tear of the climate better than the brick and stone. This wall was first built in the third century before Christ, which would make it at least 2,100 years old. It has been repaired since then in places. It will always occupy a place as one of the wonders of the world."—The Missionary Herald.

Many interested friends will rejoice with the Mission to Lepers in their