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MANCHESTER'S
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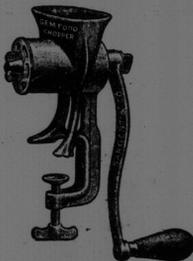
VOL. 8, NO. 7.

ST. JOHN, N. B., TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1907

LATEST WEATHER REPORT
FINE and COOL

ONE CENT

SARGENT'S GEM FOOD CHOPPER.
Chops Everything.



Indispensable in any kitchen.
5 different size self-sharpening steel knives for cutting coarse or fine.

No. 20, small, price \$1.25
No. 22, medium, price 1.50
No. 24, large, price 2.00

W. H. THORNE & CO.,
Market Square, St. John, N. B.



Stove
Talk.

FOR ECONOMY OF FUEL THE
Enterprise Hot Blast
HAS NO EQUAL.

Burns hard or soft coal equally well. Will hold fire 24 hours with one scuttle of coal.
With many stoves an hour elapses before the full benefit of the heat is received; whereas the peculiar drafts in the "Hot Blast" enable a strong, powerful heat in 10 minutes.
Have you seen this stove?

EMERSON & FISHER Ltd., 25 Germain St. Retail Tel. 866

Men's Suits
\$8, \$10 and \$12

In our Suits at these prices we feel that we have unquestionably attained the highest standard ever reached in the making of Men's Clothing.

It is worth your while to come in and see them.

American Clothing House,
11-15 Charlotte St., St. John.

TELL YOUR FRIENDS

We are enlarging our store and increasing our stock in every line of Ladies' and Gents' Outfits. Our patrons always recommend their friends to go to the right place for their outfit. Be one of our patrons and profit by it. Remember the place.

J. ASHKINS, 655 Main St.

FOR TWO DAYS ONLY!

A special reduction in SHAKER FLANNEL from 5 cents up; and SHAKER BLANKETS, large sizes, all colors, 90 cents per pair. At the PARISIEN STORE, 47 Brussels St. DON'T MISS IT. OUR NUMBER ON EACH WINDOW. Telephone, 1145-31.

Mink Ties and Stoles
\$25.00 to \$75.00

This Year's Goods at Last Year's Prices
Don't buy Mink without first inspecting our stock. It is a pleasure for us to show goods. You will save money by buying Mink here.

F. S. THOMAS, Dufferin Block, 539 Main St., N. B.

NEW FALL CLOTHING
Selling Lively at This Store.

The chilly September evenings have started the Fall Suits, Overcoats, Underwear, etc., at quite a rapid pace. The values we are offering in stylish and splendid fitting Clothing are attracting wide-spread attention, and it is very easy for us to sell to those who have looked elsewhere first. No trouble to be fitted here.

SUITS and OVERCOATS.....\$5.00 to \$24.00
ALSO UNDERWEAR, SHIRTS, HATS, CAPS, etc.

J. N. HARVEY, Tailoring and Clothing Opera House Block

CHINESE REGARD
AMERICA AS FRIEND

Look to United States to Prevent Encroachments by Japan

Proposal to Remit Part of Indemnity Effaces Resentment Felt Over Exclusion Policy.

LONDON, Sept. 16.—The Chinese are again turning toward America as their only friend among the nations who can be expected to take their side against the threatened territorial aggressions of Japan and European Powers, according to the statements contained in letters which have been received here from an exceptionally well informed American who has been travelling in Manchuria and Northern China. The writer has lived some years in the country, speaks the language and has a wide acquaintance with Chinese officials.

President Roosevelt's proposal to remit part of the indemnity appears to have effected the resentment caused by the exclusion policy, and the preparations made by Chinese mercantile guilds of Shanghai, which a year ago were actively promoting the boycott, to give an enthusiastic reception to Secretary Taft appears significant of the changed trend of Chinese feeling toward the United States. One letter says:

"The Franco-Japanese entente is regarded with much suspicion by the Chinese, who consider that France and England are now mutually acquiescent as regards the Japanese policy—distinctly an aggressive one—in Manchuria. Should Russia sign a similar agreement with Japan (the Russo-Japanese convention has been signed since the writing of the letter quoted), strengthening her position, she will have to turn to America for assistance should such be needed."

