



June 9, m. th. ff

LADIES' Ready-to-wear HATS

SMART STYLES
— PRICED —

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We know you cannot get as good values elsewhere.

CHILDREN'S & MISSES Ready-to-wear HATS

Very Dainty Styles at Lowest Prices.

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Children's White Silk HATS

HENRY BLAIR

If you require something good for WEDDING PRESENTS, call and see our display of the following

TEA-SETS DINNER-SETS TOILET SETS

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Best Fire-Proof Oven Glassware.

S. O. Steele & Sons, Ltd.,

100 WATER STREET

'Phone 192 Opp. Seamen's Institute.

WALL PAPERS!

LATEST SPRING WALL DECORATIONS
NOW SHOWING!

Newest colouring in Tapestry, Chintz and all over patterns; also, Plain, Semi-Plain, Over-Prints and Mottled Effects.

Genuine Bargains in Plain Ingrains, Crepes, Oat-meals and Harmonellas. Prices from 25c. to 70c. Large assortment of Flat and Applique Freezes, Borders, and Binders to match.

Cold Water Paste Powder 20c. lb.
Vitrophone (beautiful Art Glass Designs) .. 25c. yd.

McGrath Brothers,

THE WALL PAPER STORE.

GREEN CABBAGE

100 Crates CHOICE CABBAGE.
100 Cases CALIFORNIA ORANGES—252s. 216s. 176s.
100 Boxes FANCY WINESAP APPLES—125 13s.
100 BUNCHES BANANAS.
400 Half Bags POTATOES (P.E.L.)
100 Bags EGYPTIAN ONIONS—112 lots.

BURT & LAWRENCE

14 NEW GOWER STREET.

How Fast Do People Grow?

Nineteen and a half inches is the average length of a baby at birth, and during the first year of its life it grows nine inches.

If he—or she—kept up this rate of growth for seventy years, the result would be a giant sixty-four feet in height.

As a matter of fact, the rate of growth slows down amazingly after the first year. Between the ages of one and two a child grows only three and a half inches, and during its third year two and a half inches. After that the rate comes down to an average of one and a half inches for the next thirteen years.

From sixteen years onwards the rate of growth continues to diminish. During his seventeenth year a boy grows one and a quarter inches; during his eighteenth one inch. The nineteenth sees him grow three-quarters of an inch, and the twentieth half an inch.

The average young man does not attain his full height until he is twenty-five years of age; but the rate of increase during the five preceding years is only one-fifth of an inch a year.

The height of a full-grown and well-proportioned man should be six and three-quarter times the length of his foot; that of a woman, six and a quarter the length of her foot.

Different parts of the body grow at different rates. The legs double in length by the end of the third year, and triple by the end of the twelfth. When growth ceases, they are five times as long as at birth. Before the age of ten the foot is shorter than the length of the head; at ten they are equal; after ten the foot is longer than the head.

Grows Differently.

Boys and girls grow differently. The year of greatest growth in boys is usually the sixteenth or seventeenth. That is to say, the weight increases most during that year. In girls the chief increase is in the fourteenth year.

Girls usually reach their full height at or about sixteen, and their full weight at twenty; boys, as we have seen, are slower in development.

Boys are stronger than girls from birth to the age of eleven; then girls become superior physically up to seventeen, after which age the tables are turned again.

From November to April children gain little, either in height or weight; from April to July they gain in height, but not in weight; while from July to November they put on weight but do not grow much in height.

Hair grows at the rate of .018 inch a day, but the life of each individual hair is on an average only six years. Then it falls out. If hair never fell out and always went on growing, a woman seventy years old would have tresses nearly thirty-eight feet in length.

Eyelashes grow steadily, but are not long-lived. They last only four to five months, then fall out. Their growth is about one-twentieth of an inch weekly.

Nails grow more rapidly than is generally supposed. The finger nails renew themselves in a little over four months.

The brain weighs nine to ten ounces at birth. When a man is full grown his brain weighs about three pounds and one ounce.

DANDRUFF REMEDY—Ladies, there is no reason why you should have dandruff when you can buy a bottle of Rosewood, a sure and positive cure. Price \$1.25, at W. H. BARTLETT, LTD., June 12, 21.

