A Modern Portia [By Edwin M. La Roche.]

"A Modern Portia" is being shown at the Majestic Theatre today and tomor-

With a supreme effort of will, he crossed the room and took her hand in It was as cold as ice. And, looking in he saw that her taw had fallen ever With the incomprehensible wings of fear fluttering round and about im, his shaking hand withdrew from hers, and he crossed the room, clutching his hand to the money in his pocket. He blucked open the door flercely, to shut it undertaker. Then, for the first time, he eaught his breath with a deep inrush of The house was buried in sleeep. Nothing but the silent stairs and the street-door lay ahead of him.

Isabel Vincent sat immersed in the papers and pass-books of her lifelong friend and benefactress. By her side crouched the little niece of the dead wo-

"Strange, Helen! A record of years of bank-deposits, the vouchers to correspond with each withdrawal, and, in the and, only a working balance. I can't understand it-where did all her money

"Aunt Caroline was very good-hearted perhaps she gave it away. 'Nonsense! Her will shows that she intended to make some large bequests, with you as the principal beneficiary.' Isabel thumbed over the pile of youch-

"Here and here and here!" she exclaimed, sorting out a group of large amounts. "Less than six months ago she drew out over one hundred thousand dol-

Helen's young eyes grew wide "Did you ever see her have any large

sums around the house?" Isabel ques-"Only enough to pay the bills." "I thought so." Isabel's brows were fur rowed with thought. "That big desk of

hers-was there ever any money kept in "You ought to know," reminded Helen 'you looked through it so hard.' 'Think, Helen; papers, notes, receipts

anything-The young girl laughed teasingly 'Auntie was very queer-you can't guess the desk. And I found something else,

"This" The girl held up a crushed and faded Jack-rose before Isabel's eyes.
"Ah!" The woman in Isabel sighed out loud, but her mind ran keen and true to the scent of the faded flower. "Leave it with me, Helen-you have

helped me wonderfully." And once more alone, she drew the flower to her lips and held it there. Then, suddenly, she cast it on the flat desk and "His rose," she said, as if forcing onfession; "the kind he always wore.

The courtroom was crowded with fashionables at the moment when Isabel Vincent, the special assistant district attorney, arose to confront Doctor Victor Car-

that can be had for Piles."

las! I must follow the clue whither it

young woman had visited the district attorney and had been closeted with him for over an hour. When she left office, ashen-colored as a sea-wraith, she took with her a designation as special assistant district attorney, which needed only the governor's signature to put it

The beginning of the trial had been dein favor of the famous cidedly No one had seen him go to the dead woman's house; no one had seen him leave it. The large returns of his private practice put him beyond the needs of further money. He had never had access to the home of the deceased, except as a rather unusual witness to her will.

It was, then, a complete surprise to the behind him with the noiselessness of an press and to many members of the bar, when Isabel Vincent rose up and asked that the accused be called again for cross-examination.

There was a hasty consultation of Doctor Carpel's counsel, and a chorus of ani- But Ulster Must Be Taken in mated whispers among the spectators. Surely the doctor's flancee, who had sat within the rail so nobly and wanly during the trial, was going to become his chief

haracter witness? Doctor Carpel walked calmly to the witness chair, a Jack-rose crimsoning the lapel of his modish frock-coat. His eyes met the young woman's squarely, and he seemed to be plumbing the depths of her heart.

"Doctor Carpel, where did you go prerious to your visit to the Patroon Club on the night of August 17?" The accused measured the deep rings under his questioner's eyes before reply-

"Nowhere: I went there directly from ny house.' "You did not answer a telephone mes

"I may have: I get many such."

You evade my question. Did you not nake a visit in answer to a telephone

"I cannot recall; my practice is ver extensive.' "Ah! then let me refresh your memory

as to whom you went to see and what you did while there." A profound silence fell upon the courtcoom. Even the judge leaned forward,

showing a marked interest. "Is it not true, Doctor Carpel," that you went to the home of Mrs. Norman?" the what I found-a hide-and-seek drawer of special attorney went rapidly on. "When you arrived at the house, you found the front door unlocked. A minute afterwards, you stood over the bed of a dying woman. No one was about—in her last few words she told you that." The woman attorney leaned forward, like some animal gathered for a spring. Her voice grew metallically clear. "The sufferer asked you to get some money from her desk-a secret place-and you sought it out and found it just as you thought Carpel?

