# UNDER TWO FLAGS THE ALASKA BOUNDARY

Hen. George W. Ross Makes an Able Speech.

At the Opening of the New Suspension Bridge Across Niagara's Gorge.

An account of the opening of the new suspension bridge over the Niagara River, spanning the channel at a point a little above Queenston and Lewiston, was given in The Advertiser on Saturday. Hon. W. Caryl Eley, of Buffalo, who was chairman at the banquet that followed the formal opening in proposing the health of Queen ing, in proposing the health of Queen Victoria and President McKinley jointly, which was enthusiastically honored, referred to the meeting under two flags, and said that the poet's definition of "the white man's burden" had thrilled the Anglo-Saxon race all over the world, and had struck a responsive chord. It was upon the present hisoric spot. continued the chairman, it was thought wise to ask the representatives of the two countries to join together the two peoples by one more artery of communication. It had been a pleasant task for his associates and himself to do that much towards binding together the broken bonds, that they might be united for the benefit of mankind. The Americans appreciated and loved the Canadians, and he hoped the new bridge would be the means of constant and daily communication between the two peoples.

HON MR. ROSS' SPEECH. Hon. G. W. Ross, who was received with loud applause, said: Permit me to join in the congratulations of those who preceded me on the happy completion of the great enterprise, the formal opening of which we are celebrating today. As we look upon the tremendous chasm which is now spanned by the airy structure over which so many of us have passed in safety and which answers so perfectly the pur-pose for which it was intended, we are at a loss to determine which is greater, the natural forces which hewed their way through the flinty rocks beneath our feet, or the genius of man which suspended in mid-air those mighty cables which bear without a quiver the heaviest burdens which the commerce of two nations can impose upon them. Permit me also to join in the congratu-lations which this event has suggested to previous speakers with respect to the harmony existing between the two nations which are so happily engaged in the ceremonies of the day. The bridge which we have just opened is in itself a practical illustration of that Anglo-Saxon alliance so devoutly wished for by all good men, and which, I believe, now fills the hearts of many millions with brighter hopes as to the future of our race. There was a time, not so very long ago, either, when certain of the people of the United States and Canada assembled on this very spot, but for a different purpose from the meeting of today. There was a time when those hills which surround us reverberated with shouts and cheers, but they were not the shouts and cheers of mutual friendship. There was a time when the flags of the two na-tions, so gracefully intertwined today, floated over the green sward on which we now stand, but not as emblematic of national good-will. Thank God, we have bridged the terrible chasm which then separated us-bridged it, I trust, with cables stronger than those which side of the rock on either Niagara River. Thank God, peace hath victories more renowned than war. As the rainbow in the early days arched the turbulent waters of the deluge as a sign that God's wrath for the wickedness of men was appeased, so may this arch over the turbulent waters which separate two nations be accepted as a token that the angry passions which stained these hillsides with the blood of a common race will never again be aroused, either for aggrandizement or retaliation. Accursed be the man on either side of the line who first cries "havoc" or lets slip the dogs of war. (Cheers.)

And here is an anomaly. While two nations by their enterprise have established commercial relations with the vorld, and while with one hand they have spent millions to improve the facilities for such trade, even to the building of bridges and tunnels to make trade easy, with the other hand they have erected commercial barriers against each other which baffle enterprise and thwart the laws of commerce as well as the laws of nature. Let me say that nothing but Anglo-Saxon enterprise could survive under such de-pressing conditions. May we hope that the good sense of the two nations which today rejoice in freer intercourse with each other by means of the coning will henceforth unite in establishing freer intercourse through the partial disarmament at least of the custom house keeper and the director of alien labor laws, so that the Anglo-Saxon on both halves of this continent may have free course and be glorified. Having accomplished so much in fetters, what could he not do if he were a free man? Permit me, therefore, as a Canadian, as one who loves his coun-try, and who has unbounded confidence in its future, in words of deepest sincerity to express the hope that the unity established between us today will never be disturbed by the lust of conquest, the greed of avarice or the pride of prosperity; that the appeal of the demagogue will not divert either nation from the path of honor, and that the glamor of national greatness will ! not hide from us the great law of universal brotherhood. "Behold how good and pleasant a thing it is for brethren to dwell together in unity." (Cheers.)

