

GZAR MURDERER.

Documents Issued Yesterday Calling Him Such.

Mob Urged to Destroy State Buildings and to Liberate All Prisoners—Stores Wrecked.



WAKEFUL NIGHTS wear out the body and mind. It is a trying strain on the nervous system and is caused principally by a weak, irritable or palpitating heart. There is only one way to bring relief and that is to invigorate and regulate the movements of the heart.

DR. AGNEW'S HEART CURE brings immediate relief and makes the heart strong and steady. Read what Mrs. Anna Canfield of Van Winkle, Idaho writes: "I first procured your remedy in Medicine Hat, Assn. and found it the most wonderful remedy I had ever used. In fact it has cured me of heart disease and sleeplessness and I now wish to sell it to others. Good best price etc." Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure gives relief in 30 minutes; it cures the Heart, Stomach and Nerves.

For instant relief call our agent or send for our booklet. DR. AGNEW'S GENUINE HEART CURE. It cures in 30 minutes.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 24, 2 p. m. — St. Petersburg wears a less martial aspect today. Everywhere troops have been drawn into court yards. Only pickets are left outside and small squads of Cossacks are patrolling the streets. The stores along the principal thoroughfares are mostly closed and barricaded. The correspondent of the Associated Press drove up the Nevsky Prospect and with the help of daylight realized that the damage done to store fronts was more considerable than appeared last night. A large number of such premises were checked, the mob having devoted itself principally to confectionery and pastry cooks. Enormous crowds of strikers were promenading the sidewalks this morning and the street cars were again in operation. All has been quiet up to this hour. The correspondent of the Associated Press noticed several men distributing proclamations. The people formerly were shy of accepting such documents, now they are eagerly accepting them and have nicknamed them "Lazotoko" (swallows) an allusion to the spring which has become a synonym of revolution. The correspondent secured a number of copies. They are all signed by "The Russian Social Democratic Labor Party." One proclamation, dated January 23 reads: "Comrades, as long as autocracy exists no improvement in our condition is possible. Therefore we continue to inscribe on our banners the following demands: 'The immediate cessation of the war. The summoning of a constituent assembly of representatives and the people elected by universal and equal suffrage, and direct secret ballot. The removal of racial and class privileges and restrictions. The inviolability of the person and domicile. Freedom of conscience, speech, press, meetings, strikes and political operations.'" A second proclamation, dated Jan. 23rd, says: "The proletariat of all countries are united. Citizens you yesterday witnessed the bestial cruelty of the autocratic government. You saw blood flowing in the streets. You saw hundreds slaughtered, and defenders of the cause of labor. You saw the wounded and heard the groans of the death and defenceless children. The blood and brains of workmen were scattered, around where their heads had been laid. Who directed the soldiers to aim their rifles and fire bullets at the breasts of the laborers? 'The war is over unless the Russian people are crushed with an iron heel. It has brought about a crisis. The Japanese army is now fighting the battle of the Russian people. 1) MISS BRADLEY'S DEATH. On Saturday last three died at Gray's Mills, in the parish of Kimberton, Miss Lucy Bradley, at the age of ninety-five years. She was a daughter of the late Hamlyn Bradley, who came to this province with his Loyalist parents when a young boy. Miss Bradley was one of the oldest residents of the settlement.

St. John May Have a Chance Against Portland.

Transcontinental Railway Commission is Finding Grades Through New Brunswick That Ensure a Cheap Haul—Quiet Days in Ottawa.

OTTAWA, Jan. 22.—It is useless to expect the house to get down to serious business until after Wednesday. The Ontario provincial contest, which culminates on that date, is the one topic of interest. The seats are bare on both sides of the house: hardly an Ontario man, liberal or conservative, has been in his seat two days running since the session began. All are out missing somewhere in the hottest electoral fight that even Ontario ever saw—a fight between a weak government holding all the advantage of a strongly entrenched position, well fortified in the possession of the building, and an opposition alert, vigorous, confident and with the assurance that with its cause are bound up interests that reach beyond the boundary of political life in Canada. And until the result is known the house of commons will take little interest in its own proceedings. Saturday it managed to put in a half-hearted fifty-five minutes, with a little result. The speaker opened the proceedings with the announcement that the house would not be sitting in Wright Co., made vacant by the resignation of one Wilfrid Laurier, and in Carleton Co., vacated by Edward Kidd. Then Laurier's resignation was passed without opposition, both parties being equally convinced of the necessity of keeping this famous force up to its splendid standard. The only thing notable about this morning's short discussion surrounding this resolution was Sir Wilfrid's admission, compelled by questions from Mr. Haggart, that he did not know very much about the route, which is made out of sight upon hooks under the edge of the table; the speaker stepped down from his throne; the new deputy speaker took his seat in the centre of the table, and the table, and more estimates were monotonously brought before the house, criticized by the opposition, and passed, as a matter of course. Foster was away, and without any doubt the house would be a dull affair, but the routine perfunctorily, although the presence of such keen old hands as Haggart, George Taylor and Peter White kept the opposition well supplied in the nature of craft would pass unnoticed. The labor department was first considered and the increased appropriations for this service met little criticism. The increase consists of \$3,650, all in salaries, made necessary by the increasing work of the department. The appropriations for the departments of justice and mines and fisheries were, after a short discussion, allowed to stand until after the auditor general's report had been received. In view of the fact that the whole session may be completed in three or four days the government has consented to put before the house the report so far as completed, so that after Monday the consideration of the estimates of the various departments, the government's general office, the privy council and the departments of Indian affairs, justice, militia, post office, printing and stationery and secretary of state, may go on. The short discussion on the marine and fishery appropriations revealed in Mr. Prefontaine a depth of ignorance concerning the workings of his department, deeper than that of Sir Wilfrid regarding the mountain police. He not only could not answer correctly the questions of the opposition, but in attempting to make a bluff of knowing something, he made statements which were completely contradictory. He admitted himself half a dozen times and was getting into a pitifully mixed condition when Mr. Fitzpatrick, who saved Emmerson from a similar predicament at the time of his resignation, and explained what Prefontaine should have said, and "no, doubt intended to say."

