

<u>Station</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Request</u>
CKVL	Verdun, Que.	Change in frequency from 990 kc day only to 1280 kc unlimited time, with directional antenna.

Reason: The Board has recommended that the 1280 kc channel be assigned to CKCV, Quebec.

b) For New Stations:

<u>Applicant</u>	<u>Station Location</u>	<u>Request</u>
CFOR (Orillia, Ont.)	Parry Sound, Ont.	100 watt or 250 watt station and network connecting CFOR and the Parry Sound station.

Reason: There would be multiple ownership contrary to Regulation 31-A pursuant to the Radio Act 1938 and from the evidence submitted there is no reason to regard this as a special case. The applicant previously received authorization to move his station from Parry Sound to Orillia as he claimed that Parry Sound could not support a station.

c) For Television Stations:

<u>Applicant</u>	<u>Station Location</u>	<u>Request</u>
C.R.McIntosh	North Battleford, Sask.	Television station.

Reason: All television applications have been denied in the past in accordance with Board's policy, formulated December 19, 1936, namely: "The Board is not opposed to the establishment and operation of private television stations for experimental purposes only, provided that licences for such stations are restricted to those fully qualified technically and financially, and that the licences shall be subject to such terms of expropriation as the Board may deem advisable."

d) For Facsimile Stations:

<u>Applicant</u>	<u>Station Location</u>	<u>Request</u>
C.R.McIntosh	North Battleford, Sask.	Facsimile Station.
CKAC	Montreal, Que.	" "

Reason: It has been the Board's policy to recommend facsimile applications for denial in accordance with the policy of the Board formulated March 22nd, 1938, namely: "That no licence for facsimile broadcasting be recommended pending the formulation of a national policy with respect to it."

On February 20th, 1938 "the Chairman reported that on a recent visit to New York he had witnessed facsimile transmission. He was of the opinion and the Board agreed that facsimile was of such far reaching importance that no rights should be granted to private enterprise. These rights should be retained for the public domain."