# ITCHING PILES

Cured by Using

## Dr. Chase's Ointment.

Mr. F. G. Harding, a retired farmer, living at Nilestown, Middlesex county, states: "I had been troubled with itching, bleeding piles for about five years, and intense agoing at times from the everything I could get no relief. Part of one box of Dr. Chase's Ointment has and Educational Leaders," by Prof. to all that are troubled with the same torturing disease."

Dr. Chase's Ointment is an absolute cure for piles. For chasing and all itching skin diseases this celebrated Ointment stands without a rival. It is guaranteed to cure any case of piles.

tieth Century Movement," was discussed by Rev. W. J. Sipprell, New mond and Pice Documents & Co., Toronto.

Westminster, B. C. J. J. McLaren. of mond and Pice mond and Pi

Important Statement Made by Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

Arbitration the Only Way Out of the Trouble-Defeat of the Yukon Railway by the Senate Was a Crime-Sir Charles Tupper Admits Making Ill-Advised Speeches.

[Special to The Advertiser per C.P.R.] Ottawa, July 24.-In the House of Commons Saturday morning, Mr. Sifton introduced a bill respecting roads and road allowance in the Province of Manitona. This bill is for the object of countenancing certain acts of municipalities in that province.

When the orders of the day were reached, Sir Charles Tupper brought up the Alaska boundary question. He proceeded to point out the unjustifiable course which the United States had pursued in connection with this case, which led him to come to the conclusion that the Americans knew that a just tribunal would decide against them if the boundary question was referred to it. While the United States was pursuing this course, their newspapers were engaged in laying before their readers that Britain, and the United States would have long ago settled the question, but that Canada was standing in the way of settlement. This was not correct. He asked why it was that in all cases of this kind Britain would not deal with the United States as she would with any other country. He had been for a long time high commissioner, and in his negotiations with the British Government he discovered that this was the case. There was no country in the world that would refuse or have tried so hard to prevent arbitration when they saw that their neighbor was when they saw that their neighbor was standing upon just ground. There was, he said, a limit to our endurance with the United States. If Britain had done the same thing with France as she has been doing with the United States she would not today he in possession she would not today be in possession of the Nile. The Nile would have been lost to England. The United States should be dealt with as all civilized countries were treated. It would never do to leave matters as they were before the house rose. He trusted the government would take definite action. There were just two ways that this could be done. The first was that the govern-

son; that the act to do so should only come into force by proclamation of the governor-general in council, and that the rates on the railway should be controlled. trolled by the governor-general in council. The second was to pass a law that only British subjects should obtain licenses to do mining in the Yukon; this also to be put in force by the governor-general in council. During his remarks Sir Charles said that in his Toronto speech, and in his speech on the address, he was not in full possession of the facts, or he would not have taken exception to what the government had done in this matter.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, in reply, said

he was.

ment should take power before proro-

gation to build a railway from Kilimat

Harbor, in British Columbia, to Daw-

Sir Charles Tupper-Hear, hear. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, continuing, said at Omaha, and high temperatures are that he appreciated the manner in reported from all over Nebraska. which the leader of the opposition had spoken, and was prepared to admit that if the two speeches-the one in Toronto and the other on the addresswere excepted, the honorable gentle man was entitled to the credit of having done his best to facilitate the important question of the boundary award. However, it was not always wise to speak before the full facts were known. As leader of the government and member of the commission, he was not so free to speak as Sir Charles. Canada had, from all that could be ascertained, the right of justice on her side in this case. There were, however, only two ways of settling this question. The one was by war, and the other by arbitration. War was out of the question, so that the only thing left was arbitration. As for a settlement by compromise, which was at one time possible, that was out of the question at his moment. He had no hope of that, but he did not despair of a settlement by arbitration. What we had to do was to be patient. There was nothing else for it. In regard to the other

consideration.

