the Church the duty of enrolling themselves and assisting to the utmost of their influence as well as their means in the objects of the Society. Several resolutions were passed, on moving and seconding which much valuable information was afforded. The peculiar circumstance in the method of Caston to the mailest the method of Caston to the mailest the mailest the method of Caston to the method of Caston to the method of Caston to the method of the metho stances under which the Colonial Church is at present placed, were feelingly alluded to by several of the speakers, and fervent appeals made for assistance and support. The subscriptions were liberal, and many additional names were added to the list of members.—Halifax Times.

UNITED STATES.

CARMINA LITURGICA.—Those who have read our Canada cotemporary, The Church, of late, cannot fail to have been pleased with a certain series of poetical contrihave been pleased with a certain series of poetical contributions which it has presented them. We refer to Carmina Liturgica,—hymns for all the Sundays and other holy-doaoly-days, founded on the Collect for the day, and of metres adapted to tunes generally in use. They are sound n doctrine as well as elevated in poetical expression, and gives us, therefore, much pleasure to state that they are about to be collected and published in a volume. We hope that not a few copies will find their way among us, for the reception given the Christian year, shows that American Churchmen appreciate all attempts to illustrate and unfold the beauties of their Liturgy.—New York Churchman.

From English Papers by the Caledonia.

THE SPANISH ALLIANCE. - Count Bresson proceeded to the Court of Madrid, as the Ambassador of France, for the purpose of obtaining the consent of the Queens Christina and Isabella to the marriage between the Infanta Donna Luisa and the Duke de Montpensier. Her Majesty Queen Isabella expressed her assent in the following terms:—

"Called by Divine Providence to fill the throne of Spain,

the happiness of this great nation has ever been the object of all my endeavours. My heart flatters me with the hope that I have secured it by the union I am about to contract. The Prince who is about to call himself my consort is worthy of the title from his high qualities. I am also indebted to Divine Providence for a companion of my childhood, who has been inpeat and solemnly confirm my Royal consent to the celebration of the marriage of my well-beloved sister the Infanta of Spain, Donna Luisa Ferdinaud of Bourbon, to Prince Antoine Marie Philippe, Louis of Orleans, Duke de Montpensier. I request, sir, that you will make this known to your Sovereign, my well-beloved uncle, whose congratulations I accept with the most lively gratitude. And may the Almighty, who so visibly guides and protects him, grant that these two marriages may be pledges for the happiness of our two families, and for the peace and prosperity of the two nations."

The Montpensier marriage is fast becoming an established fact. We are not dealing with a mere project or proposal. Here is an alliance formally announced, with all the conditions settled and ratified by the consent of the contracting parties. We may dislike: We may dislike it; but have we any power to prevent it? We

That so wise a man as Louis Phillippe should have entan-Practise wise a man as Louis Phillippe should have entangled himself with this question is only another instance of the perversion of human wisdom when strongly tempted by motives of interest. The wisest have lurking in them something of Esan's pattern. Esau's nature. To one man the tempter presents a mess of pottage, to another a desirable family alliance.

That the King is prompted in this matter by family apart from political views we make no doubt. He does not want to extend the influence of France in Spain, but to give his dynasty a firmer place among the monarchies of Europe. Yet it is surprising that he should not see that these royal alliances can e no real source of strength. If his successors cannot preserve the French throne by their own efforts, they can never keep it by foreign intervention. Royal marriages are proverbially barren of political results. Napoleon sat none the safer or the throne of France for being the son in-law of Austria.

Our objection to this alliance lies wholly apart from the rumours which have been sedulously spread to make it contemp tible and odious. We attach no credit to the disgusting scanthe claims of his brother, and recognizes that Prince as every way worthy of Her Majesty's preference. Neither can we accept very literally the reports of the constraint put upon the Queen's inclinations. She must already have acquired some sense of self-importance, and is hardly likely to have yielded to menace had the marriage been so repugnant to her feelings as is represented.

A very interesting "Council" has just been held at Washington of the Winnebago Indians. We public sentiment shall be like the atmosphere of this globe, only that the Indians were going home greatly that Heaven's lightnings shall go clear around it, not to destroy, but to ealighten and to bless, and we ought to be subservient to them, and to help them." (Hear, hear.)

A mixture of a philosophical eloquence occasionally takes place, and a gentleman of inclinations asked 400,000.—A second proposal of 100.

