Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea

The Toronto World.

Wouldn't that jar you? No. What? THE BERRY RUBBER HEEL Manufactured solely by THE GUTTA PERCHA & RUBBER MFG. CO. of Toronto, Limited.

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR EIGHT PAGES—WEDNESDAY MORNING OCTOBER 22 1902—EIGHT PAGES ONE CENT

Senate Reading Room 1 JAN03 SENATE PO

QUEBEC MAN MUST SUCCEED

Speaker Brodeur, Ex-Mayor Prefontaine or Premier Parent Will Be Minister of Public Works.

TARTE'S FUTURE A CONUNDRUM

His Attitude Depends Altogether on How He is Used, Says a Friend.

Ottawa, Oct. 21.—The resignation of Mr. Tarte is the sole topic of conversation at the Capital to-night. Not that anyone conversant with politics is surprised that the Minister resigned; the situation is rather being discussed from the standpoint of the probable effect on the Liberal party, combined with eager canvassing as to his successor. Can Mr. Tarte turn the tide against Sir Wilfrid in Quebec? That is the question of the hour. That Mr. Tarte was a potent factor in Quebec is admitted by all. Can he retain his hold while dissociated with Sir Wilfrid Laurier? Can a private member retain the influence enjoyed as head of the greatest spending department, and the friend of the Premier?

Some canvass the possibility of Mr. Tarte's returning to the Conservative party, but it is felt that some of the old-timers in that party are not prepared to receive him. The future of

PREMIER PARENT

Mentioned as a Cabinet possibility.

Mr. Tarte is the conundrum of the hour. No one can answer it to-night, but irrespective of party all agree that he will not be long in making public the course he intends to pursue.

As to his successor, several names are mentioned. No one seems to think that the Premier will give the Public Works portfolio to any but a Quebec man. The Free Press in a news item mentions Speaker Brodeur, Senator Dandurand, Premier Parent and Mr. Prefontaine for the honor. The Speaker, it is said, has many friends, but he is not strong and may prefer to remain where he is. Senator Dandurand is as active as Mr. Tarte in many ways; a good organizer, and his friends say could checkmate the ex-Minister in Quebec being thoroly familiar with all his methods and plans. Mr. Prefontaine was looked on as a strong man, and interest in him centres in the fact that he is strongly anti-Tarte. His selection would be almost certain, politicians say, to further alienate Mr. Tarte.

It is understood that the Premier has summoned Mr. Brodeur to Ottawa for consultation, and it can be put down as almost certain that the position will go to either him or Mr. Prefontaine. Mr. Tarte reached the city from Toronto at 5 o'clock to-night. His close friends say that for the present he will remain in the Liberal party and conduct a vigorous protection campaign and **that his future attitude depends altogether on "how he is used."**

The Ottawa correspondent of The Globe says that Premier Parent is likely to be called to succeed Hon. Mr. Tarte. In this Tarte episode The Globe seems to have been "put wise."

OPINION IN MONTREAL.

Montreal, Oct. 21.—The forced retirement of Hon. J. Israel Tarte from the ministry of Public Works did not create any undue excitement here to-day. It was expected from the moment that Sir Wilfrid landed at Quebec, where he announced that business of importance called him to the Capital.

There is much speculation, of course, as to Mr. Tarte's successor, and the consensus of local opinion seems to be that Speaker Brodeur will be chosen, being in turn succeeded in his present position by Raymond Prefontaine, K.C., M.P.

The name of Victor Geoffrion is also mentioned in the latter capacity, but those who pretend to know of the inside workings of the cabinet declare that Prefontaine will have the first call.

La Patrie, Mr. Tarte's personal organ, has not a word of comment to-night on the situation, and beyond giving space to the letters exchanged by the Premier and his former Minister there is not a line.

"Mr. Tarte," said a prominent man to-night in a review of the situation, "will be heard from before the end of the week. His knife has been sharpened for some time, and now that the edge has been turned to keenness, there will be somes lushing. Mr. Tarte won't spare any of his antagonists, and it is more than likely that the war will be carried into Africa, at least so far as his liberal protectionist ideas are concerned."

