

"BORE" PARK THE ISSUE IN MONCTON CIVIC ELECTION

Dr. Botsford, Who Advocated It, De-
feated Yesterday for Mayor

Dr. Steeves Defeated Him by 207
Majority—Make Up of New
Council—Frederickson Man Sells
Valuable Property—Death of
Samuel Dunn, Former Lumber
Operator.

Moncton, N. B., Jan. 30.—(Special)—The municipal contest today resulted in the election of Dr. E. O. Steeves by a majority of 207. In consequence of the aldermen being elected by acclamation the election was much quieter than usual, very little interest being taken in the contest.

The "Bore" park question was the principal issue in the contest and, as expected, the west end of the city went solidly against Dr. Botsford, who was one of the prime movers in the project. Ward 1 gave Dr. Botsford a majority of 63. The vote by wards is as follows:

Ward 1—Steeves, 49; Botsford, 112.
Ward 2—Steeves, 215; Botsford, 47.
Ward 3—Steeves, 104; Botsford, 47.
Ward 4—Steeves, 104; Botsford, 47.

The new council stands:—H. E. Steeves, alderman at large, J. E. Masters and W. C. Robinson.

Ward 1—Dr. L. N. Bourque and W. H. Edgett.
Ward 2—Dr. Purdy and D. I. Welch.
Ward 3—E. A. Fryers and Rod McLean.

L. W. Johnston, of Fredericton, has sold his brick building on Main street to Lounsbury & Co., dealers in farming implements, etc. The purchase price was between \$25,000 and \$30,000.

News was received here today of the death of Merrill, Wisconsin, of Samuel Dunn, a former well known lumber operator in Queens and Kent counties. He was a brother of A. Dunn, of Harcourt, and belonged to one of Queens county's old families. He is survived by a widow.

BARRED OUT AFTER LONG SERVICE IN U. S. ARMY AND NAVY

John J. Bowes Refused Admission to
Country Because He Was Wounded
in Uncle Sam's Defence, But is Still
a British Subject.

Boston, Jan. 30.—Although he has served three enlistments under the flag of the United States, and in the navy, once in the regular army, and once as a volunteer, from each of which he received an honorable discharge, John J. Bowes will be refused admittance to the United States, unless the immigration authorities receive assurance that he will not become a public charge.

Bowes is a native of Great Britain, and despite his military service here he has never been naturalized. He arrived at this port Jan. 19, and was detained on the ground that he might be a public charge. He was suffering from rheumatism and a bullet wound received while serving in the Philippines, which has never properly healed. The immigration officials here and at Washington are endeavoring to have Bowes admitted to a soldier's home.

The officials here say that Bowes is not eligible for admission to the United States, and will have to be deported unless some one guarantees to care for him.

St. Martin's Items.

St. Martin's, Feb. 1.—Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Vaughan, and their daughter left this week for the south, where they will spend the remainder of the winter.

Robert Gilmore, who has been visiting his parents, Dr. and Mrs. H. E. Gilmore, has returned to the city, where he will resume work in the bank of B. N. A.

Allan Kennedy, who has been spending a few days here, has returned to Ketchikan.

At the regular meeting of the St. Martin's Division, No. 184, S. of T., held on Tuesday evening, Miss Sarah McLean and Miss Evelyn Plowman, of Bay View, were duly initiated as members of the order.

Edwin Lewis, who went to Point Wolfe to attend the funeral of his son, Roland, whose drowning occurred at that place on Jan. 25, returned here on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Cudlip Miller, jr., are receiving congratulations from their many friends on the arrival of a daughter.

Chatham News.

Chatham, Jan. 31.—Mrs. George Morris fell on the ice while crossing her yard this forenoon and broke her arm.

While removing a stick from a wood pile in the basement of St. Andrew's church on Sunday, the Sexton, Abel Simons, lost his balance, fell and broke his collar bone.

School Inspector Dixon was in town yesterday.

Rev. J. B. MacLean read a very interesting paper on "Browning's Treatment of Immortality," at the meeting of the Miramichi Natural History Association last evening.

The Ontario house and post office building is being heated by Mr. Waterbury, of the public works department, St. John, to find out what repairs are needed.

A Different Dye

It used to be, one dye for all; another for wool, yet another for cotton.

DYOLA is a DIFFERENT dye. The SAME package dyes ANYTHING in cloth. Gives extra shades that the sun won't dim.

With the exception of green and purple, DYOLA does not stain the hands or boiler.

For doing the washes of drapes, gowns and things, no dye is so easy, so satisfactory, so economical as DYOLA.