Youth Attempts Jail Breaking

JOS. LAVERDIERE, 18 YEAR OLD, MADE BOLD EFFORT AT PLATTSBURG.

Joseph Laverdiere, 18 year old prisoner awaiting trial for house-breaking at Plattsburg, May 5, made a desperate try at escape from his cell while awaiting the action of the Grand jury. A chance glance at the jail wall by Deputy Sheriff Brunell of Plattsburg yesterday afternoon, led to the discovery of the prisoner's daring attempt to break jail.

Using a six inch spike found in the cell, the prisoner, crouched at the waist, loosened the plaster from between the bricks and had a space fifteen inches square ready to crawl through. When the sheriff saw from the yard, several bricks from which mortar had been removed he made an investigation, and found the prisoner's room prepared for a get-away. According to the sheriff the prisoner is alleged to have stated that he intended to escape last night.

Your grocer will be glad to recommend Crisco for frying fresh codfish. The chances are he is using it in his own home and knows how good Crisco fried fish tastes.—adv.

Navy blue and red are frequently combined, especially in trimmings.

The Other Side

The Japanese outcry against the American "Exclusion Bill" seems to be increasing and intensifying rather than abating. It is not likely to decrease when the latest Canadian proposition, to a like effect, becomes known. But there is too much glass in Japan's own house to permit of her indulging with safety in stone throwing.

The laws of Japan testify against her. They prove that she has not refrained from doing to her neighbors and to other nations exactly what she protests against other nations doing to her. She has erected social and very high walls of exclusion against China and Corea. Emigration from these countries to Japan is forbidden for the same reasons that move the United States and Canada to prevent immigration from Japan—because Chinese and Korean labor is cheaper than Japanese, standards of living lower and competition unfair.

The Japanese legislation of 1889, amended in 1916, permits the naturalization of aliens in Japan, but it throws many restrictions in the way of such naturalization. The permission of the Minister of the Interior must first be obtained. Before that permission can be granted a number of onerous conditions have to be met. These include continuous residence in Japan for five years, good character and ability to earn an independent livelihood.

A recent translation of the Japanese Code made these facts plain. It shows that foreigners cannot own land in Japan, as individuals, although, when incorporated, they may. Foreigners cannot engage in farming or mining as individuals. They cannot become shareholders in Japanese banks. They cannot be owners of ships flying the Japanese flag. They cannot hold public office. They cannot become shareholders, members or brokers in Japanese exchanges. They are not permitted to exercise the franchise. Surely this is not far from as strict as the American law. And it is not the whole story.

All foreign labor immigration to Japan is forbidden entirely by Imperial Ordinance of July 28, 1889. Foreign life insurance companies are not allowed to write policies in Japan unless a very considerable portion of the premium is paid to the Japanese Government. The Japanese have thoroughly protected their shipping interests. Besides refusing the use of their flag to foreign-owned though home-registered shipping, the laws of Japan allow rebates to be given to Japanese steamship companies on all goods imported or exported by Japanese merchants.

The medical profession, too, is strictly safeguarded in Japan. Foreign doctors are not allowed to engage in the practice of their profession except in missionary hospitals, unless they have passed a written and oral examination, in the Japanese language, before a Board of Japanese doctors. Foreign dentists are exempt from this requirement.

One factor, which is said to have particularly irritated Californians, is the claim made by Japan that a Japanese continues to be a subject wherever he may live or happens to be born. This they hold to imply, among other things, that he is subject to military duty in Japan, and that a child born of Japanese parents in the United States, and recognized by American citizens, would nevertheless be claimed by Japan as one of her subjects.

On the whole, therefore, Japan would not appear to have much ground of complaint against other countries, considering her own enactments affecting them. Only Japanese laborers and farmers are to be excluded from the United States or restricted in entering Canada. Japanese students, ministers, teachers, travellers and business men have been, and are still to be, accorded free and unrestricted access and admission to both countries.—Morning Chronicle.

Many Fall coats will show button trimming, and small fur collars.

DO NOT DELAY!