From another source it is learned that the attitude of the former Minister will be announced within the next few days. The resignation of Mr. Tarte will, it is believed by many, deprive the Liberals of a straight party organ in Montreal.

LOSS TO THE GOVERNMENT.

Montreal, Oct. 21.—Sir Robert Bond, Premier of Newfoundland, arrived today from New York, on his way home to report to his government concerning the reciprocity negotiations he has been carrying on at Washington.

"You can quite easily understand," said the Premier, "that it is impossible for me to speak regarding these matters before I confer with my Ministers."

There was one thing, however, Sir Robert would discuss, and that was Mr. Tarte's resignation. When informed of it, he said: "'That will prove a great loss to the government. He is an able and strong man. I am surprised. I supposed that Sir Wilfrid and he would have patched matters up."

"Things in Newfoundland," Sir Robert says "are very prosperous at present and the island is not contemplating any change in its political condition."

THREAT TO KILL A MISSIONARY.

Bulgarians Demand $2400 Under Penalty of Death.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 21.—The Rev. George D. Marsh, for 30 years a missionary in Bulgaria, has been threatened with death unless he gives up the sum of $2400. The demand was made some weeks ago in an anonymous letter, which declared that if he refused his home at Philippopolis would be destroyed by dynamite and his wife killed. The letter went on to say that if Mr. Marsh ever spoke to any one about this he would be killed. Notwithstanding these threats, Mr. Marsh communicated with the police of the city who, in turn, reported the matter to the Bulgarian authorities. This resulted in the arrest of several persons, and there the matter now rests.

"DEAD" WALKS INTO COURT.

Silas Hulin Appears to Clear Man Convicted of Murder.

Knoxville, Tenn., Oct. 21.—While the Supreme Court was in session in this city to-day a man who said he was Silas Hulin entered the court room, and, addressing Chief Justice Beard, exclaimed: "I am Hulin, who was not killed by Clarence Peak." Young Peak's case was about to be called before the court. Peak, who is of a prominent family, had been sentenced in the lower court to ten years in the penitentiary for the murder of Silas Hulin in Clinton, Tenn. He is now in an insane asylum a raving maniac, caused by this case. Hulin declared that Peak shot another man, whose name is unknown, and said he went on the first train to Colorado, whence he returned to prove he was not dead.

LIBERALS SUPPORT IRISH.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman Cordially Argues Their Cause.

London, Oct. 21.—In the House of Commons during the proceedings yesterday the Liberal leader, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, cordially joined the Irish in supporting their demand that the government fix a day to discuss the state of Ireland, but he declined to make the Liberal opposition responsible for the demand, which, he said, was made by the constitutional representatives of Ireland and in regard to a purely Irish question.

Mr. Arthur Balfour, the Premier, retorted that Sir Henry's doctrine seemed wholly separatist. He would not admit that the government of Ireland was a purely Irish question, and until the ambiguous attitude of the Liberal leader was cleared up he declined to say if the government would grant a day for the discussion of the state of Ireland.

UNIFORM AS EVENING DRESS.

Legal Steps to Be Taken Against Managers Who Exclude Soldiers.

London, Oct. 21.—Replying in the House of Commons to-day to a member who asked whether he would take action with reference to the exclusion of soldiers in uniform from the portion of London theatres reserved for people in evening dress, the War Secretary, Mr. Brodrick, replied that is the principle that uniform was equivalent to evening dress was not recognized by the managers, he intended to take legal steps to secure soldiers against such exclusion.

ENGLISH MISSIONARY KILLED.

Tangier, Morocco, Oct. 21.—An English missionary named Cooper, was recently murdered at Fez, and his murderer sought refuge in the sanctuary; but, on the order of the Sultan he was seized and shot in front of the Mosque.

Forlorn Hopes.

The manager of the Siche Gas Company says that their advertising in The World soon overcame "prejudice and ignorance," which prevailed against the use of acetylene gas.

Again and again The World has prevailed against adverse combinations.

If any business man or manufacturer has a forlorn hope in business, if he has a hard advertising problem to solve, he will find the way to profit and success in consulting The World advertising department.

In aught it undertakes The World never fails. It is the piper that does tings.

Whatever is possible The World can accomplish in an advertising campaign.