We Offer \$1,000

For a Disease Germ That Ligozone Can't Kill.

On every bottle of Ligozone we offer \$1,000 for a disease germ that cannot kill. We do this to assure you that Ligozone does kill germs. And it is the only way known to kill germs in the body without killing the tissues. No drug that kills germs is a poison, and it cannot be taken internally. Medicine is almost helpless in any germ disease. It is this fact which gives Ligozone its worth to humanity; a worth so great that, after testing the product for two years, through physicians and hospitals, we paid \$100,000 for the American rights. And we have spent over one million dollars, in one year, to buy the first bottle and give it free to each sick one who would try it. Ligozone—like an excess of oxygen—is deadly to vegetable matter. Ligozone goes into the stomach, into the bowels and into the blood, to go wherever the blood goes. No germ can escape it and none can resist it. The results are inevitable, for a germ disease must end when the germs are killed. Then Ligozone, acting as a wonderful tonic, quickly restores a condition of perfect health. Diseases which have resisted medicine for years yield at once to Ligozone, and it cures diseases which medicine never cures. Half the people you meet—wherever you are—can tell you of cures that were made by it.

Acts Like Oxygen. Ligozone is not made by combining drugs, nor is there any alcohol in it. Its virtues are derived solely from gas—largely oxygen gas—by a process requiring immense apparatus and 14 days' time. This process has, for more than 20 years, been the constant subject of scientific and chemical research. The result is a liquid that does what oxygen does. It is a nerve food and blood food—the most helpful thing in the world to you. Its effects are exhilarating, vitalizing, purifying. Yet it is an absolutely certain germicide. The reason is that germs are vegetables; and Ligozone—like an excess of oxygen—is deadly to vegetable matter.

Germ Diseases. These are the known germ diseases. All that medicine can do for these troubles is to help Nature overcome the germs, and such results are incidental to commerce and obviate the hysterical, nervous conditions which are the result of the germ disease, and when the germs which cause a disease are destroyed, the disease must end, and forever. That is inevitable. Aethna, Anaemia, Blood Poison, Bowel Troubles, Catarrh of the Bladder, Constipation, Croup, Dyspepsia, Eczema, Gleet, Gonorrhoea, Hay Fever, Influenza, Jaundice, Leucorrhoea, Malaria, Neuritis, Piles, Rheumatism, Skin Diseases, Syphilis, Tuberculosis, Venereal Diseases, Whooping Cough, Women's Diseases.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON for this offer may not be open again. Fill out the blanks and mail it to the Liquid Oxygen Co., 635-64 Wabash Ave., Chicago. My disease is... I have never tried Ligozone, but if you will supply me a 50c. bottle free I will take it. Name... Address... Give full address—write plainly. Any physician or hospital may not supply Ligozone will be gladly supplied for a test.



B. GUIDES.

would Like a New Association. and People Think York are Sending Out Leading Pamphlets.