VERY DIRTY POLITICS

Mr. Balfour's Reply to a Very Old Story

An Attempt to Connect Him
With the South African War
Scandals Because His Grand-
father Was an Army Con-
tractor a Century Ago.

The depths to which political partisans will sometimes sink is exhibited in a handbill which has been circulated in East Main street for the purpose of indirectly reflecting on the character of Mr. Balfour, says the London Daily Mail. It is as follows:—

WAR SUPPLIES, SCANDALS, PAST AND PRESENT.

"Memoirs of George Evers," Captain of the 12th Regiment of Foot, born 1777, died 1842. Edited from the original MSS. by Lord Monson and George Leveson Gower, London, William Heinemann, 1903.

"There was living at Madras at this time a civilian named James Balfour. He had been summoned the service for taking a bribe as a present from some of the natives."

"He got restored, and as I had parted with all my horses he was so kind as to lend me one to ride, and I felt him. He was a great, tall, rough brute to ride, but he was better than none."

"The Honorable Basil Cockburn had bought a house in Grosvenor square, and made a very handsome fortune, but he kept open house for every officer in the navy, from the poor mid to the post captain. This must have reduced his means of saving a very large fortune, which he might otherwise have done."

James Balfour, soon after I left India, got Cockburn's situation. He only held it a very few years, and he made £300,000, and left a Scotchman, by the name of MacDonell, to act for him at an allowance of £6,000 per annum."

"Balfour made this enormous fortune in about four years, as he told me."

"He bought a house in Grosvenor square, became an M. P., and married a daughter of the Earl of Lauderdale. He did not, like Cockburn, keep open house, or if he did it was only the doors and windows."

James Balfour, of Whittingham (N. B.), married Lady Elinor Maitland, daughter of George, eighth Earl of Lauderdale, and left a son, James Maitland.

James Maitland Balfour married Blanche Cecil, sister to the late Lord Salisbury, and began a son, James Balfour.

Arthur James Balfour is an ex-managing director of the affairs of state that permitted the South African war stores scandal."

Does Bredt tell? If it does, every vote given to a Conservative is a vote given to the "Imperial Thieves' Kitchen."

Printed and Published by Stanley & Co., 38 Westgate, Huddersfield.

Mr. Balfour's attention having been drawn to the handbill by a correspondent, he has replied:

"I have not read the book of which you tell me an extract is being circulated by my opponents, and I know nothing whatever of the scandal which it contains."

The extract, however, seems to have been completely misunderstood by those who are now endeavoring to turn it to political account. The scandal which it contains conveys an accusation against my grandfather."

"But, granting for the sake of argument that this misrepresentation is correct, what are we to think of those who print and scatter broadcast a charge 100 years old against a man who has been sixty years in the grave simply because he was the grandfather of a candidate whose own merits or demerits have been for thirty-three years before the public?"

"Memoirs can easily read, no lower depth!—Arthur James Balfour."

Liberals in East Manchester disclaim any knowledge of the circular.

NEARLY 1,000,000 STARVING IN JAPAN

Jap Government to Ask Britain About
Reform in Their Army.

Tokio, Jan. 31.—At a meeting of the budget committee of the diet today, Mr. the minister of the progressive party, interpellated General Terachi, minister of war, as to whether the government was the result of the Anglo-Japanese alliance, intended to the British government to reform its army organization. The minister replied that the government would do so at some future date.

The emperor has donated \$25,000 of the relief of the famine sufferers. According to the latest returns nearly 1,000,000 persons in Japan are on the verge of starvation.

A Bitter Pill.

London, Feb. 1.—The cablegram from Tokyo announcing that the leader of the progressive party of Japan interpellated the minister of war as to whether the Anglo-Japanese alliance, intended to the British government to reform its army organization, to which the minister replied that the government would do so at some future date, is likely to cause a sensation throughout Great Britain.

For the moment most of the papers refrain from comment under the idea that a wrong impression might have been conveyed through a close telegraphic summary or by a telegraphic error.

The Daily Mail says it is reluctant to believe that the common rules of international courtesy have been intentionally disregarded. It expresses the belief that the statement of General Terachi will result in diplomatic correspondence.

The Daily News, in an editorial, says that "it is not an agreeable pill for a proud people to swallow," and points with dramatic emphasis to the extraordinary story of the last twenty years since the Gilbert and Sullivan opera "The Mikado," represented "Our Nation's Japan."

The paper adds that "if this miracle happened twenty years, what may not happen in fifty years?"

