

War on Prices! War on Gredit! A Cash Ultimatum.

attleships are fully equipped with alities and manned with invincible Our cruisers are of greatest speed ag Victory to our Patrons. is up a notch and we look for advance on account of increase in advanced and likely to go higher LB. TIN OF PEACHES, 20C.
-LB. TIN OF PRICOTS, 20C.
-LB. TIN SLICED PEACHES, 15C.
-LB. TIN SLICED APRICOTS, 15C.

DIXI H. ROSS & CO.

ILLS CO. ENDERBY AND

apted for Klondike

a. Agents.

ll overcome, without stain on our the baseless and unjust attacks

is possible, however, that an act aggression is imminent, and that the sanctity of our rights, the ration of our conduct, nor the exd wish of the Cupban people freely fested, may serve to restrain the ons and hatred let loose against the

anticipation of this critical mowhen reason and justice will have heir support only Spanish courage the traditional energy of our peohave hastened the assembling of ortes, and the supreme decision of ment will doubtless sanction the erable resolution of this government efend our rights, no matter what fices may be imposed upon us in ac-

lishing this task." the close of her majesty's speech was renewed cheering, after which er Sagasta declared the cortes and the queen regent and the boy the court, left the ing amid a wild burst of enthus-

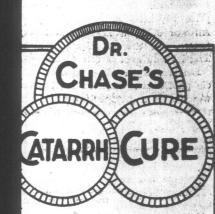
Best Liniment,-"Chamberlain's Balm is the finest on earth," write ards & Parker, of Plains, Ga. This e verdict of all who use it. For natism, lame back, sprains, sweland the numerous / slight ailments common to every this liniment has no equal. With ing may be avoided. For eley & Henderson Bros., Wholesalents, Victoria and Vancouver.

URDERER DAVIS HANGED.

er of Dennis Connors Pays the Penalty This Morning.

lson, B. C., April 22.-Davis, the derer of Dennis Connors, was hanged :10 this morning. He died proclaimais innocence. He said his conviction circumstantial, and that a great inee was being done. The hanging perfect in every detail.

collier Titania on her way up A San Francisco to Nanaimo, sprung ak and loosened several of her ri-San Francisco to Nanaimo. She went into the dry dock at



ARTHUR P. THORNE, CHARLOTTE-bwn, P.E.I., says: "I have used Dr. nase's Catarrh Cure, and it not only gave lief but made a permanent cure." Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure

NEVER FAILS TO CURE old in the Head, Hay Fever, ose Cold, Catarrhal Deafness, oul Breath, Loss of Taste and mell, and Catarrh in all its orms. Es Contains no Gonzine. rice, 25 cents, complete with blower.

and cures so that you need not sit for breath for fear of sufficient of name and F. O. up all night gasping for breath for fear of ss will mail Trial Bottle. Dr. C. Adelaide Street, FREE

PROVINCIAL HOUSE

Alien Clause to the Mineral Act is Again Side, Tracked on a Point of Order.

Committee Appointed to Visit the Reformatory Makes a Report-The Youthful Offenders.

Victoria, April 20, 1898. The speaker took the chair at 2 o'clock. ir. Sword introduced a bill intituled Industrial Communities Act. It re-

red its first reading. Semlin moved that an order of the be granted for a return showing the number of names upon the voters' lists in the several districts and the numapplications to be placed upon me up to date. The resolution

s agreed to.

ol. Baker in response to this order sented the following return, showing number of voters upon the list and applications to be placed upon the applications to be placed upon the me up till April 9th, 1898: Voters. Appl'ts

Skeena Division
—Stikine, no returns...
ay, East—Donald
ay, East—Fort Steele...
ay, W—Revelstoke North Riding

Mr. Braden said that as he understood speaker the Braden resolution was do out of order on the ground that it terfered with the revenue and could be therefore be introduced by a private Mr. Graham asked the speaker wheth-

t would be in order to introduce to house the recommendation of the ing committee with respect to the ights of aliens to take out crown grants to mineral claims.

The speaker replied that the proper course would be for some member to give notice in the usual way of any con-

templated amendment to the present act.