The objection of England to the marriage is, that it will proing style:
"Sir Cull

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Orphans s witnes

g notice,

st. James alf of the thanks to Baptisms reh. It is was cut by indly fur

yednesday the Rector On no for respectable ted attach

Our daty will be performed when our remonstrance is deli-vered. Perhaps Lord Palmerston will take the wisest part in gracefully yielding to what he has no power to avert. The alliance will make France no more dangerous as a neighbour, not less welcome as ally, or—should the change ever come more formidable as an enemy. The occasion is very ill suited for a display of ill humour or of sulky menace. We cannot send the Infanta wedding dresses and bon bons like her beau pere, for our genius lies in other pursuits; yet, if the marriage is to take place, we hope Mr. Bulwer- will be present on the occasion to a second to the occasion to the second to the occasion to the occas occasion pace, we nope Mr. Bulwer, will be present on the the part of his country and of himself.—Britannia.

According to the Paris papers, the French King has written a letter of twelve pages to Queen Victoria, explaining and vindicating his motives in seeking his alliance for his son; and according to a rumour which has reached ourselves, Her Majesty has into Majesty has intimated to her august correspondent, that from her own feelings, as well as from the obligations imposed upon

her by the Constitution of this country, all future communications upon the subject will be laid before Her Ministers.

It is said that the French Government has offered to renew,
in the most solemn manner, the stipulations of the treaty of
Utrecht, and even to give additional securities, that in no case
shall the Duke de Montpensier or his issue attempt to unite the
Crown of the two countries; also, that the influence of France
shall always be used to obtain for England whatever commercial advantages she may wish to cial advantages she may wish to secure in her relations with Spain; in short that Louis Philippe is simply desirous of seeing his son married to the Infanta, and is ready to renounce every advantage, political or otherwise, which the alliance might be supposed to carry with it.

supposed to carry with it.

When it is asked, in reply to this, why the marriage thus stripped of all its beneficial consequences, should be an object of so much interest to Louis Philippe, the answer is—avarice—which is described as the besetting weakness of the French Monarch. He nearly risked his throne, it is urged, in endea vouring to force upon the Chambers a dotation for his sons; and he is now risking the peace of Europe, by his determination to obtain for the Duke de Montpensier a splendid matrimonial

settlement.

The question is undoubtedly assuming a grave complexion; but if the peace of Europe should be risked, it will be as a result whether by a Carlist insurrection, or by a national demonstration against the Montpensier marriage, may eventually be wafted across the Pyrenees; but they would receive their aliment, not so much from hostility to that marriage, as from the angry
passions which it will have kindled. Even at this moment,
England England and France are more predisposed to the influences which are the harbingers of war, than they were six months ago

John Bull.

THE WELLINGTON STATUE. - This great apple of discord between the public, the Committee of Taste, and 'competent persons," has at last gone through two acts of the great drama of which it is at last gone through two acts of the great drama of which it is a last gone through two acts of the great drama of which it is a last gone through two acts of the great drama of which it is a last gone through two acts of the great drama of which it is a last gone through two acts of the great drama of which is a last gone through two acts of the great applications. of which it is the principal feature. The trajet and the elevation have both been accomplished, not only without danger, but with with a comparative facility which has excited astonishment in the minds of all who witnessed the extraordinary feat. On Thursday, before 10 o'clock, it remained suspended for its final deposition; about one o'clock, it was fixed in what may possibly be its more than the contract of t be its permanent position. Although very few persons were present in the interior of the works at the moment of the installation, a large concourse outside witnessed the proceeding with great apparent interest. It is intended, we believe, to take down the scaffolding immediately surrounding the state of the scaffolding immediately surrounding the scaffoldi the statue, but the principal portion will remain, in case, we presume, of its being necessary, from an unfavourable verdict o the public as to the eligibility of the site, to remove the statue.

An untoward occurrence has taken place at Canton-untoward, because it is calculated to entangle our commercial and political relations with the Celestials of the Celestial Empire. An insult was offered by a Chinaman to an English gentleman who was passing along; it was of course resented; when the former, hurling a large stone at the latter, he immediately seized the offender "by his tail," and dragged him into a neighbouring house. A mob forthwith assembled to rescue their countryman and eventually their designs became so manifestly serious, endeavouring to set fire to the dwelling, that Englishmen, Americans, and foreigners of every description, found it essary to unite in a hody, and repel the infuriated assailants with fire arms. The consequence was that several Chinese were killed and wounded; and then, and not before, the Chinese authorities of Canton (to whom application for protection had been made by the British Consul in the first instance) interfered, and restored tranquility.

Two days afterwards Li, the acting Magistrate of the district for posting this "chop" on the walls of Canton, to the manifest injury and danger of Englishmen, from the gross falsehood which it contained: but it does not appear that it was removed.
All the principal British and European residents at Canton have
memorialised the English Government through the Consul
there for a ship of war to be permanently stationed off the foreign factories, so that immediate aid might be obtained on the recurrence of any similar danger. The necessity for such pro-tection is apparent enough, and no doubt it will be granted, especially as the Pottinger treaty of peace with China provides that the British Government shall keep at each of the ports, Shanghae, Ningpo, Canton, &c., a vessel of war. - Ibid.