Joe! Wheeler—The Last Parade.

Under the stars where the heroes died, under two flags and he served them well—And the tears were in his eyes as men, slow moved the cannon-bed that drew the old man who led the blue.

And peace came over the hearts of men, And over their lips a sigh.

Plumes of sable and straps of gold, Long was the fight, and his hand was old. Ere he turned for sleep to the morning stars.

His sabre lay at rest, Clatter of cavalry, clasp of steel, Flash of uniform, roll of wheel—But his eyes are sleeping beneath the stars.

And the Stripes lie over his breast, And the Stripes lie over his breast, And the Stripes lie over his breast.

CORK ARMS FOIL EFFORT TO BROWNI Volack, Wary of Life, Leaps Off West Boston Bridge, But Struggles Vainly for Death Till Pulled Out.

Boston, Jan. 30.—With his two cork arms holding his head above water, despite his desperate efforts to pull them down, Charles Volack, after jumping from the West Boston bridge, fought for death in the water, but was rescued by the police.

Volack had been fitted with a pair of cork arms, which, while they served well as far as appearance went, were of little use when it came to working. He was derided about looking for work in vain. Gradually his money went until none remained and he was left on the charity of a poor relative. Life became desperate and he decided to seek death in the Charles river.

Then it was that telephone linemen at work laying wires across the new bridge heard the noise of Volack's struggling and ran to assist him. The Italian seemed to be in a life and death struggle. He whirled about, his face set and desperate, bawling the water with his arms, while the men on shore, believing him to be drowning, hastened to get assistance.

Volack saw them coming, and with a scream of rage doubled his efforts to drown. He leaped the water into foam, and tugged frantically at his floating cork arms.

His evident increasing distress, as shown in his greater efforts, incited the rescuers to attempt to reach him. Volack struggled. Then one of the rescuers caught him by the head and held him, still fighting, until a rope could be passed beneath his arms. By this means he was drawn into the boat and held from exhaustion.

It was in Volack's little effort that the Italian finally unfolded the tale of his hard luck and suffering with his climax in the river, when even death was denied him at the hands of fate.

"Memoirs can easily read, no lower depth!—Arthur James Balfour."

Liberals in East Manchester disclaim any knowledge of the circular.

ROTHSCHILD COLONY COMING TO CANADA

London, Jan. 31.—A scheme has been projected under which Lord Rothschild, at his own expense, will send 500 families to Canada. Fifty of these families will leave England Feb. 13. The scheme forms a part of the Rothschild colony project.

The emigrants will be provided with clothes and food, and the cost of their passage, situations on their arrival, and sums of money to guard against emergencies.

The total cost for each adult is placed at \$20, which must be repaid in instalments. It is expected that when the allotted fund shall have been repaid, 200 additional families will be sent to Canada under the same plan. Agents who have made investigations report that there are openings in Canada for 10,000 respectable souls.

Sackville Happenings.

Sackville, Feb. 1.—The death of Joseph Ogden occurred on Thursday at the home of his sister, Mrs. Samuel Ogden, of Sackville. He was seventy-three years old and unmarried. He has been a sufferer for some months with cancer of the stomach. The funeral took place Friday and was attended by Rev. C. Fleming.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Dobson are mourning the loss of their infant daughter, Hilma, whose death occurred this morning from pneumonia.

The news reached here yesterday of the death of Mrs. R. T. Hite, at Philadelphia. Mrs. Hite was a native of Sackville, and a daughter of the late Wm. Boultonhouse. She has many friends here who will regret to hear of her decease.

Mr. and Mrs. Adam Ames are rejoicing over the arrival of a son.

John Clair met with a serious accident at the Enterprise Foundry Monday, resulting in the loss of three of his fingers.

A little daughter has arrived to gladden the home of Mr. and Mrs. Bedford Bowdler.

The first carnival of the season will be held in the new curling rink on Friday evening. Sackville Cornet Band will be in attendance.

Mrs. Cynthia Dobson is critically ill at the home of her sister, Mrs. Thomas Brownell, Joliette.

Mrs. E. H. Tingley, Joliette, is seriously ill with pleurisy; her eldest daughter, Alice, is prostrated with pneumonia and two of the younger children are critically ill.

Rev. Geo. Steel, pastor of Sackville Methodist church, has received a unanimous invitation to become pastor of Beauceville church, P. E. Island, the beginning of the conference year, and has accepted subject to the approval of conference.

Mr. and Mrs. James Stokes, Isaac Verre, are receiving congratulations upon the arrival of a son.