On the motion to adopt the Revelstoke and Cassiar railway bill, Mr. Swordmoved an amendment requiring the company to complete the said railway with five years. The amendment was greed to and the report of the bill was

The Skeena River Railway Coloniza-on and Exploration Company's bill was dopted on report.

The Downie Creek Railway bill was further considered in committee, with Mr. Adams in the chair. Mr. Kellie, who had the bill in hand, d an amendment to section three,

making it optional with the company to build either a standard or a narrow Premier Turner and Attorney-General Eberts objected to such an irregular proceeding, and it is likely that further amendments will be made to the bill upreport, to make its other provisions harmonize with the narrow gauge

The bill was reported complete with of the house for the purpose of consider-The house went into committee on the Southeast Kootenay Railway bill, with

Huff in the chair, Ir. Hume, who had charge of the bill, offered an amendment so that the road ould build within half a mile of the inernational boundary.

moved that the chairman leave the Mr. Hume demanded an explanation from Dr. Walkem why he should attempt to kill the bill by moving that the chair and leave the chair. Mr. Cotton said that the issue might eople of Kootenay made aware of what rivileges they would be permitted to njoy. He reminded the house that last sion very similar railway legislation the Southeast Kootenay Railway bill d been passed by the house. He asked the house intended at present to say that the people of Kootenay should not

e allowed to have any railways running to the international boundary. If the covernment intended to build a Chinese wall around Kootenay the sooner the people of Kootenay were made acquainwith the change the better. He said at Dr. Walkem dare not get up and fend his action. The effect of the modefend his action. The effect of the mo-tion made by Dr. Walkem was that the people of Kootenay should not have any

Dr. Walkem then withdrew his motion Mr. Cotton took exception to this amendment on the ground of insufficent

bill to amend the Mineral Act with Walkem in the chair. Mr. Braden moved the following re-commendation of the mining committee. Every person over, but not under, eighteen years of age, and ever joint stock company, shall be entitled to all the rights and privileges of a free miner, and taking out a free miner's certificate Provided, however, that no alien hall's permitted to all the rights and privileges of a free miner's certificate. rmitted to record a mineral claim uness he has previously, and in accordance with the provisions of the act regulating the same, declared his intention to be-British subject; and no crown issued upon any mineral claim recorded after the passage of this act, to any person other than a British subject. A minor who shall become a ree miner shall, as regards his mining property and liabilities contracted in cornection therewith, be treated as of full age. A free miner's certificate issued to a joint stock company shall not be transferred.

Dr. Walkem ruled the amendment out of order on the ground that it could not preced from a private person.

The committee rose and reported pro-The bill to amend the Placer Mining act was considered in committee and re-ported complete with amendments. Hon. Mr. Turner presented by message

ceived its second reading and was considered in committee. It was reported complete with amendments. Mr. Sword's bill to amend the Tramway Incorporation act was reported com-

way Incorporation act was reported complete from committee with amendments.

Mr. Semlin moved the second reading of the bill to amend the Legal Professions act. The object of the bill was to make it easier for men who came from the other provinces to practice law.

The second reading of the bill was opposed by Mr. Williams.

Dr. Walkem supported the second reading of the bill. He considered the regulations of the Legal Professions act very unfair and he warned the legal members in the house that if they encroached too much that they would raise an opposition which would wipe out all

an opposition which would wipe out all restrictions which they had imposed.

Hon. Mr. Pooley moved the adjournment of the debate.

Mr. Kidd again called attention to the fact that the return which the house had ordered on March 3rd had not been brought down.

brought down.

Mr. Kellie also caded attention to the fact that the return of correspondence in connection with the N. & F. S. land grart was still incomplete.

