

ON CONTINUES  
ON GATHERINGS

Maintained Until the Shows Signs of Improvement, Says M.O.H.

Oct. 28.—Until the situation of the "flu" shows any improvement, the ban on theatres, churches and all meetings, open and closed, will not be lifted, says the medical officer in charge of the World tonight. He had not commenced to lift the ban would continue until the peak had been reached, he declared. He stated that since the outbreak of the deaths had about 125, but that a great many deaths since the first was reported. The difficulty that the health authorities have to contend with is the applications for admission to the various hospitals, but the present overcrowding of the hospitals, a great many have been refused admission. This situation, he said, is the only time will alleviate the situation, the health authorities working strenuously to conditions.

and radial lines are being as a result of the ban in the announcement today. The man, general manager of the T. that during the past earnings had dropped \$25,000.

WEDNESDAY MORNING OCTOBER 30 1918

COL. MARLOW TELLS  
WHY HE RESIGNED

Chief Reason Was Ottawa's Failure to Standardize Base Hospital.

## COL. JONES IS HEARD

Sent Favorable Report to Ottawa Without a Personal Inspection.

Who reported favorably on the influenza situation in Toronto, he had not inspected either the Base Hospital or the residence of Burwash Jones, which was used for convalescent patients, was the admission made by Major-General Guy C. Jones, officer in charge of hospitalization for Canada, last night, at the request into the circumstances surrounding the death of Cadet F. N. Davidson on Oct. 18 from pneumonia. He had been in Toronto Oct. 8 at the military headquarters building, and had been only one-quarter of a mile from Burwash Hall. Asked by Crown Prosecutor Greer whether he had been closer inspection, he replied that he could not see a situation without seeing the details. There had been no hospital built from April to July, 1918, except an arrangement with the Toronto General Hospital to take in certain cases. Asked whether there had been any other arrangements by the authorities beyond using Burwash, witness explained that it was suggested that the College and Spadina patients be sent to Whitby, and that Spadina Hospital be used as an influenza emergency hospital. These, however, were just suggestions, and were not acted on, with the result that the Base became crowded. General Jones was asked to know whether anyone had suffered from the crowding. Mr. Greer replied that many men had died, and it was for the jury to determine whether anyone had suffered. He did not think that the Arlington Hotel was a fit place to establish a hospital, and he was not aware that the Y.M.C.A. had been offered for use as a hospital. He stated that he had only made one inspection of the Base, and his tenure of office had extended from February, 1918.

Col. F. W. Marlow, former A.D.M.S. of Military District No. 2, stated that he had several times had a conference with the Base. He had recommended that the hospital be brought up to the full general hospital standard of 1914 beds. It had not been standardized because the money had not been forthcoming from the department. In his opinion, there was not sufficient accommodation at the Base in 1917, when there were no R.A.F. units in Canada, no draftees nor as many returned soldiers to look after. Asked if the failure to accept his recommendations was the reason for his resignation as A.D.M.S., he replied that it was one of the most potent reasons, but that there were a good many others. He was charged with responsibility over many things, but had no authority to back him up.

Forsew the Contingency. In his recommendations to the authorities he had foreseen a contingency arising such as the present epidemic, and he had made preparations for this by asking for a large number of extra beds, which, however, were never granted. He thought that the Base with 700 men in it was very much overcrowded. To Major Church, who asked him how many beds would be needed to look after an extra load of the R.A.F. who have an approximate parade roll of 12,000 in Canada, Col. Marlow stated that at least 600 more beds would be needed.

To Mr. Greer, who wanted to know any reason why there should not be closer co-operation between the civilian authorities and the military authorities, witness said that there was no reason at all. Mr. Greer asked this question particularly with regard to the laboratory facilities of Toronto. Col. Marlow said that there was a military laboratory unit at the University of Toronto which was doing excellent work.

His Son Died. John Henry Butler of Simcoe related the story of his son, a cadet, stationed at Jesse Ketchum barracks, who was

taken ill on Oct. 4 and had written to tell of his illness. He was removed to the Base, and while he was there Mr. Butler received letters from a chaplain at the hospital who told him not to worry as the boy would be all right. A few days later he had received word that his son was seriously ill and he had been let lie there for three days and they never did one thing for him. "And," said Mr. Butler, "I believe him whatever any one says." As to his treatment at the Base he had no complaint, but the same room with his son there were six others dying from influenza.

William Houting, a returned soldier, told how he had been sent to the Base hospital, of his leg, and was not looked at by a medical officer for five days. He had been allowed to mingle with the influenza patients.

