

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH, ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1904.

# OLDEST CHURCH IN NEW BRUNSWICK; PROBABLY NONE OLDER IN CANADA

KINGSTON EPISCOPAL  
CHURCH HAS INTER-  
ESTING HISTORY

Pastorate Held by Three Members of  
One Family for a Century.

THE old country town of Kingston, Kings county, is replete of old-fashioned memories, remembrances of the Loyalists and of all they suffered for king and country and there are yet preserved in the town of the village many interesting relics of that hardy people and a store house of many memories as Trinity church, Kingston, the oldest in New Brunswick.

It was dedicated on Nov. 6, 1789, by Rev. James Seville, who was the first rector. In July, 1796, an attempt was made to rent the fittings in the church. The first year there was a revenue of \$21.12, but thereafter it diminished year by year and it was finally resolved to make all the pews free.

Improvements were made on the building from time to time and in 1808 the sum of \$103 was subscribed by forty-nine people for the purpose of erecting a steeple and an end gallery. In 1810 a steeple was placed on the church which fourteen guineas was raised for the purpose. The following year saw other alterations and in 1813 some gentlemen of St. John presented to the church a bell weighing 123 pounds. The sum of \$22.16 was allowed for tending the steeple and ringing the bell.

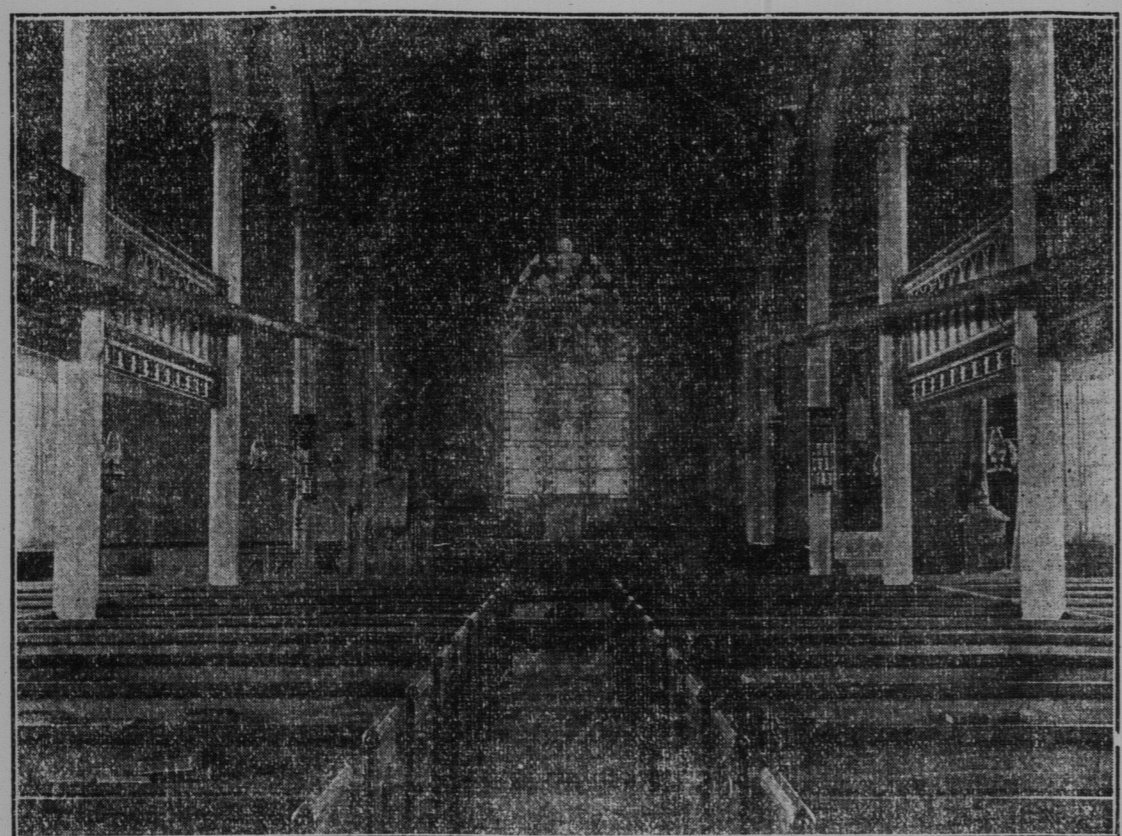
On Sunday, July 23d, 1810, Right Rev. Charles Inglis, Bishop of Nova Scotia, visited Kingston and on leaving the pews were free addressed a letter of exhortation. The question was put to vote and it was decided to comply with his wishes and sell the fittings. In 1820 on the occasion of the death of King George III, the church was dressed in mourning. In 1833 a vestry room was built and in the year 1857 the church was entirely remodelled and now remains a monument of early times and early energy.