The foregoing remarks throw light upon the growing hostility of China toward Japan, which cables from Tokyo say is exciting attention from the Japanese government. Writing from Mukden the traveller says:—"Hau-Shih-Chang and Tong Shue Yi (the Viceroy and the Yeh graduate, who is chief lieutenant of Yuan-Shih-Kai and Governor of Mukden), hold daily conferences in the Japanese legation, with Hatayama, the Lord Cromer despatched of Manchuria. There are many affairs that remain to be settled. The question of the joint stock timber company, the importation of salt by Japanese in defiance of the Japanese monopoly, and the ownership of mines and the title of property formerly usurped by the Russians and subsequently claimed by the Japanese as 'spoils of war.'"

"Tong-Shih-Yi and Hsu apparently are playing with the Japanese the same game the latter attempted with the newspaper correspondents during the war. Dimness and not consciousness of the order of the day, with soft words and set speeches about the great friendliness between the two powers, their common development and kindred interests. The 'wonderful people' (Japanese) are so intensely vain that such tactics may serve to whet their appetite in substituting notoriety and printed glory for more tangible evidence of this community of interests which is so much mouthed by the wily Chinese. The next few months will tell."

The revolutionary feeling continues in spite of the efforts of many to 'pooh-pooh it,' declares a letter written in Peking. "The assassination of the Governor Anshu the night light on the situation. The Chinese high officials are badly frightened. When Hau-Shih-Chang left for Mukden, he was visibly he had the whole station surrounded by troops lest a bomb should be thrown.

"That an expectant tactful who was head of a police school about prove to be a revolutionist and engage in a plot of assassination proves the high character of the revolutionary leaders. When the news of the murder reached Peking some of the young Chinese with foreign education did not hesitate to express to their foreign acquaintances their pleasure in the result. Some of the officials in Central China have become really panic-stricken and there is a disposition to hold the new schools more or less responsible.

"But in spite of all this the Dowager Empress holds firmly to her programme of reform. A few days ago the revised regulations for the reorganization of the provinces were approved by imperial receipt and published. They make the viceroys responsible for the execution of the imperial policy in their vicerealties and reduce the powers of the governors, except where there is no viceroys over them.

"The provincial treasurer, instead of being a vice governor and associate to the governor, is limited in his authority to fiscal matters, and the judiciary, with the provincial judge at its head, is separated from the executive and brought into direct connection with the High Court of Justice at Peking.

"Lower courts of justice are established in all the provincial subdivisions independent of the local magistrates. This is really the most important reform. The beginnings of representative government are seen in the establishment of two councils—one deliberative and the other executive—in every department, district and prefecture. How the members will be chosen is yet to be decided, but probably along the lines adopted by Yuan-Shih-Kai at Tien-Tsin, where householders of certain property qualifications are allowed the suffrage.

GIRL INTENDED TO
SACRIFICE HERSELF

Desperate Plan Adopted by Russian Revolutionist

Had Prepared a Suit Lined With Explosives and Would Have Blown up the Police Headquarters.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 17.—The police today arrested Mrs. John Anderson, wife of a farmer residing about a mile from Midane to Soos Line, took her three children, and there knocked them on the head with a hammer, after which she cut them up in a horrible manner with a drawing knife. She had not shown any signs of insanity before, but had been ill, and it is supposed the murder was due to religious mania. The police of the woman, who is undoubtedly insane. She shows no remorse for what she has done and expects to be hanged.

"Wanda," the police add, hoped by blowing herself up to reduce the entire building to ruins and kill all the officers composing the staff of the political police. The plot was betrayed, and the police in addition to taking Wanda into custody, arrested a Jewish tailor in whose shop they seized a half ready uniform which was intended for the female prisoner.

In consequence of the murderous designs of the revolutionists, the secret police have decided to give up their present headquarters, removing to an isolated stone building on Kamenny Island, where an elaborate electric signal system will be installed in order to prevent undermining.

DESPERATE SWIM FOR
LIFE OF FREEDOM

Russian Refugees Jump Overboard at Sea to Escape Military Service at Home.

CARDIFF, Sept. 16.—The Greek steamer Euterpeina Couppa arrived at Cardiff yesterday morning with two young Russian 'on board,' who had been picked up at 5 o'clock that morning in the sea off Start Point.

