

The Royal Family.

THE QUEEN.

VICTORIA, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, &c., Queen, Defender of the Faith, Empress of India. Her Majesty was born at Kensington Palace, May 24, 1819; succeeded to the throne June 20, 1837, on the death of her uncle, King William IV.; was crowned June 28, 1838; and married February 10, 1840, to his late Royal Highness Prince Albert. Her Majesty is the only child of his late Royal Highness Edward Duke of Kent, son of King George III. The children of Her Majesty are:—

Her Royal Highness VICTORIA-Adelaide Mary-Louisa, PRINCESS ROYAL OF ENGLAND AND GERMANY, born November 21, 1840, and married to his Imperial Highness Frederick William, Crown Prince of Germany, January 25, 1858, and has issue five sons and four daughters.

His Royal Highness ALBERT-EDWARD, PRINCE OF WALES, born November 9, 1841; married March 10, 1863, Alexandra of Denmark (Princess of Wales), born December 1, 1844, and has issue three sons and three daughters.

Her Royal Highness Alice-Maud-Mary, born April 25, 1843, married to H. R. H. Prince Frederick Louis of Hesse, July 1, 1862; died December 14, 1878 and had issue two sons and five daughters.

His Royal Highness Alfred-Ernest-Albert, Duke of Edinburgh, Earl of Kent and Earl of Ulster, born August 6, 1844; married to the Grand Duchess Marie-Alexandrovna, and has issue one son and two daughters.

Her Royal Highness Helena Augusta-Victoria, born May 25, 1846; married July 5, 1866, Prince Frederick Christian of Schleswig Holstein, and has issue three sons and two daughters.

Her Royal Highness Louisa-Caroline-Alberta, born March 18, 1848; married March 23, 1871, to the Marquis of Lorne, Governor General of Canada.

His Royal Highness Arthur-William-Patrick-Albert, K. G., born May 1, 1850; married March 13, 1879, to Her Royal Highness Princess Louisa Margaret.

His Royal Highness Leopold-George-Duncan-Albert, born April 7, 1853.

Her Royal Highness Beatrice-Mary-Victoria-Feodore, born April 14, 1857.

TO MAKE YOUR STRAWBERRY bed bear well next year, work it out thoroughly and manure well as soon as it is through bearing. Don't put it off until the bed is filled with weeds and grass. First plough or spade the ground between the rows, cutting the rows down narrower; then work the rows out well with a fork potato-digger, and scatter in them a good quantity of well-rotted compost, guano, or poudrette. It is a good plan to draw fresh earth in among the plants.

The best and most thoughtful newspapers now allow contributors to the wastebasket to write on both sides of the sheet.

A reporter who had escaped from a fighting crowd said there was too much "missilaneous matter" in the affair to suit him.

JANUARY.—In the ordinary old English sense, we have no spring time in Canada. We make a sudden jump from the snows of winter to the sowing time. All the more necessity, therefore, to make good use of the long months of winter. To a thoughtful worker, there are no idle periods. A farmer can and ought to study carefully the best methods of tillage, and as this is an age of improvements in all kinds of machinery, it would be well to procure the best. Repairs may be done. But as before we have recommended the best periodicals and the best works on Farming, so now again we urge our friends, especially our young men, to procure the standard works of the best authors. The time is past for ridiculing book learning relating to the whole theory and practice of Agriculture.

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