The above facts were drawn from "Kingston and the Loyalists" by Walter Bates, high sheriff of Kings county, edited with notes by Rev. W. O. Raymond, 1889, and "The first fifty years of the Church of England in the province of New Brunswick," by G. Herbert Lee, A. M., barrister-at-law, 1880.

On June 27th, 1889, the centennial celebration of the church took place. It was attended with great eclat and many prominent men in civil and religious life were there from all parts of the province. Fifteen years have elapsed since that gathering and many whose names appear in the list of those present have since died. It will be of interest to read the following extract from the Telegraph's description of the centennial celebration:

From the steeple of the old church in the province floated the red cross of St. George, beneath which a long "ship" was flying, while a line of flags and streamers connected the church and the parsonage. Over the main entrance was a magnificent arch of mixed spruce and rose bearing in beautiful work letters 1789-1889.

"The historic enclosure with its handsome memorial windows was extremely



Interior of Kingston, New Brunswick, Episcopal Church, Which is 120 Years Old.

beautiful for in every conceivable place flowers, wild, hellebore, flowering plants and evergreens were hung in profusion until the interior looked like a fairy world. Before the altar stood a magnificent cross of cherry blossoms and along the chancel were others of fragrant clover. Loyalist descendants from all over Kings and St. John counties were present, and in the gathering were the following: J. D. M. Keator, Charles Serber, Albert Hoy, Robert Williams, Mrs. McDougall, Wm. Dann, D. D. Northrup, Justus Pickett, Charles Foster, Doreber Lyon, Isaac Saunders, Charles Hoy, Mrs. Chisholm, Eliza Perkins, Mrs. Darling, El. Northrup, Horatio Northrup, Miss Wetmore, Alex. Leach, Thos. Lee, Melvin Perkins, Mrs. Kistead, Douglas Fairweather, Howard Lynn, Nathaniel Graham, George Hoy, John Raymond, Henry Egan, Chas. Raymond, John Dunn, Reuben Lyon, Robt. Pickett, Hoy Pickett, Thos. Seville, Doreber Serber, Anselm Hoy, Edward P. Raymond, Chas. Dixon, Philo Northrup, Aubrey Northrup, Ernest Crawford, Richard Flewelling, E. G. Seville, Albert Kistead, Omer Perkins, H. G. H. Flewelling, Harry Fairweather, Abner Lyon.

The clergymen present were: Canon DeVeber and Revs. W. O. Raymond, H. S. Wainwright, D. W. Pickett, R. Matheson, E. A. Wainwright, J. G. Tice, Holbrook and Wetmore. The preacher, Rev. D. W. Pickett, chose as his text Psalm lxxviii: "Her foundations are upon the holy hills."

It is always pleasant and profitable to recall honorable history and the early history of the Episcopal church in New

Brunswick is such. The real history of Kingston commences in 1783 when a daring band of Loyalists landed at Billie Bay. The story of their early struggles is pathetic in the extreme, indeed we are told that the women and children on foot holding their future home in their arms. On April 30th, 1783, the convoy with the Loyalists on board arrived at St. John and by the month of November there were seventeen log houses on the site of Kingston, enough to shelter all those who had landed there. By the next year the parish was regularly organized with David Pickett and Joseph Lyon vestrymen and John Lyon, Isaac Holt, Jonathan Kechem, Andrew Patching, Elias Serber, John Fowler, James Ketchum, Elias Raymond, Emma Lane, James Moore, Seth Seville and Thomas Sumner, vestrymen.