She paused and looked straight into the eyes of her now cowering victim. Doctor Carpel crouched deep in his chair. The urbane look had fled from his face, leaving it a thing of shrunken features. The eyes searching his seemed to grow luminous, the size of twin light-

"And suppose I should inform you," the

Nerves in Terrible Condition

fall to the floor, and I could not as much as sweep the floor without fainting unless they

took me out in the air. Now I can wash and work a lot, and your Medicine helped me

suffering as I have done, they may be benefited by using your Medicine for it will do all

it claims to do. I think it is the best of Medicines. Dr. Chase's Ointment is the best

Restores Wasted Nerves

health, and many doctors feel helpless when the nerves go wrong because they do not

have been rescued from discouraging and distressing nervous diseases by use of Dr.

able, be warned of the approach of nervous prostration, paralysis and locomotor ataxia,

and restore the feeble, starved nerves by using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. No treatment

is so certain to benefit you. 50 cents a box, 6 for \$2.50. All dealers or Edmanson,

Dr. Chase's Nerve

Chase's Nerve Food, you will soon believe in the efficiency of this treatment.

I hope you will use my name wherever you like so that if there are any others

Few people realize what an important part the nerves play in the condition of the

If you read the letters which appear in this paper almost daily from people who

When headaches, sleeplessness, irritability and nervousness make your life miser-

when the Doctors failed. I felt as though it was a God-send to me.

understand diseases of the nerves or their treatment.

Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Write for booklet.

Would fall to

Floor from sheer

Exhaustion

"Your Medicine Helped

When Doctors Failed"

Mrs. Edwin Martin, Ayer's Cliff, Que., writes:-

"Before I began taking Nerve Food I was in a terrible

condition, dizzy spells came over me, and I would

Three days before his trial, the gifted | very moment, when you thought she had | the courtroom, the black-robed, whitebreathed her last, she made one supreme faced attorney stood, every eye in the room riveted to hers. She held out her effort, as she saw what you were doing, and, as you looked, you thought her hand hand, and in it were a scrap of paper moved! Is not that true, Doctor Carpel? and a faded, leafless rose. A pause—then and, as you looked, you thought her hand And suppose I tell you that, in that su- a flutter everywhere. preme effort, she wrote this, this, Doctor "Ah "" With one breath, the courtroom sighed Carpel, this very paper that I hold in my

a great relief. Doctor Carpel, in the act of rising from his chair, his guilty face in your pocket! And that when you were scurrying from the room of death that aghast, had swooned. And from the inexorable eyes of his hand rose up again, and in its fingers was accuser, now screened with heavy lashes, clutched-this rose!"

Silhouetted against the daylight that came a tear.

NATIONALISTS SUBMIT AS PRICE OF PEACE

Ultimately-Statement of Redmond.

hand while you were putting that money

[Canadian Press.]

March 17.-John Redmond leader of the Irish Nationalist party, presided over the Irish National banquet here tonight, and in responding to the toast, "Ireland, a Nation," said: "In a few short weeks, in the absence of a political earthquake, the home rule bill will be a law of the land, probably in precisely the

form in which it now stands." The efforts of the Government to conciliate Sir Edward Carson, the Ulster leader, and his friends. Mr. Redmond declared, had met with insult. He referred to the failure to agree on the temporary exclusion of any part of Ireland, and de clared that it was a great sacrifice to make as the price of peace, but in making that sacrifice, to avoid a conflict, they had made absolutely no sacrifice of principle. The doctor's hand nervously toyed with, if the proposal had been for the permanent exclusion of one inch of Irish territory they would unhesitatingly have rejected it, as the principles of the bill must

Final Principles. "Speaking for myself and my colleagues and, I believe, the Irish nation," Mr. Redmond continued, "these principles are our last word. Beyond them one inch we cannot and we will not go. If force is in terposed that force will be met with force. The party of the democracy of this country will be all the stronger because Nationalist Ireland has shown that it has been willing to make a great sacrifice for

Mr. Redmond said that there was n difference between the British cabinet and the Irish party as regarded the principle and policy of procedure.