Each of the rescued men floated in a rubber boat, and they were both in a very exhausted state. None on board the Greek vessel could swim, and the two young men were found by the aid of a Helibel, and the rescuers naturally came to the conclusion that a wreck had occurred. Put on arrival at Cardiff interpreters were found, and it transpired that the men were stowaways, who had jumped from the Russian steamer Alkon, on a voyage from Libau to Rotterdam. They had sought this means of escaping Russian military service. They had been discovered on the Alkon, and were told that they would be taken to Rotterdam, and from there sent back to Russia. The terrified fugitives preferred to risk their lives in the sea in the hope of being picked up by passing craft. They had been tossed about in the sea for some hours when rescued, and could not have survived much longer.

But in spite of all they went through for the sake of freedom they are not likely to find safety under the British flag. The intention of the local authorities, so far as could be determined yesterday, is to hand them over to the Russian consul.

A keen agitation in their behalf is likely to arise to prevent this step.

LOT OF BAGGAGE STOLEN
FROM CUNARD PIER

Things Changed the Addresses, and it Was Claimed by Junk Dealers.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—Thousands of dollars worth of baggage have been stolen in the last three months from the Cunard Line steamship pier No. 51, North River, the plan of the thieves being to change the owner's labels on the baggage and to substitute for them labels bearing the names of junk dealers. The local police have made three arrests which they declare bear on the case.

Jas. Talbot, of Jersey, storekeeper on the pier, is locked up here charged with the larceny of a bundle of wearing apparel valued at \$250. The Jersey City police have arrested Max Kahn and Issao Schaeffer, proprietors of a junk shop, on the charge that they have in their place goods taken from the pier. The Jersey City police say that they found these goods by the use of search warrants.

THE FIRST MOOSE SHOT
IN CHARLOTTE COUNTY

ST. STEPHEN, N. B., Sept. 17.—The first moose of the season to be shot in Charlotte county, and the first of George Maxwell, of St. George, Monday morning. The carcass was brought here on the Shore Line last evening and is now on sale at Irvin's market. It weighed 720 pounds dressed.

FRENZIED MOTHER
KILLED HER CHILDREN

Horrible Tragedy in the Saskatchewan

Farmer's Wife Murdered Her Three Boys With a Hammer, and Cut Their Bodies to Pieces.

MIDAVEL, Sask., Sept. 17.—On Saturday afternoon Mrs. John Anderson, wife of a farmer residing about a mile from Midane to Soos Line, took her three children, and there knocked them on the head with a hammer, after which she cut them up in a horrible manner with a drawing knife. She had not shown any signs of insanity before, but had been ill, and it is supposed the murder was due to religious mania. The police of the woman, who is undoubtedly insane. She shows no remorse for what she has done and expects to be hanged.

FATAL EXPLOSION ON
JAPANESE WARSHIP

Men Were Working With a Loaded Shell

When It Burst—Forty Persons Were Killed or Injured—Details Not Available.

TOKYO, Sept. 17.—Forty of the crew were killed and injured on board the Japanese battleship Kashima by the explosion of a twelve-inch shell within the shield, after target practice near Kure, 4 p. m. on September 8. The Kashima under the command of Captain Kozumi reached Kure at 6 p. m., where the wounded were placed in the hospital. The fatalities included a lieutenant, two cadets and one staff officer. The exact details regarding the effects of the explosion are lacking, but it was terrific and the ship is badly damaged. The explosion followed an attempt to remove an unexploded shell from the gun. A majority of the bystanders were fearfully mutilated.

STUDYING JAPAN'S
HIGH EXPLOSIVE

"Shimose" Shell Will, It is Said, Destroy Almost Any Kind of Metal Plate.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 16.—Officials of the Bureau of Ordnance, Navy Department, have been directed by the Secretary of the Navy to make a special study of the high explosives used by the Japanese in the Russo-Japanese war and report to the department. The tremendous damage done by "shimose" has prompted the action.

It is realized by ordnance officers that high explosives are as important to navy warfare as gun powder is to army warfare. The Bureau of Ordnance is taking their work as a basis of carrying out their experiments.