At a meeting held on July 25th, 1787, to arrange with Rev. James Seville about his settlement in the parish, Elias Raymond, Elias Serber and John London, whose lot joined, gave each one acre of land to build a church house on. It was also resolved at the same meeting to go on with the building at once. A subscription paper was circulated and in a few weeks the sum of \$131.15 was raised. To this sum the government of the day added \$100 in aid of the project. On Saturday, June 27th, 1789, the house was raised and on Nov. 25th the building was consecrated by Rev. James Seville. He was first rector of Kingston, a son of Lieut. William Seville of Waterford (Conn.), where he was born in 1732. He graduated from Yale College in 1757. In 1758 he received the degree of M. A. from Kings (Columbia) College, New York. Going to England he was or-

dained and came back to his native place in 1761. After the revolution, Mr. Seville came to New Brunswick. For fourteen years after his arrival in Kingston Mr. Seville performed the whole work of the parish. In 1796 he began infirm and unable at all times to perform divine service his son Elias, who was then ordained, was appointed to assist his father. For more than five years, father and son carried on the work of the extensive parish. He was succeeded as rector by his son, Rev. Elias Seville, who held the position till the day of his death, Feb. 10th, 1841. At the time of his death he was seventy years of age and had been in the ministry forty years.

Rev. William Elias Seville, son of Rev. Elias Seville, succeeded his father in the parish and held the office from 1841 to 1861. He was born in 1796, the 64th year of his age and the 26th of his ministry. It is a noteworthy fact that the three Seville were 180 years in the ministry during ninety of which they were rector of Kingston. Shortly after the death of Rev. W. E. Seville the present rector, Rev. H. S. Wainwright, of Bermuda, was chosen. Since his coming a number of repairs have been effected on the venerable structure. In the chancel are memorial tablets to the Seville, who so long ministered to the needs of the parish in the spiritual, and in the graveyard around are many tombstones to the memory of those who organized the parish in the wilderness, and their immediate descendants.

hered in Canada. Among the students who passed through his classes he was universally looked up to and admired. A man of strong individuality and keen discernment he was possessed of a disposition which endeared him to all.

## PRINCIPAL CAVEN OF KNOX COLLEGE DEAD

Toronto, Dec. 1.—(Special)—Rev. William Caven, D. D., principal of Knox College and acknowledged head of the Presbyterian church in Canada, died tonight, aged 74 years, of influenza and pneumonia.

His last public appearance was at a week ago tonight, where he spoke in the interests of the Lord's Day Alliance, of which he was president. At the college, although feeling tired, on Saturday he was taken ill and forced to seek his bed. He leaves a widow, three sons, three daughters, and one of his medical practitioners in Toronto. One daughter is the wife of Rev. William Wilson, Presbyterian missionary, India, and the other two are at home. The date of the funeral is not yet arranged.

Rev. Principal Caven, D. D., LL. D., was born in the parish of Aberdeen, Scotland, on the 26th of December, 1830. He was the son of John Caven and Mary Milroy. In 1847 his father's family emigrated to Canada and he was educated at the Theological Institute of the United Presbyterian church of Canada. Afterwards he taught school for one year and was ordained to the ministry of the Presbyterian church of Canada in St. Marys, 1852. In 1856 he married Margaret Goldie of Ayr (Ont.). In the year 1860 he was appointed professor of exegesis in Knox College, Toronto, in which institution he has been principal since 1873. He received the degree of D. D. from two universities, in 1875 from Queens University, Kingston, and in 1886 from Princeton University, U. S. A., and LL. D. the same year from Toronto University. He was president of the alliance of the Reformed Churches of Washington (D. C.) from 1880 to 1904.

Principal Caven was a voluminous writer, mostly for the magazines. He also published a series of sermons and a number of pamphlets. It is, however, as an educationalist that he will be best remembered.

