

had for here. It will be remembered that some time since, owing to the high price demanded by the local companies, the people of Vancouver imported considerable quantities of coal from the vicinity of Seattle. The existing condition of affairs show how things change, albeit the testimony on all hands is largely in favor of the superior excellence of the coal of the Nanaimo basin.

THE HOME JOURNAL is always pleased to note the success of its neighbors in the newspaper business. Frequently mention has been made of the enterprise exhibited by the *Times* management in their desire to produce a paper worthy the patronage of British Columbians. The *Times*, like Alexander, is desirous of conquering more worlds, and in order to meet the demand for a great newspaper, it has erected for itself a building, which future generations will point to as a monument of the genius and wisdom of its manager. In their new quarters, the *Times* people are afforded every facility demanded by a modern newspaper and THE HOME JOURNAL extends its hearty congratulations.

The following from the *Toronto Globe* is, I believe, a reflection on the intelligence of Hon. Thomas Keith, the leader of the Nanaimo Liberals: "At Nanaimo, the Liberals presented an address to Mr. Laurier, in which they expressed approval of a bimetallic legal tender currency. They doubtless meant a bimetallic currency such as is at present in existence in the Dominion, not such as the United States Government tried, without success, to establish."

BY DAY'S LABOR.

The Victoria Trades and Labor Council have once more placed themselves on record as favoring the continuance of the sewerage system by day's labor and the course of Alderman Ledingham and those who voted with him will be remembered to their advantage when the time comes for the voters to say something as to the selection of aldermen. THE COMMERCIAL JOURNAL has not hesitated to express itself in favor of carrying on as much work as possible under the system of day's labor, the experience having been that if the contractors did not employ Chinese labor they have had no consideration for the workingman who resides here and contributes his full share of the taxes, but have been accustomed to bring over from the Sound cities and elsewhere labor that came here to-day and was gone to-morrow, or so soon as the particular job in question was completed.

In this respect they have been no better than the Chinamen, to prevent whose employment clauses have been inserted

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

IMPORTS.

The following is a summary of the quantity, value and duty on imports at the port of Victoria for the month of September, 1894:

ARTICLES.	VALUE.	DUTY.
Ale, beer and porter.....	\$ 1,919	\$ 600 32
Animals.....	2,027	585 40
Books, pamphlets, etc.....	2,443	698 82
Brass and manufactures of..	267	78 70
Breadstuffs—grain of all kinds	6	1 80
Flour.....	3,707	1,252 53
Meal, corn and oat.....	4,493	1,500 22
Rice.....	120	16 40
Other breadstuffs.....	10,510	4,964 93
Bicycles, Tricycles, Velocipedes and parts of.....	2,968	601 27
Cars—railway and tram.....		
Coal, bituminous.....		
Copper and manufactures of	114	34 20
Cottons, bleached or unbleached:		
not dyed, colored, etc.....	84	20 65
bleached, dyed, etc.....	3,654	1,096 20
clothing.....	1,251	416 65
thread not on spools, yarn, warp, etc.....	4	50
thread on spools.....	1	25
all other manufactures	1,127	376 95
Drugs and medicines.....	2,294	646 05
Earthen, stone & Chinaware	148	44 40
Fancy goods & embroideries:		
Bracelets, braids, fringes, etc	534	160 20
Laces, collars, nettings, etc	640	192 00
All other fancy goods.....	1,226	372 35
Fish and products of.....	2,444	556 34
Fruits and nuts dried.....	1,871	505 95
Green, oranges and lemons	355	21 65
All other.....	5,063	1,601 99
Furs, manufactures of.....	662	165 50
Glass, manufactures of—		
Bottles, jars, etc.....	250	75 00
Window glass.....	398	139 52
Plate glass.....		
All other manufactures	584	168 90
Gunpowder & explosive substances.....	645	193 50
Gutta percha, manuf's of....	6,437	1,916 02
Hats, caps, and bonnets, beaver, silk or felt.....	3,185	955 50
All other.....	1,024	307 20
Iron and steel and manuf's of		
Band, hoop, sheet, plate.....	45	2 25
Bar iron & railway bars.....	905	280 00
Cutlery, hardware, etc.....	2,559	621 90
Machines, machinery, etc.....	683	195 75
Pig iron, kentledge, etc.....		
Stoves and castings.....	542	146 59
Tubing.....	1,101	152 61
All other manufactures	2,677	703 56
Jewelry & watches & manuf's of gold and silver.....	129	32 25
Lead and manufactures of....	295	60 08
Leather, all kinds.....	251	43 14
Boots and shoes.....	1,097	274 25
All other manuf's....	1,707	367 05
Marble & stone & manuf's of	53	12 70
Metals and manufactures of.	304	87 67
Musical instruments.....	1,307	430 45
Oil, mineral and products of.	4,085	1,062 60
Flaxseed or linseed.....	563	112 60
All other.....	1,285	309 25
Paints and colors.....	252	25 95
Paper, envelopes, etc.....	371	107 86
Pickles, sauces, capers.....	477	166 95
Provisions, lard, meats, fresh and salt.....	6,442	1,130 20
Butter, cheese.....	389	60 19
Seeds and roots.....	342	36 90
Silk, manufactures of.....	9,244	2,811 69
Soap, all kinds.....	187	61 76
Spices, ground & unground.	6	1 50
Spirits, all kinds.....	5,035	9,155 37
Wines, sparkling.....	1,098	573 60
other than sparkling	765	755 98
Molasses.....		
Tobacco and cigars.....	2,308	2,683 94
Vegetables.....	1,302	327 00
Wood, manufactures of.....	443	109 80
Wollens: Carpets, brussels and tapestry.....	2,148	644 40
Clothing.....	5,013	1,738 57
Cloths, worsteds, etc.....	948	297 05
Dress goods.....	4,970	1,491 00
Knitted goods.....	1,382	483 70
Shawls.....	547	136 75
Yarns.....	225	65 05
All other manuf's....	450	166 73