Tests recently conducted at Indian Head impressed the chief of ordnance that even the heavy armor of our battleships was no protection against the Japanese "shimose." Shells of this high explosive fired at thick armor plate completely annihilated it and demonstrated that one well directed shot would completely wreck any of our battleships. It was decided that the United States must adopt the use of some similar material to the "shimose" or that our navy would be at a distinct disadvantage with any other nation using this powerful means of wreckage in warfare.

Read Admiral Newton E. Mason, Chief of the Bureau of Ordnance, does not wish to comment on the recent experiments conducted by his bureau with the Japanese "shimose." Before the tests at Indian Head, however, sections of armor plate of varying thickness were ordered sent to the proving ground. There was little left of them when the "shimose" shells had finished their work.

The Navy Department has adopted a new high explosive for use as a bursting charge for armor piercing shells. The basis is picrate of ammonia. This is one of the developments in the test conducted under the Special Ordnance Board, which has been giving its attention during the past two years to powders, projectiles, fuses and other ordnance material.

Mrs. F. K. Smith and daughter Dorothy leave for their home in Boston Wednesday morning, after spending the summer with Mrs. C. Gleason. Miss Laura Gleason will spend the winter with Mrs. Smith.

ANOTHER CUNARD
ON HER TRIAL TRIP

The Mauritania Having Her First Tests Today

Is a Sister Ship to the Lusitania—Thousands of Persons Watch Her Leaving the Tyne.

SHIELDS, Eng., Sept. 17.—The Cunard Line Steamer Mauritania, sister ship of the Lusitania, and the largest ship ever built on the Tyne side, left her moorings in the river Tyne this morning and started on her preliminary sea trials, which will last three days. Immense local interest was manifested in the new liner's departure. All the available space overlooking the Tyne from Wall's End to the Mouth of the Stream, was occupied by spectators, while many thousands of persons accompanied the monster steamship down the river on board excursion yachts and tugs, and gave her hearty cheers as she passed out clear of the Tyne and into the North Sea.

The present trip of the Mauritania is what is known as the "builder's trial," and will be carried out between Flamborough Head and the Aberdeenshire Coast, the Mauritania anchoring each night some miles off the Tyne after the completion of her daily runs. The principal measurements of the Mauritania are:—Length, 750 feet; breadth, 88 feet; depth, (moulded) 60 feet; gross tonnage, 23,200; displacement tonnage, 45,000 tons; load draught, 37 feet, 6 inches. Height of funnels, 135 feet; diameter of funnels, 34 feet; height of masts, 213 feet. The Mauritania is propelled by turbine engines of 70,000, indicated horsepower, driving four shafts, each of which is fitted with one three bladed propeller of manganese bronze, complies with the British Admiralty requirements as an armed cruiser, and will be fitted for an armament of twelve 6 inch guns.

HAMLET IN JAPANESE
WITH SOLILOQUY OUT

"To be or Not to be" Too Difficult of Translation into Language of Mikado.

LONDON, Sept. 16.—The Japanese are beginning to introduce western ideas into the dramatic art of their country, and the fine national theatre which is to be built at Tokio will be constructed on the lines of European playhouses in many respects.

The report that Mikado has given a grant of \$500,000 for the construction of the national theatre is not credited, however, at the Japanese embassy in London.

"We have had no official news of such a grant, nor do we think it probable," one of the embassy staff said yesterday. "The emperor is not a great patron of theatres, which he visits very rarely."

"The new national theatre will be fitted with electric light, I believe, and the scenic effects will be on the lines of western theatres.

"Several Shakespeare plays have been presented in Japan recently, but they have been adapted to represent Japanese life. The most popular has proved to be 'Hamlet,' but 'Othello,' which I saw myself in Japan, did not enjoy a great success. The difficulties of translation are too great for the plays to be properly appreciated."

"Hamlet was described as the son of a titled Japanese studying at the other nation, the Bureau of Ordnance meets his father's ghost and learns of his parent's murder. The famous soliloquy, 'To be or not to be,' is omitted altogether."

HARRY THAW'S TRIAL MAY
BE IN DECEMBER

His Counsel Will Ask an Earlier Hearing, But Will Scarcely Get It.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—When the criminal branch of the Supreme Court opens next month and the case of Harry K. Thaw, charged with the murder of Stanford White, is called, Martin W. Littleton, senior counsel for the defendant, will demand immediate trial of the accused Pittsburger.