Thousands Die from Consumption  
No condition causes so many incurable diseases as consumption. It not only prevents the kidneys from eliminating the poisons of the blood, but it also causes the blood to become impure and the system to become diseased. Why won't you use Dr. Hamilton's Pills and get cured? This excellent medicine cures nervous, bowel action, on one night's use, so.

## REMARKS ABOUT JOAN OF ARC MAY CAUSE DUEL

Paris, Dec. 1.—Deputy Jaures, the Socialist leader, has telegraphed a challenge to fight a duel to Paul Deroulede, who has been in political exile since his participation in the plot to overthrow the government. The challenge grows out of the agitation of the students resulting from alleged insulting remarks about Joan of Arc made by Deroulede.

M. Deroulede telegraphed from Spain, declaring that the Socialists were responsible for the plot to overthrow the government, and that he was the most sublime figure in history, whereas M. Jaures was the most contemptible of her detractors. The challenge was accepted by Deroulede, and he is expected to meet M. Deroulede at the place and time he wishes.

The student demonstrations in behalf of Joan of Arc were continued today. A party of students attempted to attack a Socialist newspaper office, but were prevented from doing so. There was another demonstration on the Place de la Concorde.

## Shipping Notes.

The following charters have been announced: Schooner Abahi, 400 tons, to Halifax, N. S., by E. L. Barrie Globe, Annapolis, 425, January, 1895, to United Kingdom or continent, lumber, 800, ship Thimandra, River Plate to New York, 10,000, 22. The schooner Nimrod will carry coal from New York to Halifax at \$1.

The steamer Dunmore Head, of the Head Line, passed out at Sydney Light at 6 p. m. Wednesday, bound to St. John from Sydney.

The schooner Margaret B. Roper arrived at New York on Saturday from Hillsboro, with plaster and reports a very rough passage. The schooner experienced the terrible north-east that swept the coast Nov. 12, and her forecast was split almost from trunk to base. Some of her rails were torn and several parties on board were injured. It was thought she would not be able to weather the seas. She was forced to seek shelter four times from storm. After discharging, she will proceed to New York, where she will go south during the winter.

## WANTS MODEL FARMS THROUGHOUT THE WEST

SIR RICHARD CARTWRIGHT  
THINKS THIS WILL  
SCHOOL THE PEOPLE  
IN MIXED FARM-  
ING

Joint High Commission May  
Meet After the Session—Buoy-  
Lifted in the St. Lawrence—  
Mail Contract to P. E. I. Will  
Be Renewed for Ten Years to  
Same Company.

Ottawa, Nov. 29.—(Special)—As an outcome of Sir Richard Cartwright's trip to Western Canada this fall he became impressed with the desirability of establishing agricultural schools and model farms throughout Manitoba and the territories as a means of spreading a knowledge of scientific agriculture on the prairies.

The minister of trade and commerce urges strongly that unless farmers devote their time to something more than wheat raising alone, their land will soon be exhausted, as has already happened with many of the farms to the south of the international border.

It is not likely there will be a meeting of the joint high commission until after the session of parliament. It is possible Sir Wilfrid Laurier has made a courteous reply to a suggestion from Senator Fairbanks, but it is not believed he has said anything definite. Sir Wilfrid will be in California until Christmas. When he returns he will be too busy with preparations for parliament to get on the commission.

The department of marine has ordered the Lake St. Peter lightships to be removed to the mouth of the St. Lawrence. Most of the boats between Montreal and Quebec have been removed, as the season of navigation is practically closed by this order.

The minister of trade and commerce will recommend to his colleagues that the appointment of the Prince Edward Island Navigation Company for a ten year contract for the carriage of mails and passengers between the mainland and Prince Edward Island be granted. The company's five year contract expires next year, but if they get a contract for a longer period the company will be replaced by a better vessel on the route between Pictou and Charlottetown.

The minister of militia states that he knows nothing of any proposal to turn the Halifax Citadel over to the Canadian authorities for garrisoning.