GREAT EVANGELICAL ALLIANCE MEETING. (From the London Guardian.)

"This great Œcumenical Council of Christians," as its adhe rents call it, was held last week. Sir Culling Eardly Smith was the presiding patriarch. Although the tickets of admission were one shilling each, the hall was well filled, both area and galleries. The platform, and a portion of the area set apart for their use was crowded with the members of the Alliance, from this and other countries. Among the ladies in the side galleries this and other countries. Among the ladies in the side galleries were the Countess of Ducie, the Countess of Effingham, Lady Culling Smith, Lady Campbell, Lady Olivia Sparrow, Hon. Mrs. Kinnaird, Hon. Mrs. Trotter, Mrs. Farmer, Mrs. A. D. Campbell, Madame Tholuck, Miss Patton and Miss Cox, of New York, the family of Chevalier Bunsen, &c., &c." We cannot be mistaken in saying this is the first "Ecumenical Council" admitted to by "one shilling tickets," and exhibiting "ladies at the side calleries". Such refinements nowe, graced "ladies at the side galleries." Such refinements never graced the Synods of Nicea, Ephesus and Chalcedon.

If we are to argue anything as to the permanence or effectiveness of a society from the sobriety of its tone at starting, never was there a more marked absence of this sign than this meeting presented. One tone of enthusiastic self-complacency pervaded the whole oratory of the platform; the elevation of pirits was bacchanalian, and the synod reeled with magnile uence and self-adulation. Each speaker, as he rose up, pro Providence for a companion of my childhood, who has been inapparable from me from my infancy—a sister whom I love tenderly, and whose happiness I wished to ensure as my own.
May God grant me the consolation of knowing that my object has been attained by giving ber hand to the youngest son
of your King—to a Prince whose eminent merits already recall
the rare virtues of his august father. Encouraged by the vote
of the Cortes of the kingdom, whose loyal and sincere congratulations I have just received, I declare to you, sir, that I repeat and solemoly confirm my Royal consent to the celebration and continents together,"-the "attraction of the Cross of our Redeemer—that moral power, which will ultimately draw all men to the Saviour." It is "the Spirit of God moving upon the face of the waters," says a Dr. Blackwood. It is a second creation. "As in the creation of the material world, 'God said, Let there be Light, and there was Light;" so at the present time he was saying. "'Let there be Light' in the Church of Christ, and there would be light." "I see in this assembly." says one speaker, "such an exhibition of moral grandeur, as reaches the very climax of imagination." "When in connexion with the grandeur of this enterprise," says another, "I cast my anticipation forward to what may be the probable-and what I feel pretty confident will be the certain-result upon the destinies of all the nations of the earth, by that movement which has commenced, my soul is overpowered with the thought." "I says a third, "to enjoy the ovation of this sublime scene." urth deliberately thinks that attendance at that meeting in Exeter Hall is a higher test of Christianity than the martyr-

> " Christianity always displayed her sublimest characteristics in difficulties and trials, from the first age down to the present time. In the first age, she struggled with the external world, and displayed her might against the potentates and principali-ties and powers of darkness, aided by the flames of martyrdom. But a sublimer characteristic had been lately displayed,—not in her external struggle against an opposing world,—but in the self conquest over the passions and projudices of those who represented the different denominations, -- when a thousand hands were conjoined in Freemason's Hall."

Dr. Cox of America, runs riot in prophecy:—
"Sir Culling, I look at this as a cordon sanitaire, that shall etch around the globe, -as a league of brotherhood that shall make the best Peace Society that ever was organized, and the

that it will fix a French agent of rank and influence in the centre of the C. French agent of rank and influence in that it will fix a French agent of rank and influence in the centre of the C. centre of the Court to repress every national sentiment, whill keep the people under the tutelage of their powerful neighbour; and that it will prevent them from again taking an independent place among the nations of Europe.

But if the French Government is bent on this marriage, and Spain offers no resistance to it, the remonstrance of England, are positions in diplomacy as certain and as well defined as any tions shows that the King of the French has a position from which our Cabinet cannot move him, and that the game, if he chooses to play it out, is in fact his own. We may complain of deceit, but cannot prevent him from crying checkmate.

Our duty will be performed when our remonstrance is delivered to the peasure of the imagination are traceable to three sources—novelty, beauty, grandear. These dements of enjoyment, under the very highest forms of their manifestation, divinely coalesce in the pleasure which we than the peasures of the District Grammar School, after holding a tertaceable to three sources—novelty, beauty, grandear. To the Editor of the Guelph Anvertiser.

