

ROMAN LOAN.

AMERICAN ISSUE—FOUR MILLIONS OF DOLLARS.

To insure the Treasury of the States of the Holy See complete independence during the negotiations pending between the Governments of France and Italy for the liquidation of the Papal State debt, His Holiness, Pope Pius IX., by Pontifical Act of the 11th April 1866 decreed the emission by subscription of the loan now offered to the public.

Although former loans have commanded nearly par, His Holiness, in view of the present condition of monetary matters, not wishing to impose a sacrifice upon those willing to assist him in surmounting his present temporary embarrassments, as well as to present inducements to capital has decided to issue this loan at sixty-six (66) dollars gold for the one hundred dollar gold bond.

The Bonds, payable to bearer, are of 500 francs, or one hundred dollars (gold), each bearing 5 per cent. interest per annum, in gold, the coupons payable semi-annually, on the 1st of April and the 1st of October, in Paris or in New York, Philadelphia and New Orleans, at the current rate of exchange. The issue being at 66 dollars (gold) will give more than 7 1/2 per cent. interest on the investment. From 1870, \$2,000 will be annually appropriated for the purchase of the bonds; the amount of interest of those cancelled will be applied to the further reduction of the debt.

It is believed that this loan will commend itself to capitalists generally, and undoubtedly will to all good Catholics having at heart a desire to prove that His Holiness never addresses himself to them in vain.

No investment can present greater security than one guaranteed as this, by the pledged faith of a State which has always punctually fulfilled every engagement of its Pontifical Head.

Subscriptions received and Coupons paid at the following Banking Houses.

Messrs. EDWARD BLOUNT & Co., Paris, France.

Messrs. DUNCAN, SHERMAN & Co., Nassau street, corner Pine, New York.

Messrs. DAKEL & Co., 34 South 3d street, Philadelphia.

Mr. JOHN B. MURRAY, No. 18 Nassau Street, New York.

AND IN MONTREAL, BY
Mr. ALFRED LAROCQUE, or Mr. E. J. BARREAU, at the
Montreal City and District Savings' Bank.

Apostolical Nunciature in France.

PARIS, May 20th, 1866.

Mr. Robert Murphy, Paris:

Sir:—Messieurs Edward Blount & Co., entrusted with the emission of the new loan that the Holy Father has just ordered by His Sovereign decree of the 11th of April, have apprised me of the offers that you made them to place the bonds of the said loan in America, and of the motives that they have for believing in the success of your efforts.

Receiving this intelligence with great satisfaction, I myself desire, Sir, to encourage you in your good intentions and to entreat you to omit nothing that may facilitate your attainment of so just and useful an object to the Government of the Holy Father as that you propose. To this end you are especially invited to call, above all, on our Most Rev. and Right Reverend the Archbishops and Bishops, and on the venerable members of the Clergy, whose moral support is indispensable in order to obtain numerous subscribers among the faithful. And I by these letters, which you may exhibit to the Most Reverend Prelates and to all Ecclesiastics, myself earnestly entreat them to have the goodness to receive you with all kindness and to lend you all the aid that circumstances may require for the more successful accomplishment of the enterprise. For this purpose I declare to them that you are, under the orders of Messieurs Edward Blount & Co., alone authorized to negotiate the bonds of the Pontifical loan in America, and I add thereto that the subscription is for the immediate account of the Government of the Holy Father.

It would, Sir, be especially agreeable to me to earn the names of those persons who have either subscribed to the loan or aided the subscription.

With the hope that your efforts may speedily be crowned by the most ample success, I am happy to assure you, Sir, of my sentiments of the most distinguished consideration.

The Apostolical Nuncio in France.

(Signed),

FLAVIO, Archbishop of Myra.