When Premier Turner moved that the house adjourn at 6 o'clock, Mr. Semlin urged an evening session. A division to the property of the session of was taken upon the motion to adjourn. All the government supporters, together with Mr. Vedder, voted in favor of the adjournment, while the members of the apposition were recored as opposing the

Mr. Higgins presented the report of the committee appointed to inspect the provincial jail and reformatory. With respect to the reformatory the report

"The committee, while satisfied that so far as the buildings permit the boys are comfortably lodged, are of opinion that a better result would be reached if the boys were kept in some place away from the jail, for although they do not come in touch with the adult prisoners, the feeling or thought of being associated with them in the public mind is bad, and might have a prejudicial effect on the future careers of the boys. The committee are of opinion that if at all possible to be arranged, the boys would be much better where they could be taught farm work, including rough car-pentry, etc., and not, as at present, where they have only bare or whitewashed high walls to look upon. They would recommend, in the meantime, that a shed be erected in the yard, where the inmates could exercise in wet weather, and that it should be fitted with bars and a few necessaries for athletic exercises. The committee desire especially to bring to your notice the danger at pre-sent existing to youths who are engaged as messenger boys by the telegraphic and other companies from the temptations to which they are unduly exposed from the nature of their calling, and from the want of oversight which evidently exists want of oversight which evidently exists during the time they are employed in their work, they being often employed delivering messages to houses where they are brought in contact with scenes which are bound to contaminate them, at an age when they are peculiarly susceptible to evil influences. The committee would respectfully suggest that it should be made unlawful to employ anyone not of full age to deliver messages to such houses, especially after daylight. The houses, especially after daylight. The committee especially desire to emphasize this question of the contamination of youths who are employed as messengers, and would urge on the government the necessity of a rigid police supervision of the messenger service, it appearing that three of the five boys now confined in the reformatory for serious offences were, reformatory for serious offences were, until lately, in the employ of the Mes-

Victoria, April 21st. The speaker took the chair at 2 Mr. Semlin introduced a bill to amend

the law respecting the marking of cattle.

Mr. Semlin moved the adjournment

It received its first reading.

ing a resolution urging upon the Dominion government the necessity of constructing a line of railway from the coast to the Yukon. He said that the construction of a railway was a matter of great importance to the province and to the whole Dominion. He desired ternational boundary.

Dr. Walkem opposed the amendment. He said that the bill contemplated a connection being made between the province and the United States. He said it was not in the interests of the province that such a bill should be passed. He deer a government had already acknowledged was its duty. From the past action to the whole Dominion. He desired that the house should pass a resolution urging upon the Dominion government that the necessity of carrying out what the federal government had already acknowledged was its duty. From the past action to the whole Dominion. He desired that the house should pass a resolution urging upon the Dominion government. federal government had already acknowtion taken by the Dominion government it was evident that it was well understood that the construction of the road would open up the territory of the Dominion. It was for this reason that the federal government introduced legislation for the purpose of securing the construction of the road. By the interference of the senate, however, the action of the Dominion government had been frustrated, and he thought is very necessary that the government of the province should urge upon the Dominion government the necessity of at once proceeding, possibly in some other way, in the fulfilment of its responsibilities. It was desirable for the whole Diminion that the road should be built. The Dominion government had looked upon the work as a Dominion undertaking, and in view of this it was important that the provincial government take such action railway connection unless the people on as may be necessary to urge the Dominine coast and certain members of the ion government to proceed with the house were willing that they should work. The Dominion government had not succeeded in its first attempt to build and moved that the road should not run the road, but this, he held, did not pre-closer than five miles to the international clude the Dominion government from the road, but this, he held, did not pretaking up the matter in another form. As matters stood, the Dominion would receive all the benefits from the con-The chairman sustained this point of struction of the road, in the form of and the committee rose an re- mining licenses and general receipts, as well as customs returns. The province of British Columbia would only be benefited as other provinces in the Dominion would be benefited. He agreed that it was important that the road should be built, and built at once; but he thought that it was the duty of the provincial government to memorialize the Dominion government, with a view of having the work gone on with and completed at as earl ya date as possible as a Dominion work. He said he was sorry to see, if the reports were correct, that the pre mier had impaired the position of the province by intimating to the Dominion government that the province was anxious to assist. He held that the under-

position of the province. Hon, Mr. Turner charged the leader of the Opposition with a lack of courtesy in springing the resolution upon the house without notice, thus taking advantage of the members of the government. enable the province to retain the trade there had been an entire lack of states request upon the house at Ottawa with enable the province to retain the trade of the Yukon should be carried out. The only information that the members should have taken the initiative in the of the Yukon should be carried out.

He considered that the matter was one He said that the matter was one the bound long and t The bill amending the dairying act re- of the most urgent ever brought up in fore the house long ago. The house had of the house had was that the govern- matter, and the house would have fol- the sudden awakening of the opposition

taking was a Dominion one, and should

be proceeded with as such, and that the

action of the premier had impaired the

Dr. Williams Pink Pills

MAKE RICH, RED, ENERGY-GIVING BLOOD.

THROUGH THEIR USE THOUSANDS OF WEAK MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN HAVE BEEN MADE STRONG.

A VICTIM OF RHEUMATISM

From the Prescott Journal. There is no man in the township of Edwardsburg who is better known than Mr. John Sherman. He is one of the many Canadians who at the outbreak of the American rebellion joined the army of the North, and to the exposures and hardships which he encountered during that trying and perilous time does he owe long years of suffering which he has since undergone. The writer remembers seeing Mr. Sherman a few years ago when he was so crippled with rheumatism that it was impossible for him to walk, and having heard that a cure had been effected, determined to investigate the matter for himself. When the reporter

alled at Mr. Sherman's home he found

twenty years," said Mr. Sherman, "and I have doctored with four different doctors, and yet I kept getting worse and worse. I was bent double with the pain

worse. I was bent double with the pain in my back and both legs were so drawn up that I was unable to straighten them, and for four months when I wanted to move about I had to do so on my hands and knees. I tried many medicines but got no benefit, and I had given up all hope of being able to walk again. One

of my sons tried to persuade me to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, but I refused to take any more medicine. At last one day my son brought home three boxes of the pills and after they had been in the beause for over two weeks. I at last

the house for over two weeks, I at last consented to take them, but not because

I thought they would do me any good. Before they were gone, however, I could feel that my back was getting stronger and I could straighten up. It required

the pills, and from that time on I began to get better, until now with the aid of a light cane, I can walk all over the

farm, get in and out of a buggy, and do most of the chores round the house and

barns. I feel twenty years younger, and I consider Dr. Williams' Pink Pills the most wonderful medicine for rheumatism

in the whole world. I began them only to please my son and it was a most

agreeable surprise to me when I found my legs limber, and my back gaining new strength. I can cheerfully recom-

suffering rheumatics of the world."

Dr. Williams Pink Pills

CURE

Rheumatism, S iatica, Locomotor

Ataxia, Anaemia, Heart Troubles,

Indigestion and Dyspensia, St

Vitus' Dance, Paralysis, Incipient

Consumption, All Female Weak-

ness, Dizziness and Headache, and

all Troubles arising from poor and

Watery Blood.

further persuasion

chopping wood like a young man. have suffered with rheumatism twenty years," said Mr. Sherman,

GENERAL WEAKNESS CURED. Mr. Jas. Canavan is a well known resident of Maxville, Ont. He suffered for a long time from general weakness, approaching an almost complete collapse. A friend advised the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and a judicious course restored his health. Mr. Canavan says: "After having used your Pink Pills I am glad to recommend them to the world as a cure for extreme weakthe world as a cure for extreme weak-ness and debility, and I am sure that if those who feel the first approach of such

A WEAK HEART.

Mr. Joseph Becktad, Martintown, Ont., says: "About thirteen years ago I suffered from an attack of inflammatory rheumatism, which left me with a very rheumatism, which left me with a very weak heart. I doctored, but did not appear to get any relief. About two years ago I was advised to trycDr. Williams' Pink Pills, and after using them for some time I felt better than I had done for years. I have had no return of the trouble, and feel safe in saying that my cure is permanent. I can heartily recommend this medicine to those who are similarly suffering." trouble will only take a box or two, misery may be averted."

SUBJECT TO SINKING SPELLS.

From the Cookshire, Que., Chronicle. Mr. Newell Waldron is a well known farmer living near East Clifton, Que. As his friends and neighbors know, he passed through a very trying illness as the result of a severe attack of la grippe, and when a correspondent of the Chronicle called upon him, he had no hesitation in giving the particulars of his illness and cure. Mr. Waldron said, "I believe I owe my life to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I am glad to have a chance to say a good word in favor of that medicine. During the winter of that medicine. During the winter of the control of



Spring Medicine.

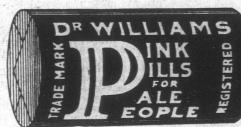
In the Springtime the blood needs attention. The change of the year produces in every one, whether conscious of it or not, some little heating of the blood. Some people have pimples, a little eczema, or irritation of the skin; others feel weary, easily tired and have a poor appetite Purgatives are not the right cure. The best of all Spring medicines for man,

Dr. Williams Pink Pills.

They Cure, not by weakening the system as purgatives do, but by giving it strength. They are a Tonic—the best tonic in the world -and cannot harm the most delicate. They make people feel bright active and strong.

BUT YOU MUST GET THE GENUINE

Always put up in a package just like



The Wrapper Printed with Red Ink on White Paper If your dealer does not keep them the will be sent post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2 50 by addressing the Dr. Williams Medical Co., Brockville, Ont.

work of any kind. I consulted a doctor but as he did not appear to help me I began using different advertised medicines, but the result was the same. I got no benefit, but, on the contrary, was growing weaker. At times I was subject to sinking spells, which verged upon total unconsciousness. I was failing every day and was becoming hopeless. A neighbor who called to see meurged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I sent for a few boxes. After using them for a couple of weeks I began to them for a couple of weeks I began to gain steadily. I am now as well as any man, and can do as good a day's work as ever I did. I know that my cure is due to the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I am always glad to recomn

CRIPPLED WITH RHEUMATISM.

Mr. Alpheus Mott, an esteemed resisome years past I have suffered horribly with rheumatism. At times I was so bad that I was almost wholly deprived of the use of my legs, and could only go about with great difficulty. I had to give up farming entirely, and removed to Brockville, where I had the best of medical advice, but with no good results. I' also tried many remedies said to be a results. Some of my friends urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I decided to do so, and somewhat to my surprise I found they were doing me a great deal of good. I then moved to Morewood, where I still continued the use of the Pills steadily gaining in health use of the Pills, steadily gaining in health and strength, until I could abendon the use of the cane, without the aid of which I could not move about. Every ache and pain left me, and only those who have suffered the terrible pangs of rheumatism can understand the joy I feel at what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done for me. I earnestly urge the who are similarly afflicted.

Mr. Jas. Gage, Brookdale, Que., says: "We have always found Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a good family medicine, and think they should be kept in every

British Columbia since he had been in been in session eleven weeks, and the ment of the province had impaired its lowed, and long before this the province

bic and the Dominion at large."

which he had in this connection.

a great interchange of telegrams between the house by the government. There in the interests of British Columbia and the matter before the whole house and provincial government had shown that taken up in the proper way, even at preof the whole Dominion, of the construct ask the members to join in providing a the province were united in sent, both sides of the house being unittion of the proposed road. So far, he recommendation to the house at Ottawa, their demand that the road should be ed as representatives of the province, and said, the government had met with very It was admitted on all hands that the built by the Dominion government, a urged upon the Dominion government indifferent success in that direction. He building of the road to the Yukon was very different answer would have been some action would yet be taken. Such said: "It comes to this: If the Do- not a provincial matter, and the federal received, and something would have a course would be more statesman-like minion government is not prepared to go government had recognized it as such, been done towards the construction of than the heroics of the premier. The ahead with the work this year. I hold In the face of this the premier had said the road. Such would be very different provincial government might make up its that the province has to take the sub- if the Dominion government will not from saying to the Dominion govern- mind to do the work, and might take For the sake of the business interests of British Columbia was ready to take will not do the work, we will do it our should not be forgotten that the taxparof the province we will be bold enough hold of it. What he wished to remind selves." In such a case the Dominion ers of the province were not in a posiand our legislature should be spirited the members of the government was that government was not likely to do anyenough to take in the Dominion. If the province in such a matter could not thing. Even at the present time the been intimated in the press. In any the Dominion will not take us in, we go further than the means of the prov- house had received no information from event he considered that if large sums will help the whole Dominion. We have, ince would allow. The province was the government. The government had of the public money were to go into the to face the difficulty and carry out the not in a position to undertake any such not yet seen fit to take the house into its work for the benefit of British Colum- work in aid of the Dominion govern- confidence. The matter should not be ment, neither was it the place of the a party matter, and should not be drag-Mr. Semlin disclaimed any intention province to take over the work. The ged into political disputes. The governof the government. He doubted if the of the Dominion. The importance of the was a matter of provincial concern, in premier was right in making the remarks road to the province of British Colum- which the members of the Opposition bia as contrasted with its importance and the government should stand as one Hon. Mr. Turner said that he did not to the other provinces had been exagger party. There was only one way in which attribute the remark to Mr. Semlin per- ated. The starting point for nearly all sonally. He held, however, that it was of the supplies fould be Eastern Candiscourteous to the government to pro- ada. Toronto and Montreal were equalceed with such a resolution without having given the government due notice, couver in the building of the road. He would not have considered it discourteous the whole of the Dominion had been stirto have proceeded with the matter with- red up over the matter the government of the province of British Columbia, Mr. Cotton said that he thought that which, according to the premier, was so the bare fact of the resolution having vitally interested, had done practically been moved would have incited the gov- nothing, and nothing had been heard in ernment to take the house into its con- the house concerning it. When it was fidence, and that it would bring for remembered that the house had been in ward a resolution, and ask both sides session eleven weeks, and nothing had of the house to consider it. Instead of been done upon so important a matter, he said that the desire of the government this, there was merely a personal attack he considered that it was time the leadwas that the work of constructing a upon the leader of the Opposition by the er of the government should ask whether highway or railway to Teslin lake to premier. Mr. Cotton contended that the government intended to make any

monopoly, because it could not resist the people any longer. No one could dispute that the present question was one in interested. The people of the province of British Columbia, in a measure, mereprovinces. If the government really de-

the house. The government was fully matter had been discussed all over Can-position with respect to the building of would have found out the Dominion govalive to the situation. There had been ada, but nothing had been intimated in the road. What the people of the prover ernment not being able to carry out the the desired to know was why the Do. scheme in one way, what it intended to minion was not going on with the do in the matter. The Dominion had the provincial and Dominion governments upon the subject. The provincial ments upon the subject. The provincial ment had endeavored to impress upon the Dominion the absolute necessity, the leader of the government should lay was, and if the communication from the carry out the work. It the matter were ject up for the sake of our own lives, undertake the work that the province ment, as the premier had done: "If you some rash steps in regard to it, but it tion to contribute any such sums as had work, the people of the Dominion or of the province were entitled to an interest in the work proportionate to the amount of money so contributed. This was the to be discourteous or to take advantage road was for the benefit of the whole ment should recognize that the question view the people would take of it when the matter came before them. The present was not the proper time to discuss the matter from any other point of view. He hoped that the government would this could be brought about, and this take some steps in the direction pointed was by the government seeking to unite out by the leader of the Opposition. It the province upon it. In contrast to the was now aware of the position taken by the members of the Opposition-that ter he cited the case of the province of they were prepared to strengthen the If it had been an ordinary matter, he desired to emphasize the fact that while Manitoba, when it was making its fight hands of the government in going to against the monopoly of the C.P.R. The Ottawa as one house, without regard to province of Manitoba presented a united politics, and finding out what is the troufront upon the question, and the Domin- ble and ascertaining whether the Dominion government relieved them from the ion government would not do something. Col. Baker accused Mr. Cotton of re sorting to party tactics and of following, the example set at Ottawa. which the whole of the Dominion was much importance to the question, he wrecked the scheme. If he attached so asked why he had not brought the mat-ter un earlier in the session. He said ly represented the people of the eastern that the government had been urging up on the Dominion the importance of, at all events, taking part in the building of sired to stand up for provincial rights the line. He said that no one kno it would have brought the subject before ter than Mr. Cotton that it would be ab-