To the Edit

be humble. "Preserve the union! honour the Bible! Cherish humility," is Dr. Cox's threefold watchword. By the way, it humility," is Dr. Cox's threefold watchword. By the way, it would have had a better look if humility had come first, and not last, in the trio; for as it is, we are afraid it admits of this gloss or interpretation. The union is the first thing: by all means keep to that. After the union comes the Bible and humility, which are very good in their way. However, to go to Dr. Cox's mode of showing humility, it is certainly original.

"I am not about to panegyrize our basis," he says. Why not?

"Because I cannot do it. I would put the Universe into a nutshell, as soon as I could a just encomium on this Alliance into your fifteen minutes. Sir Culling? (Laughter.)

nutshell, as soon as I could a just encomium on this Alliance into your fifteen minutes, Sir Culling? (Laughter.)

the profanation, the shocking brazen audacity with which the speakers mouth out holy names, and work, up scriptural claptraps. Nothing is too awful for the "Hear, hear," and "Loud applause." Every portion of the Bible, from Genesis to Revelations, is loudly clapped. The doctrines of the Gospel are cheered. Hear, hear, resounds through the meeting—to what? to a text from St. Paul. One speaker, whom we will not charge with deliberate blasphemy, for the atmosphere of the meeting seems to have heated his brains, concludes his speak.

responds with cheers of clapping! "Come forth from thy Royal chamber, O thou Prince of all the Kings of the earth. Put on the robes of thy Imperial Majesty, take up the sceptre which thine Almighty Father queathed thee, for now the voice of thy beloved calleth

thee, and all creatures sigh to be redeemed." Loud applause!! Mixed with the fanaticism of the speakers, there is an aduation of rank, which we cannot mistake, which ludicrously expends itself upon the Baronet in the chair. The orators are so obviously delighted at being able to say "Sir Culling;" the American one especi lly. The "Sir Cullings" thicken as we go on, till at last it gets to positive familiarity, and rises to "My dear Sir Culling."

"We expect to have the great occumenical alliance, perhaps at its next session, in America, and my dear Sir Culling, if Brother Jonathan' cannot tell what 'B.A.R.T.' means, when

orator likes the opportunity of pronouncing the word; he plays with it in his mouth. Sir Culling's Baronetey becomes magnified into a coronet in the mind of another speaker. He addresses the Baronet :-

"You must permit me to say to yourself, that dim is the lus tre of a ducal coronet, and valueless the highest rewards of political ambition, compared with the honour God has conferred upon you by placing you in that chair." (Applause.) Mr. Baptist Noel's rank is not forgotten, and he is pronounced to "belong to the perrage of heaven." These perpetual

allusions are highly significant.

So much for the "Great Evangelical Alliance Meeting."— We can only say. on a calm review of its proceedings, that it appears to have displayed as much vulgarity, flippancy, infla-tion, and profaneness, as could have been expected on such an occasion; that its tone cannot but disgust persons of any religious taste and unbiassed common sense; that the whole scene was one of puffy, empty, silly, milk-and-water fanaticism—and that Sir Culling Early Smith presided at it.

of the Toronto Building Society was held at the Hall of the Mechanic's Institute on Monday evening last, the President in the chair,—when 8 Shares were disposed of at an average of which we have enumerated above, and which form about a tithe TORONTO BUILDING SOCIETY .- The Second Loan Meeting

361 per cent. premium. linist, gave a Concert at the old City Hall, on Monday evening last, at which he succeeded in bringing together a phalanx of talent, which has rarely, if ever, been equalled at any one concert given in this City. The Vocalists were Mademoiselle Korzinsky, Herr Hecht, Mr. Chapman and Mr. Humphreys, and the principal Instrumentalists, Mr. Marks, (first violin.) Mr. J. P. Clarke, Mus. Bac, and Mr. Ambrose, assisted by some of the most talented members of the Philharmonic So-

The whole Concert was gone through in brilliant style, reflecting honour alike on the Leader and other performers, but we fear it will be long ere such another effort is made to bring an equal array of talent before a Toronto audience, for, shame to say it, the room was not more than one third filled, and we have means of knowing that the actual expenses, Printing, Gas Room, &c., were barely paid by the proceeds. Toronto will, we fear, have to learn by painful experience, that talent will go only to those cities, where it is more properly appreciated, and more liberally rewarded.