While your mind is alert and active is the time to make your Will. Do not wait until you think you are going to die. Consider now how your Estate will be distributed and managed. Confidential discussion of this matter is invited without obligation or charge.

Montreal Trust Company,

ROYAL BANK BUILDING
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P. A. POWERS Presents "DASHING HARRY CAREY" in a tremendous melo-drama—a wonderful love story, with big dramatic sensations, produced in 7 big reels, entitled

"CRASHIN' THRU"

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a modernized revival of the songs you used to sing.
"SING THEM AGAIN."

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a two-act baseball comedy by Ring W. Lardner.

PROF. MCCARTHY and JACK CRONAN. Correct Musical Interpretations.

COMING:—HAROLD LLOYD in his big super-special 7-Act Comedy—"WHY WORRY."
MONDAY:—ETHEL CLAYTON in "CAN A WOMAN LOVE TWICE?" from the story "The Greater Glory," by Wyndham Gittens.
20c.—GREAT BIG DIVERSIFIED PICTURE PROGRAMMES—20c.

A Regular Screen Thriller—at the CRESCENT TO-NIGHT!

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"The Last Moment"
A Thrilling Melo-Drama
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In a Christie Comedy
"Winter Has Come"

"Seeing Greenwich Village"
Interesting—Entertaining.

ANN LITTLE
In Current Episode
"The Blue Fox"
Exciting Serial.

YOU CAN'T AFFORD TO MISS FRIDAY NIGHT'S AMATEUR CONTEST—COME EARLY.

Ex-Slave Who Founded City

After reaching the age of nearly 80 years, Isalah T. Montgomery, founder of Mount Bayou, Miss., has recently died.

He was a product of slavery in its mild, patriarchal form. His father was a faithful servant in the household of Joe Davis, brother of Jefferson Davis, the President of the Southern Confederacy. The elder Montgomery was highly intelligent and faithfully devoted to the welfare of his owner, who, in turn, made him overseer of his large estate.

Isalah T. Montgomery grew up, therefore, under a congenial environment. He felt nothing of the hardship and cruelty of the harsher slave regime. He was taught the use of letters, and at an early age became a clerk in the Davis household.

Joe Davis and his brother Jefferson owned contiguous plantations in the State of Mississippi, which were virtually operated as one. The overthrow of slavery did not effect any violent change of relation between master and man as far as the Davises and the Montgomerys were concerned.

The elder Montgomery and his son engaged to buy the consolidated Davis' plantations from the former owners for \$300,000. The size of the transaction indicates the capacity and courage of the former slaves and the confidence of the Davises in their ability and integrity.

It was the understanding that the new black owners should hold the slaves together under the same benevolent and kindly supervision as that to which they had been accustomed. But the Montgomerys failed in their ambitious enterprise because of the panic which played havoc with business throughout the country, and the estate was returned to the original owners.

The failure of this venture did not swerve Isalah T. Montgomery from his purpose of establishing an agricultural colony where the negro might flourish under his own vine and fig tree.

As a leader of the migratory movement of the late 70s he planted a colony of negroes at Nicodemus, Kan., which to-day remains in a goodly degree of prosperity. These early attempts indicate the ideal to which the ex-slave had devoted his life.

In the early '70s Mr. Montgomery obtained from a railroad in Mississippi the control of some 30,000 acres of land in the rich Mississippi bottoms, with a view of planting a settlement of negro farmers. From that time to the day of his death he devoted all his energy to the consummation of this undertaking. The success of the Mount Bayou enterprise is well known and has been widely proclaimed.

The Mount Bayou community consists of a town of about 2,000 inhabitants surrounded by a black population of 5,000 or 6,000. The town is the centre of the industrial and social life of the settlement. Mount Bayou is modeled after thousands of small towns scattered throughout the South, and, for that matter, throughout the nation.

It is exceptional only in that it is planned, managed and managed entirely by negroes. The waterworks and electric lights are operated by colored experts. The postmaster, Mayor and town officials come from the same race. The public school building, an imposing structure costing upward of \$100,000, is well appointed and the educational centre of the colony.