James Harris, manufacturing furrie. First-class work at moderate prices. Remodelling a specialty. 71 King West, first flat. 5613

Sir William Remembered.

Johnston, N.Y., Oct. 21.—The colonial dames of the State of New York visited this city this afternoon and unveiled a bronze tablet in Johnson Hall in commemoration of the services of Sir William Johnson.

Try the Decanter at Thomas'.

TO-DAY IN TORONTO.

Congregation meeting Jarvis-street Baptist Church, re Rev. Dr. Thomas' resignation.
Weekly parade Q.O.R., Armouries, 8 p.m.
Lecture on "Sacred Song," Prof. Clark, Trinity College, 8 p.m.
Harvest song service, Church of the Redeemer, 8 p.m.
Local Council of Women, Women's Art Gallery, 8 p.m.
E. S. Willard in "The Professor's Love Story," Princess, 2 and 8 p.m.
Eva Tanguay in "The Chaperons," Grand, 2 and 8 p.m.
"Lost in the Desert," Toronto, 8 p.m.
Burlesque, Star, 2 and 8 p.m.
Vaudeville, Shea's, 2 and 8 p.m.

MR. TARTE RESIGNS ON SIR WILFRID'S DEMAND
HIS ATTITUDE CALLED UNCONSTITUTIONAL

"You Told Me That My Utterances Are Causing You Trouble," He Writes the Premier.

"YOU VIOLATED YOUR DUTY," REPLY

Ex-Minister Declares "I Cannot Possibly Remain Silent" on the Tariff.

Ottawa, Oct. 21.—The inevitable has come. Hon. Mr. Tarte is no longer Minister of Public Works in the Dominion cabinet. His erstwhile colleague, Hon. Clifford Sifton, laughs loud in his wigwam, for he has for the time being won out. Mr. Tarte has resigned consequent upon a heart to heart talk with the Premier. The latter has accepted the resignation.

The reasons given by Mr. Tarte for tendering his resignation and by Sir Wilfrid for accepting it are contained in two letters made public this morning. Mr Tarte's letter was written in Toronto and arrived here to-day. He resigns because Sir Wilfrid told him his high protection speeches were causing the government trouble. Sir Wilfrid accepts the resignation on the ground that Mr. Tarte has not been loyal to the cabinet. The letters follow:

Mr. Tarte's Resignation.

"Public Works Department, Minister's Office, Toronto, 20th October, 1902.

"The Right Hon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Prime Minister, Ottawa.

"My Dear Sir Wilfrid,—I feel it is my duty to place my resignation in your hands, and to ask you to be good enough to have it accepted by His Excellency the Governor-General. In the interview which I had with you you expressed the opinion that I should not have spoken on the tariff as I have done; that the government had not as yet come to a definite understanding in their fiscal policy for the future, etc. I shall not discuss with you at the present time the question as to whether I was right or wrong in the course I have followed. You are the leader of the government, and your opinion, as far as my attitude is involved, must prevail. **You told me that my utterances are causing you trouble.** I have no right and no desire to be a source of embarrassment to you or to the party with which I have been connected since 1892.

"My views on the tariff are well known to you. I have, on several occasions, stated them publicly in your presence and discussed them often privately with you. Entertaining the opinion that the interests of the Canadian people make it our duty to revise without delay the tariff of 1897 with the view of giving a more adequate protection to our industries, to our farming community, to commerce and to our working men, I cannot possibly remain silent. **I prefer my freedom of action and of speech under the circumstances, even to the great honor of being your colleague.**

"Before severing my official relations with you, allow me to express my sincerest

Continued on Page 2.

NOT RUNNING A "CAPTIVE" BALLOON.

AERONAUT TARTE (with marked resignation): He may say it's just hot air that keeps me up, but he hasn't got me on a string now, anyway.

ANARCHIST AFTER LOUBET

One Caught By the Police While Trying to Get Into the Elysee Palace.

IDENTIFIED AS A NOTED ONE

Had Weapons on His Person That Pointed to a Contemplated Crime.