While he did not want to raise any controversy, he was compelled to say that the defeat of the Yukon Railway of two years ago was a crime. that been passed, this year would have seen a railway on its way to the very part which Sir Charles now proposed to build it to. (Liberal cheers.) As to shutting American miners out the Yukon, that was also a serious question, which would be sure to provoke retaliation, and while the negotia tions were on that was not advisable. Still, he would promise Sir Charles to consider it.

propositions, he would take them into

## EPWORTH LEAGUE

Saturday's Doings at the Big Convention in Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 24.—Saturday was the big day of the Epworth League convention. Every minute of time was occupied by business, beginning with three sunrise prayer meetings. About 14,000 visitors were in the city. Junior league meetings were held in Robert Park and Meridian Street Methodist Churches in the morning. The regular convention began at 9 o'clock. Bishop W. X. Ninde, of Detroit, presided in the tent; Bishop Chas. A Farmer Tells How He Was B. Galloway, Jackson, Miss., presided in Tomilson Hall, and Bishop Hurst was at the opera house. The same topics were spoken upon at each of the three meetings. "Methodism, Its Evangelical Genius," was discussed by the Rev. W. A. Spencer, Philadelphia; Rev. C. B. Spencer, Denver, and Rev. H. G. Henderson, Parkersburg, W. "Methodism, Its Breadth, and "Methodism, Its Breadth and Catholicity," was discussed by Rev. J. Shorey, Peterboro, Ont.; Rev. W. P. Thirkield, Atlanta, Ga., and Dr. Frank M. North, New York. "Methodist Philanthropy." was the subject of addresses by the Rev. H. J. Chreitzcured me, and I am recommending it R. S. Copeland, Ann Arbor, Mich.; Rev. F. Losborn, Bay City, Mich.; and Rev. J. H. Riddell, Winnipeg, Man. "Woman's Work in Methodism," was Such evidence comes from all parts the subject of an address by Lucky Rider Meyer, Chicago. Rev. Jas. of the world to justify the claim that Lucky Rider Meyer, Chicago. Rev. Jas. Atkins, Nashville, Tenn., and Rev. Calveston. Texas, dethe subject of an address by Mrs. Frank Garry, Galveston, Texas, livered addresses on "Present Sunday School Achievements," "The Twen-

## MUNYON'S INHALER CURES



Colds, Coughs, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, Asthma and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

Clouds of Medicated Vapor are inhaled through the mouth and emitted from the nostrils, eleansing and vaporizing all the inflamed and diseased parts which cannot be reached by medicine taken into the stomach.

It reaches the sore spots—It heals the raw places—It goes to the seat of disease—It acts as a balm and tonio to the whole system—\$1.00 at druggists or sent by mail.

11 ALBERT ST — TORONTO.

Toronto, Rev. Charles C. Woods, Kan-sas City, Kan., and Rev. F. N. Upham, Westfield, Mass., spoke on the "Young

## MURDER CHARGED

Against Levi Stewart in the Case of James Ross' Death.

Windsor, July 24.—The inquest on the death of James Ross, the colored man who died Thursday night from the effects of blows on his head, was held on Saturday in Denis St. Louis' grove, in Sandwich South. After hearing the evidence the coroner's jury brought in the following verdict: "That Levi Stewart did willfully, fel-

oniously and with malice aforethought kill and murder James Ross."

## MORE CAVALRY MUST BE USED

In Carrying on the Campaign in the Philippines-Nearly 3,000 U. S. Soldiers in Hospitals.

Chicago, July 24.-War department orders were received at Fort Sheridan yesterday to place L troop, third cav-alry in immediate readiness for active service in the Philippines. The same dispatch announces the administration's purpose to use cavalry more freely in the fall campaign. Major James B. Ayleshire, who purchased the government's cavalry horses for the Spanish-American war, has instructions to buy 3,000 animals.