THE LOAN TO THE POPE.—The Rev. Pastor of St. Patrick's Church read on Sunday, at Divine Service, a letter from the administrator of the Diocese soliciting the faithful to come forward and subscribe to the loan for the payment of the debt of the Roman States. Four million dollars is expected to be taken up on this continent. The bonds will bear about 7 1/2 per cent. They are issued at 84 per cent discount, or \$100 bond for every 84 dollars paid in gold or its equivalent.—We think the investment a good one.—At all events it will be a mark of the profound veneration and respect which the children of the Church owe to the most saintly father that has occupied the chair of Peter for centuries. Mr. Vézina, who has charge of the loan in Quebec has written to the agent at New York to make the coupons payable in Canada.—*Quebec Daily News*, 20th inst.

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.—When His Excellency leaves for Quebec, should Cabinet Councils necessitate his personal attendance, they will be held in Montreal.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.—The following have been announced to fill up the vacancies lately created:—

The Hon. Mr. Howland will have temporary charge of the Financial Department, in place of the Hon. Mr. Galt. He will confer with the Hon. Mr. Cartier, especially in matters concerning the patronage of the Department; and he will retain his own Department.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Meredith has been appointed Chief Justice of the Superior Court, Lower Canada.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Badgley has been promoted from a Judge of the Superior Court, to be a puisne Judge of the Court of Queen's Bench, Lower Canada.

Mr. Assistant Justice Monk has been appointed Judge of the Superior Court, Lower Canada.

The Hon. Charles Alleyne has been appointed Sheriff of Quebec.

A. M. De Lisle, Esq., has been appointed Collector of Customs of the Port of Montreal.

William Workman, Esq., has been appointed a Harbor Commissioner for the Port of Montreal, in the place of Hon. Thomas Ryan, resigned.

Vital Latue to be Master, and J. B. Forsyth and J. Garsley to be Wardens of the Trinity House, Quebec.

Remittances in our next.

On Sunday last, a collection for the poor was taken up in St. Patrick's, St. Ann's, and St. Bridget's churches, which amounted to \$200.

RENFREW APPOINTMENTS.—The following appointments are said to have been decided on for the County of Renfrew; Mr. Deacon, barrister, of Perth, gets the Judgeship; Mr. Morris, of Macnab, the present Registrar, becomes Sheriff; Mr. Irvine, of Pembroke, is appointed Registrar; Mr. Thompson, of Renfrew, becomes County Court Clerk; and Mr. Duck of Ottawa, City and County Attorney. The last appointment was made at the request of Mr. Skead; the other appointments by request of Mr. McIntyre, the county member.

THE BOARD OF ARTS AND MANUFACTURES.—This Corporation has received \$4000 from the appropriation recently voted by Parliament for the Paris Exhibition. They intend to expend it on articles manufactured in Lower Canada, and will meet shortly to decide what class of goods it would be desirable to forward to the Exhibition.

It is said that the 1st Troop of Montreal Cavalry is about to be armed with breechloaders and provided with new saddlery. We earnestly hope that the rumor is true, as the efficiency of this fine troop is now greatly marred for want of these indispensable articles. We trust that the 2nd Troop and also the Montreal Field Battery will share in this munificence on the part of Government, as it is of the highest importance that artillerymen should be able to protect their guns, which they certainly could not do armed with swords as at present.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—On Monday morning a painter while at work on the roof of a house in St. George Street, fell with terrific force into the street below. The injuries he received were fatal, his brains being literally dashed out, and he died very shortly afterwards. The accident was witnessed by a person in a house near by, who saw the paint-pot slip. In trying to catch this unfortunate man lost his hold, and fell headlong to the ground.

SUDDEN DEATH.—On Saturday evening, about ten o'clock, a woman named Julia Daniel wife of Charles Simard, fell dead in Seaton Street. She was brought to her late residence.

PRESENTATION AT OTTAWA.—A handsome gold watch has been presented to Mr. McCarthy, Chief House Messenger, as a token of esteem for his character, and appreciation of his long and faithful services, extending over a period of thirty years. The inscription reads thus: "A gift from eighty M. P.'s Legislative Assembly, to Michael McCarthy. Committee—Messrs. Morrison, Wright, Pope, Thompson, Robitaille. Mr. McCarthy has well deserved the compliment, as there is no more obliging and popular servant in the employ of the House of Parliament.