During the course of the day Mr. Redmond received a large number of cablegrams from prominent Americans, conher soul fled. Is not this true, Doctor gratulating him on the prospect of the speedy realization of self-government for

> AN HEIR BORN. [Canadian Press.]

Berlin, March 18 .- A son was born this morning to the Duke and Duchess of

The Duchess of Brunswick was formerly Princess Victoria Luise of Hohen-"And suppose I should inform you," the zollern, only daughter of the German relentless Portia went on, "that at that Emperor.

streamed in through a large window of I EIGHT SQUADRONS TO GERMANY'S FIVE Use

Churchill Outlines Naval Program in Presenting Record Estimates.

> AIRSHIPS BUILDING

Canada, He Says, Must Make Provision for Her Own Naval Defence.

[Canadian Press.]

London, March 17. - Right Honorable Winston Spencer Churchill, introducing the navy estimates in the House this afternoon, said it was the largest estimate for the navy ever published to the British Commons. But it was to be reembered that, except in one respect, to which he would refer later, there was no change in the policy adopted two years ago. He proposed first to explain to what the increases were due, and to deal primarily with the financial aspect: and secondly, to show how the increases from the past decisions of the House, or were consequential upon standards which Parliament had approved. In the third place, he proposed to deal with the new program, and then he would examine the standards of the new constructions which the admiratty were pursuing. This would lead him to discuss the position in the Mediterranean. and also on the Pacific. Lastly he would deal with the general question insofar as it affected Great Britain and the Em-

Eight Battle Squadrons.

Churchill drew attention to the fact that the growth of expenditure was due to increases in the pay and number of the personnel of the navy, to an increased number of larger guns, and to the increased cost of ammunition. admiralty sought to complete eight battle squadrons by the time the next strongest naval power had completed five. The battle cruisers would be additional in either case, and there would be a proper proportion of destroyers and other craft. The ships at foreign stations did not come into the calculations.

These standards of establishment were reasonable and moderate, and he was glad that Admiral Von Tirpitz had taken occasion to say so. He had said that no nation had completed its naval organization. That was quite true. It would he possible for Great Britain to complete her developments at a somewhat earlier period than was now proposed. The development of Germany's fleet organization had not been so rapid as was contemplated two years ago, when it was great and wealthy dominion, with her in thought that the new third German fluence spreading more widely over the squadron would be completed by the end of the financial year, 1914-15. But apparently owing to manning difficulties, the second squadron would be reduced by three ships temporarily, so there were three less ships in the organization of the German fleet than had been anticipated, and the British admiralty had postponed completion of the Gibraltar squadron, which now consisted of four ships.

Will Match Every Delay. "Every delay, accidental or deliberate, by the next strongest power," said Mr. Churchill, "will be matched by us, and we shall only complete our organizations as or when needed."

Continuing, Mr. Churchill said he was advised that owing to trade conditions, there was prospect of good progress being made during the next financial year in all the ship yards, and a large number of vessels would be unished in 1914. This was due to uncontrollable factors, and not acceleration, or speeding up, or to any departure in policy. He thought it reasonable to predict that in the absence of any new departure in policy the estimates for 1915-16 would be substantially lower than the present eistimates. Discussing the various contributory causes of the increase in expenditure, he mentioned the use of oil, and enhanced

Oll as Fuel for Ships. Mr. Churchill emphasized the advantages of oil as fuel for ships of the navy. There was no difficulty, he said, in ob taining oil; the difficulty was to get it at a good price. The admiralty must look to sources which are independent of existing combinations, and also to the development of home production of oil. The principle upon which they were proceeding was that oil would be used as the sole fuel only in small craft, light cruisers and capital ships of exceptional speed. But for line-of-battle ships, coal would remain the motive power.