A Manila telegram says: Chief Surgeon Woodhull considers that the increase in the military force in the Philippine Islands will necessitate the employment of forty additional sur-There are nearly three thousand soldiers in hospitals. The officials' report last week showed 1,800 in hospital in Manila, and there are several hundred at San Fernandino, with other garrisons. There are also 275 sick in quarters in Manila. The regimental surgeons report that large numbers of soldiers on duty are unfit for service.

WARM IN THE WEST.

Chicago, July 4 .- Very hot weather is reported from several places in the west and northwest. The temperature at Black River Falls, Wis., at 4 a.m., that the leader of the opposition was in a position to speak more frankly then Sunday, was 100°, and Young Sleget died from heat prostration. Thermometers registered 99° at 2 p.m. Sunday

BRITISH FLEET AT HALIFAX. Halifax, N. S., July 24.-The British flagship Crescent, with Admiral Bed-ford on board, and the cruisers Indefatigable, Proserpine, and the torpedo boat destroyer Quail, arrived Saturday from St. Johns, Nfld., and will remain until the latter part of August, when the fleet will go to Montreal.

ROBERT INGERSOLL'S REMAINS. New York, July 24.—Seemingly in peaceful slumber the body of Robert G. Ingersoll lay on an improvised bier yesterday in the bedroom in which he the home of Walston H. Brown, his son-in-law. Many men of all sorts and conditions, but mostly humble toilers, made the pilgrimage to Dobbs' Ferry in the hope that they might be permitted to gaze once more upon the noted agnostic. In no instance was the request refused. No arrangements whatever have yet been made concerning the funeral. Mrs. Ingersoll and her daughters, Mrs. Brown and Miss Maude Ingersoll, are, still too much overcome with sorrow to consider the matter.

"THEY ARE ALL RIGHT."

### John L. Geddes' Opinion of the Famous Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Belgrave, July 24.-Mr. J. L. Geddes, & well-known blacksmith of this place, has received many inquiries concerning Dodd's Kidney Pills. He used Dodd's Kidney Pills two years ago for lame The last inquirer is a Toronto back. gentleman, who is anxious to find if cures by Dodd's Kidney Pills of the commones, diseases, such as Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Rheumatism, Heart Failure, Lumbago, Urinary and Bladder Diseases, etc., are lasting. To this end he has sent out letters to various parts of the province.

Mr. Geddes answered him as follows:

"Belgrave, May 29, 1899. "Dear Sir,—Dodd's Kidney Pills are ALL RIGHT. They did me a lot of good. My back hasn't bothered me for two years. Yours truly, "JOHN L. GEDDES."

BIG TIDAL WAVE.

Ashland, July 24.—Chequamagon Bay was visited by a tidal wave Saturday afternoon, which raised the water in the bay three feet. This is the highest record for many years. Many lumber docks were flooded, and the mills were compelled to shut down for the time being. At 3 o'clock in the afternoon the water had dropped again until it was nine inches below nor-

A DINNER PILL. - Many persons suffer excruciating agony after partaking of a hearty dinner. The food partaken of is like a ball of lead upon the stomach, and instead of being a healing nutriment, it becomes a poison system. Dr. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are wonderful correctives such troubles. They correct acidity, open the secretions and convey the food partaken of into healthy ment. They are just the medicine to take if troubled with indigestion.

A FOOT REST.

Pugilistically speaking the tongue

mightier than the glove.

This amount invested in FOOT ELM will give you \$5.80 worth of comfort if your feet are tired, sweaty, swollen, blistered or tender. Do not accept hurtful substitutes. 25c. For sale by Cairneross & Lawrence, 216 Dundas street; branch store, corner Richd and Piccadilly.

Street Car Blown Up With Gun-Cotton or Nitro-Glycerine.

Several Persons Hurt-Company Decline Arbitration.