MUNITION GOING WESTWARD.—In addition to other warlike material which has been sent in that direction recently a million rounds of small ammunition were sent westward by rail on Thursday for Kingston.—*Quebec Daily News*.

CAMP OF OBSERVATION.—The camp in the Niagara District is to be formed on Friday next. It will be composed of some regulars, a troop of cavalry, and three battalions of volunteers—one from Toronto, one from London, and the other a provisional battalion. Ridgway or Port Robinson is talked of as the point for the camp. Col. Lowry, acting Commandant of the District, and Col. McKinstry were at Niagara on Tuesday locating the camp.

Eight men belonging to the 60th Rifles, two to the 16th, and one to the Royal Artillery, arrived in Toronto on Monday morning from London, C.W., on their way to London, England, where they will be honorably discharged, having served their full term and received "good conduct" marks. Fourteen men of the 47th, some of whom are invalids, and the remainder having put in full service, also leave for England with the above.

It is said that one of the gunboats lately sent out from England, will be stationed between Brockville and Prescott.

THE 30TH REGIMENT.—This fine regiment left here per steamer on Friday evening for Quebec, en route for Jamaica. An immense concourse of people assembled to witness their departure. The cadets of the Military School mustered in full force, and gave three hearty cheers in honor of their instructors belonging to the regiment. The Band played appropriate airs as the boat left her moorings. The regiment—officers and men—carry with them the best wishes of the citizens at large.

FATAL ACCIDENT AT ST. CHARLES.—Mr. Joseph Theodore Fortier, resident of Ste. Claire, and a member of the municipal council of that locality, was accidentally killed on Tuesday, near the River Boyer Bridge, St. Charles. His horse took fright, and in endeavoring to check the animal he fell, and the vehicle with its heavy load passed over his body. Deceased leaves a widow and six children.—*Quebec Daily News*.

MILITARY PREPARATIONS.—We understand that a circular of a confidential nature has been addressed to the commander of each Volunteer Company in the Province conveying instructions to have the men ready for service whenever called upon, since the whole available volunteer force of the country may be called out at a moment's notice. And further, that the captain of each company is to furnish his Brigade Major immediately with full particulars of whatever may be required to thoroughly and efficiently equip his company. If this be carried out our volunteers will go forth ready to drive the Fenians away in short order, should they again attempt a landing.

The head quarters and band of the 30th Regiment arrived down from Montreal by the mail steamer Quebec, on yesterday morning, and at once crossed over to the camp at Levis.

An English paper states that the regiments which were under orders, in the usual term of service, to leave Canada for service in the West Indies and other points, have been ordered to remain in this Province for the present.—*Quebec Daily News* 20th inst.

NAVAL.—Her Majesty's steam sloop-of-war Rosario arrived down from Montreal, and anchored off the Finlay Market on Friday. After taking in coal she left at eight o'clock on Saturday morning to join the fleet at Halifax.—*Id.*

DEATH OF BENJAMIN DE LISLE, ESQ.

We regret to learn the death of Benjamin De Lisle, in the 77th year of his age. He was a man well known and respected in this community. He served with distinction as an officer in the Royal Canadian Fencible Regiment during the war of 1812, and took part in the memorable battle of Chateaugay on the 26th of October, 1813, under that distinguished officer, the late Colonel De Salaberry. He was then detailed by Colonel De Salaberry to convey 153 prisoners of war, taken at that engagement, to Quebec, among whom was the late Gen. Winfred Scott, of the United States army. He was rewarded for his services by receiving a medal, and was retained on half-pay after the war. He subsequently held, until very recently, the rank of Lieut. Colonel of the 11th Battalion of the Montreal Militia, which he had brought up to a very efficient state of organization.—*Gazette*.

