

BEST FRIEND ry other day is

RISE SOAP

IONCTON.

rned at Lower Hills-Act Matters-Fishvileges Selling.

April 3.-Fire destroyed Dawson P. Steeves at on Sunday morning at The family were arousof smoke, and it was he burning building. Mr. insurance, and as he niture and clothing, bengs, the loss is a heavy

bellton, is disposing of ivileges on the Restiletapedia rivers. The

get up a little diversion ount is likely to prove nen ex-Office r Belyea case before Stipenterday, the magistrate his authority for prosaid he was employe nd Order League, but he the name of one person wanted to know who sible for costs in case magistrate said that a duly authorized Scott and the county another, elvea's action, he would he case, and according-

abundance of snow in nd the country roads are her wagoning or sledsleighing yet. The river of opening of navigadu Chene, a warm rain being needed to take the

ie Warped Limbs. s, Chesley, Ont., says: all crippled up with way for about one year. ere Dr. Chase's Kidneyad cured rheumatism, we nprove, and is now quite very glad to recommend One pill a dose, 25

BLE NEGLIGENCE.

ster Says Military Aue Responsible for a Soldier's Death.

tainable, I believe this death was due to culpix in sending him away letion of his term, while severe at the time." the words of the Rev. H.

Zion Congregational he provisional garrison red at Halifax. Sievers

took place on Monday dence of his mother, stery. Deceased was a company, Royal Can-of Infantry, and had a year's garrison e had been confine itary hospital there or to his departure d been enlisted for service but was the boys of "D" c some tim/theid the p nent orderly.

To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every form of itchms, bleeding and protruding piles, as have guaranteed it. See teedally press and ask your neighbink of it. You can use it and back if not cured. 60 a box, at MANSON, BATES & Co., Toronto,

enough in practical ex-

Putting Bills Through in a Very Rapid Manner.

The Salary of Hon. Mr. Labillois and the Pay of Hon. Mr. Pugsley Greatly Enlarged.

St. John Bills and How They Fared — The Succession Duties - The N. B. Sout Africa Contingent Fund - Hon. Mr. Tweedie's Warning to Seekers Afteh Railway Charters.

FREDERICTON, N. B., April 1 .-This afternoon Hon. Mr. Tweedie introduced a bill to revive the subsidy. of the railway from Cape Tormentine to Shediac and to grant a subsidy to ten miles of railway from Bristol to Forreston, and to 16 miles of the St.

Hop. Mr. Pugsley introduced a bill relating to "dangerous lunatics." He said it was to meet the case of Collins, who had been arrested in St. John, and who had asaulted and almost killed Segt. Hipwell. He had been tried and pleaded guilty. The jail surgeon certified to the judge that Collins was insane, but the chief justice sentenced him to two years in Dorchester penitentiary. When he reached there he was found to be insane and was returned to the St. John jail. This bill was to enable him to be sent to the

Hon. Mr. Pugsley introduced a bill to amend the Elections Act. He said that early in the session he had suggested to members that they submit to him any change they desired in the polling districts. He had received a number of suggestions and was ready to receive others. The only other important feature of the bill was that an owner of real estate, to entitle him to vote in the county where his property was situated, must be domiciled there. Mr. Hazen-This is one man, one

Hon. Mr. Pugsley-We do not call it by so fine a name, but it will have same effect. The only exception will be in the city and county of St. John, where the conditions are some-

The bill was read a second time. Hon. Mr. Labillois submitted detailed statements in answer to enquiries by members of the opposition with respect to a number of bridges in various parts of the province.

ending the game act of 1899, and Mr. Barnes a bill relating to assessment for lighting purposes in Richibucto.