Cleveland, July 23. - The rioting, which continued throughout last night, was renewed today, and there were several serious outbreaks of violence, but no clashes between the mobs and the troops.

Soon after 10 o'clock a thousand or more persons gathered on Burton street on the south side and proceeded to obstruct the track. When a car came along with two policemen on board it was attacked with a shower of stones, and the non-union motorman and conductor were roughly handled. One of them, named McDermott, had two ribs broken, and the other was badly bruised. One of the policemen fired at the mob, the bullet striking a man named Wennick. The mob assaulted the officers, both of whom were struck repeatedly with stones, and but for the intervention of a priest of the Catholic Church, near at hand, the officers might have been lynched.

There was a disturbance on the Broadway line at the corner of Petrie street, where a mob of three thousand assembled in the forenoon and ob-structed the track. Finally a car came along from the Wilson avenue barns, having on board Sergt. Burrows and a private of militia and Detective Kelso. There was a sharp fight for a few minutes but no one was seriously hurt, and after arresting two of the Hoters and placing them on the car, it was returned to the barns. The police afterward charged the mob, making several arrests.

Three men were sent to the hospital with wounds made by policemen's clubs at the end of this riot.

As a result of the shooting of the driver of a grocery wagon in South Brooklyn yesterday afternoon by a non-union conductor the mayor of that village today issued an order to the marshal to arrest all non-union conductors who carried concealed weapons. Every car was stopped and each conductor found with a revolver was ar-rested. All were subsequently bailed

out by the company.

A small riot was started at the corner of Pearl street and Franklin avenue when a young woman struck a man who asked her to board a nonunion car. A crowd of union sympa-thizers stoned cars and a squad of police finally cleaned the street.

COMPANY WON'T ARBITRATE. The company today sent a note to the state board of arbitration, declining to arbitrate the differences, in which it says: "This company, fully appreciating the sincerity of your desire to bring about a readjustment with its former employes, begs to say that the men who went out on Monday last are not in the employ of the com-pany, and there is nothing to negotiate about or to arbitrate.

CARS WRECKED.

A Euclid avenue car, loaded with passengers, was wrecked by an explosion of nitro-glycerine or gun cotton, shortly before 11 o'clock tonight. Four persons were badly hurt, the names of the in-jured being: Mrs. E. C. Martin, 79 Alanson street; E. C. Martin; Mrs. Catherine Harris, 25 Cornell street; F. A. Smith, 69 Vienna street; Albert E. Fassett, 12 Wallace Place; Dora Schessler, 11 Oakdale street.

Late tonight it was learned that Mrs.

Martin, one of the injured, would probably die. She suffered a compound fracture of the skull, had one ar mbroken and was otherwise injured. She was with her husband, who was also bad-

ly hurt.

The explosion tore out the front end of the car, smashed all the windows and destroyed the brake. The motor-man, William Draggers, who came from Cincinnati, was dazed by the shock, but the conductor escaped injury.

BROOKLYN STRIKE OVER. New York, July 24.-The Brooklyn trolley strike has practically collapsed. THE ASHTABULA STRIKE.

Ashtabula, O., July 24.-There is little change in the strike situation on the Hanna docks. Nothing was accomplished at the conference of the strikers with Manager L. C. Hanna, and the men will now take their grievances to the headquarters of the 'Longshoremen's Union at Cleveland for consideration. This will consume two or three days.

STRIKE AT SUDBURY.

Sudbury, Ont., July 24.—Quite a sensation was caused here Friday by all the men employed in the mines of the Canadian Copper Company, about 900 having gone on strike for higher wages. The men in the smelters will wages. also go out. The wages of the miners and surface men have been cut down twice in the past ten years, first by 10 per cent, and the second time by per cent. The men now demand a raise all round of 15 per cent, or the wages paid at the start. The cost of living, they claim, has increased, with schools and churches to keep up, and men of families especially find it hard to live decently on the scale-of wages now paid and keep out of debt There is no disturbance, and negotiations for a settlement of the trouble are going on.