Fifteen Airships Building. Turning to air craft, Mr. Churchill af-firmed the value of sea-planes for scouting purposes, and said they would also be extremely useful in watching the coast, while the heavy sea-planes which the admiralty were now developing would carry neavy explosives. In regard to airships, he said there were fifteen vessels now built or building, of which ten were of miles an hour. He hoped to bring six of them to cruise over the House of Commons in the coming summer. He must, however, avow his belief in the future of the aeroplane, although the airship had great radius of action, greater carrying power and was more effective at night

In regard to the manning of ships, the first lord declared that if war broke out tomorrow every ship could be sent to sea with the approved complement, and the increase of 5,000 men provided for in the estimates was for the war fleet of 1915-16.

There was no difficulty in obtaining men. Dealing with the question of promotion from the lower deck, also with promotion generally. Mr. Churchill announced that it was proposed to introduce a series of regulations for accelerating the retirement of senior officers; in future lieutenants, of eight years' service would be termed lieutenant companyed.

termed lieutenant commanders. Three of Royal Sovereign Type. After speaking for more than an hour and a half Mr. Churchill approached the

Do You Own Real



Are you getting your share of the money that is being made through the constantly increasing value of real estate in this city? You need not necessarily be a man of wealth to own city real estate. Valuable property is constantly being offered on easy terms in the Classified Advertising section of this paper. Turn to it now. Or, if you have real estate which you would like to sell, offer it through a little Want Ad in this paper. Our Want Ads are constantly read by both buvers and sellers of real estate.

"The Want Ad Way"

said, was in strict accordance with the policy laid down. Three of the vessels would be of the Royal Sovereign type and one of the Queen Elizabeth type. would carry 15-inch guns. The 15-inch gun was the best ever produced. It reproduced the virtues of the 13.5, was accurate at all ranges and long-lived. It hurled a projectile weighing nearly a ton a distance of twelve miles. Great Britain would have ten ships armed with them by the time any other nation had two. He was increasingly convinced of the power of the submarine. Already 40 merchant vessels had been armed and by the end of 1914-15 70 would be armed, but only for defensive purposes against attack by other merchantmen. Touching the question of ne seizure of private property at sea. Mr. Churchill said there was no reason to suppose that a single torpedo less would be built by foreign powers if the policy of Great Britain were changed.

Sixty Per Cent. Standard. Mr. Churchill then came to the main question, namely, that of standard. The 60 per cent. standard was a building standard relating to new construction of capital ships, and that standard was beng followed. There had been various disputes as to what should be included in that standard. Two years ago, he said. he gave the whole series of future programs, and after a full survey of the posiion the admiralty was satisfied that the provision of four ships was sufficient. He now asked the House to confirm, in the third year, the proposal which he submitted in the first year. He declared with emphasis that Great Britain should remain the independent guardian of her interests in the Mediterranean. The Government proposed to place in the Mediterranean in 1915 a battle squadron of eight ships, six of which would be dreadnoughts centred at Malta. They would make the Britsh forces in the Mediterranean eight ships and four large armored cruisers.

Must Hasten Three Vessels. He pointed out that in order to do this and maintain the indispensable margin of security in home waters it was necessary. in the absence of three Canadian dreadnoughts, to accelerate three ships. That vas sufficient to maintain the force he had mentioned from the end of 1915 to the middle of 1916. As the Canadian ships were not yet forthcoming, it was necessary to repeat, though on a smaller scale the course adopted in 1913, and to begin two ships in the 1914 program so as to have them ready by the third quarter of

Canada's Own Defense. The Government was not without hope, however, that Canada would meet her share in the expense. Canada was a fluence spreading more widely over the surface of the globe. She had to make some provision for her own naval defence. If she were annexed to the United States she would no doubt contribute. through taxation, to the upkeep of the United States navy. If she were independent she would have to make provision at least equal to the most powerful American state. He did not wonder at all that Canadians of every party thought it was not consistent with the dignity and status of the Dominion that she should depend upon the British taxpayer, who was often much less well off than the average Canadian.