The juryman will visit the Base Hospital Thursday night on a general visit of inspection, and the hearing will be resumed Friday night.

## HANDS WERE INJURED.

While operating a machine in the plant of the Dunlop Tire and Rubber Company, Richard Brainer, 591 East-ern avenue, was seriously injured about the hands. He was removed to St. Michael's Hospital in the police ambulance.

## ESCAPED FROM FARM.

Walking away from the jail farm shortly after six o'clock, Olive Foster (22), Nellie Burly (24) and Clara Morrison (18) made their escape last evening and at a late hour last night had not been apprehended by the police.

## BOYS' BRASS BAND.

The British Imperial Boys' Brass Band held a rehearsal at Regal Road School Tuesday evening under Bandmaster Greenwell, who succeeded W. H. Chessell.

## HERZEGOVINA FRONTIER NEARED BY SERBIANS

Paris, Oct. 29.—A French official communication says: "Eastern front: On the Danube front in the region of Widin and the Iron Gates there has been artillery firing. "The Serbian vanguard, pushing the enemy northward, has reached the front of Stragari, the Rak River and Reava, 20 kilometres north of Kragujevac, and taken several hundred prisoners and guns and machine guns. "In the direction of Ulice and the frontier of Herzegovina, Serbian advanced elements have reached the base west of Cazak. Jugo-Slav units operating in Montenegro have passed beyond Ipek and Diakovo."

## GERMANS IN AUSTRIA TO SEND WILSON NOTE

Paris, Oct. 29.—The executive committee of the German parties in Austria has formed a provisional government, according to a despatch from Vienna, and has decided to send a separate note to President Wilson. The Arbeiter Zeitung of Vienna declares that Germany and Austria-Hungary will capitulate without delay.

## BARON BEAVERBROOK RESIGNS PROPAGANDA

London, Oct. 29.—Baron Beaverbrook, chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster and head of the propaganda department of the British Government, has resigned, according to official announcement made today. In a letter to Premier Lloyd George tendering his resignation, Baron Beaverbrook says it is due to ill health and the necessity of undergoing an operation for enlarged glands.

## WAR SUMMARY

## THE DAY'S EVENTS REVIEWED

In Italy the allied offensive which began upon a front of nearly 40 miles attained a penetration of ten miles yesterday against a weakening Austrian resistance. The British, who attacked the enemy alongside the Italians, forced a passage of the River Monticano, ten miles east of the Piave, in the region northeast of Vazzola. The British, who here comprised infantry and cavalry, found the Austrians early yesterday morning retreating to their defensive line on this river with a force of machine guns, but these failed to stop the advance. Italian forces on the British left are also making good progress. They have carried the heights in the left bend of the Piave along the Treviso-Oderzo Railway. The French contingent has taken Mont Pionar. On the Asiago Plateau in the mountains the British raided Austrian trenches and found them empty. The Italians have taken 4000 more prisoners and the British have taken several hundred more at the crossing of the Monticano.

The British advance is in the general direction of Udine, and is south of the Treviso road. Udine is the chief railway centre in the region rear, and is about 30 miles distant from the Monticano River. By occupying it inside of the next few days the allies could cut the retreat of the Austrians on the pass of Caporetto and could even hope to press large Austrian forces on the lower Piave against the shore of the Adriatic and compel them to lay down their arms. The Austrian army is still numerically superior to the allies, and the success of the offensive depends mainly on the superiority of the allied soldiers and the fact that the new allied method of attack remains irresistible. Although Austria is suing for an armistice, she wants to negotiate peace on the basis of last January. She has also semi-officially denied that she is seeking a separate peace. Her expectations are still too high. Altogether, and so the allies have set about to lower her terms by force of arms. The allies plainly do not believe that she will collapse without military disaster, or else they would not waste powder and men in the present offensive.

In France, another lull has come in the battle. The French are still in the last stages of their recent successful operation in the region northeast of Laon, where they cleared the Ger-

mans on a front of about 71-2 miles in the region west of Banogne, taking 800 prisoners. The British took 70 Germans in a morning raid, northeast of Englefontaine. All these minor attacks will shortly give place to another phase of the campaign. The allied troops are now on higher and drier ground than their previous winter quarters, and will be able to prosecute the war during the winter with great vigor, provided that Germany makes no delay in sending reinforcements. Such still has large forces of unused troops for the finishing stages of the campaign, and the Germans will soon have their choice of handing over their Rhine fortresses, or of being ground to a pulp by the power of the allied arms.