Many people believe that agricultural settlements under intelligent negro leadership offer the one plan of solution of the race problem in the South that seems most promising.

Among the many attractions at the Belvedere Garden Party next week, don't miss the Fish Pond. It's full of attractive novelties.

MIRIAM'S LINDENHAY REPAIRS NEURALGIA.

Marconis Test Was Successful

Message Was Conveyed to Australia Without Applying New Beam

London, June 4.—William Marconi, who on Sunday succeeded in establishing communication by radio telephone between his wireless station at Falmouth Cove, Cornwall, and Australia, commenting on his achievement said:

"My message to Australia," he said, according to the Daily Mail, "was conveyed clearly with my new system, but without applying the new beam."

"With the beam I am sure there would be no difficulty in telephoning between here and Australia, or between here and any other part of the world. I have received a cable from Sydney stating that I was most distinctly heard."

Gems of Thought

Every one of us may know what is the ruling purpose of his life; and he who knows that his ruling purpose is to trust and follow Christ knows that he is a Christian.—W. Gladstone.

Let each new day bring to our lips the prayer: "Make me sane, and sweet, and strong for all the day holds of care and contradiction, of toil and trouble."

Friendship which flows from the heart cannot be frozen by adversity, as the water that flows from the spring does not congeal in winter.—J. Fenimore Cooper.

For truth it is ever the fitting time; who waits till circumstances completely favor his undertaking will never accomplish anything.—Martin Luther.

The best and surest way to influence others for good is to live the kind of life—the sort of person—that others would want to imitate. Love can live upon itself alone, but friendship must feed on worthiness. Therefore, the way to secure a friend is to be one.—C. G. Goss.

We help each other by our cheer and sympathy, not by our sorrow or sadness. Happiness is a great boon, and worth securing.

A friend that you have to buy won't be worth what you pay for him, no matter what that may be.—George D. Prentice.

We can never replace a friend. When a man is fortunate enough to have several, he finds they are all different.—Schiller.

It is the inevitable end of guilt that it places its own punishment on a chance which is sure to occur.—L. E. London.

He who says there is no such thing as an honest man you may be sure is himself a knave.—Bishop Berkeley.

My soul is sick with every day's report of wrong and outrage with which earth is filled.—Cowper.

Better it were, that all the miseries which nature owns were ours at once, than guilt.—Shakespeare.

The spiteful tongue is often getting self-bitten.

Handy New Tire Deflator Clamped to Valve Stem

A handy automobile tire deflator has been designed primarily to save time in doing tire repair work.

Usually to deflate a tire it is necessary to press the prong of the valve cap, or other similar object, against the valve pin until all the air has escaped. The new deflator, however, is clamped to the valve stem simply by a slight pressure of thumb and finger. In this position a small pin in the center exerts continuous pressure on the valve pin, compressing the spring. This leaves the hands of the worker free for other jobs, such as assembling repair tools, while the tire is being deflated.

THE SCENT OF JUNE ROSES

How rare—how delightful, how appealing to the sense of the beautiful is the fragrant scent of June Roses. It is this same natural fragrance one obtains in the use of Three Flowers Perfume. The scent of Three Flowers Perfume is distinctive and fascinating. In all the Three Flowers toilet preparations this delightful odor is used. In the Face Powder—Vanishing Cream—Talcum and other dainty toilet accessories, will be found this refreshing perfume. Ladies who use Three Flowers toilet aids continually recommend them to their friends. You too, will be enraptured with these lovely beauty aids. Let us show you our assortment.

R. G. MacDonald, Ltd.,
DRUGGISTS.

June 6, 9.11

'Empire' Tires

AND INNER TUBES
AS GOOD AS THE BEST.
BEFORE BUYING YOUR TIRES, SEE US
AND SAVE MONEY.

PRICES:

TIRES		INNER TUBES	
30 x 3 1/2 CORD	\$16.25	30 x 3 1/2 HEAVY	\$22.00
31 x 4 "	27.40	31 x 4 "	33.00
32 x 4 "	30.00	32 x 4 "	36.00
33 x 4 "	31.00	33 x 4 "	42.50
34 x 4 "	32.00	34 x 4 "	44.00

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