

In 1800,	586,050,	20,613	10,374
1810,	959,049,	15,017	25,333

From the year 1786 to 1790, the population gained a yearly increase of  $9\frac{1}{2}$  per cent. The increase in the last ten years was 372,999, or 64 per cent. In population this is the second state in the Union.

	Males.	Females.
According to the last census there were, under sixteen years of age,	239,635	226,756
Between sixteen and forty-five,	180,652	170,944
Above forty-five,	53,985	46,718

The last census gives  $20\frac{1}{2}$  persons to a square mile; and it results from the three last enumerations, that during this interval it doubled in less than sixteen years. It has been considerably increased, however, by emigration from the New England states to the western country.

The progress of the population of blacks has been as follows:

In 1731 the number was	7,231
1756	13,543
1786	18,889
1790	21,324
1801	20,613
1810	15,000

**Freeholders.**—The number of freeholders

In 1793	was	36,332
1801		52,053
1808		71,159
1813 (by computation)		100,000 nearly.

The following table contains the enumeration of the inhabitants of the city of New York made in April 1816:

White inhabitants,	44,424	43,819
Aliens,	3,891	3,094
Colored,	3,198	4,576
Slaves,	288	389
Total number of males,	51,801	51,876
females,	51,878	
	103,679	

Excess of females 77; Aliens of both sexes 6,985; Persons of color not slaves 7,774; Persons of color, slaves, 677.

**Indians.**—The remains of the six confederated nations, the Mohawks, Oneidas, Tuscaroras, Senecas, Cayugas, and Onondagas, inhabit the western parts of this territory. In the war of the revolution all these tribes were in favor of the English, except the Oneidas and Tuscaroras. The Pagan party of the