Mrs. James Barry, Melrose (N. B.), had the misfortune to fall recently and fracture a knee cap.

IMPRESSIVE FUNERAL OF GENERAL WHEELER

Roosevelt and Official Washington
Attended Services—Thousands
Thronged Streets as Pageant Passed

Washington, Jan. 29.—Home to the southland, which he loved so well, they brought the body of Major-General Joseph Wheeler, U. S. A., retired, and laid it to rest in Arlington this afternoon on a shaded slope overlooking the Potomac, near to the graves of men who like him were veterans of two wars. Those who followed the body in silent tribute to the man whose name was a household word in the army and navy, were made up of the most distinguished of the nation's leaders.

Even his native state of Alabama could not have contributed a banner day on the day of his funeral. The body of the general was placed in the casket of the day of his funeral. The body of the general was placed in the casket of the day of his funeral.

Along the line of march the white carnations marked the memory of the late General Wheeler, and on the casket of the day of his funeral. The body of the general was placed in the casket of the day of his funeral.

From 10 o'clock this morning until 2 o'clock this afternoon, while the body lay in state in the historic little church on Lafayette square, thousands of his friends passed up the aisle to the outer church, and the men on shore, believing him to be drowning, hastened to get assistance.

Volack saw them coming, and with a scream of rage doubled his efforts to drown. He leaped the water into foam, and tugged frantically at his floating cork arms.

His evident increasing distress, as shown in his greater efforts, incited the rescuers to attempt to reach him. Volack struggled. Then one of the rescuers caught him by the head and held him, still fighting, until a rope could be passed beneath his arms. By this means he was drawn into the boat and held from exhaustion.

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W. C. WINSLOW'S CLAIM AGAINST RICHARDS CO.

Judge Barker Orders Defendants to
Pay \$25,000 Into Court
Pending Result

Balance of \$80,000 Held Up by
Injunction to Be Paid Over—
Plaintiff Claims That Property
Sold for \$160,000 More Than
Option Price, and He is Entitled
to Half of the Sum.

Fredericton, Jan. 30.—(Special)—In the equity court here Judge Barker today made an order in the case of Warren C. Winslow vs. Wm. Richards Co., Ltd., calling upon the defendants to pay into court \$25,000 as security for Mr. Winslow's claim. The remainder of the \$80,000 held back by the Miramichi Lumber Company on an injunction issued by Judge Barker in December is to be paid to the Wm. Richards Co.

The hearing in the case was set down for the third Tuesday in February at St. John. The case was argued by Mr. Winslow and Mr. Richards Co., and by Mr. Allen O. Earle appeared on behalf of Mr. Winslow; L. A. Curry, K. C., and R. W. McLellan represented the Richards Co. and Premier Tupper appeared for Hugh J. Chisholm, of New York, the leading stockholder in the Miramichi Lumber Company.

When court opened Mr. Curry moved to have the injunction dissolved so that the Miramichi Lumber Company could pay over to Wm. Richards Co. the balance of the \$80,000 held up on the strength of an injunction granted by Judge Barker on the application of Mr. Winslow. He contended that the amount of plaintiff's claim was only \$17,800, according to his own showing, therefore it was unfair to his clients to be kept out of \$62,200 to which they were justly entitled. He offered to furnish good security for the amount of Mr. Winslow's claim providing the injunction was dissolved.

Dr. Earle declined to accept Mr. Curry's proposal as he thought it might in the end mean that his client would be compelled to bring suit to recover the balance of the \$80,000. He thought it more satisfactory to have the money in the hands of Mr. Chisholm.

Dr. Curry in support of his motion read the affidavit of H. H. Gunter, president of the Richards Company, and John T. Rundle in which it was contended that the agreement by which Wm. Winslow was to receive half the amount secured over and above the amount of the option obtained from the Miramichi Lumber Company on any sale of the lumber was cancelled before the sale was completed.

Winslow Claims \$80,000.

Dr. Earle in reply read a lengthy affidavit from Mr. Winslow, who contended that his claim was for \$80,000. It was intimated that the property sold for \$160,000 over and above the option and there fore under the assignment made to him by Mr. Richards Co. he was entitled to \$80,000.

Mr. McLellan in reply to Mr. Winslow's affidavit read affidavits from H. H. Gunter, John T. Rundle, David Richards and W. McLellan, who contended that the Richards Company had no knowledge of any agreement between Winslow and the Miramichi Lumber Company.