LE, Jan. 24. — Among the New Brunswick guides' sentiment favoring the formation of a new association, it is stated that the New Brunswick Association is not representative of the guides of this province, composed almost entirely of men who send out pamphlets with the chief object being Frederickton the supply of the big game hunters. New Brunswick and Bathurst are the province and to control by the government, with the surveyor game-commissioner at its side. The province would be to include the province and to control to take out a license, for would have to pay merely the formation of an association of this kind would preclude the province and to place all supply stamps. The matter will be brought to the attention of an early meeting of the guides, president of the New Guides' Association, was sent to the Sun's copy and an emphatic denial to the New Brunswick Association. The province and to control to take out a license, for would have to pay merely the formation of an association of this kind would preclude the province and to place all supply stamps. The matter will be brought to the attention of an early meeting of the guides, president of the New Guides' Association, was sent to the Sun's copy and an emphatic denial to the New Brunswick Association. The province and to control to take out a license, for would have to pay merely the formation of an association of this kind would preclude the province and to place all supply stamps. The matter will be brought to the attention of an early meeting of the guides, president of the New Guides' Association, was sent to the Sun's copy and an emphatic denial to the New Brunswick Association.

JAPANESE ARE INTERESTED.

TOKIO, Jan. 24. — The Japanese are keenly watching the developments at St. Petersburg. The newspapers publishing extras with accounts of the riots are eagerly read. "The people were shocked at the death roll and there is a widespread feeling that the bureaucracy will be powerless to stem the tide of reform and that the downfall of the bureaucracy system must end the war. "The violation of a foreign legion said: "The war is over unless the Russian people are crushed with an iron heel. It has brought about a crisis. The Japanese army is now fighting the battle of the Russian people. 1) MISS BRADLEY'S DEATH. On Saturday last three died at Gray's Mills, in the parish of Kimberton, Miss Lucy Bradley, at the age of ninety-five years. She was a daughter of the late Hamlyn Bradley, who came to this province with his Loyalist parents when a young boy. Miss Bradley was one of the oldest residents of the settlement.

LADIES!

CURED - ME All Else Had Failed It will do the same for you, and that you may be convinced of this wonderful medical triumph, I will send ten days' treatment free to any lady who is suffering from troubles peculiar to her sex. Address, enclosing stamp, MRS. F. R. CURRIALL, Windsor, Ont.

FREE! IS NO EXPERIMENT A Positive Cure That you may be assured of the merits of this wonderful medical triumph, I will send ten days' treatment free, MRS. F. R. CURRIALL, Windsor, Ont.

FREE! IS WOMAN'S BEST FRIEND. It cured me of painful periods, leucorrhoea, displacement and other irregularities. After I had been given up by all others, I will send ten days' treatment free, MRS. F. R. CURRIALL, Windsor, Ont.

FREE! Will Make Your Wife Well Many a husband is held down and life robbed of much happiness because his wife is an invalid. I will send a free sample of this Wonderful Remedy, which has brought happiness to so many homes. Address, with stamp, MRS. F. R. CURRIALL, Windsor, Ont.

FREE! Is Your Wife an Invalid? If you will send for a free sample of this Wonderful Remedy you can be convinced that in a few months she may be strong and well again. Hundreds of women have been cured and made happy. Send today, enclosing stamp, MRS. F. R. CURRIALL, Windsor, Ont.

FREE! Is Invaluable TO SUFFERING WOMEN. It is a Grand Remedy. Having brought health and happiness to thousands of women, it will do the same for you, too. A free sample will be sent by addressing with stamp, MRS. F. R. CURRIALL, Windsor, Ont.

FREE! Cures Permanently all the following ailments, viz: Female leucorrhoea, nervousness, menstrual pains, headache, indigestion, and general debility. I will send a free sample to any lady who is suffering from these troubles. Write to-day for 10 days' treatment and see yourself before it is too late. Address, with stamp, MRS. F. R. CURRIALL, Windsor, Ont.

MARITIME UNION

Discussed at Meeting at Breeze's Corner.

Several Speakers See In This The Only Salvation For The East.

"Maritime Union," or the organic union of the provinces of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island into a confederated whole, under one government, as a measure to counteract the growing preponderance of the west of the Dominion, was the subject of discussion at Tuesday night's weekly meeting of the Conservative Club. J. B. M. Baxter presented the subject in an able address. At the commencement he alluded to the fact that this question was a live one just previously to confederation, and was in fact the forerunner of the larger movement. Taking his subject in hand, he marshalled an array of figures to illustrate the rate of growth for the last ten years in the west as compared with that in the east. First, in point of population the west had advanced much over a hundred per cent, while the east had practically remained stationary. Secondly, in point of immigration, this was almost wholly westward, hardly a sprinkling of immigrants remaining in the east. Thirdly, in point of area the west and east could not stand in comparison, giving the west an incalculable advantage. The speaker then went into the feasibility of maritime union. While not overlooking the difficulties in the way, he believed that union was possible, and that in fact it was a precedent in the history of Upper and Lower Canada, which was effected in 1840 and continued until the establishment of confederation. He then pointed out the advantages which union would bring to this section of the Dominion. It would mean an immediate reduction in government expenses. It would lead to a unified development of the natural resources of the three provinces. It would realize the opportunity for the introduction and advancement of technical education. It would give a stimulus to commerce and obviate the hysterical, nervous conditions which are the result of the germ disease, and when the germs which cause a disease are destroyed, the disease must end, and forever. That is inevitable.