Hon. Mr. Labillois said the government did not intend to press the road

ONE MAN ONE VOTE. Mr. Hazen's notice of motion to affirm the principle of one man, one vote, was called up. He said he had a partisan standpoint. He had been delighted to find that it would receive the support of a great many members of the house, and his friend, Mr. eral's fee is to be fixed by a judge of O'Brien of Charlotte, had agreed to the supreme court not to exceed 5 per second it. The principle prevails in all the states of the American union, in New Zealand, Victoria, New South Wales and South Australia; in fact, in all the great progressive colonies The idea was that it was regarded as unfair that a man who did not reside in a county, and who had very little interest in it, should be able to defeat the will of the resident electors. A great deal of the wrong-doing con-nected with elections arose from this cause. Candidates were also put to great expense in bringing non-resident voters to the polls. He was glad to see that the government had accept-ed this principle and had introduced a bill which would practically accom-plish all he asked in his motion. He plish all he asked in his motion. He failed, however, to see any good reason why St. John should be excepted from the operation of the bill. He hoped that before the bill came to be discussed in committee the attorney general would amend it by striking out the exception, which applied to St. John. The legislation of this session showed how necessary it was to have an opposition, for the government had been adopting the policy of the opposition. They had adopted the views of the opposition in regard to steel bridges, also of putting all bridges up to public tender, in abandoning their legislation in the establishment of a technical school, and now they have adopted the principle of one man, one vote. Under the circumstances, he thought that it would not be proper for him to press his resolution, and so, with the consent of his seconder, he would withdraw it.

Hon. Mr. Tweedie said that if the motion had been pressed it would have passed unanimously. The leader of the opposition assumed too much when he said he had forced the government. The government had under consideration for some time past the advisability of changing the election law in respect to non-resident voters, and this is the outcome.

Mr. Hazen—In 1893 the government failed, however, to see any good rea-son why St. John should be excepted

voted solidly against a motion similar

Hon. Mr. Pugsley-That is a long Hon. Mr. Tweedie said this bill would have been introduced just the same if the leader of the opposition had not given this notice of motion. With regard to the technical school idea being shouldered. idea being abandoned, that was main-

LOCAL LEGISLATURE an ass, so the opposition in this house would still remain the opposition. SOUTH AFRICA CONTINGENT

> outh Africa. Because he was at Mo-Gill College when he enlisted, the St. John committee had refused to consider his claim to a portion of the money which was to be given to New Brunswickers in addition to their re-gular pay. As the New Brunswick government had given \$5,000 towards this fund, he thought that this house was the proper place to bring the

Hon. Mr. Tweedie said that when the \$5,000 was appropriated the govern-ment understood that it was to be given to all the N. B. young men who had enlisted. This case was not the only one where he conceived that injustice had been done. A young man who resided in Douglastown enlisted while temporarily sojourning in Am-herst, and the St. John committee refused to consider his application. He thought that their action had been unjust and unfair. He had applied to them in this case, but he got very little satisfaction. He falled to see why the young man from Kent should not have received his share of the money. He would make another at-

tempt to see the committee.

Mr. Porter and Mr. Flemming mentioned the case of a young man in Car-leton Co. who had been similarly

Hr. Hamphrey mentioned a case of a Westmorland man who enlisted in Toronto and whose bones were now in South Africa. His father, whose only support he was, had received \$500, but he hoped that if anything was to be done the name of Harry Wetmore would not be forgotten. Mr. Hazen said the principle on

which the St. John committee had acted was to pay every man who went from New Brunswick 50 cents a day for six months. This included the men of the permanent force, who were not all natives. They no doubt thought the proper way to obtain a correct list was to get the names of those who had enlisted in the province. Difficulties were certain to arise no matter what system they had adopted. There was the case of Sergt. Major Cox, a native of N. B., who was in South Africa when the war broke out, and who had enlisted there and greatly distinguished himself. The committee could hardly be expected to foresee and provide against such a case

as that. Hon. Mr. Pugsley said he had spoken to a member of the St. John com-mittee since the debate began, and he was happy to learn that there was a balance still on hand and that any representations made to the committee would be attended to.

Hon. Mr. Dunn said he had been

reated by the committee with every

SUCCESSION DUTIES. Hon. Mr. Pugsley moved the house nto committee to consider the bill

relating to succession duties.