QUIET REIGNS. Cleveland, July 24.—The scenes of

wild disorder and violence witnessed in this city throughout yesterday and last night in connection with the street car strike were succeeded this morning by market quietness. Cars are running on at least a dozen different lines of the Big Consolidated system. They, however, carry but few passengers. BUSSES RUN.

Bus lines are in operation over many of the Big Consolidated lines, and these are well patronized. The city authorities were in conference at the city hall nearly all night, and as a result a call has been sent out for additional troops.

GARMENT WORKERS GO OUT. New York, July 24.-Six hundred 'pressers," employed in the garment trade, struck work yesterday and or-ganized a union. They claim their number will be doubled today, and that 7,000 more garment workers will strike for higher wages. The piece workers demand an increase of about 20 per cent, while the week workers want an increase of 15 per cent. An interest-ing point of the strike is the demand of the men that they may work 59 hours a week instead of 50 as at present. They say they want to work up to the limit of the ten-hour law, as they can make more money in this way.

Here's a Little Nut to Crack. Just a grain of corn! The principle upon which Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor acts is entirely new. It removes the corn layer by layer, without any pain whatever. It never fails

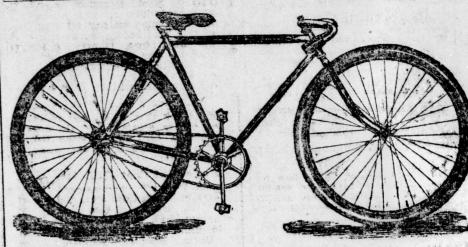
"THE ACADÉMIE DE MÉDECINE OF FRANCE HAS PLACED

# bollinaris

At the Head of All the Waters Examined for Purity and Freedom from Disease Germs."

WIVES

IF ANY MEMBER OF YOUR FAMILY DRINKS, the taste for liquor can be removed permanently by giving Samaria Prescription (tasteless) secretly in food or drink. Failure impossible. Pamphlet, tostimonials, particulars free. Correspondence confidential. Write The SAMARIA REMEDY CO., Toronto, Ont.



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Highest Quality. - Lowest Price.

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> If you kill vermin you have to search for the "remains." With . . . .

# Helpepper

there are none-nothing "remains."

25c per canister. If not at your druggist's or grocer's send direct to LEEMING, MILES & CO., Montreal, Que.

# **WESTERN ONT ARIO**

Dennis Burke, one of the bestknown farmers of Maidstone township, died Friday night at the age of 76. Mrs. Isabella K. Hay, from Deckerville, Mich., who had not been in Watford for seventeen years, was here on a visit to her mother on the 3rd concession.

The crops look better in Michigan than in Lambton, if you keep away from the railways, which generally goes through the worst part of the

country. It seems probable that Messrs. Ickes and Armstrong, the Pennsylvania men who are negotiating with Wood-stock, looking for the building of a street railway there, will accept the

terms offered by the council. The British-American Hotel, Windsor, was sold on Saturday to John Clarke, of Hamilton. The price is said to be in the neighborhood of \$10,000. Clarke will take possession some time

during the present week. Sarnia and Plympton will soon have more oil wells than Enniskillen, at the present rate of sinking them, and every little way you see the gas burning to keep down the smell. They don't require firewood there.

Thomas Murphy, farm laborer, Lawrence, who pleaded guilty to stealing a gold watch from a man named Crossen on July 3, was on Saturday sentenced to serve nine months in the Central Prison by Judge Ermatinger at St. Thomas.

Mr. Alexander Matheson, formerly editor of the Stratford Beacon, but now bursar of the Belleville Deaf and Dumb Institute, has tendered his resignation on the ground of ill-health. It is understood that the resignation will be accepted. Mrs. Matheson is a sister of Mr. A. F. Maclaren, M.P., of Stratford.