All other dutiable goods.....	40,177	9,485 89
Total dutiable goods.....	\$167,964	\$57,680 42
Free goods.....	61,703	
Coin and bullion.....		
Grand total.....	\$229,667	\$57,680 42

The following are the free goods entered at the port of Victoria for the month of September, 1894:

FREE GOODS.	
Animals for improvement of stock...	\$ 6 00
Articles for use of Army and Navy...	27,268 00
Asphaltum or Asphalt.....	
Broom Corn.....	
Coffee.....	1,661 00
Cotton waste.....	96 00
Dyes, chemicals, etc.....	5,062 00
Fish and products of.....	388 00
Fisheries, articles for, nets, seines, etc.	83 00
Fruits, bananas, olives, pineapples, etc	300 00
Fur, skins not dressed.....	120 00
Grease for soap making, etc.....	1,511 00
Hides and skins.....	
India rubber and gutta percha, crude	
Metals—Brass and copper.....	4,970 00
Iron and steel, all other.....	
Tin and zinc.....	92 00
Other.....	17 00
Oils, vegetable.....	212 00
Salt.....	753 00
Settlers' effects.....	5,589 00
Sugar.....	
Tea.....	3,215 00
Tobacco leaf.....	446 00
Wood, cabinetmakers, etc.....	56 00
All other free goods.....	4,859 00
Total.....	\$ 61,703 00
Coin and bullion.....	
Total free goods.....	\$ 61,703 00

EXPORTS

From the port of Victoria, for the month of September, 1894—the produce of Canada:

THE MINE.	QUANTITY.	VALUE
Coal.....	tons 416	2,080
Gold dust, nuggets, etc.....		28,465
THE FISHERIES.		
Fish of all descriptions.....		315,726
Fish oil.....	gals 800	369
Furs or skins of creatures living in the water.....		350,910
ANIMALS AND THEIR PRODUCE.		
Wool.....	lbs 4,038	343
Other articles.....		58,919
AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS.		
Fruits—green.....		71
Indian and other meal.....	bbls 3	15
MANUFACTURES.		
Boots.....		2
Liquors—spiruous & malt of all kinds.....	gals 8	17
Sewing machines.....	1	7
Wood, manufactures of.....		10
Other articles.....		1,757
Grand total.....		\$ 758,682
Goods, not the product of Canada, for the month of September, 1894:		
QUANTITY. VALUE		
Agricultural Products—		
Fruits—green.....		4
Manufactures—		
Iron—pig and scrap, castings, hardware, etc.....		228
Sewing machines.....	2	40
Wood m'fs of all kinds.....		72
Other articles.....		2,402
Miscellaneous articles.....		249
Total.....		\$ 2,995
Bullion—Gold and silver...		2,910
Grand total.....		\$ 5,905
Total exports of all kinds.....		\$764,587

in the charters of many public companies which have obtained incorporation by the Legislature. If there is anything objectionable—as we claim that there is—in the employment of Chinese on Provin-

cial public works, does not the argument tell with just as much force against aliens from the United States, where Canadian labor is put under the most serious disabilities?—*Commercial Journal*.