Paris, Oct. 22.—The Figaro this morning says a man was detected early Tuesday morning attempting to climb a wall of the Elysee Palace. It is believed that he intended to hide in the palace garden in the hope of obtaining an opportunity to assassinate President Loubet. He was arrested, however, and was found to be armed with a poignard and a loaded revolver. He had been recognized as a dangerous Anarchist, who has already been convicted three times, and upon two of these occasions for manufacturing explosive machines. The police are trying to keep the matter quiet, and refuse to divulge the man's name.

AFTER TARTE, WHAT?

Hamilton Spectator: Sir Wilfrid Laurier has asked Tarte for his resignation, and the Minister of Public Works has gracefully acceded to the request and is no longer a member of a cabinet which holds views entirely different from his own. This has been the expected result of Mr. Tarte's open declaration for a higher tariff, and the resignation will be approved by all who are in favor of protecting Canadian industries and keeping out millions and millions of dollars' worth of foreign goods which can be made in this country. Mr. Tarte's going will be bad for Laurier and his aggregation of little politicians. There's not a large idea among them. They are all petty party men, unable to see the future of Canada, and unwilling to get out of the rut. They will endeavor to keep themselves in power by small tricks and intrigues. Tarte is the brains of the cabinet; Laurier is the handsome figure head, and the rest are, to a man, too small to be good county councilors. With Tarte goes all the progress, all the large ideas, all the force of the Laurier government.

Edwards & Company, Chartered Accountants, 26 Wellington St. East.—Geo. Edwards, F. C. A., A. H. Edwards.

No Smoking Tobacco Like It.

There is no tobacco sold in Canada just like "Clubb's Dollar Mixture"—there is just that noticeable difference. It has a delicious flavor, smokes cool and will positively not burn the tongue, and the price, well, it costs no more than the ordinary package kinds: 1-lb. tin, $1; 1-2-lb. tin, 50c; 1-4-lb. package, 25c; sample package, 10c; at A. Clubb & Sons, 49 King West. Sold in Hamilton by Jas. Stacey, 126 James-street.

MANY LIVES LOST IN A FIRE.

Plant of Glucose Sugar Refinery Burned at Chicago.

Chicago, Oct. 22.—A fire broke out at midnight in the plant of the Glucose Sugar Refinery establishment at Taylor street and the Chicago River, destroying the factory and causing the loss, it is believed, of many lives. The number of dead has not been established as yet, but it is known that a number of men were in the building, on the seventh floor. The flames spread so rapidly that a man who was working on the third floor had barely time to escape with his life, and it is not thought by the firemen that the men in the upper storeys could have escaped. Soon after midnight two bodies were taken from the ruins, but the fire was burning so fiercely that it was impossible to make further search.

The plant of the Refining Company consisted of three buildings. The fire started in the drying house, and was caused by an explosion. The flames spread with great rapidity, and within a few minutes the building was ablaze from foundation to roof. It was impossible for the firemen to make any effective fight against the flames, and in a short time all the walls were down. The fire was under control at 1 o'clock.

According to statements of firemen and police, the loss of life would reach ten or twelve at least. Several of the men who made their escape from the lower part of the building said that there were about ten men on the top floor, and they were hemmed in on all sides by the flames, making escape impossible.

The men on the seventh floor had no chance whatever for their lives. Several of them left the windows and crawled along the sills in an effort to reach a place of safety, but with the exception of two men all those who attempted to reach safety in this way made up their minds that it was certain death and went back into the burning building. The two men, however, determined to take the chances of a leap, and climbing up on the window ledge they sprang out into the air. They were crushed to death on the pavement.

Four other men jumped from the windows on the fourth floor. These men were terribly injured and probably will die.

If Not, Why Not?

Life is uncertain. Have you accident, sickness, elevator, or employes' liability insurance? Walter H. Blight, Medical Building. Phone 2770. 136

Edward Blake, M.P., Spoke.

Boston, Oct. 21.—Edward Blake, M. P., made a speech before the U. I. L. Convention to-day.

Sweden has the oldest vessel in the Baltic, perhaps in the world, in the schooner Emanuel, built in 1749, first a pirate and now used in the lumber trade. The Danish schooner Maren, also in the lumber trade, was built in 1800, is still seaworthy and has been owned by one family for 102 years.

ONE CRY, BACK TO THE MINES

Convention Accepts Roosevelt's Proposition Without a Dissenting Voice.