The government has decided not to reduce the sum at which the successions. sion duty applies, but to leave it at \$50,000, and to make no change in the clause relating to legacies of \$200. They adhere to the proposed reduction on this question or to discuss it from also made the reduction apply to grandchildren and great-grandchildren, who are put on the same footing as grandparents. The attorney gen-

> Mr. Hazen said this personal and ex post facto legislation was objectionable. C. F. Woodman had made a able. C. F. Woodman had made a large amount of money in this province, of which \$75,000 went to a niece in Boston. The province is entitled to 10 per cent. on legacies to nephews and nieces, and to double hat sum where they reside outside of the province. It is proposed to reduce this sum by one-half, but he failed to see any reason for passing this bill. With regard to the cost of collecting, the whole sum collected since 1895 was \$107,343, on which \$1,686 had been paid for collecting, or 11-2 per cent. Why should the attorney general now profor collecting, or 11-2 per cent. Why should the attorney general now propose to raise the amount to 5 per cent.? Why should we now be asked cent.? Why should we now be asked to pay the attorney general 5 per cent. for services for which his predecessors received only a little over 11-2 per cent.? This legislation is sought for the one object of adding to the salary of the attorney general Last year's succession duties was \$39,522, upon which \$695 was paid for collecting. If the law now proposed had been in force the attorney general would have received \$1,976. Now the attorney genreceived \$1,976. Now the attorney general asks the house to allow him to take out of the revenues received take out of the revenues received from succession duties about \$2,000 a year, whereas we have paid less than \$1,700 in the past six years. Why insist upon forcing this proposed legislation through the house, if it is not intended solely to increase the salary of the attorney general? He had before pointed out the small amount of criminal business before the court in which the attorney general has to appear. He did not think there was any instification for voting an increase of \$2,000 a year in the salary of the attorney general, and he moved the following amendment, seconded by Mr. Shaw:

Resolved. That the speaker do not now leave the chair, but that in the opinion of this house it is not desirable nor necessary to fix a percentage to be paid the attorney general for settling succession duties that is a very great increase of the percentage which in the past have been paid for such services.

Mr. Pugsley believed that every member of the house and the country at large would disagree with the leader of the opposition and insist that if injustice had been done to the niece of the late Mr. Woodman, and a large sum of money unjustly exacted from her, that restitution should be made. It was nothing less than robbery to take out of the amount left to that idea being abandoned, that was mainly due to the change of opinion on the part of the representatives of Nova Scotia. Because the government sometimes adopted a policy which was advocated by the opposition was not a reason why the government should go out and the opposition come in. When Baalam's ass spoke and warned his master not to go forward because an angel stood in his path, the ass did not therefore claim to take the place of the prophet. Baalam still remaintice, still that was the law. In the succession act of 1892 portions of an ed the prophet and the ass was still

FUND.

Mr. Barnes read a letter which he had received from the father of a Kent county boy who had enlisted and served with the first contingent in South Africa. Because he was at the second with the first contingent in so interpeted the act that the first contingent in so interpeted the act that the first contingent in so interpeted the act that the first contingent in so interpeted the act that the first contingent in so interpeted the act that the first contingent in so interpeted the act that the first contingent in so interpeted the act that the first contingent in so interpeted the act that the first contingent in so interpeted the act that the first contingent in so interpeted the act that the first contingent in so interpeted the act that the first contingent in so interpeted the act that the first contingent in so interpeted the act that the first contingent in so interpeted the act that the first contingent in so interpeted the act that the first contingent in so interpeted the act was amended in 1896 these words, "son or daughter or a brother or sister of the deceased" were left out of the section, and, he believed, unintentionally. The hon section is the first contingent in so interpeted the act was amended in 1896 these words, "son or daughter or a brother or sister of the deceased" were left out of the section, and he believed, unintentionally. The hon section is the first contingent in the first contingent i so interpeted the act that where nephews and nieces were beneficiaries of an estate he had exacted only 5 per cent. succession duty. In settling up the McBriarty estate in St. John, the attorney for the estate protested against paying 10 per cent. succession duty, and claimed that there was evi-dently an error in copying the act. He (Pugsley) had promised the attorney that when the act was amended, as he believed it would be when brought to the attention of the legisfrom the estate as succession duties would be refunded. The Woodman estate was very much larger and caused a very much greater injustice. want to impose such a duty as is equitable and fair and which do an injustice to no person. newspapers stated that he (Pugsley) was personally interested. He was not solicitor for the Woodman estate and never had been. Regarding the attorney general's fee, he was sura want of confidence in the supreme court. As for himself he had the greatest confidence in the judges of the supreme court. In many of the estates the amounts to be collected are very small and entail a great deal of work upon the attorney general who has to keep track of the estates in all parts of the province. This is sometimes very difficult to do. Where a man leaves an estate of \$50,000, the heirs very frequently try to enter the estate at \$45,000, or even \$49,000, just to keep it within the mark where the duty will not have to be paid. In one estate alone, by watching a case carefully and insisting upon the province receiving all it was entitled to, he had got \$4,000 more than the solicitors of the estate had offered as a basis of settlement. The hon. member (Hazen)