ICE IN PORTLAND HARBOR.

What the Mayor Has To Say About It. (Portland, Me., Press.) "I suppose you saw the article in one of the evening papers relative to breaking ice in the harbor; it is correct," said a reporter of Mayor Baxter last evening.

"Partially so, but notwithstanding my opinion as expressed on several occasions, is that it is not proper for the city to clear the docks of ice for private parties or corporations. They should do this themselves." "How about the channel in the harbor?" "While I do not consider it the duty of the city to keep the channel clear as it is necessary to have a clear channel on account of danger from fire, it has been arranged for the fire boat to run out every morning when it is necessary and which it can easily do, and thus keep an open channel. To go into docks owned by private persons and corporations does not seem to me to be the duty of the city. The cost of doing this is in doubt a question. If it is the duty of the city to do it, even at a very large cost, it should certainly perform that duty." "Then you did not object on account of cost?" "Oh, no. That is too absurd." Mayor Baxter said that the idea that the cost of breaking the ice by the fire boat, as printed in an evening paper, was only \$250, was ridiculously low. As a matter of fact the mayor said that the cost came nearer to being \$2,500 when the repairs which are necessitated on the fire boat after the experience of last winter is considered. Mayor Baxter says that the ordinary repairs on the fire boat amount to about \$200 a year, but that last spring it was necessary to expend about \$1,800, and in addition to this there was at least \$1,000 spent for coal, oil, etc., for the operation of the fire boat. In the article in question it was stated that the European steamship people were indignant that nothing had been done by the city towards clearing the ice in the harbor. The death of Miss Mary Ryan. The sad intelligence reached the city yesterday of the death of Miss Mary Ryan, daughter of George M. Ryan, superintendent for New Brunswick of the railway mail service, at Valdocta, Ga. Miss Ryan went south some time ago to regain her health. Her parents were with her when she passed away. The deceased young lady was about twenty-one years old. Her remains will be brought on to Shediac for burial.

TEMPERANCE CONCERT BY FIELD.

Good Cheer Lodge, organized by Rev. W. Lawson Dec. 30th, is working energetically to build itself up and edit a public temperance journal, the Good Temper. Allen's Hall was packed last night by an enthusiastic crowd whose interest never flagged during the evening. The program was rendered by the fact that each number was heartily enjoyed. The following programme was rendered: 1. Phonograph Record, Hymns. 2. Prayer, Rev. W. Lawson. 3. Recitation, Temperance, William Briggs. 4. Phonograph Record. 5. Recitation, Teetotal Tom, Jennie Ross. 6. Maple Leaf of Canada, W. Lawson. 7. Address, Mrs. Wm. Lawson. 8. Phonograph Record. 9. Mocking organ selection, Harvey Trenholm. 10. The Village School, Mrs. L. Ray. 11. The Temperance Bear, Smith McBlush. 12. Solo, Have Courage My Boy, W. Lawson. There are several to be initiated next lodge meeting, Friday night.



LAWYERS BACK UP STRIKERS.

LONDON, Jan. 24. — A despatch to a news agency from St. Petersburg, timed 12.1 p. m. today, says: "Crowds of strikers are again concentrating on the Nevsky Prospect. The situation is so tense that many inhabitants of St. Petersburg are sending their wives and children to Hel-singfors and elsewhere for safety. A meeting of 320 barristers and solicitors has passed a resolution of solidarity with the strikers, protesting against the action of the government in provoking bloodshed, declining to appear in courts and declining to open a subscription in aid of the propaganda." STRIKE SPREADING AT MOSCOW. MOSCOW, Jan. 24.—11.15 a. m.—The strike is spreading rapidly. All printing works have been stopped. No newspapers will be issued tomorrow. Thus far there have been no collisions with the police. MOSCOW, Jan. 24.—Employees of the Bachrushin, Michailoff, Linder and Schneider factories have joined in the strike.

TEN THOUSAND STRIKERS.

MOSCOW, Jan. 24.—Employees of the tanneries who are out on strike remain quiet. The police have ordered all arms to be removed from the windows of gunsmiths, a majority of whom have closed their shops. The strikers here at noon today totalled ten thousand.

WORK STOPPED AT KOVNO.

KOVNO, Russia, Jan. 24. — Work has been stopped at all the factories and railroad shops here. Kovno is the capital of the Russian government of that name and has about 500,000 inhabitants.

THE NIGHT WAS QUIET.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 24, 11.10 a. m.—The night was quiet. There are no signs of undue excitement this morning, although thousands of workmen are straggling through the streets. A number of government printers resumed work this morning.

YESTERDAY'S OFFICIAL REPORT.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 24. — An official account of yesterday's events was as follows: During Monday there was no col-

SECRETARY POSTER