WORK WILL RESUME TO-MORROW

Rejoicing From Scranton to the Lowliest Coal Patch That Great Strike is Over.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Oct. 21.—With a shout that fairly shook the convention building the representatives of the 147,000 mine workers, who have been on strike since last May, officially declared off at noon to-day the greatest contest ever waged between capital and labor, and placed all the questions involved in the struggle in the hands of the arbitration commission appointed by the President of the United States.

When the news was flashed to the towns and villages down in the valleys and on the mountains of the coal regions, the strike-affected inhabitants heaved a sigh of relief. No more welcome news could have been received. Everywhere there was rejoicing, and in many places the end of the strike was the signal for impromptu town celebrations. The anthracite coal region from its largest city—Scranton—down to the lowliest coal patch has suffered by the conflict, and everyone now looks for better times. While the large army of mine workers and their families numbering approximately a half a million persons are grateful that work is to be resumed on Thursday, the strikers have still to learn what their reward will be.

President Roosevelt having taken prompt action in calling the arbitrators together for their first meeting on Friday, the miners hope they will know by Thanksgiving Day, Nov. 27, what practical gain they have made. The vote to resume coal mining was a unanimous one, and was reached only after a warm debate. President Mitchell announced that by special arrangement with President Roosevelt, he would represent the miners at the sessions of the arbitration commission.

Hundreds of men needed to repair the mines and otherwise place them in condition for operation, will be at work to-morrow morning, the convention having decided this was imperative in order to get the men at work quickly and satisfy the country's demand for coal.

PATENTS — Fetherstonhaugh & Co. Head Office, King-street west, Toronto; and Montreal, Ottawa and Washington.

Miss Jessie MacLachlan Uses It.

The popular Scottish singer, Miss Jessie MacLachlan, who is again touring Canada with increased success, is using a Heintzman & Co. piano at her leading concerts. There is a singing quality in the instruments of this maker that possesses an untold charm and gives the greatest help to the artist.

Six o'clock dinner at New Carlton Hotel

FIRE AT TILBURY.

Family Narrowly Escaped With Lives Early Tuesday Morning.

Tilbury, Oct. 21.—About 4.30 o'clock this morning, fire broke out in the frame building of J. E. Scriven, Queen-street, occupied by G. Marchand, as a grocery. He lived up-stairs. The family narrowly escaped with their lives. The fire then spread north to the Massey-Harris machine shop, which was destroyed, altho most of the contents was saved. To the south, Dr. Boyd, V.S., office, and G. McLaughlin's tailor shop and the building of H. Johnston, were burned, the latter three carrying no insurance. The total loss is about $4000, half covered by insurance in the Economical of Berlin, London Mutual, and York Mutual.

STABBED HEART SEWN UP.

One of the Rarest Operations Known to Surgery is Performed.

New York, Oct. 21.—The rarest operation known to surgery—the sewing up of a severed ventricle of a human heart—was performed last night at Bellevue Hospital. The patient was Annie Kingsley, a woman who had been brought to the hospital late last night stabbed to the heart by her husband during a quarrel on the street.

She was dying. The blood was pouring from a long wound in the left ventricle, which supplies the body with blood, while the right pumps to the lungs. The surgeons knew the flow must be checked at once if the woman was to be saved. The operation was decided upon. The heart was laid bare, and the surgeons saw that the wound was very severe. It would require six stitches. In the intervals between the beats of the heart the needle was inserted six times and the flow of blood was stopped.

Slowly the patient rallied. Then more quickly the surgeons were astounded. This woman with the sewed up heart was showing remarkable vitality.

She kept on improving steadily, and at midnight Prof. Stewart said: "I am astonished at her strength. She is doing remarkably well. I may say that there is a very fair chance of her ultimate recovery."

DEWET ALWAYS READY.

Addresses a Crowd at Hanover Out of a Car Window at 2 a.m.

Berlin, Oct. 21.—General Dewet spoke in his nightshirt at 2 a.m. on Sunday at the Hanover Railroad Station to a thousand persons, who almost stormed the train. The General leaned out of a window as he addressed the assemblage, recounting the warmth of the Boers' reception in Berlin and the liberality of the Germans.