## WHY COAL IS HIGHER

One Witness Blames the Strike  
Commission—Final Hearing of  
Hearst Case Opens in Wash-  
ington.

Washington, Nov. 30.—The final hearing by the Interstate Commerce Commission in the matter of the complaint of William R. Hearst against the coal-carrying roads was begun here yesterday.

The first witness called by W. R. Hearst was John W. Rudey of Philadelphia, chief of the Bureau of Anthracite Coal Statistics, who identified certain tables prepared by him. He said there was a constantly increasing consumption of the smaller size coal, which is produced at greater cost than the prepared sizes, the rate charged is an average one between the two, and, in his opinion, is not unreasonable. Another table showed the yearly percentage of shipments of anthracite by the coal-carrying roads. This was intended to show the charge of Mr. Hearst that the "presidential percentages" were "arranged." The table offered showed wide differences from these percentages, in some instances amounting to millions of tons for the years preceding and following 1896.

P. Blauvelt, comptroller of the Erie Railroad, under questioning, furnished statistics showing the expense attached to the handling of empty cars, a factor not usually taken into account in making estimates of the cost of operating a coal-carrying road. The witness said that the present year was less profitable than 1903, and he ascribed as a reason the fact that his company did not sell as much coal, and that the coal which was sold cost more to produce. Mr. Blauvelt, in reply to Mr. Sherrin, said he could not say that the selling price of coal had been increased more than the cost. It was, in fact, however, that the decision of the Anthracite Coal Strike Commission had caused an increase of fifty cents a ton in the cost of anthracite coal.

## Home

Previous the home, though but a ruffled rock where weary shepherd taries with his flock. Precious little comfort, though it is the only shelter of a lonely tree. Dear is that world-old, warm, heart-pulling thing.

To man and beast and bird and gladdening: Dear is the roof, the hole, the turf, the nest, the place where the heart can be at rest.

Edwin Markham.

Greene—"If wishes were horses, you know, beggars might ride." Gray—"And be run away with when the first automobile comes, in sight."

Why—"There goes that beautiful Mrs. Kofur, with her wealth of auburn hair. She wasn't always so. I used to know her when she was red-headed."

Mrs. Hoyle—"I hear that your husband died lately."

Church—"Why, he loved that girl when she was only a baby on her mother's knee! Gotham—Oh, then he knew she was going to come into money all right!"

## LIVELY ROW AGAIN IN THE POST OFFICE

Mr. Hanington and George Beverly Principals for the Sec-  
ond Time—Clerk Promises to Bring Postmaster Into  
Court Today for Assault, and Sends His Resig-  
nation to Ottawa.

A scene, described as bordering on, if not being disgraceful, was enacted in the main room of the St. John post office Wednesday afternoon. It ended in George Beverly sending to Ottawa his resignation as a clerk in the post office, and T. B. Hanington, postmaster, alleging that the postmaster assaulted him by placing a hand on him in the course of the trouble.

The difficulty came about 4 o'clock and had to do, it is said, with Beverly's time being deducted for two days off duty, when he asserts that he was away only two half-days. Words passed and the atmosphere soon became charged with heat and, in fact, it is asserted things were particularly warm.

## Rather Wild.

The story became public property before very long. Some who were near at the time say it was as the gates of winter compared with the gentleephy. Voices were raised—indeed the public as represented by business men in the post office lobby after their letters, had the interesting experience of being auditors of the mischievous monologue and some dialogue, too, going on behind the partition which divides the lobby from the sorting room.

It was in this latter part of the building that the trouble was on. Clerks were there in prosecution of their duties and were spectators of the scene and auditors of the heated talk. Beverly in his excitement even made accusations against the personal character of the postmaster.

How the trouble ended is not clearly stated, but at any rate Beverly has given up work and sent his resignation to Ottawa.

The document, it is said, contains the allegations which Beverly made in the controversy of yesterday and was forwarded to the postmaster general. It is said, also, that he set forth that matters have been very unpleasant for him, practically since his going to work in the post office and that he felt he could not continue in the service under the conditions.