After affidavits had been read Dr. Pageley expressed the opinion that as the statements made there were in conflict, the court should order the parties to produce evidence to show what the truth was.

Dr. Curry failed to make out a prima facie case, therefore the injunction should be dissolved. He said that Mr. Winslow had not failed to do with the Richards property. He had been the means of holding up \$80,000 of the Richards Company's money which was in the hands of the Miramichi Lumber Company and beyond the jurisdiction of the court.

The judge said that there were no figures available to show what the company had received for the property.

Mr. Tweedie said that the amount of the option was \$62,200 and it was contended the company received \$160,000 in excess of this.

Dr. Curry said his clients were opposed to having \$80,000 of their money hung up. If the amount was released the company would furnish good security to Winslow for his claim.

Dr. Earle said that if witnesses were produced he would soon ascertain the amount to which Mr. Winslow was entitled.

Mr. Tweedie said that Mr. Chisholm was ready to pay over the money on the order of the court.

The judge suggested that Mr. Chisholm pay \$20,000 into the court as security for Mr. Winslow's claim.

After some cross firing between counsel the amount to be paid into the court was fixed at \$25,000 with the understanding that the balance of the \$80,000 now held in New York be paid to Richards Company. The judge made the order to that effect and decided to have the hearing take place in St. John on third Tuesday in February.

Counsel on both sides expressed themselves as well satisfied with the terms of the judge's order.

Mr. Winslow contends that he will be able to prove by evidence of the directors of the Richards Company that they received \$160,000 in excess of the figure named in the option, therefore he is entitled to \$80,000. The outcome of the case will be awaited with great interest.

It is said that the state of the country roads and the river ice is such that the farmers are unable to come to the city with their produce and that such produce as is finding its way to the market is mostly picked up along the railway.

Dollar Package FREE Man Medicine Free

You can now obtain a large dollar size free package of Man Medicine free on request. Man Medicine gives you more money than any other medicine. It is the only medicine that gives you more money than any other medicine.

You can cure yourself of all the ailments of Man Medicine. It is the only medicine that gives you more money than any other medicine.

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AEROPLANE AS WORLD'S PEACEMAKERS

Serious Problems and Not Wild Dreams Are the Recent Developments of Ballooning, Declares Colonel Capper in the Course of a Lecture.

London, Jan. 29.—Aeronauts may some day be the peacemakers of the world, is the opinion of Colonel Capper, of the Royal Engineers, expressed in the course of a lecture on military ballooning, at the Royal United Service Institution.

Colonel Capper said that the dirigible balloon was a problem that would have to be faced in the next great war. Mr. Lebaudy's balloon, in France, which had gone forty miles in two and one-half hours, and for which a speed of twenty-five miles an hour had been claimed, had shown that such balloons could in light winds proceed to desired points and return.

When one could journey five hundred miles and stay in the air twenty-four hours the dirigible balloon would undoubtedly be a factor of great importance in war.

Another important phase of aerial locomotion, which in the near future might payably have to be reckoned with, was the propelled aeroplane, or motor driven balloon. Valuable experiments had been made with these, and some, he knew, had met with such success that in a few years they might expect to see men moving swiftly through the air on single surfaces, just as a gliding bird moved. Such machines would move very rapidly, probably never less than twenty and up to one hundred miles per hour, and nothing but the heaviest storms would stop them.

They would be small and difficult to hit and their range operations would be very large, partly owing to their great speed and their ability to move actually as the crow flies, and partly because they would be able to carry fuel sufficient for long journeys, the power required to drive them at high velocity being comparatively small.

These developments of ballooning proper were no longer the wild dreams of lunatic inventors, but serious problems of great human interest, and when they became fully developed war would be no immediately brought to the very door of the citizen, just as it was now brought to the coast dwellers by the navies of the world, that it would become among civilized nations a calamity far more real and far more dreaded than even the present war.

It was probable that the aeronaut might prove to be the great peacemaker of the world.

ST JOHN'S ADVANTAGES OVER HALIFAX PORT

Montreal, Jan. 31.—(Special)—Sir Thomas Shaughnessy announced today that the C. P. R. Company has decided to make Quebec the terminus for the present of the new fast steamers of the Atlantic fleet.

"We have decided," said Sir Thomas, "to stop at Quebec until such time as the St. Lawrence is so improved between Quebec and Montreal as to make the route a safe one for the two vessels that form the last additions to our fleet."

"We have decided to take this step," said Sir Thomas, "simply for the protection of our property. The very great value of these vessels, which are very different from the ordinary vessels that come to the port,