The allied conference at Versailles has agreed upon not only the terms of the armistice, but also the final terms of peace. The allied military commanders have now to study the armistice conditions. The decision to submit peace terms with the armistice terms shows that the allies will refuse to hold parleys as Germany has done. Germany will thus have to accept an allied peace with the armistice, or will have to endure further disasters in the field until ready to say, "Hold, enough."

News from Germany shows political conditions there are increasingly chaotic. The many defeats sustained by the German armies have begun the disintegration of the German body politic. A revolution, however, seems still far off. German agents in neutral countries are spreading reports of an impending Bolshevik uprising, but the docile German workmen do not know how to organize a genuine revolt. Germany is belittling herself in order to wheedle the allies into imposing easy terms. Although she has stopped submarine attacks on passenger ships, she is still sniping at other ships, showing the inability of the German to refrain from fruitfulness, even when he sees that it does not pay him. The British air attacks against towns in the Rhine Valley are causing a panicky flight of well-to-do Germans into the interior. The heavy withdrawals of deposits from banks to reduce the inflated German paper currency. This is another sign of failing confidence in the solvency of the German state.

ONTARIO  
CASUALTIES

## INFANTRY.

Wounded—G. Helmer, Newington; J. Holden, West Hurontario; J. Holmes, Wingham; B. Hoover, Walkerton; W. Howler, 87 Melville avenue, Toronto; C. Howard, Guelph; A. McChes, 1233 Davenport road, Toronto; L. Marshall, Coe Hill; St. McLeod, London; P. Markland, Kingston; Corp. J. Sargeant, Owen Sound; A. Rogers, Newmarket; E. Thompson, Belleville; A. Thompson, Kingston; A. Lucas, Hamilton; D. Tomlinson, Rosemount; W. Stewart, Hamilton; R. Taylor, 587 Con- cord avenue, Toronto; D. Donnelly, Farry cord avenue, Toronto; J. Archibald Dewar, Ottawa; Sgt. G. Durrant, 1215 Dufferin st., Toronto; G. Lambie, Midland; H. Kilmartin, Bonfield; A. Jerrom, 48 St. Clair Gar- dens, Toronto; Corp. E. Johnston, Ham- ilton; C. Hughes, Carleton Place; F. Hun- ter, Carleton Place; C. Helber, Vernon; W. Hewitt, Beauville; T. Hele, Peterboro; L. Hayes, Mitchell; G. Page, 25 Hocken ave- nue, Toronto; W. Gaudes, Norwood; G. Percival, Ottawa; T. Peddie, Uxbridge; J. O'Hov, Niagara Falls; N. Martin, 26 St. Albans street, Toronto; S. Babcock, Napanee; A. Bailey, 273 Logan ave- nue, Toronto; J. Abbott, Meaford; Corp. D. Barnes, 287 York street, Kingston; A. McEachern, North Lindsay; R. Mc- Eachern, 100 York street, Kingston; H. Burton, M. Kirby, Kingston; P. Kearns, 222 Clinton street, Toronto; H. Mesford, 174 York street, Toronto; G. McCombs, 21 Murray street, Toronto; S. Long, Peterboro; C. Love, 69 Foxley street, Toronto; W. Vahay, 343 Grace st., Toronto; J. Vance, Woodstock; A. Char- ton, Clarksburg; L. Wyant, Slayton; W. Wright, Clarksburg; C. Wilson, 138 Matherly road, Toronto; T. Murphy, Ot- tawa; W. Hill, Angus; J. Dryden, Tan- ley; J. Damour, Westboro; A. Bourque, Eastview Centre; H. Jennings, 78 Ger- ard street, Toronto; G. Hen, A. Clifford, Wounded and gassed—W. Adkins, 61 Earlsdale avenue, Toronto; J. Arnold, Mesford; E. Beach, Beachburg; J. Kuhl, Waterloo; J. Konkle, Beamsville; V. Las- ter, Fort Lehigh; W. Howard, London. Gassed—J. Fitzpatrick, Russell; W. Dillon, Cardinal; W. Morton, Gananoque; White, Ingersoll; S. Miller, 188 Morrison street, Toronto; J. Bell, Goderich; W. Honor, Porcupine; C. White, Victoria Harbor.

## MACHINE GUNS.

Killed in action—J. Webster, Mount Forest; W. Laver, Northam; J. Morrison, Leaside. Died—O. Martin, 23 Elmer avenue, To- ronto; G. Newburn, Ingersoll. Wounded—J. Judas, Windsor; G. How- itt, 345 Davenport road, Toronto; C. Mabbott, 288 Main street, Toronto; J. W. Kuning, 1800 Main street, Toronto; H. Ham- ilton, 1800 Main street, Toronto; W. Smith, Hamilton; F. Marks, Oshawa; G. W. Hythe, Galt. Gassed—F. Drain, 118 Lee avenue, To- ronto; M. McGilivray, Cornwall; A. Evans, Hamilton.