Owing to the culpable negligence of the Corporation in leaving a deep drain open in Dutchess street, a melancholy accident occurred there on Tuesday last. The late heavy rains had nearly filled the excavation and a fine child of 3 or 4 years of age fell in. The body was discovered and taken out a few minutes after the accident occurred and all the usual means for recovery were adopted, but unfortunately without success. It gives us much pleasure to announce that the poles for the

Magnetic Telegraph were planted yesterday along Front Street. We hope to see the Telegraph in full operation in a few weeks. The Toronto Water Company are placing several new Hydrants through the City. We trust they may prove more efficient than the old ones.

king with approval. Without holding ourselves responsible for

subject of a Mutual Life Assurance Company in Upper Canada. We would gladly publish it, but as its contents refer mainly to the remarks of the Chronicle & Gazette upon a letter signed Kent, it would be unintelligible to our readers unless both the document referred to, and the comment of our Kingston contemporary, were also to appear in our columns. It may equally answer the object of X. L., if we hear state our conviction, that such a Society as he proposes would do well, and that in fact we have long been surprised that nothing of the kind has been attempted. The rates of premiums in the English Life Assurance Companies are based upon the calculation that their funds may be invested at 3 or 3 per cent.; while here, any such association could rely upon obtaining a return of nearly double. The necessary consequence is, that a Company con ducted on the spot, and investing its funds among us, could either work with much lower rates, or would divide a much larger amount of bonuses. It would make money when the British one was doing a bare business."

The Bank of Montreal under date of October 31st, announces semi-annual dividend of three and a half per cent, on its Capital Stock, payable at Montreal, and at the various Agencies

Department the appointment of Secretary to the Commission for assessing the damage done to property along the line of the public works on the River Trent. We need not say that a more popular or more deserved appointment than the above more popular or more deserved appointment than the above could not have been made.—Cobourg Star.

Westmorland.—T

menace had the marriage been so repugnant to her feelings as The objection of England to the marriage is, that it will probably make Society of England to the marriage is, that it will probably make Society of England to the marriage is, that it will probably make Society of England to the marriage is that it will probably make Society of England to the marriage is that it will probably make Society of England to the marriage is that it will probably make Society of England to the marriage is that it will probably make Society of England to the marriage is that it will probably make Society of England to the marriage is that it will probably make Society of England to the marriage is that it will probably make Society of England to the marriage is the marr

WELLINGTON DISTRICT GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

boys in attendance at the said school, they desire to express their opinion that an improvement has taken place in the con-

MEDICAL CORPORATION. - There was a meeting of certain Femous humility, indeed! The reason he assigns for not panegyrizing, is the very humble one, that the subject matter is above all panegyric! This is something like the modesty of the gentleman in the story, who was heard soliloquising—"How windup of the speech is perfect.

"I cannot conclude without saying that the eyes of history are upon us, and of God, and we are at this moment a focus of interest that is improved as a meeting of certain members of the Medical Profession, at Three Rivers, this day week. Dr. Nelson in the chair. It was determined to petition for an Act of Incorporation of "A College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada East." It was agreed, after some debate, that the governing body or council of the College, do consist of all such members of the Corporation, as hold qualifications to practice of not less than fifteen years' date, and who shall have resided in the province poless than five years. That the numbers of the members of the Medical Profession, at Three Rivers, this day week. Dr. Nelson in the chair. It was determined to petition for an Act of Incorporation of "A College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada East." It was agreed, after some debate, all such members of the Medical Profession, at Three Rivers, this day week. Dr. Nelson in the chair. It was determined to petition for an Act of Incorporation of "A College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada East." It was agreed, after some debate, all such members of the Medical Profession, at Three Rivers, this day week. Dr. Nelson in the chair. It was determined to petition for an Act of Incorporation of "A College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada East." It was agreed, after some debate, all such members of the Medical Profession, at Three Rivers, this day week. Dr. Nelson in the chair. It was determined to petition for an Act of Incorporation of "A College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada East." It was agreed, after some debate, all such members of the Medical Profession, at Three Rivers, this day week. Dr. Nelson in the chai are upon us, and of God, and we are at this moment a focus of interest that is immense and wonderful. Let us be humble; let ber of the Council shall be 36; 15 of whom shall represent the us feel our dependence."