> torney general, but he (Pugsley) found them very onerous. He was willing to leave it to his colleagues to say if he had neglected the duties or shirked the duties of his position. Mr. Allen concurred with every word just uttered by Dr. Pugsley. He had tleman interested in settling an es tate, asking his opinion upon section 3, and had to admit the section wa incomprehensible. The present tax was outrageous, and if the government to the act he would have taken that step himself. The attorney general received only proper remunera-tion, and he had confidence in the judges that if one and one-half per

makes light of the duties of the at-

ourts would not allow more Mr. Flemming did not think it was proper to take a large sum of money from the province and give it to the srtange to hear the hon. members talking about the "iniquitous" and "outrageous" legislation, when that act had been passed by the minister of railways, who was then attorney general, and supported the present members of the government. The present attorney general was a most fixed at 5 per cent. for collecting suc cession duties; now he shifts responsibility on the judges. He knows that when he goes before court with a claim of 5 per cent, the judge will allow his claim, and he thinks he can shift the responsibility from him-self. This bill was introduced to add a good round sum to the salary of the attorney general. It is not right to add to the charges of government. An attempt should be made to reduce

them.

Mr. Tweedie said that the leader of the opposition had taken every opportunity to reflect on the attorney general. He knew something about the trouble it was to collect these succession duties, as for about four months he had that work to do, and he would not take five per cent, and do the work. If the present attorney general had been paid \$2,000 last year for settling succession duties he would not have been overpaid. There are still many estates unsettled. It was absurd to contend that settling succession duties is a part of the work of the attorney general. He believed the present bill to be reasonable and fair. The amendment was then put and lost on division. Yeas, 7: mays, 26, the vote being a strict party one.

The original motion was then carried by

EVENING SESSION.

EVENING SESSION:

Mr. Humphrey objected to the attorney general receiving five per cent., as he was already well remunerated. Last year he had received \$4.438. He moved that the rate be made 2½ per cent.

Hon. Mr. Fugsley explained that this total included large items earned before he became attorney general. The proposal to limit the amount to five per cent. Was more in the interest of the country than to keep the law as it stood.

Mr. Hazen said that it was a violation of the independence of parliament for any member to receive remuneration for services from the government. Yet this rule was being constantly disregarded in favor of legal gentlemen in this house who were friends of the government. He was in hearty accord with the amendment of Mr. Humphrey.

The section was agreed to.

Hon. Mr. Tweedie said he had referred the other day to an error which had been made in the award of the arbitrators in the Eastern Extension case, which involved \$7,000. The arbitrators had met at Ottawa today to revise their decision, and he had just received a telegram announcing that the \$7,000 additional had been awarded the province.

The bill authorizing the town of Chatham to issue debentures to pay for their electric light plant was agreed to in committee. This bill making changes in the composition of the town council of Chatham was also agreed to in committee, as was the bill to the better prevention of configurations in \$5. John, Mr. Shaw explaining that it object was to extend the area of the fire limits in \$5. John, Mr. Shaw explaining that it object was to extend the area of the fire limits in \$5. John and to cure some defects in the acts of 1897.

John and to cure some defects in the acts of 1897.

The bill to enable the city of St. John to supply light, heat and power was considered in committee and was agreed to, the sections giving the city power to operate a street railway being struck out.

Hon. Mr. Burchill reported that the corporations committee had reconsidered the bill to incorporate the Grand Falls Water Power and Boom Co., and had agreed upon a new bill. The report was adopted.

Hon. Mr. Pussley said he had received a telegram from the common council of St. John asking the legislature to authorize the common council to grant aid to the Parks cotton mill. He introduced a bill to that purpose, which by unanimous consent was read a second time.