## CAVALRY.

Killed in action—L. McLeod, Drayton; I. Wares, London. Wounded—C. McLachlan, 421 1/2 Yonge street, Toronto; J. Morris, Hamilton; J. McEldin, Arthur; E. Webb, 54 Leuty ave- nue, Toronto; W. Perry, 85 Montrose avenue, Toronto; R. Jervis, Morewood; Corp. W. Tuck, 1000 Jarvis; W. Wigle, Kingsville; T. McCaw, Port Elgin.

## ARTILLERY.

Killed in action—A. Stewart, Ottawa; J. Laughlin, St. Catharines. Died of wounds—F. Perry, 85 Montrose avenue, Toronto; G. Morton, 1512 King street, Toronto. Died—Sgt. G. Aldcroft, Kingston; F. Pratt, Gore's Landing; F. Beer, Ottawa; E. Maynor, 38 Havelock street, Toronto. Wounded—J. Duncan, 469 Broadview avenue, Toronto; A. MacKenzie, Kincaid- dine; E. Ross, St. Catharines; J. Macdonald, Galt; A. Minister, 315 Delaware avenue, Toronto; J. King, 44 Durnfield avenue, Toronto. Gassed—W. Robinson, 25 Avenue road, Toronto; Corp. D. McArthur, Appleton; J. Simpson, Weston.

## RAILWAY TROOPS.

Died of wounds—F. Kloeske, Ham- ilton. Wounded—A. Mewes, 367 Greenwood avenue, Toronto; J. W. Smith, Swan- Sea.

## FORESTRY CORPS.

Ill—A. Goss, London; T. J. Betts, Vine- land.

## MOUNTED RIFLES.

Ill—W. Stow, Hamilton. Gassed—W. Smith, Soo.

## SERVICES.

Missing—E. J. Hinton, Sudbury.

## MEDICAL SERVICES.

Died—K. T. Jordan, Little Rapids. Ill—A. H. Emery, New Sarum; O. F. T. Watlin, London; Captain A. J. Mac- Callum, 36 Broadbalt street, Toronto.

## INFANTRY.

Killed in action—W. A. Byles, 122 Windermere avenue, Toronto. Prisoner of war—A. Munro, 161 Hast- ings avenue, Toronto. Missing—A. MacDonald, Porcupine Junction; N. F. Wharram, Welland; A. E. Emery, 1000 Jarvis; W. A. Foster, 298 Bowell avenue, Toronto. Wounded—A. I. Schell, Kitchener; G. W. Sharpe, Port Arthur; J. Ross, Sarnia; J. C. Long, Ottawa; J. Lamont, 53 Oak street, Toronto; W. A. Lampman, Wyom- ington; W. G. Lake, Kitchener; A. Kelly, Maynooth; J. Lacroix, Glenroy; J. L. Kilroe, Ottawa; J. H. Howie, 15 Park- ville avenue, Toronto; J. E. Hubbard, Alisa Clark; W. I. Huston, Locknow; S. Hopwood, Hamilton; H. J. Hopkins, 107 Clinton street, Toronto; J. W. Hoop- er, Morphet; M. I. Fitzgerald, Guelph; C. F. Wiley, Ottawa; M. Harold, Paris; J. D. Halpin, London; R. M. Har- ris, Windsor; E. Burke, Ottawa; W. A. Pettit, Cookstown; F. C. Davidson, 4 Bolton avenue, Toronto; S. Francis, Port Hope; W. E. Garbutt, Drayton; S. Gal- loway, Paris; A. Gauthier, Yorkville Hill; J. W. Gibson, Ottawa; J. F. A. Gelling, 74 McMurray avenue, Toronto; P. M. Olmstead, Bismarck; J. N. Gilroy, Lakeland; J. Hart, Madoc; R. A. Giles, Carleton Place; L. Reano, St. Cathar- ics; J. E. Hamilton, Brimston; H. Hanna, Prescott; T. R. Doughty, Peterboro; F. Davis, Hamilton; M. Gould, St. Thomas; W. S. Griffin, Peterboro; A. L. Trull, Oshawa; W. Trollope, 392 Rhodes avenue, Toronto; E. H. Draper, Sarnia; E. Graham, Guelph; W. Greere, 321 Erie terrace, Toronto; J. Peters, Walkerville; W. J. Fyke, Cheshamville.