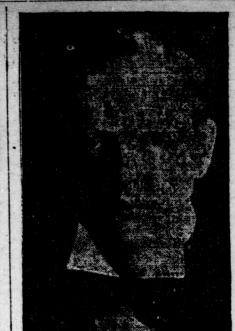
Adheres to Memorandum Mr. Churchill affirmed that on the general question of Canadian ships and the propriety and need for Canada, in common with the other Dominions to take an effective part in the defence of the Empire, there was nothing more to be said. The Admirality view had been expounded in the Canadian memorandum to which the admiralty adhered, and the facts had been strengthened by the passage of time. They continue an absolute justification of the Canadian action thereafter. Dealing with the acceleration program made necessary by the absence of Cana-

dian ships, Mr. Churchill declared that there were good prospects that the unfortunate deadlock which had arisen in Canada would be relieved by joint action, probably, by both parties, and that Canada would be able to take some share in her own naval defence and in the commo defence of the Empire. Repair Plants in Canada.

Mr. Churchill turned next to the Pacific. He remarked that the alliance with Japan had been renewed to 1921, but it was not to be expected that Japan would was not to be expected that Japan would be less in need of her powerful friend at the other end of the world at that date than she was today. New Zealand and According to be decided with profound wish Australia had acted with profound wis-The Dominions were, however perfectly free. The matter rested en tirely in their own hands. The responsibility of the admiralty lay in placing plainly before Dominion ministers and the people of the Dominions, the responsibility of naval strategy. Mr. Churchill then urged the importance of having in Canalarge or medium size with a speed of 45 dian and South African waters stations, docks and repair plants, which would enable the Imperial squadron to operate in There would also be in each theatre both destroyers and submarine flotillas for the purpose of defending the

establishment. Naval Strength a Balancing Force. In an eloquent peroration Mr. Churchill aid that Great Britain's diplomacy depended in great part for its effectiveness upon her naval position. Her strength was the one great balancing force she could contribute to her own safety and the peace of the world. Our claim to be left in undisputed enjoyment





Rt. Hon. Winston Churchill.

of our vast and splendid possessions often seemed less reasonable to others than it did to us. Further, we had intervened regularly with the affairs of Europe and the world, as we could not help doing, and great advantage to European peace had esulted

We had responsibilities today in many quarters. We had passed through a year continuous anxiety and although the overnment believed that the foundations of peace among the great powers had been strengthened, the causes which might lead to the general war had not been removed, and often reminded us of their presence, there not being the slightest abatement of naval or military prep-

World is Arming. On the contrary the world was arming s it had never done before. All attempts at arresting it had been ineffectual. Often situations occurred which made it necessary that the forces at their disposa should be rapidly counted upon. On such occasions the responsibility resting upon the admiralty came home with brutal reality to those responsible, and unless Great Britain's naval strength were solidy, amply and unswervingly maintained the Government could not feel that they vere doing their duty to their country. Mr. Churchill thus concluded amidst loud cheers a speech which occupied two

PATHETIC FEATURES OF BEACHVILLE ACCIDENT

and a half hours in delivery

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Ingersoll, March 17.—Walter Farrell, the victim of the terrible fatality near Beach-ville late Monday afternoon, was the sole support of a widowed mother at Maynooth, Hastings County. Today the body was shipped to Marnooth, being accompanied by Mr. Wallace, superintendent of the Standard White Lime Co., who also was injured by the dynamite explosion which caused the death of Farrell. According to information received today Farrell was 29 years of age. A pathetic feature in connection with his tragic feature in connection with his tragic death was the fact that he was to have

COMMISSION IS TO CONSIDER THE CANALS

[Special to The Advertiser.] Ottawa, March 17 .- W. Sanford Evans of Winnipeg, Edward Gohier and Frank S. Meighen, of Montreal, were appointed a breath, dizziness, can't sleep, royal commission at a meeting of the Georgian Bay canals proposed.