Yes, let us fast, by all means, but let us eat a very good dinner first, if you please. Dr. Cox's self-denying humility seems to be much on this type. "We are a focus of interest, immense, wonderful! the eyes of history are upon us! Let us be humble."

ber of the Council shall be 36; 15 of whom shall represent the Districts of Quebec and Gaspé; 15 the Districts of Montreal and St. Francis (the whole Eastern Townships), and 6 the District of Three Rivers. That the Corporation shall meet every third year alternately at Montreal, Quebec, and Three to be much on this type. "We are a focus of interest, immense, wonderful! the eyes of history are upon us! Let us be humble." Rivers, for the election of the Council. That the Corporation Stuffed up to the throat with self-adulation, the good doctor is then ready for his fast upon humility. We will suggest, by the way, here to the "Alliance," a sentiment of Mr. Carlyle's, "that way, here to the "Alliance," a sentiment of Mr. Carlyle's, "that way, here to the "Alliance," a sentiment of Mr. Carlyle's, "that way, here to the "Alliance," a sentiment of Mr. Carlyle's, "that way, here to the "Alliance," a sentiment of Mr. Carlyle's, "that way, here to the "Alliance," a sentiment of Mr. Carlyle's, "that way, here to the "Alliance," a sentiment of Mr. Carlyle's, "that way, here to the "Corporation to legislate in all mo nation (society will do as well) was ever doing anything great, when it thought of its own greatness." The miscrable self-contemplativeness of the "Evangelical Alliance," tells sadioally against its strength. It is the only regular fop who is always looking at himself in the glass. ways looking at himself in the glass.

We cannot afford room for more than a casual glance at the numerous grotesque or nauseous characteristics of this meeting; the profanation, the shocking brazen audacity with which the speakers mouth out holy names, and work, an expiritual alarm.

meeting seems to have heated his brains, concludes his speech. it gives to such a body. If they are extensive, they will be very with a loud vociferated prayer, addressed in the most awful liable to abuse, and probably, be made subservient to mere fee language to the Son of God, and to which the whole audience gathering, and the giving of factitious importance to intriguing

ndividuals .-- Montreal Gaxette. NOVA SCOTIA AND THE UNITED STATES .- The following statement of the commercial affairs of Nova Scotia as regards the importation of manufactured articles from the United States beartening representation. Whilst such a condition of affairs prevails, the interests of British commerce in the Colonies must suffer no small loss. How is it that no effort can be made to compete with our neighbours? Surely it is worth while for the British manufacturer to consider whether he cannot effect

a lodgement in so productive a market:—

"An American citizen travelling through the country, and stopping occasionally on his route, whether at public or private es, would be puzzled to define where lay the distinction between the British and United States subject, from the objects around him. If he examined the paper which covered the walls—the clock that gave him an idea of the time—the prints. hich adorned his chamber—the glass in the windows—the which adorned his champer—the glass in the window.

catches to support the sashes—the paper upon which he wrote

—the Provincial newspaper he reads, (press, type, and paper,)

—the Bible and the historical book, the novel, and the annual

—he will find each and all of United States manufacture. The

will be 3½ per cent.

Where per or, 14s chair upon which he sits-the table off which he eats, and the table-covers-the sofa-the couch-the easy-chair -the bedstead on which he sleeps-are all the productions of the same country, so generous in supplying our wants The Franklin stove and the close stove which warm the rooms, and the cooking stove which adds to the economy of the kitchen, the hearth brush and the corn broom, the bucket and the bellows—come from the United States. The flour of which his bread is made Private ENGLISH FUNDS.

Trican friends: Suppose him to take a walk into the fields and barns of the farmers,—he knows this to be a United States

Threshing-Machine,—that planch cultivate.

CANADIAN STOCKS. is a product also of the Ohio-and in the opinion of Bluenose, barns of the farmers,—he knows this to be a United States
Threshing-Machine,—that plough, cultivator, and straw cutter,
were made in Boston—that half-a-dozen dung forks, and the
four or five hay forks, the reaping hook and the scythe, give
unequivocal evidence of the same work-shop—and if he east
his eyes over the fields, he will find elso in the white weed, in-

contestible evidence, that the Timothy and Clover seed has also been imported from the United States. Brother Jonathan does not fail likewise to carry on a flourishing trade through the open doors which the Legislature has provided, in tea, bran-

of the notions thrown into the Province, by American enter-prise, or Colonial vessels employed in the trade." SUMMARY.—The body of a man named Samuel H. Wye was found in the Bois de Champlain, under circumstances which left it in doubt whether he bad been murdered or had

committed suicide -The contracts for grading the St. Lawrence and Atlantic Railroad from Longueil to St. Hyacinthe a distance of 30 miles, and for building a bridge across the Richelieu, have been let: the first to Messra. Black, Wood & Co. and the latter, to Messrs. Boody, Stone & Co .- The Gore Dis trict Council, at its late session, forwarded a Memorial to His Excellency, the Governor General, upon the subject of reopening the communication across the Burlington Beach, inter-rupted for some time past by the removal of the swing bridge -The Clifton House at the Falls was struck by lightr week before last: several of the bell-wires were melted.—The Nisgara District Council have prepared a Petition to the Legislature, praying for the removal of the site of the District Town.