District Attorney Jerome will oppose an immediate hearing of the case and in the question of date of trial there will result the first skirmish of Thaw's defender with the representative of the people.

Mr. Littleton's methods in court are not of the suave Californian Delmas, whom he succeeded as senior counsel. He is fiery when demanding what he considers a client's rights. They come together for the first time in this case will prove of more than passing interest to the legal fraternity. It is believed that in the end both sides will agree on a date in December for the trial.

TERRIBLE REVENGE
OF REJECTED LOVER

Set Fire to Cottage in Which the Woman and Three Others Slept

Murderers Slay Farmer Who Lived Near Scene to Prevent Evidence Against Them.

ROME, Sept. 16.—One of the most diabolical crimes in the annals of modern Italy has just been committed at Fondi, in the province of Caserta. A young woman named Driade, who by common consent was the prettiest of the village maidens, had been pestered for a couple of years past by the unwelcome attentions of a local shepherd, Vincenzo de Silvestro, aged 22, with whom her relatives had disassociated her from having anything to do, as he was a fellow of ill-fame, who had been in prison for thieving. He had also served a sentence of ten months' imprisonment for a brutal attempt to seduce Driade, whose parents had prosecuted him.

De Silvestro vowed to exterminate the whole family, so Driade, as a precautionary measure, bought a revolver and practiced shooting, her intention being meanwhile safe in prison.

A TERRIBLE VENGEANCE.
On the expiration of his sentence De Silvestro bided his time till the actual anniversary of his offense, when he once more confronted Driade, demanding that she should go and live with him. He received a negative answer. A few days later De Silvestro went forth to a thatched cottage on the moor, where Driade was passing the night in company with an old aunt, over 80 years of age; her 15-year-old cousin and her little sister, aged 11. Having securely barricaded the only two available exits, he piled straw at the four corners and saturated the wooden exterior with paraffin, and then set the whole ablaze.

In his nefarious business he was assisted by another youthful ex-convict named Bellone, only 19, who knew nothing of the circumstances, but aided out of motives of mere sport. Both guarded the exits with loaded guns till the piercing shrieks of the victims were stifled in death.

Half an hour later, when an elder cousin of Driade who, scenting mischief, had galloped off on horseback into the village to summon help, appeared on the scene, the cottage was a heap of smouldering embers, while nothing remained of the four inmates but their calcined skeletons.

SHOOT FARMER DEAD.
The wickedness of the two miscreants was not, however, yet satisfied. Afraid lest a farmer living a few hundred yards away might have witnessed their handiwork and so denounce them to the police, De Silvestro and his associate sauntered up to his house in the midnight darkness and called to him to come down on an urgent errand. The poor man, nothing suspecting, no sooner gained the threshold in his night clothes, than the two miscreants discharged their weapons at him simultaneously, and their fifth victim fell dead in the doorway, shot through the heart.

Though the murderers have since been sighted, they are still unapprehended, as that part of the country abounds in ideal hiding places.

De Silvestro's father and brother have been arrested as instigators of the crime, and a big reward has been offered for the capture of the assassin, dead or alive.

ARCTIC EXPLORERS HAVE
PROBABLY PERISHED

BERLIN, Sept. 17.—A telegram from Adveit Bay, via Hammerfest states that nothing has been heard from the William Bruce expedition which left the base of supply almost one month ago with the intention of returning on August 23.

Mr. Bruce with whom were Captain Bragen, former companion of the Prince of Monaco and Captain Johnson, former companion of Dr. Nansen, took provisions for two weeks only, and as no game can be found along the coast, it is feared that the three have perished in attempts to cross St. Charles Bay. Their sleds have been found near the landing.

COLLEGE STUDENTS
AND ATHLETIC CONTESTS

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—The Metropolitan Association of Amateur Athletes at its meeting held last evening at the St. Bartholomew Athletic Club, passed a resolution seeking to stop the proselyting evil among athletic clubs, calling upon the National Amateur Athletic Union to absolutely prohibit the participation of college athletes in athletics during their college careers, as the representatives of athletic clubs. The action calls for the strictest discussion of the meeting, and aroused a great deal of interest but it was noteworthy that no single voice was raised against the measure. It is believed that in the end both sides will agree on a date in December for the trial.