The house went into committee upon the bill introduced by Mr. Tweedle to increase the salary of the commissioner for agriculture from \$1,200 to \$1,700.

Mr. Hazen opposed the increase in salary. Today we had largely increased the salary of the attorney general, and now the house is asked to increase the salary of the commissioner for agriculture by \$500. This gov-

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British Columbia, and the British Colonies, furnishes an unlimited demand for our goods, and, with the combiness an unlimited demand for our goods, and, with the combiness an unlimited demand for our goods, and, with the combiness an unlimited demand for our goods, and, with the combiness and untillimited demand for our goods, and, with the combiness and unwith the large amount of knitting we are able to turn out.

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## NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER COMPANY.

ter, it would have to first satisfy the government of its bona fides and its financial ability.

Progress was reported on the bill to dedicate certain streets in St. John, north end, and on the bill respecting the harbor of St. John.

S. S. COSTA RICAN O. K.

viding that for the school term expiring June 30 the poll tax shall be \$1. Bill to amend the act relating to dangerous lunatics. Bill to make a close season for partridge in Albert Co. from Sept. 15, 1901, to Sept. 15, 1902. Bill amending the supreme court act so that unfinished business in the divorce court before a judge who has died or removed from the province may be continued before another judge. Bill authorizing \$1. John city to supply water to Lancaster, the additional section imposing a penalty of \$20 on persons polluting the waters of Spruce lask being defeated. Bill to enable \$1. John to aid any company that may establish steelshipbuilding in that city, with a clause forbidding the company from manufacturing machinery or engines except for vessels built by themselves. Bill to legalize proceedings of February's session of Westmorland Co. council.

Progress was reported on Mr. Mott's bill preventing non-residents from appealing to the county court judge against their assessments, and the bill authorizing an additional assessment in \$1. John for the free public library was withdrawn.

The bill to permit Rev. Mr. Mullin of Stanley to solemnize marriage was rejected on recommendation of the law committee.

Hon. Dr. Pugsley introduced a bill empreyering \$1. John to exempt the Wm. Parks Co. from taxation.

The special committee to which was referred the act to provide district courts reported it had agreed to the same with amendments.

Bill to incorporate the Canada Coal and Pallway Co. Was accounted to the same with and on the bill respecting the harbor of St.
John.
Following hills were agreed to: To incorporate the St. John Valley Railway company to build a line from Welsford to Fredericton, with amendments. Relating to the Grand Falls Water Power Co., the company to spend \$50,000 before March ist, 1963. Bill relating to absconding debtors, etc.
House adjourned at 1.45 a m to 10 a. m.

KINGSTON, Ja., April 5.—The survey on the British steamer Costa Rican, Captain Kelly, which left Kingston March 28 for Liverpool via New Orleans, and which returned to Kingston April 4, after being ashore three days on Grand Cayman, shows that the Costa Rican is not leaking and sustained no serious damage. sustained no serious damage.

The arrival of the British steamer Port Royal, Captain Mundy, at Bristol, with her fruit in good condition, has allayed the anxiety arising from the fact that yesterday the Port Royal was two days overdue at Brisamendments.

Bill to incorporate the Canada Coal and Railway Co. was agreed to after Hon. Mr. Tweedie had stated that, it after this session any railroad company wanted a chartol.

MARSEILLES, April 7.—The striking dockers today decided to resume work Tuesday next.

GOT HIS SIGHT AT 30. Man Blind from Birth Given His Sight by Skilful Surgeon.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., April 3.-A re-ANN ARBOR, Mich., April 3.—A remarkable operation has just been crowned with success at University Hospital. Charles Bacon, 32 years of age, who has been blind from birth, has had his sight perfectly restored by one of the hospital surgeons. The affliction was congenital covering over the pupils. Several weeks ago one eye was operated upon. An opening was made just below the cataract covering, and an artificial pupil made. The other eye was treated in the same manner, and both are now strong and in good condition. Bacon is a graduate of the Lansing School for the Blind. During the time he was in the school he learned the profession of plano tuning, and he will follow this for a livelihood.

## Children Cry for CASTORIA

Rev. George M. Young, Methodist, of