We are informed by Mr. Lewis, acting Collector, that fire-arms and munitions of war are to be admitted free of duty till the 15th day of September next inclusive, in accordance with an Order in Council passed on the 16th inst.

HORRIBLE MURDER OF A CHILD AND FEARFUL OUTRAGES.—A special correspondent furnishes the *Montreal Gazette* with the following account of one of the cruellest and most fiendish murders we ever read of, having been committed in cold blood:—"Near the Province line, in Potton, more than half a mile from any inhabitant, has resided for the last few years a man named James Hannah, with his wife. They have often been disturbed by a party of ruffians. About midnight of the 14th ult., their house was set on fire, but discovered in time to save it. The inmates distinctly heard the parties outside as they were leaving. On the following Monday, Hannah and his wife were under the necessity of coming to Mansonville to appear against one Harvey Whitcomb, who had grievously assaulted Hannah a few days before. In their absence they left their house, and a little girl about three years old, in charge of a very respectable young man. Some hours after they left, three young men entered the house, partially disguised by having their faces blackened, and threatened the life of the young man in charge if he resisted, stating that they had come to kill Hannah, and as he was not there they would burn his house. They then destroyed everything. On the morning of the 2nd instant, while Mrs. Hannah and child were alone, a stranger came to the house, deliberately walked in, and commenced beating Mrs. Hannah with a large stick about the head. She attempted to fly and succeeded in getting a short distance from the house. She then saw him turn to the child (who was calling for his mother and attempting to follow her) take an axe, strike it on the head, and throw it into the cellar. She then fled for her life, but was overtaken by her pursuer and beaten again and left lying on the ground. As her assailant made for the settlement she returned to the house in time to see it burning down with the murdered child in it. She then fled by a by path to the nearest settlement, where the writer of this saw her a few hours after. The remains of the child were taken from the ruins, an inquest held, and a verdict rendered in accordance with the above facts. Several arrests have been made, and after a careful investigation, lasting five days, a young man by the name of Chamberlain has been committed to jail for trial at the next term of the Court of Queen's Bench. The prisoner is an American lately from the States. He has served in the American army. Other parties are suspected, and further arrests will be made to-day. The prisoner (Chamberlain) has been identified as one of the three who were at the house on the 10th, and was also identified by Mrs. Hannah as the murderer.

ACCIDENT ON THE GRAND TRUNK.—The train from Quebec, due on Saturday at seven a.m. was delayed nearly twelve hours, in consequence of their having run off the track about two miles east of Action Station. Excepting that the rails were torn up and shivered to pieces, no other injury was sustained. Some of our leading merchants were passengers; and they felt very queer on considering what might have been the consequences.—*Transcript*.

A bill was passed in the latter part of last week to prevent the unlawful training of persons to the use of arms, and to practice military evolutions or exercises; and to authorize Justices of the Peace to seize and detain arms collected or kept for purposes dangerous to the public peace. By the first section, all meetings assembled without lawful authority, for the purpose of training or drilling are prohibited; every person present thereat for the purpose of training others, is liable to imprisonment in the Provincial Penitentiary for two years, or to be punished by fine and imprisonment in the common jail for any less term; and every person attending the same for instruction is liable to fine and imprisonment. The fourth clause provides for the seizure and detention of all arms and other weapons kept for purposes dangerous to the public peace; that upon information upon oath of one or more credible witnesses or witnesses, any Justice of the Peace may issue his warrant to a constable to search for and seize any such weapons or munitions of war in the possession of any person for purposes dangerous to the public peace, and to that end may enter by force, by day or by night, into any house or other place for the purpose of seizing the same. By the other clauses ample provision is made for any party seized upon to vindicate himself if his cause is good, and also for the general and rigorous enforcement of the act.

FALL OF A BRIDGE AT BUCKINGHAM.—The main span of the bridge over the River du Lièvre, at the Village of Buckingham, commenced to give way on Tuesday, and during the night completely fell down, and the debris now lies between the centre pier and the shore, resting partly on Mr. McLaren's boom and partly on the saw logs in the boom. There were two cows and a mare crossing at the time, which of course, went down with the bridge. The man got a fright, and the cows got a ducking, but ultimately escaped by swimming ashore.

FIRE IN ST. CATHARINES.—St. Catharines, Tuesday Aug. 14.—Last night, about eleven o'clock, a fire broke out in Mr. Thomas McIntyre's turning and manufacturing shop, attached to his cabinet warehouse. The shop was totally destroyed, together with Flint's saw factory. Loss estimated at from \$18,000 to \$20,000. Insurance, \$4,600.

The county of Greenville Agricultural show this year is to commence on Tuesday, 25th September, and lasts three days.

A gentleman, well known in Quebec, swam completely across the St. Lawrence on Saturday, starting from Commissioners' wharf, and landing at Point Levis directly opposite.

During the last week, Mrs. Michael Foley, one of the oldest and most respected residents in the vicinity of Almont, has ceased to be. The deceased appears to have been universally esteemed, for even at this busy season, several hundred of all classes and denominations tacitly expressed their sympathy by joining in the funeral procession. The funeral, which took place on Wednesday last, was unusually large, extending more than a mile.

The London *Free Press* cautions the public against a counterfeit \$5 bill on the Bank of Montreal. It is dated Hamilton, August 1, 1864, and numbered 96-078. The signature is G. Brown. The execution of the engraving is very good, the only defect being the omission of the motto around the shield on the left hand corner of the bill. The printing is excellent, but the paper is bad and of a brownish tint. The bill in question was paid into the hands of a leading wholesale firm, who deposited it (of course in ignorance of its nature), among a pile of other bills into the Bank of British North America. The quick and experienced eye of the teller at once detected the fraud and the bill was thrown out.

CHEESE FACTORY.—Mr. W. S. Hunter of Stanstead, is making the necessary arrangements for the erection of a cheese factory of sufficient extent to work up the milk of one thousand cows. It will be erected on a lot owned by Mr. Hunter, one mile and a half from Stanstead.

DEPARTURE OF THE ROYALS FROM TORONTO.—The Tenth Royal regiment took their departure from Toronto on Friday morning for Thorold. They met in the drill shed at an early hour, by which time a large number of citizens had assembled for the purpose of seeing them off. After some delay a large quantity of ammunition was served out to the men before they left the shed. The battalion numbered 452 men and officers. Each man had his overcoat strapped on his shoulders and had a drinking mug and canteen slung by his side. The battalion band and also the band of the 'Queen's Own' played the Royals to the steamer about eight o'clock amid loud cheers of the spectators who thronged the streets. Having arrived at Yonge street wharf they got aboard the steamer Osprey, and started for St. Catharines soon afterwards, from which place they will doubtless march to Thorold. As the steamer left the wharf loud cheers were given for the gallant fellows.—*Leader*.

The *Globe* says:—When the Tenth got to the camp at Thorold they found no tents or blankets. Who is responsible? Let the authorities make enquiry. It is disgraceful that men who leave their homes at a great sacrifice to defend their country should be thus treated; and if the guilty parties are not looked after now, by and bye they will repeat their blunder, when the consequences may be even more serious. Who neglected to forward the tents and the blankets?

