




Vol. I.
Halifax, Nova Scutia, Junc, 18050.
No. 12.

## EDUCATIONAL.

## 1....THEORY OF EDUCATION.

PHYSICAL EDUCATION-MIUSCULAR SYSTEMI OF ORGANS.

PIYSICAI. IN-DOOR EXENCISES AS PRACTICED IS THE MODEL GCHOOLS OF THE NORSAL GCHOOL, GR,ASGOWCONDUCTED ON THR TRAINING SYSTEIS.

We shall particularise only two exarcises which are funda mental, and which experience has prored to be the very best that have been devised for the purpose. The firat is, to secure that the whole gallery of chlidren may rise up and sit down samultancously-quickly or slowly-in the most natural and enay manner; and the second is, to secure an easy carriage in sitting or walking, by placing the shoulders squarehead erect-spine and anhles sraight-and opening the chest. The repelition of these, like ever other part of the system, of ccurse forms the tubte, and, if exercised, will produce through-- out the whole school as correct walking, sitting, and rising, and other morements, as are accomplished with the foot soldier or the cavalry horse, and, in unisun winh oher simple physical exercises, as mucle benefit to the healh and coustitution.

NO 1.-gigultaneols risisg up AND sitting down in oallend.
To attain this object, the trainer commences the physica movements no follows-expressing the orders very distinctly and firmly, and repeatelly:-
No. 1. Shoulders back. (This naturally elevates the neck head.)

No. 2. Feet in. (Drawn inwards, with the tip of the knees exnctly above the point of the toes.)

No. 3. Heels close.
No. 4. Toes out. (Forming an acute angle.)
No. 5. Ilands on knees, not on the lap, but grasping the knees gently. (This causes the children to incline forvard preparatory to, and in the best possible position for, rising, the spine being thus rendered perfectly straight.

The trainer, in the first instance, and for some days at lenst, must himself show the eximple, by sitting on a chair at sufficient distance from the gallery-making every motion he intends the children to follow, and to see that cach of the Aro motions be attended to by every chind, also frequently repeating them day after day, until the habit of rising up and sitting duwn simultaneously, without confusion, or the slightest noise, be formed into a habit.

After a few weeks, the trainer may then cause them to understand. that the rising or lowering of his liand (which he must do very slowly), in a particular manner, which cannot easily be described on paper, is to be the signal for rising up and stting down, as perfectiy as a regiment of soldiers would fire a volley, and so frec trom bustle, in fact, that a mouse in the act of steal. ing cheese would not be disturbed. This gallery arrangexient is not condined to the Initiatory or Juvenile, but is carritd forivard