It is said also that an incident of election week bears indirectly upon the case. It is said Beverly, under pressure of some remarks about the chances of the candidates, made a bet that the oppo-

sition men in the city and county would be elected, that the story was told and reached the postmaster. Then it is said Beverly was late for work one day because of sickness and that when he reported to the postmaster the latter wanted to know if he was kept late by betting on the elections or getting insurance, the latter being taken as meaning Beverly was carrying insurance as well as working in the post office.

The incident of the baskets is remembered. Some months ago the postmaster suspended Beverly after a warm scene, which arose because of a certain basket Beverly had received from a merchant. An investigation was held and Beverly was reinstated. Evidently there have not been friendly relations between the postmaster and the clerk since.

## Mr. Beverly's Story.

Mr. Beverly, when sent last evening, said Postmaster Hanington and he had some difficulty during the day. The whole matter, he said, arose out of what he claimed to be unjust treatment. Because of ill health, he said, he had been absent from duty two half days and when he learned that the postmaster had docked him for two whole days he was indignant and did not take pains to disguise from Mr. Hanington just what he thought. When he protested, alleges Mr. Beverly, the postmaster was not inclined to be amiable. Uncomplimentary language was used and Mr. Beverly says the postmaster laid his hand on him. No blows were exchanged. Mr. Beverly adds that respecting such treatment he took occasion to inform Mr. Hanington of several things. With all possible candor he told him what he thought of him, and wound up by giving warning that he would have been arrested for what he considered a case of assault and he asserts that Mr. Hanington said he would refer the matter to the proper authorities at Ottawa.

Mr. Beverly said last evening that ever since he entered the post office service he has had abundant reason to regret that Mr. Hanington was a man who had postal affairs here. He said he had always endeavored to faithfully discharge his duties, but it was discouraging to have the story told by a man who had been regarded as so obviously unfriendly.

A reporter called twice at Mr. Hanington's house last night to ask his side of the story but there was no response to the newspaper man's summons.

## OTTAWA TO VOTE ON HUGE OUTLAY

People Will Decide About  
Spending \$3,000,000 for  
Street Railway

## RAILROAD SOLD

New York Central Acquires the  
Ottawa and New York Road, and  
Will Take Possession January 1—  
Supreme Court Appeal Cases.

Ottawa, Dec. 1.—(Special)—The civic railway committee has decided upon a recommendation to the city council of a by-law to the ratemakers in January, providing for the purchase by the municipality of the Ottawa electric railway at the price of \$3,000,000.

Negotiations have been closed for the transfer of the Ottawa & New York railway to the New York Central, and all that remains is the formal transfer of the bonds of the company on the advertised date of the sale, Dec. 22. The American company will take over the international road at the new year at the latest. For the present at least, no change will be made in the management of the newly purchased road, which will be operated from Ottawa, with H. W. Gays, the present receiver and general manager, in charge. The bonds of the Ottawa & New York road represent a face value of \$2,250,000, but they will be sold at a rate on the dollar.

At noon today the Ottawa Field Battery fired a royal salute of twenty-one guns from Nepean Point, in honor of Queen Alexandra's birthday. The flag was flung to the breeze from the flag staff on the tower of the parliament buildings, while

## YOU CAN EAT LIKE A HORSE

Enjoy Your Food and Digest It Too If  
You Take

## DR. PITCHER'S Tonic Tablets

Persons who find their appetite poor, digestion weak and health generally run down, can swing their system into good condition, have a vigorous appetite, rapid digestion, strong nerves, rich blood and sound health with a course of treatment with Dr. Pitcher's Tonic Tablets. They are not expensive, either, only 35 cents a box or three for \$1.00. At drug-gists or by mail. The Dr. Zina Pitcher Co., Toronto, Ont.

throughout the city the Union Jack was everywhere in evidence.

The hearing in the Dominion Iron & Steel Company vs. Oliver was concluded, and judgment reserved.