PROVINCE TO GIVE \$100,000 Toronto, March 17.-Hon. I. B. Lucas, provincial treasurer, said today that in the workmen's compensation act, as it cleanse the stomach, remove the sour, now stands, \$100,000 is the contribution of the Ontario Government towards the initial operations of the act.

TWO KILLED SEVEN INJURED. New York, March 17 .- Two persons were killed and seven injured, three seriously, late today when the Lackawanna Railroad ferryboat Ithaca crashed into a railroad float being towed down the Hudson River by a Central Railroad of New Jersey tug. All the killed and injured were passengers on the Ithaca.

The dead are: H.-J. Meyers, Mont elair, N. J., and George S. Smith, Glen

DR. A. W. CHASE'S 25C.

BIG CRACKS ON

Eczema for Three Years. Broke Out on Head in Scales. Itched and Burned Badly. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Cured.

Lyons Brook, N. S. - "I suffered with eczema for three years. It started on my hands first in sores between my fingers and all over the paims of my hand and fingers were big cracks. Then it broke out on my head in scales. It itched and

burned so badly I could not sleep. It was so itching and burning that I scratched and made sores and my hair came out awfully bad. I did not

know what it was. "I was treated for a long time and it did not do any good. I gave up my work for a month but as soon as I started doing my house-work again my hands got just as bad as ever. I used two bottles of it did not do any good. One day I read about Cuticura Soap and Ointment and decided to try them. I sent for a sample and I used them till I saw it stopped the itching and burning, so I got three cakes of Cuticura Soap and a box of Cuticura Ointment and that cured me." (Signed) Mrs. P. J. McKearney, May 27, 1913.

Not only are Cuticura Soap and Ointment most valuable in the treatment of eczemas and other distressing eruptions of skin and scalp, but no other emollients do so much for pimples, blackheads, red, rough skins, itching, scaly scalps, dandruff, dry, thin and falling hair, chapped hands and shapeless nails, nor do it so economically. Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere. For a liberal free sample of each, with 32-p. book, send post-card to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Dept. D. Boston, U. S. A.

'CASCARETS'' ALWAYS STRAIGHTEN YOU UP

When Constipated, Headachy, Bilious, Stomach Sour, Breath Bad.

Get a 10-cent box now. You men and women who can't get eeling right-who have headache, coated tongue, foul taste and foul bilious, nervous, and upset, bothered cabinet this afternoon to inquire into the with sick, gassy, disordered stomach, or have backache and feel worn Are you keeping your bowels clean with Cascarets, or merely forcing a passageway every few days with salts,

cathartic pills or castor oil? Cascarets work while you sleep: indigested, fermenting food and foul gases; take the excess bile from the liver and carry out of the system all the constipated waste matter and poison in the bowels.

A Cascaret tonight will straighten you out by morning—a 10-cent box rom any drug store will keep your stomach sweet; liver and bowels reglar, and head clear for months. Don't forget the children. They love Cascarets because they taste good-never gripe or sicken.



Exclusiveness

that the Raphael Store buys but one of a kind in higher-priced modele, and, indeed, in many even mediumpriced ones. This insures exclusiveness to a remarkable degree. yet without exorbitant

Raphael and Company 236-238 DUNDAS STREET.

DANDRUFF--25-CENT DANDERINE

Ladies! Men! Here's the Quick- to shrink, loosen and die-then the est, Surest Dandruff Cure Known.

Thin, brittle, colorless and scraggy nair is mute evidence of a neglected scalp; of dandruff—that awful scurf. There is nothing so destructive to the hair as dandruff. It robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very

tonight-now-any save your hair Get a 25-cent bottle of Knowlton's

Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter, and after the first application your hair will take on that life, lustre and luxuriance which is so, beautiful. It will become wavy and fluffy and have the appearance of abundance: an incomparable gloss and softness, but what will please you most will be after just a few weeks' use, when life; eventually producing a feverish-ness and itching of the scalp, which if not remedied causes the hair roots over the scalp.

GET OUR PRICES FOR

Tin, Lead, Zinc, Babbitt, Solder, Sheet Lead, Lead Pipe The Canada Metal Co., Limited

FACTORIES: Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg.