

MELLO'S DANGER

The Rebel Admiral's Position Growing Unenviable.

HIS FOES ARE MASSING EVERYWHERE

Peixoto's Agents Purchase Five Prussian Cruisers.

Old and Britanna to be Rechristened Nietherer and America, Respectively—Believed That Mello Must Capitulate in a Few Days—His Chances of Success Fast Vanishing.

Berlin, Nov. 11.—It is reported that the agent of President Peixoto of Brazil has bought five fast-going steamers from the Schichau shipbuilding yards at Elbinga, West Prussia. It is further said the cruisers will be fitted out to operate against the rebels.

Honduras's Responsibility.

San Salvador, Nov. 11.—Minister Young has telegraphed to the Honduran minister of foreign affairs asking if his government accepts the responsibility for the act of the commander of the port of Amoyah, when he fired upon the Pacific mail steamer Costa Rica when she was flying the American flag.

Shaking of Railway Sharks.

City of Mexico, Nov. 11.—It is reported on good authority that the government has declared the forfeiture of all railway concessions now in force, the provisions of which have not been complied with in every detail. This action will clear away the speculators who secured concessions with a view to selling them at a profit in the United States of Europe and will enable the government to treat with responsible people.

Fled to Germany.

New York, Nov. 11.—Adrian van Sinderen, trustee of the late Lawrence estate, who, it is alleged, embezzled \$100,000 from that estate, and who it was believed, fled to Brooklyn, has been found in Berlin, Germany, by New York detectives. He is under indictment in this city for grand larceny. Efforts are being made by the district attorney to have him returned to this country to stand trial.

Robbed by Experts.

Bardwell, Ky., Nov. 11.—Three masked robbers stopped the north-bound train on the Louisville and Nashville road, and robbed of two money packages en route to Chicago. The first engineer and fireman knew of the presence of the robbers as the train was leaving Bardwell. The men climbed over the trestle to the engine, confronted them with revolvers and compelled the engineer to pull up at the trestle. The amount stolen is not known. After securing the money the robbers told the engineer to go ahead at full speed. The passengers were not disturbed. A posse is in pursuit.

American Income Tax.

Washington, Nov. 11.—Although the hearing before the sub-committee on ways and means on the subject of the income tax yesterday was informal a number of leading members of the Democratic party were present. Besides the members of the committee, Hall, Deming, and the only speaker who had previously spoken on this subject had given numerous citations from eminent writers on taxation and economic subjects. The principle upon which Hall based his demand for more tax was that every citizen should bear his proportion of government expenses in the same ratio as he derived benefit from government. Such tax did not affect the distribution of wealth.

Booned by Bismarck.

Berlin, Nov. 11.—M. Detroyer, representing Le Journal Paris, sent to interview Prince Bismarck, was expelled from Friedrichsruhe to-day by the order of the prince's secretary.

Uncle Sam's New Boats.

Philadelphia, Nov. 11.—The triple screw cruiser, Columbia, left Cramp's ship yards for her official trial at 10:30 this morning. As the conditions were favorable the vessel will probably proceed directly to Boston, arriving tomorrow.

San Francisco, Nov. 11.—The U. S. cruiser Olympia, which sailed out of the Golden Gate last Wednesday morning, commanded by Capt. Goodall, for her contractor's trial trip to sea, returned to port at 9:30 this morning. The vessel steamed as far as Santa Barbara channel, and her trip was a success in every particular. She attained a speed of 21.26 knots, proving herself to be an admirable sea boat and easy to manage. The officers and crew of the Union Iron Works officials are jubilant over the new cruiser's wonderful performance.

The cruiser made her speed trial on Thursday, going over the course of 43 miles each way, and making an average speed of 21 knots. Speaking of her performance, President Scott, of the Union Iron Works, said it was most extraordinary considering the fact that the Olympia had not been docked for four months, and also that ordinary coal had been used. He expressed himself as confident the new cruiser would make at least 22 knots on her official trip.

Ignoring the Union.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 11.—Notices posted in all the four counties in this state that hereafter they will run open shops. This virtually ignores the union. The union scale of wages will not be signed and the moulders are greatly excited. A general strike may be commenced.

THE HANGING RECORD.

England Enjoys the Distinction of Hanging 10.

London, Nov. 13.—There is much interest in legal circles relative to the length of the legal proceedings in the case of the assassin of Mayor Harrison at Chicago. The course of American justice in this particular case will be watched closely, that comparisons may be made with the swiftness of the English law. Had such a crime been committed in this country short shrift would have been given the criminal. A recent examination of the records of the trials for capital offenses in eight of the leading cities of the country shows that, with few exceptions, murderers expiated their crimes within two months of commission. In one instance a criminal who was caught red-handed was held for trial by the lower court three days after the crime; a week later he was tried in the higher court, convicted and sentenced to death, and two weeks later the sentence was executed. Four days less than a month elapsed between the crime and the execution. There is practically no defence in the case of Peixoto; the trial itself should not take more than a day. Legal and police authorities believe the English record should be broken. The discussion going on on this point shows how widespread is the sensation caused by the assassination of Harrison.

Opium on the Umattila.

San Francisco, Nov. 11.—Customs Inspector Green arrested Charles Brown to-day on a charge of smuggling opium aboard the steamer Umattila. Brown's effects were stowed away in a chest, and on close examination being made it was found that this chest had false bottom. It consisted of a sliding drawer, held in place by iron bolts. Fifty five boxes of opium were found and confiscated. When questioned about the matter Brown said he was a sailor and had bought the chest at an auction sale. He knew nothing about the opium and the false bottom was something he had not known of. He took his arrest very coolly, and expressed the opinion that he could not be hanged for the offence. While Brown maintains that he is innocent, his story did not strike the customs officials very favorably. He is a member of the sailors' union.

McKinley's Abnegation.

Akron, Ohio, Nov. 11.—The Republican executive committee received the following telegram from Governor McKinley, through Major Dick, to-day: Columbus, Ohio, Nov. 11. Major C. P. Dick, chairman of the Republican state central committee—My Dear Sir: Replying to your request, for the Republican committee of Akron, that I should attend a jollification proposed to be held on Tuesday next, I have to say that I appreciate greatly the honor of the invitation and that nothing would give me more pleasure than to mingle with the Republicans of Summit county in rejoicing over the result of the campaign which was so well inaugurated at the city of Akron on the 12th of September. The long campaign through which I have passed has been so fatiguing that I should rest, and for this reason I have been constrained to decline many invitations of like character from different parts of the state. And besides these jollification meetings are expensive, and since yesterday, I have had a headache at a time like this, which has seemed to me that the money that would be required for a jollification could be better expended for the unemployed and for those distressed. I congratulate the Republicans of Summit county and the members of the committee, and I am sure they will join with us in securing the victory for protection over free trade. Very sincerely yours, WILLIAM MCKINLEY.

Newfoundland Government Defeated.

St. Johns, Nfld., Nov. 11.—Bonavista constituency is the only one defeated since yesterday. The result is a defeat for the government. Three opposition candidates were elected by a majority of 1,100 over the government party. Sir Robert Thornburn, formerly leader of the opposition and premier of the island, who deserted his party a month ago because of some fancied snags, and joined the government ranks, contesting Bonavista in his interest. His resignation, which is complete, meets general satisfaction here. This raises the strength of the opposition to 10 members. The government has 21.

Escape from Siberia.

San Francisco, Nov. 10.—The five Russian convicts who escaped from Siberia and were picked up in an open boat by the whaler Charles Morgan, after being ten days at sea, with five other convicts, arriving here the night before last, have been arrested at the instance of the immigration commissioner. The Cape Horn Pigeon got in at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and the other five convicts on board were at once taken into custody. All will be held until the government hears from Russia.

Washington City, Nov. 10.—The case of the escaped Siberian convicts, picked up at sea by an American vessel, has been officially brought to the attention of the treasury department here. There might be a nice question of international law involved. The Russian government, of course, regards the men as escaped convicts. Under American law ordinary convicts are debarred from landing, but political convicts are not. The question as to whether they will be treated as political prisoners or not is now the subject for careful investigation.

American News.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 10.—The world's convention of Christian workers opened this afternoon and the city is filled with delegates from all the leading cities of the country, as well as from Canada. Three thousand accredited delegates were expected to answer the roll call. The convention will be in session for a week and will consider, among other things, what methods should be adopted for developing religious work among the poor of large cities.

SOCIETY STAGGERED

Ottawa's Snobocracy Receives a Stunning Blow

FROM HIS EXCELLENCY LORD ABERDEEN

Who Condemns the Opera La Mascotte as Improper

And Suggestive and Not to be Patronized—It Was to be Given by the Fashionable People for Charity's Sake—And by a Church Choir Too—Editor Ellis's Great Triumph.

Ottawa, Nov. 13.—Lord and Lady Aberdeen, since they settled down at Rideau Hall a week ago, have not made any formal public appearances except to drive in state to St. Andrew's church. Society people are calling at Rideau Hall every day and leaving their names, and a long invitation list is looked for when the viceregal social festivities begin. Meanwhile a little incident has occurred which will be the cause of no end of discussion among the capital's fashionable people. For weeks rehearsals have been going on for the production by the choir of Grace church of the well known comic opera "La Mascotte" for charity's sake at the grand opera house. It was to be a notable society event and has been looked forward to with much expectation. Last week Lord Aberdeen was formally requested to give his and Lady Aberdeen's patronage to the production. He instructed his secretary, Mr. Gordon, to write a reply stating that the Governor-General and his excellency cannot patronize or present at the proposed amateur presentation of "La Mascotte" on the ground that the opera is suggestive and improper in its plot. This action has caused a bomb-shell among the ladies and gentlemen who have been preparing "La Mascotte," and there is now talk of abandoning it, though there are some who think it should be produced as an event. Their excellencies are also invited to a performance to be given by the cricket club of the "Chimes of Normandy," and his excellency has asked for a copy of the piece before consenting.

Editor Ellis was released from Fredrickton jail yesterday and will get a public reception tonight in St. John's. The case against McGreevey and Connolly will come up to-morrow before Justice Rose at the court house here. Robert Molesey, an important witness who is out on bail, arrived this morning and relieved his bondsmen, Martin Connolly, bookkeeper, and Cloney, two other important witnesses, also on bail, have been released. The case against Mr. Blake & Lash against Connolly, Aylesworth for McGreevey, Kerr for the Ontario government and Oleser for the Dominion. There are now some prospects of this trial. P. Larkin is here as a witness.

Belgium's World's Fair.

Chicago, Nov. 13.—American headquarters for the World's Fair which opens in Antwerp on the first of May next were opened to-day in the east wing of the Tribune building on Harrison street, in charge of James P. Holland, who was chief assistant to Major Moses P. Handy in the department of publicity and promotion of the Columbian Exposition, an important number of the exhibits at the World's Fair, together with several of the attractions from the now celebrated Midway Plaisance, had been entered for transfer across the ocean to the Belgian show up to noon to-day.

NOT LITERALLY CONSTRUED.

Master Workman Powderly Issues an Important Decision to the Order.

Philadelphia, Nov. 13.—The executive board of the Knights of Labor has promulgated an important decision rendered by General Master Workman Powderly relating to representation in the annual general assembly which convenes in this city on Tuesday next. At the last general assembly the constitution was so revised as to set forth that in computing membership for representatives to the body no member should count for whom the per capita tax had been received by the secretary treasurer after Aug. 10th.

Mr. Powderly holds that in the present depressed condition of the country at large it would be unjust to deprive the order of its full representation by literally construing a clause of the constitution which had never been so construed before. He therefore modifies the section of the constitution in question so that the per capita tax may be paid and the report of the local assembly filed with the general secretary treasurer at any time previous to the calling to order of the general assembly, whether it be five minutes or five hours, and that with such payment a delegate may be entitled to his seat as representative in full constituency under the constitution.

Oyster Proaches Shot.

Baltimore, Nov. 13.—Capt. John Miller, of the oyster boat Ostreich, was shot dead on Saturday on the deck of his vessel while trying to sail away from a police boat. Capt. Miller, of the sloop Maria, while off Holland island, saw the Ostreich sailing into Derring bay, after tacking about while the Ostreich began dragging the bar for oysters. The Maria drew up on the Ostreich and Capt. Ford ordered the oysterman to pull down his job, but instead the latter piled on sail and started away. The police boat followed and opened fire on the fugitive, chasing and firing for two hours. Finally the Ostreich lay to, and when Capt. Ford boarded her he found the captain lying dead with a bullet hole in his head.

Fooling With Firearms.

Dover, N. H., Nov. 13.—When Louis Tuttle returned home on Saturday evening his cousin, Betha Willis, aged 17, picked up his revolver which he had left on the window sill and aimed it at his

STEAD IS SORRY

The Celebrated London Editor Lecturing in Chicago.

MAKES SOME VERY ORIGINAL REMARKS

The Windy City Makes Him Feel Serry for Christ.

London and Chicago Making Heavy Crosses for the Nazarene to Carry—Harrison Street Police Station and the Unemployed—Innocent and Guilty Crowded Cheek by Jowl.

Chicago, Nov. 13.—Wm. F. Stead, the London editor, addressed a large audience at Central Music Hall this afternoon. He said: "If Christ should come to Chicago was there anything they would wish to have altered?" He had been through the streets of the city and mingled with its teeming thousands by one thought: "I am so sorry for Christ—I am so sorry for him." He added: "His heart is full of sadness as ours cannot be. He knows all and bears all. It is not the cross of wood he bore that gives him pain, but the one which you are fashioning here in Chicago for him and we in London. You are crucifying him now day to day. The idea of asking Christ what he would think of Chicago if he were here now." Referring to the Harrison street police station as a lodging place for the unemployed he said it was a despicable place, where the foul-mouthed and guilty crowd, those who are comparatively innocent and make a little hell for them. "When those who are out of work seek for lodging in this state they are thrown in among these creatures, and are cheek by jowl with the scoundrels of your city. I thought it a crime to send unemployed men there to sleep." Passing to the moral government of Chicago, Mr. Stead said he was pleased with the way the churches had taken hold of the questions affecting gambling houses and other low places. Mr. Stead repeated with dramatic effect the story told him on a previous night by a woman in a house of ill-fame.

A Fleet Modern Warfare.

Boston, Nov. 13.—The cruiser Columbia, from Philadelphia, arrived here this morning. She made the passage in 22 hours and 40 minutes from Cape Cod to Boston light, 40 miles, in two hours and 20 minutes.

English Mines Yielding.

London, Nov. 13.—Three hundred miners, disaffected by the strike, commenced work this morning at the wages paid before the strike commenced.

Tortured to Death.

Jacksonville, Fla., Nov. 13.—An almost incredible story comes from Port White, situated near the phosphate mines and convict camps, twenty miles from Lake City. Henry Boggs and three other negroes charged with the murder and robbery of W. J. Duncan, a white storekeeper, were victims of the mob's fury. Boggs was taken from the mob and shot, after which his body was mutilated. One account says he was not dead when the mutilation began. Members of the mob cut his flesh with knives, and when he cried out in pain a blanket was crammed into his mouth. Another statement is to the effect that slits were cut in his eyes, his hands and feet were severed, and he was then thrown into the water. The other three captives escaped, but horrible cries and groans heard in the swamp shortly after the escape cause people to conclude that they had also perished. Some say they were treated with greater severity than Boggs, one being burned alive in an effort to extort a confession. Pieces of pitch were set on fire and stuck into his quivering flesh until he died. An authentic account of the affair will probably never be obtained, as the whole community is implicated and the region is a wild one where people do not stand on ceremony. It would be a dangerous thing for any man to go there and undertake an investigation.

American Wheat Yield.

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 13.—Careful inquiry shows that only a small proportion of the wheat crop of Minnesota and the Dakotas remains on hand. The crop was 100,000,000 bushels, of which 80,000,000 bushels were available for sale. The movement of the crop has been enormous during the past few weeks, with the result that 52,000,000 of the 80,000,000 bushels have been sold. Farmers were compelled to sell because they needed money and owing to the low price of wheat they had to sell twice as much as in former years to raise the money necessary to keep them through the winter and conduct farming operations next spring. Of the 20,000,000 bushels remaining nearly all will be required by Minneapolis and Duluth mills, and this amount, with the amount needed for consumption and seedling in the north-west, will leave not a bushel for sale outside. Northwestern farmers recognize the necessity of having other crops than wheat, but to make the change more money would be required. This they cannot command, and will therefore be forced to continue raising wheat almost exclusively for a year or two longer.

Queer Religious Sects in Russia.

M. Tsakni, a Russian writer, has published an interesting work entitled "Queer Religious Sects of Russia," from which it appears that there are not less than 15,000,000 followers of insane and cranky notions in the empire of the czar. These communities of devout and deluded beings are constantly being enlarged, in spite of all efforts to the contrary by the government. One of these sects is known as "Runaways." As soon as they embrace the new faith they fly from their villages and towns, destroy their identity as such as possible, and

HOPE AND FEARS.

Hawaiian People are Living on the Edge of Expectancy.

San Francisco, Nov. 13.—The steamer China arrived from the Orient and Honolulu at 4 o'clock this morning, one day ahead of time. She left Honolulu on the 7th inst., making the trip in five days, fourteen hours and twenty minutes, which is the fastest time ever made between Honolulu and San Francisco. Among her passengers is Admiral Skerrett, who has been relieved by Rear Admiral Irwin.

Press correspondent, writing under date Nov. 7th, says: "The main event of the week has been the arrival of American Minister Albert S. Willis on the 4th, who is believed to have brought with him instructions which affect the future of Hawaii. It is supposed here that the American republic is already informed of the nature of these instructions. We here are still ignorant of their nature, and all await the disclosure with great anxiety. Inasmuch as Mr. Willis' mission is increased by the unexpected arrival of Rear Admiral John Irwin last evening to take command of the forces at this station in place of Admiral Skerrett, who proceeds to San Francisco on the China this morning, Admiral Irwin's coming was totally unexpected by naval officers here excepting those in the highest command. Minister Willis is to present his credentials to President Doer's this morning. His address has already been submitted to the president to enable him to prepare a reply. Its contents are kept strictly secret. It contains no definite information whatever of the policy to be pursued by the new American minister. Mr. Willis' special commission to the government will follow later, possibly in time to be reported by the mail of the 11th. The government is confident the Washington policy is to maintain here a white man's government, with no possibility of reviving the native monarchy. Royalists betray great depression, but are still circulating among the native populace their assurance that the Queen is to be immediately restored by Mr. Willis. On his way down, Mr. Willis made a favorable impression on his ardent fellow passengers. While strictly recent as to his mission, he left in them a strong impression that he sympathized with the annexation movement."

T. H. Davies, guardian of Princess Kaiulani, also arrived on the 4th inst. On the passage over Davies discovered that the Princess had been taken to him in favor of the restoration of the queen. Since his arrival his tone has been somewhat deprecatory and pleading, as if he felt the hopelessness of the re-establishment of the monarchy. He is deeply concerned that no injury be done Hawaiians by taking their vote from them without their consent by vote.

There has been frightful loss of life and tremendous destruction by floods in the northern and middle provinces of Japan. At Toyooku the water rose 20 feet and almost all the houses in town. At Minow the water attained the height of 10 feet, sweeping away many houses. It was still worse in the neighboring prefecture of Okayama, where the Atakawa river rose 18 feet and broke down the great embankment, carrying away 250 houses. About 100 persons are unaccounted for. The police station was demolished and its chief killed.

Going northward the storm beat with violence on the island of Sado, where it broke in pieces six vessels in the port of Yebisu, and nine others at Suizu, where by four seamen lost their lives, but before going so far it touched Toyavakyn and carried away 48 houses and broke the roads at Shinamoto, happily without any loss of life, while in the city of Toyama it swept 80 houses away and over 1,000 are under water.

The Yoshino rose 27 feet in Tukushima Ken. Many houses are demolished and embankments burst in many parts. In Kawabe and neighborhood 400 houses were carried away and the fate of over 200 persons is as yet unascertained, while a similar number of houses have been swept away in the same way.

Tanouris in Buzen a large number of junks and fishing boats were smashed to pieces. Reports of the great loss of life so far, come from Futatabi, Hyogo Ken, where the mountain side gave way, burying two villages and killing 50 persons. At Misumi in Kumanotoguni, nine-tenths of the houses were damaged and all those of the Rice Export Company were blown down.

At both entrances to the port 120 vessels were shattered to splinters but the number of men drowned has not been ascertained. The wharf at Oita harbor was half demolished, and the majority of the houses are destroyed. Thirty large junks have been cast ashore and damaged. Mount Takasaki gave way, inflicting further serious damage. The Teurakikawa river burst its banks and carried away many houses to the sea. In all sections loss of men and cattle are to be seen in heaps. At Moki 2 vessels foundered off Tanowia, seven others were wrecked. Men were seen clinging to topmasts and crying for help, but no help could be given and they sank into the sea. The total number of vessels wrecked in that neighborhood cannot be much under 70.

No Secret Alliance.

Berlin, Nov. 13.—The foreign office has at last taken notice of the persistent insinuations published in the Hamburger Nachrichten, the chief Bismarckian organ, to the effect that Italy has a secret treaty with Russia. The foreign office makes an emphatic denial of these statements and adds that the German government does not entertain the remotest suspicion of King Humbert's fidelity to the triple alliance.

THE CLIMAX OF THE LONG LIVED KEBELLION

Not Far Off.

New York, Nov. 13.—New York harbor is at present the scene of war preparation of a magnitude not seen in this country since the war of the rebellion, and when the formidable fleet now being fitted up here by President Peixoto of the Brazilian republic arrives at Rio de Janeiro it is probable that the insurgents under Admiral Mello will be brought to terms without the necessity of doing anything more than making a display of the formidable armament. The fleet consists of the steamer El Cid, armed with a terrible 15-inch dynamite gun; El Rio, of the Morgan line, which has been fitted out as a cruiser; the Destroyer, carrying her famous submarine gun, capable of destroying with a single shot, if it should happen to hit, the largest warship ever built; a narrow torpedo boat, and three steam yachts fitted out as torpedo boats.

The insurrection is fostered by the Count d'Eu, of the former imperial house of Brazil, whose mother twice acted as regent of that country during the absence of the late emperor. Other members of the royal house with European connections have contributed liberally of their funds for the overthrow of the republican government.

Such action is an infringement of the Monroe doctrine, and in case the fleet which is about to sail fails to put down the mutiny, it is possible Secretary Sherman will interpose a veto on the intrigues of the imperialists. There are already several United States ships in Brazilian waters, and the New York is likely to be ordered south at any time.

Another Royal Wedding.

Munich, Nov. 13.—The Emperor of Austria arrived here to-day. The regent of Bavaria and all the Bavarian princes received his majesty at the Central railway station. There was a grand military display. At 4 o'clock yesterday the Emperor and Empress, with a retinue of 1500 persons, left for the marriage of the Archduke Joseph Augustus of Austria.

Spanish American.

New York, Nov. 13.—John McLaughlin, 28, died yesterday afternoon from carbonic acid poisoning, whether by mistake or suicidal intent is not known. He had been out of work for six months, but recently found employment on the Harlem subway. At 4 o'clock yesterday he rushed into Dr. Robinson's office and called out: "Doctor, save me; I have taken poison." His lips and mouth were burned by the acid. He fell to the floor writhing in agony and died before the doctor could do anything for him. "He leaves a wife and one child."

Rio de Janeiro, Nov. 13.—Admiral Mello has warned all families living near the marine and war arsenals that he intends to bombard both stations and the city. The commander of the English squadron protested it would be necessary to allow 48 hours for foreigners to leave, and such notice has not been given. Admiral Mello is making a pretext for violating the agreement between himself, Peixoto and the representatives of foreign powers in respect to preserving Rio as an open city.

American News.

Portland, Or., Nov. 11.—Governor Penoyer received a letter from Senator Stewart of Nevada to-day in which he expressed his pleasure at learning from his Thanksgiving proclamation that he (Penoyer) was mindful of the fact that nothing had been done this year by either the legislative or executive branch of the government to be thankful for. After delivering a tirade against the gold bugs, Stewart says that this is no time for gratitude except to the Creator. Nothing can prevent the rule of the gold oligarchy but united and determined action by the people before they are subjugated and their means of existence exhausted. He ends by thanking Penoyer for his noble and patriotic course.

Seattle, Nov. 11.—John McDonald stole a pair of second hand shoes, of the value of perhaps 25 cents, owned by Henry Foss, and for this Judge Glasgow yesterday sentenced the accused to 30 days in jail and to pay a fine of \$100.

New York, Nov. 13.—Lewis W. Hilliard, the embezzling cashier of the Chicago Tribune, who was arrested on the Werra to-day, was met at quarantine by a detective, taken to police headquarters and locked up to await the arrival of requisition papers.

Washington State Building Attached.

Chicago, Nov. 13.—The sheriff took possession of the Washington state building at the World's Fair grounds this afternoon on attachment proceedings brought by the Union National Bank to enforce a claim for \$1,325, which it claims for payment of a check drawn on the suspended Merchants' National Bank of Tacoma.

Rheumatism cured in a day.—South American Rheumatic Cure for Rheumatism.

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