The generals collected a total of $87,500 here. They undertook to give autographic receipts to every contributor of $1.25 and had to spend several hours daily signing receipts. Dewet said that if the thing kept up his right arm would be in a sling as the result of writer's paralysis. Envelopes containing money were thrown into the Boers' carriages when they were out driving.

WHO OWNS THE RAILWAY?

Suit Entered Against Dr. Webb and Others re South Shore.

Montreal, Oct. 21.—The fight between two factions which claim control of the South Shore Railway Company reached an acute stage to-day, when a writ of quo warranto was issued against Hiram A. Hodge of Rutland, Dr. Seward Webb of New York, Percival W. Clement of Rutland and Frank D. White of Rutland. The effect of the proceeding will be to bring the matter into the courts with an idea of settling the ownership of he railway by legal means. Action was taken at the instance of Alfred Schiffer of New York, who alleges that defendants have usurped and unlawfully hold and exercise office of directors of the South Shore Railway.

NO OPERATOR AT NEW HAMBURG.

Cause of Accident in Which Engineer Was Killed.

Berlin, Oct. 21.—Coroner Arnott's jury to-day found that the accident in which Engineer Hugh Moore of Sarnia lost his life on Oct. 19 would not have occurred had a G.T.R. night operator being employed at New Hamburg. Moore was killed about one mile west of New Hamburg by jumping from his engine owing to an approaching collision with a preceding train.

TYPHOID FROM ICE.

Ogdensburg, N.Y., Oct. 21.—An epidemic of typhoid fever prevails among patients and attendants at the St. Lawrence State Hospital. There are more than thirty cases. It is believed the epidemic was caused by the hospital ice, the supply of which was cut from the river, back of the hospital grounds. Several deaths have occurred.

BIRTHS.

BENTLEY—On 20th inst., at 336 Wellesley-street, the wife of Albert J. Bentley, of a daughter.

NEILD—On Oct. 20, to Mr. and Mrs. Bertram Neild, 193 Borden-street, a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

ATKINSON—FERRIER—At the residence of the bride's brother, Mimico, on Saturday, Oct. 18, by the Rev. T. Ferrier, brother of the bride, William H. Atkinson of Deloraine, Man., to Ellen, daughter of J. C. Ferrier, Islington, Ont.

DEATHS.

CORBETTA—On Monday, Oct. 20th, at the residence of her mother, 222 Markham-street, Ethel Maud, only daughter of the late Charles Corbetta, in her 14th year. Funeral to Mount Pleasant Wednesday, 2 p.m. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

JONES—Accidentally killed, on Monday, Oct. 20, 1902, Henry Edwin (Harry), the beloved son of Mary Jane Jones of Rose Hill-avenue, Deer Park, aged 28 years. Funeral from his mother's residence to-day, (Wednesday), at 3 o'clock p.m., to Mt. Pleasant Cemetery. Hereford papers please copy.

MURPHY—On Tuesday, Oct. 21, 1902, at St. Michael's Hospital, John J. Murphy. Funeral from his father's residence, 241 Parliament-street, on Friday, Oct. 24, at 8.30 o'clock a.m.

PENNYLEGION—At her late residence, 51 Homewood-avenue, Catherine Pennylegion, relict of the late William Pennylegion. Funeral Thursday morning to Our Lady of Lourdes Church, 9.30 a.m.

MUST CONQUER THE COUNTRY

Opinion Prevalent in London That the Mad Mullah Has Stirred Up a Mess.

INDIAN TROOPS SAIL ON THURSDAY

Turbulent Chiefs Had Rifles Smuggled to Them Done Up in Cotton Goods.

Simla, India, Oct. 21.—The 2nd Bombay Grenadiers, stationed at Mhow (Central India), have been ordered to Somaliland. Other troops will probably follow.

Twelve officers and 400 men of the 23rd Bombay Infantry will accompany the 2nd Grenadiers. The troops will sail for Somaliland Thursday.

SERIOUS SITUATION OF BRITISH.