The next case taken up was the Lacombe Mills Gold Mining Company vs. Bishop et al. The appellant company held a license to search for minerals in Miller's Lake gold district from the government of Nova Scotia, and erected a stamp mill there for testing purposes before a grant was issued from the crown. Bishop, a judgment creditor, issued an injunction against the goods of the company and, under this writ, the sheriff of Guysboro county sold the mill, etc., en bloc to a purchaser in satisfaction of the judgment.

The appellant claims that as the null property was real estate or an interest in land, the sale was bad, and seeks to reverse the decision that it was valid by the Supreme Court of Nova Scotia, and to recover damages. Ross, K. C. and Lovett for the appellant; Mellish, K. C., appeared for the Albin Lumber Company, the purchaser at sheriff's sale; and Henry Fox Bishop, the execution creditor. The hearing will be continued tomorrow morning.

He went to see a matinee. It was a very funny play. The jokes were new. The songs were new. He laughed so much he could not see.

## LOCAL AND PROVINCIAL

Mrs. Robertson and family wish to thank their many friends and relatives for the sympathy shown to them in their sad bereavement.

J. Willard Smith Tuesday received a despatch from Parron containing information that on Monday last the schooner Helen M. collided with the schooner Wandersman there. The Helen M. was dismantled. She belongs to Georgetown. The Wandersman sails from Parron, E. D. Wood, master.

In the examination for marine engineers certificates being held before Inspector Dalton at his office in the customs house, there are four applicants: A. C. Leishman, of Charlottetown, who is trying for third class papers; J. Davison, of P. E. Island, for second class; W. Spicer, of Spencer's Island, for third class certificate; and Malcolm Andrews, of Philadelphia, for second class, foreign. It will be a few days before the results of the examinations are made known.

The resignations of five firemen have been handed into Chief Kerr. Wm. Keefe, foreman No. 1 Engine Co.; Robt. Nichol, lieutenant Ladder Co. No. 1; Norval McLaughlin, Engine Co. No. 3; T. O'Leary, Ladder Co. No. 5 Co. The men all find that their business is being interfered with by attending fires. Mr. McLaughlin has been in the department twenty-six years. Mr. Nichol also for a long time. Fred Keefe has been chosen by No. 1 Company as foreman in place of his brother, William Keefe, who retired. The men were all good fire fighters.

## EVIL EFFECT OF CATARRH

Quickly Overcome When the Healing  
Power of "Catarrhazone"  
Was Applied.

Mr. Joseph D. Rogers, one of the most prominent and highly respected citizens of Logansville (Ga.), writes: "I used Catarrhazone for a severe case of catarrh in the head and throat. I always felt relief immediately. I cured the discharge from my nose and restored my sense of smell lost through the effects of catarrh."

No remedy exists that will so thoroughly cure as Catarrhazone; it really cures. Two months' size 25c, at all dealers. \$1.00, sample size 25c, at all dealers.

FREE

\$3000 Stock Book containing 183 large engravings and a large colored Lithograph of "PITCHER'S TONIC TABLETS."

The cover of this stock-book is a beautiful live-stock picture within any building on it. The book is 10 1/2 x 10 1/2 inches and cost over \$1000 to produce. It contains engravings of horses, cattle, sheep, goats and pigs. It also contains an up-to-date Veterinary Department with all the latest news of the day, and a list of all the best breeders of horses, cattle, sheep, goats and pigs. It is a book that every farmer and stockman should have. Write at once and answer the following questions:

1. Where did you read this advertisement?

2. How much stock have you?

INTERNATIONAL STOCK FOOD CO., TORONTO, CANADA.

Send this Book Free to the World.

IS THE COST OF "INTERNATIONAL STOCK FOOD"?

"INTERNATIONAL STOCK FOOD" is purely a natural vegetable preparation, composed of roots, leaves, stems, and seeds of various plants, and is the most perfect and complete food for all stock. It is a food that will keep your stock in the best of health, and will produce the most profitable results. It is a food that will keep your stock in the best of health, and will produce the most profitable results. It is a food that will keep your stock in the best of health, and will produce the most profitable results.