THE DEFENCE OF THE LAKES.—When we remember that at the time of the last Fenian raid there was not a gunboat on the lakes, it is a matter for congratulation as well as surprise that we have now seven boats of this character upon these waters. They are as follows:—Britannia, Lieut. Allington, 40 men and 2 large Armstrong guns; Cherub, Lieut. Huntley, 40 men and 2 large Armstrong guns; Heron, Lieut. Stevenson, 40 men and 2 large Armstrong guns; Rescue, Lieut. Fairlie, 40 men and 2 Armstrongs, smaller size; Michigan, Lieut. Heron, 40 men and 2 Armstrongs, smaller size; St. Andrew—Lieutenant Smith, 40 men and 4 field pieces; Royal—Lieutenant Boyce, 40 men and 4 field pieces. In addition to the present armament of the Rescue and Michigan they will soon have two guns, one of which was landed in Toronto on Wednesday by the Heron. The Britannia, Cherub, Rescue and Michigan will be engaged between Port Erie and the upper lakes, constantly on the move and ready for immediate service. The Heron, St. Andrew and Royal, with another boat, which is expected to arrive next week, will be used on Lake Ontario and the River St. Lawrence. This is a respectable fleet, and will do good service should an enemy attempt to invade the country.

LAUNCH AT LEVIS.—The St. Lawrence Tow boat Company launched on Tuesday morning a fine new steamer, intended to run between Montreal and St. Lambert, and named the *Maid of Canada*. She is built of sufficient strength to act as a gunboat. A neat platform, carpeted with new canvas, decked with flags and shaded with evergreens, was erected at the steamer's bow, and as the handsome vessel glided down the ways, she was named with the usual honors by Miss Bagge, of Montreal. The steamer is estimated to carry 800 people and when completely equipped will cost \$25,000.

A proclamation is published constituting St. Catharines the County town of the County of Lincoln, instead of Niagara, as heretofore.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS

Montreal, Aug. 21, 1866.

Flour—Pollards, \$3.75 to \$4.00; Middlings, \$4.70 to \$5.00; Fine, \$5.25 to \$5.55; Super., No. 2 \$5.75 to \$6.00; Superfine \$5.85 to \$6.00; Fancy \$6.12 1/2 to \$6.25; Extra, \$6.50 to \$6.75; Superior Extra \$7.00 to \$7.50; Bag Flour, \$3.30 to \$3.40 per 112 lbs.

Eggs per doz, 00c to 00c.

Tallow per lb, 00c to 00c.

Butter, per lb.—Choice Dairy, 17c to 18c., according to quality. Middle Dairy, 16c to 17c.

Oatmeal per bbl of 200 lbs, \$4.70 to \$4.92 1/2.

Wheat—U. C. Spring ex cars \$1.35.

Ashea per 100 lbs, First Pils, at \$5.65 to \$5.67

Seconds, \$5.20 to \$5.30; First Pearl, \$6.85 to \$6.95.

MONTREAL RETAIL MARKET PRICES.

Aug. 21, 1866

	s.	d.	s.	d.
Flour, country, per quintal,	17	6	20	0
Oatmeal,	12	6	13	0
Indian Meal,	8	6	9	6
Wheat, per min.,	0	0	0	0
Barley, do, per 50 lbs	0	0	0	0
Peas, do,	4	8	5	0
Oats, do,	2	3	2	6
Butter, fresh, per lb.	1	3	1	6
Do, salt do	0	11	0	1
Beans, small white, per min	0	0	0	0
Potatoes, per bag	4	6	5	0
Onions, per minot,	0	0	0	0
Lard, per lb	0	10	1	0
Beef, per lb	0	5	0	7 1/2
Pork, do	0	8	10	9
Mutton do	0	4	0	5
Lamb, per do	0	4	0	5
Eggs, fresh, per dozen	0	9	0	10
Turkeys, per couple	5	6	12	6
Apples, per bbl	\$5.50	to	\$6.00	
Hay, per 100 bundles,	\$5.00	to	\$9.50	
Straw	\$3.00	to	\$4.50	

ACADEMY OF VILLA-ANNA, FOR YOUNG LADIES.

AT LACHINE.

THE OPENING OF THE CLASSES will take place on the FOURTH OF SEPTEMBER next.

DEAF AND DUMB INSTITUTION.

THIS INSTITUTION will be re-opened on the 6th of September.

CONVENT OF LONGUEUIL.