Mrs. Dougald Brayen and her five small children were poisoned at Windsor Friday by canned salmon, purchased at the corner grocery. time their lives were in great danger.
A doctor worked with them, and succeeded after strenuous efforts in restoring them to consciousness. will probably recover.

Two men attempted to gain entrance to the house of Charles Cudmore, Windsor, Friday night. Mr. Cudmore is a brakeman on the Grand Trunk, and he was absent from home at the time. His wife heard the men, and she raised a window and screamed for help. Several of the neighbors responded, but the would-be burglars

had decamped. James Gormican, of Brantford, has received a letter from Charter Oak, Iowa, telling of the tragic death of his son, Michael Gormican, who left Brantford two years ago to seek his fortune in the west. Gormican, who had been working on the railway, fell off the top of a fast-running freight train, beneath the cars. His body

was horribly mangled. Dr. McTavish, Florence, was recently consulted by Thomas Gannon, lot 20, con 10, Dawn township, as to a disease among his cattle. Upon examination the doctor found that a four-year-old heifer was badly affected with tuberculosis. He immediately informed the government of the disease, and the government veterinary slaugh-tered the animal and held an examination, which resulted in finding a clear case of tuberculosis.

Mrs. Johnson, mother of Mrs. Col. Skinner, and grandmother of Hugh

Skinner, died at "Dunelg," the residents of the county, and if she had ville road, Thursday afternoon. Mrs. Johnson was one of the earliest residents of this county, and if she had lived three months longer she would have been a centenarian. Two months ago Mrs. Johnson was seized with paralysis. Up to then she had been well and strong, considering her great age, and was possessed of a marvelous intellect, which increasing age did not seem to dim. When, however, destroyer, paralysis, came Mrs. Johnson rapidly sank. The remains were taken east to Grafton for burial.

# JOTTINGS FROM NEAR-BY PLACES

Dr. William E. Macklin, an old Middlesex boy, writes from Nankin, China, to his uncle that he is translating the works of his late personal friend, Henry George, into Chinese, for a serial in that city. He says the single tax theory appears to be gaining ground in China. The doctor's many Lobo friends will be glad to hear that the hospital of which he is the head is prospering. Reports from Lobo, Adelaide and other townships lead to the belief that

an organized band of cattle thieves are operating in Middlesex county. three weeks ago four head were taken from the premises of Colin McKinley, lot 5, con. 5, Lobo, On Saturday, the 15th inst., the field of John McArthur, lot 14, con. 7, Lobo, was invaded, and four head were driven off. On Wednesday last thieves secured 5 head at Michael Oke's place, in Adelaide township. In this case the fence was pulled down, so as to let the cattle on to the road, and the rails afterwards carefully replaced. Several other parties report the loss of cattle recently. In every instance the cattle stolen were fat animals, fit for the butther. Thus far no clue to the thieves has been obtained.

A very sad accident occurred near
Shetland, Middlesex county, recently,

resulting in the death of Stewart, the seven-year-old son of Mr. Milton Moorhouse. The lad accompanied his father to the barn, while he did the milking. The little fellow stood in the barn door, and when the cow had been milked, she made a dash out to her calf in the yard, striking the boy. The poor little fellow died in his father's arms while being carried to the house. Mr. and Mrs. Moorhouse will have the sympathy of all in this bereavement, the death of their only son.

## LAKE SHORE.

Lake Shore, Bosanquet, July 22.-Mrs. Isabel Tripp and her daughter, Miss Edith Tripp, of Prince street, are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A.

Johnson here. The many friends of Mrs. Ben Clemens will be glad to hear that her arm, which was so badly lacerated by the mower recently, is likely to be saved. Farmers are making good use of the fine weather, "bringing in the sheaves." The Munroes, of Forest, and some of the Johnsons and the Fullers, of Lake Shore, also Mrs. William Munro, of Montreal, picnicked on Mr. James John-

son's place on the 20th inst.

Many of the prominent families of Forest are in their entrages at Cedar