London, Oct. 21.—A letter from an officer belonging to the Somaliland expedition, received here, shows that the British force is even in a more precarious position than has been indicated in the official despatches. The writer says:

"No one will appreciate this business until it is too late. We are in a regular trap, and how we are going to get out we do not know. We have had stiff fights and have lost many men. The worst is that our blacks are funking and our camels have nearly all been killed or captured. We have next to no water, and we are miles from any wells. We have no supplies and nearly no ammunition. They have captured two of our maxims. I do not suppose they care at home what happens to us. It is a brutal shame to send us blind into an ambush like this. I hear fresh troops are coming up, and only hope they will come from India." The writer refers incidentally to some brisk fight which he apparently presumes was already known of here, and adds: "Thirty-three of us escaped. By jove, that was a pretty affair. We whites stood out, but—— Oh, well, we have too many blacks."

An official connected with the Red Sea ports, in an interview published in The Star to-day, says: "The Mullah and other turbulent chiefs have been liberally supplied with rifles by Americans and Germans, in spite of the British gunboats. The rifles supplied by the Americans were done up as cotton goods. This explains the frequent reference in consular reports to the fondness of the Somalis for American calicoes and shirtings. It is not calico the Somali wants, but the rifles inside the calico."

Alfred Peace, M.P., and other travelers, who have been in Somaliland, say that **it is now necessary to conquer the whole country, as the Mullah is certain to be reinforced by all the petty Sultans. The natives will make even the ports on the coast untenable unless the country is effectively occupied.**

GUNBOATS FOR CHINA.

Four British War Vessels Ordered to Proceed to Hankow.

Shanghai, Oct. 21.—Four British gunboats have been ordered from here to ascend the Yang-tse-Kiang to Hankow because of the failure of the Chinese authorities to deal with the murderers of Messrs. Bruce and Lewis, the English missionaries who were killed in Ho-Nan Province.

It is said here that the Chinese authorities are alarmed at this step on the part of Great Britain, and that Prince Ching, president of the Foreign Office, will confer with regard to the matter with Sir Ernest Satow, the British Minister to China.

WOULD NOT SEND A POLE.

London, Oct. 21.—Cabling from Rome, a correspondent of The Daily Chronicle says that Mgr. Zaleski has been trying for the past year to secure the appointment to Washington. The Vatican, however, refused to send a Pole to the United States for fear of displeasing the people of that country with a delegate of the nationality of the assassin of President McKinley.

A Big Name on the Band.

Every gentleman should have a silk hat for Sunday or function wear. He should also have one of proper style, especially as it does not cost any more than the other kind. Your safeguard is the name of a big maker on the inside band. Heath or Dunlap are the world beaters, and Dineen is sole Canadian agent. Corner Yonge and Temperance.

AND IT MAY RAIN.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, Oct. 21.—(8 p.m.—The weather has continued fine today thruout Canada generally, except that local showers have occurred in Cape Breton and rain in British Columbia. From the Great Lakes to the Atlantic it has been cool, whilst in the Territories and Manitoba somewhat warmer conditions have prevailed. In Ontario the indications are now for milder weather.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 50—54; Kamloops, 46—60; Calgary, 34—62; Qu'Appelle, 32—62; Winnipeg, 24—52; Port Arthur, 22—44; Saugeen, 32—46; Toronto, 30—44; Ottawa, 32—44; Montreal, 34—42; Quebec, 32—40; Halifax, 38—48.

Probabilities.

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Moderate to fresh southeasterly winds; fair and a little warmer; a few scattered showers not unlikely.

Ottawa and Upper St. Lawrence—Fair and cool.

Lower St. Lawrence—West and northwest winds; fine and cool.

Gulf—Decreasing northwesterly winds; fine and cool.

Maritime—Moderate west and north winds; fine and cool.

Lake Superior—East and southeast winds; local showers, but partly fair and warmer.

Manitoba—Fair and comparatively warm.

The Cheaper Vehicle.

A delivery wagon fitted with solid rubber tires is the most economical vehicle. Dunlop Carriage Tires give longer wear than any.

STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Oct. 21.	At.	From.
Lake Simcoe	Montreal	Liverpool
Pretorian	Liverpool	Montreal
Minneapolis	London	New York
Kais. M. Th.	Cherbourg	New York
Liguria	Genoa	New York
Astoria	Glasgow	New York
Pennland	Antwerp	Philadelphia
Staatendam	Boulogne	New York