—In consequence of the late accident to the Lord Sydenham, the Montreal Courier recommends the appointment of a responsible Inspector of Steamboats and Steam-machinery.—The Adjutant General, in a letter to Col. Gugy, has delivered his official opinion, that new Commissions must be issued under the new Milipia Act.—The Montreal Courier says, "the loss of non-commissioned officers and privates in the American Forces at Monterey is not stated on authority, but is guessed at three hundred killed and the same number wounded—this would appear a very unlikely statement, the disproportion between the killed and wounded being such as was never heard of before—the English had only 13 officers killed in the late battle of Sobraon, and the total amount of killed was only 320, but 2063 men were wounded; the English fought the battle with 12,000 men against 67,000 Sikhs in a strongly entrenched position, defended by 70 guns."—Sir George Simpson has returned to Montreal from Red River: the troops, under Colonel Crofton, Our attention has been invited by a Correspondent to a tyrk Factory, had arrived in good health before his departure. The Montreal Gazette expresses a suspicion that the in the (Kingston) Chronicle & Gazette of the 17th ult. That on the (Kingston) Chronicle & Gazette of the 17th int. That paper is not amongst our exchanges, and we have been unable to procure the number we required in other quarters. The subject of the letter, we understand, is the establishment of a Mutual Life Assurance Company. We perceive that our able contemporary of the Patriot has noticed the proposed undertang with approval. Without holding ourselves responsible for details of a project which we have had no opportunity of Island, between Cobourg and Port Hope, which has been subexamining, we very readily lay before our readers the opinion of the Patriot, as a judgment which may be safely confided City of Matamoras has been the scene of some most atrocious cruelties since its occupation by the American army.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

St. John, Oct. 10.
THE ELECTIONS.—On Monday last, the nomination Candidates for the representation of the City and County of St. John, took place at the Court House in this City. The following gentlemen were then nominated as candidates and being called upon by an elector, handed in their respective

qualifications-viz :-For the County .- John R. Partelow, John Jordan, William J. Ritchie, John Owens, John G. Gray, Robert D. Wilmot, and John T. Smith Esquires.

For the City.—Hon. Robert L. Hazen, Isaac Woodward, Charles Watters, William Jack, and William H. Needham,

Polls for the County were held in the different districts yesterday, and resulted in the election of Messrs. Jordan Patelow. Ritchie, and Wilmot.

itchie, and Wilmot. The polls for the two City Members are being held to-day lessers. Huzen and Woodward were leading when our paper York County. The election took place on Wednesday Mes-

York County. The election took pince on wednesday steed cember next.

We have much pleasure in learning that Charles Green, Esq., late Pay master to the Board of Works in this District, in which capacity he gave universal satisfaction, has received from that Department the experiment of Search to the County of Search

Westmorland .- The polling in this County took place last Thesday, and resulted in the election of Messrs. Hanington Wilson, Bustlord, and Landry. State of the poll at its close Hanington, 1063; Wilson, 882; Bosford, 842; Landry, 802; Gilbert 716; Avard. 695; Chapman, 685; Palmer, 658;—Messrs. Hanington and Bosford were in the late House, and Dr. Wilson was formerly a Representative from the County; Mr. Landry is a new Member. Mr. Palmer was one of the late Members—the other (Smith) resides in the County of Albert.

From St. John's Observer, Oct. 13. THE ELECTIONS FOR THE CITY OF ST. JOHN .- The Hon

Robert L. Hazen, and Isaac Woodward, Esquire, have been

York .- Messis. Wilmot and Fisher.

Resigouche .- Mr. Barberie and the Hon. John Montgomery

MEXICO.

om this account we compile the following particulars.

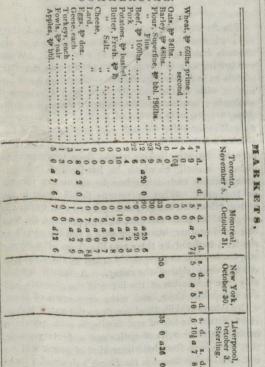
The gale commenced blowing from N.E., the morning of the 11th ult. By one o'clock it blew a perfect burricane. tide rose rapidly and the storm raged with incredible violence until near midnight, when it abated. On the 12th it blew a moderate gale and gradually subsided. Every dwelling house save five or six at Key West was destroyed or unroofed. The United States brig Perry was in the same gale or tor-

nado, driven with resistless violence before the wind, but was finally run ashore after all hope of saving her was gone, and in I probability will be saved. LIST OF VESSELS WRECKED AT KEY WEST .- U. S. Brig

erry; ashore in eleven feet of water. S. Revenue Cutter Morris; ashore, probably a total Brig Colorado, dismasted, and ashore; but since extricated.