THE opening of the scholastic year at the Convent of Longueuil will be on the 3rd September.

Died.

At his residence, on the 18th inst, Benjamin De Lisle, Esq., in the 77th year of his age.

In the Township of Ramsay, on the 13th inst., Mrs. Michael Foley, in the 65th year of her age.

ST. DENIS ACADEMY.

THE SISTERS OF THE CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME, having taken possession of their new Establishment, St. Denis Street, respectfully inform the public that they can presently admit a larger number of pupils.

SCHOLASTIC YEAR—TWO SESSIONS,

FIVE MONTHS EACH.

TERMS:

Payable 1st Session on entrance.
" 2nd " on 1st February.
Pupils of the 6th and 5th Classes, per annum, \$16 00
" 4th and 3rd " " 22 00
" 2nd and 1st " " 28 00
Music Lessons—Piano " 30 00
Drawing, Painting, and Embroidery " 15 00
Entrance Fee. Use of desk and chair " 2 00
Calligraphy—Course of 20 lessons, charge of Professor, Lessons in German, Italian, Harp, Guitar and Singing, Wax Flowers, with other accomplishments not specified to the charge of the Professor.
If dinner be taken in the Establishment, an extra charge of \$24.00 per annum is made.
The system of Education includes the French and English Languages, Writing, Arithmetic and Algebra, History, Geography with use of Globes, Astronomy, Lectures on the Practical and Popular Sciences, Plain and Ornamental Needle Work.
No deduction made for occasional absence.
N.B.—Classes re-open 1st September.
August 22, 1866. 3w

MONTREAL

SELECT MODEL SCHOOL

Nos. 6, 8, and 10 St. Constant Street.

THE above institution will be reopened for the reception of pupils on Monday the THIRD OF SEPTEMBER next, at nine o'clock A.M.

The Course of instruction comprises a thorough English, French, Commercial and Mathematical Education.
For terms and other particulars, apply at the SCHOOL.
August 22, 1866. W. DORAN, Principal.

WANTED,

BY the SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS of this Town, a MALE TEACHER for the English Elementary Class, to whom a liberal salary will be given.
Address, T. R. JOHNSON, Secy.-Treas. S. C. St. Johns.

August 23, 1866.

L'ECHO DE LA FRANCE.

Revue Etrangere de Science et de Littérature.

E pluribus unum.

Made up of every creature's best.

Realiser le bien et contempler le beau.

The object of this Publication is to reproduce, in convenient form, the choice extracts which are now spread out in Reviews, Newspapers and Periodicals published in Europe, and particularly in France, as is indicated by our title, and to furnish this valuable collection to the Public of Canada, at a very moderate price.

It is believed there is in Canada a vacancy for such a Publication; and that a compilation affording a collection of the literary beauties and discussions of many subjects, which now appear in the Old World in the French tongue, would be acceptable as well to the English as French speaking portions of our population.

Certainly to all that part of the English speaking population to whom it is an object to cultivate acquaintance with the French language, or the polite literature of France, the projected publication will be in an especial manner valuable.

We propose to give to our Review as wide a latitude as possible (even to referring to Romance, small space), and to furnish extracts from the speeches and writings of the Thiers, the Berrysers, the Montalemberts, of Pere Felix, of Kolb-Bernard, Messieurs Dupanloup, Michel Chevalier, Veuillot, De Lagueronniere, &c. &c., also sometimes from Figaro, and the Charivari. It will thus be

Various, that the mind of desultory man, studious of change, And pleased with novelty, may be indulged. Young people especially will find it very advantageous in their studies of the French language, as it will give them the best and safest illustrations of what they learn, adorning at the same time their memory and intelligence with some of the best productions in the world. And we can repeat that it will be the most desirable means of initiating French Scholars into the beauties of the diplomatic tongue of Europe.

L'ECHO DE LA FRANCE is published fortnightly and contains 64 pages—forming three vols., of over five hundred pages each at the end of the year.

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