row-opening disks attached thereto, the drag-bar provided with the top flange k containing recesses l, substantially as and for the purposes described. 11th. In combination with the drag-bar having the slots e, and the teeth f on both faces, the two disk-supporting plates provided with teeth and applied to opposite sides of the bar, and botts extending transversely through the bar and both plates, substantially as described. 12th. A furrow-opening disk having a central portion abruptly depressed below the plane of the periphery, as described and shown, to form an abrupt shoulder on the working-face thereof. 13th. A furrow opening disk having an annular face of a true flat form, a central depressed portion, and an abrupt shoulder between the flat face and the central depressed portion, substantially as described. 14th. A furrow-opening disk having its outer face provided with an abrupt annular shoulder between the flat face, and the central depressed portion, substantially as described. 14th. A furrow-opening disk having its working face formed, with a derig-bar, a furrow-opening disk carried thereby in a position oblique to the line of travel, said disk having its working face formed, with a central depression and an abrupt annular shoulder, as distinguished from a disk having a smooth concave surface. 16th. A spout or conductor for a seeding machine, having its lower end flattened laterally, and formed with a delivery orifice elongated in the direction of the line of travel, whereby the spout is enabled to deliver the seed centrally in a narrow furrow. 17th. A conductor-tube for seeding machines, having at its lower end a constantly open delivery orifice elongated in the direction of the line of travel, and the laterally-yielding plate forming one side wall of said orifice, as and for the purpose described. 18th. In combination with a furrow-opening disk B, a conductor-tube lying adjacent to the inner reur face of said disk, its lower end flattened and curved to wards the disk and provided with a yielding side

No. 27,555. Seeding Machine. (Semoir.)

William D. Arnett, Denver, Col., U.S., 2nd September, 1887; 5

William D. Arnett, Denver, Col., U. S., 2nd September, 1887; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. In a seeding machine, the combination, substantially as described, of the wheeled frame, the vertically swinging drag-bar attached adjustably to the frame, so that its angle to the line of travel may be changed and the furrow-opening disk attached to dead of the combination of the line of travel may be changed and the furrow-opening disk attached to seed of reachers, and the competition of the disk to the line of travel may be changed, whereby the obliquity of the disks to the line of travel may be changed, whereby the obliquity of the disks to the line of progression may be varied to produce wide or narrow furrows, as demanded. 3rd. In a seeding machine, the combination of a wheeled frame, a series of drag-bars, each provided with a furrow opening device, a swivelling support connecting the shaft at one end to the frame, and a longitudinally movable support connecting the shaft at one end to the frame, and a longitudinally movable support connecting the shaft at the opposite end to the frame, whereby the angle of the drag-bars to the line of travel may be changed at will. 4th. The wheeled main frame, in combination with the two series of drag-bars, the two shafts sustaining the drag-bars of the respective series, the swivelling bearings at the outer ends of the shafts, the childing bearings at the outer ends of the shafts, the childing bearings at the outer ends of the shafts, the childing bearings at the outer ends of the shafts, the childing bearings at the outer ends of the shafts, the childing bearings at the outer ends of the shafts, the childing bearings at the outer ends of the shafts, the childing bearings at the outer ends of the shafts, the childing bearings at the outer ends of the shafts, the childing bearings at the outer ends of the shafts, the childing bearings at the outer ends of the shafts, the childing bearings at the outer ends of the shaft shafts are shaft secured thereto, a drag-bar bar of the childing bear

tion with a drag-bar and an oblique furrow-opening disk carried thereby, a furrow-closing arm extending from the bar past the outer side of the disk, and curving inward in rear of the sume. 19th. In combination with the disk, and the disk-supporting plate having an upright arm ch, the seed-conductor \(\text{\$\text{\$h\$}} \) invariant to the time is sustained in a proper position for action and permitted to swing freely upward. 20th. In combination with the two-rart drag-bar and its undermediate block \(\text{\$a} \), the rouncer, the coverer sustaining parts. 21st. The combination substantially as described, \(\text{\$\text{\$a}} \) for the range of the coverer sustaining parts. 21st. The combination substantially as described, \(\text{\$a} \) for a dragbar, two disk-supporting plates pivoted to said bar to swing horizontally, and an adjustable wedge attached to the drag-bar and formed at its edges to engage and hold the swinging plates, substantially as set forth. 22nd. The combination of the drag-bar, the adjustable wedge growed or flanged to embrace said bar, and the horizontally-movable disk-supporting plates Br. Bz. having their rear edges notched to engage the edges of the wedge, whereby the plates may be adjusted both inward and outward by the movement of the wedge, and secured in position. 23rd. In combination with the drag-bar, having the upper and lower members \(a \), a. the intermediate pivoted plates Br. Bz. notched to at their ends, the wedge D3 provided at its edges with flanges engaging the plates and the fastening-bott Ez. substantially as described. 24th. In a seeding machine, the combination of a drag-bar and two furrow-opening disks attached to opposite directions from the line of draft, substantially as and for the purpose described. 25th. In a seeding machine, the combination of a drag-bar, two plates Br. Bz proved to said drag-bar and two furrow-opening disks C3, C5, mounted to the respective plates, one in advance of the other. 27th. In combination of the wheeled main frame, the dependin

No. 27,556. Mowing Machine. (Faucheuse.)

Thomas E. Curry, Windsor, N.S., 2nd September, 1887; 5 years

Claim. The combination of the shaft A, carrying peripherally grooved eccentric disks C, D, each having divided rings F, F₁, connected by bolts and nuts K, and applied peripherally to the eccentrics, and pitmans H, H screwing into a collar G on the rings F, F₁, and hinged to the cutter bars J, J₁, as set forth.

No. 27,557. Heel Plate. (Plaque de talon.)

Francis H. Richards, Springfield, Mass., U.S., 2nd September, 1887; 5 years.

Claim.—The improved heel-plate, herein described, consisting of a plate provided with puncturing prongs for the attachment thereof to the heel, and having dams or out-offs, substantially as described, for preventing the free access of water to the base of said prongs, substantially as set forth.

No. 27,558. Nut Lock. (Arrête-ecrou.)

John L. Pope, Cleveland, Ohio, U.S., 2nd September, 1887; 5 years. Claim.—A cylindrical screw bolt, having a bent and flattened spring head portion, substantially as hereinbefore set forth.

No. 27,559. Machine for Driving Nails.

(Machine à chasser les clous.)

Henry S. DeForest, Birmingham, (Administrator of the Estate of Thaddeus Fowler, Shelton) Conn., U.S. 2nd September, 1887; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. The combination, in a device of the character described, with the case arranged to hold a coil of nails, of the stationary driver secured upon the nose of the case, the spring-actuated cut-off bar adapted to slide in and out of said case, and the feed-