## U-BOATS STILL ATTACK NON-PASSENGER SHIPS

London, Oct. 29.—For the time being there has been a cessation of at- tacks on passenger steamers, Andrew Bonar Law announced in the house of commons today. "But," he added, "there have been attacks on other steamers during the past week."

## BUY BONDS

HAVE YOU PAID YOUR WATER RATES? MAIL CHEQUE AND STAMPED ADDRESSED "RETURN ENVELOPE" TODAY.

THE TORONTO WORLD

PAGE FIVE

Anticipate Some of  
Those Petty Pleasures

BY USING THE MONEY NOW TO BUY THE GREATEST SATISFACTION MONEY CAN BUY—A CLEAR CONSCIENCE

Nothing can ever excuse you if you fail to use your resources to the limit to support the cause of Justice at this time.

## BUY VICTORY BONDS

SPACE DONATED BY THE SALADA TEA CO.

B535

## EXPECT COAL SOON.

G. A. Moses, fuel controller, Todmorden, who has been actively en- gaged in trying to secure a supply of coal for the district, states that ar- rangements are being made to send a consignment to the nearest township siding, for the people of Todmorden district, and that it should arrive with- in the next few days.

## VETERANS TO HELP.

Mrs. Rhem, Nalra avenue, Earls- court, who died last week, has left three little children. The Great War Veterans of Earls court are taking the case up with the authorities, and Secretary Lacey has written to P. T. Rhem, who is lying wounded in a British hospital in Brighton, England, informing him of the death of his wife.

YORK COUNTY  
AND SUBURBSGET INTERSECTIONS  
NEARER COMPLETION

Good progress is being made with the Bloor street viaduct street car in- tersection at Sherbourne and Bloor streets and work at this point should be completed by the end of the week. The erection of the Glen road bridge piers will probably commence today the footings having been completed. The street car trench on the new road from Parliament street is ad- vanced the greater part of the dis- tance in the direction of Glen road. The Hydro lights are completed be- tween Danforth and the head of Par- liament street and good progress has been made with the completion of the Danforth - Broadview intersection. Work on the overhead trolley wiring commenced yesterday.

WILL BE A SURPLUS  
AFTER PAYING DEBTS

Alexander MacGregor, bar-ster, Confederation Life Building, who is acting for a number of Toronto, Earlscourt, Fairbank and other sub- urban clients in connection with the Muskoka Cordwood and Lumber Co., stated yesterday that in his opinion and that of the assignee it is ex- pected that there would be a surplus of

about \$2000 from the estate after all liabilities were paid. Eighty per cent. of the creditors are in Toronto and the total amount is \$13,000 of which \$2000 has been re- funded in deposits or delivery of cord- wood.

According to the statement of R. Skene, the insolvent, increases in prices prevented him from carrying out his contracts. His assets consist of a 200-acre tract of land at South- wood, Ont., with buildings and ma- chinery worth \$4000. There is \$2600 cash in hand. The new automobile purchased for \$1200 is now worth \$1500. There are also eight cars of cordwood at the C.N.R. station worth when sold \$2200, and 1000 cords of wood at Muskoka.

Mr. Skene hopes that the depositors will receive their deposits in full or, if the cordwood is sold, they can have delivery at a cost considerably less than current market prices.

## —BUY BONDS—

## STRUCK BY MOTOR CAR.

Mrs. Martha Smith, 554 Pape ave- nue, aged 68 years, was knocked down on Danforth avenue near Broadview by a motor car, owned by Albert Rodgers, 252 Danforth avenue, and driven by Charles Anselme, yesterday forenoon. She received injuries to her head. Dr. Denis Jordan, Danforth avenue, rendered first aid and Mrs. Smith was taken to her home.

## CAR JUMPED TRACKS.

A construction car jumped the tracks at Broadview and Danforth avenues yesterday about 1:15, block- ing the traffic for about half an hour.

## —BUY BONDS—

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In every home in Canada a Victory Bond! That is the Victory Loan objective this year.

Last year Canada made a War Loan record.

Aiming at one bond to every 20 of the population Canada responded by taking one for every ten, 9.6 to be exact.

Now that we all have learned to invest in bonds.

—now that we know how greatly Canada benefits from Victory Loans.

—now that our wonderful fighting men and our noble allies have brought Victory almost within our grasp.

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That will mean an average of one Victory Bond for every home in Canada.

One in every home!

Display your card in your window. Persuade your neighbour to do the same.

If you do this and you, and You and YOU—if we are all skimping, working, saving with the one end in view, to win the war—Canada's Victory Loan 1918 must meet with overwhelming success.

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## BUY VICTORY BONDS