Schooner Commodore Kearney, ashore in two feet of water. Governor Bennett, H. W. Safford, and Matamoras, all disnasted . the two former condemned Between twenty and thirty more have suffered, more or less severely from the tempest.

COMMERCIAL.



The present rate of Freight from this port to Montreal is 3s. 6d. FREIGHTS FROM MONTREAL TO LIVERPOOL.—Wheat per qr. 14s.—Flour, 5s 6d. Ashes per ton, 40s.

Ashes per ton, 40s. EXCHANGE.
Toronto. Montreal. New York. Bank @ 60 days 111 Private " 91 @ 101 8@8 ENGLISH FUNDS.

Letters for England.

The last days on which Letters for England should be sted at Toronto, for the next Mail, to leave Boston on the 16th October next, are-

Via Montreal-Saturday, 7th November, at Eleven Via Boston direct-Thursday, 12th November, at Ten o'elock, A. M.

Post Office Toronto.

5th Nov. 1846. GOVERNESS WANTED.

BY a Family residing in the Town of Niagara. Apply to

Governess. WIDOW LADY is desirous of procuring a situation as Companion or Governess in a respectable family, she ving been accustomed to teach in some of the Noble Families a Scotland—would have no objections to make herself useful the domestic duties of a family. Salary not so much a consideration as a comfortable home.

For particulars address M. K., Patriot Office, Toronto. Toronto, 28th October, 1846.

To Printers and Publishers.

SCHOOL BOOKS. THE Commissioners of National Education, in Ireland having conferred the privilege on the Board of Education, for Upper Canada, to reprint the Books published by the Irish Board, for the use of Schools in this Province; or, if

preferred, to supply the Provincial Board with the Irish Editions of those Books, at reduced prices, The Board of Education is now prepared to receive Tenders, for the publication of those Books, in every respect uniform with the Irish Editions, or for the IMPORTATION of the Pot Ash Coolers, and other Hollow Ware. Irish Editions, for the use of Common Schools in Upper Canada Lists and Specimens of the Books, and the reduced prices of the Irish Board, as well as every other requisite information of the subject, may be had on application to the Chief Superior tendent of Schools, in Toronto.

N.B .- The Tenders to be given in on or before the First By Order of the Board, J. GEORGE HODGINS.

Recording Clerk. Education Office. Toronto, October 27, 1846.

NOTICE. THE UNDERSIGNED ceased to have any connection with, or in the Business of "PEARSON'S EXPRESS," on SATURDAY, the 22nd instant. THOMAS PEARSON. THOMAS ALLEN.

Toronto, Oct. 22nd, 1846. Young Ladies' Seminary.

RS. CROMBIE begs to announce to her former patrons, and the public generally, that she has re-opened her and the public generally, that she has re-opened her seminary for the Tuition of Young Ladies, and that the business thereof is now in active operation.

Terms of Tuition, and other particulars made known on apcation to Mrs. Crombie at the Grammar School, Nelson

Toronto, 27th Oct., 1846. THE TORONTO, HAMILTON, AND NIAGARA ELECTRO-MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

A Ta Meeting of the Directors of the said Company, held at Toronto, on Thursday, the 22nd day of October, Ten per centum on the Capital Stock be called in, payable

Thirty per centum, payable on 15th November next. Thirty per centum, payable on 10th December next. Thirty per centum, payable on 31st December next. C. GAMBLE, President.

Toronto, Oct. 22, 1846. BANK NOTICE. THE Business of the BRANCH BANK of MONTREAL will be transacted in their New Banking House, corner fronge and Front Streets, on and after Thursday, the 5th

W. WILSON, Cashier .. Branch Bank, Montreal, Toronto, Oct., 26, 1846.

RICHARD SCORE, MERCHANT TAILOR, No. 1, Chewett's Buildings, Toronto,

BEGS respectfully to acquaint the Gentry of Canada West, and Public generally, that he has now received his Stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Consisting of best WEST OF ENGLAND CLOTHS, CASSI-MERES, DOESKINS, and a variety of VESTINGS, all of which he is prepared to make up in the best style, and on terms that cannot full to give satisfaction. N.B. - University WORK done in all the different orders;

also, Judges, Queen's Counsel, and Barristers' Robes, in the Toronto. Oct. 16, 1846. A CARD.

THOMAS J. PRESTON, MERCHANT TAILOR, Toronto, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that the term of his agreement with Mr. Thos. Bilron being about to expire, he has made extensive arrangements to resume his business early next month (November), in the NEW BUILDING, next to the Court House (North), on CHURCH STREET, TERRIFIC GALE IN THE GULF OF MEXICO.—An Extra of the British Colonist, dated 3rd November, publishes at length om the New Orleans Picayune, the account of a very destructed a manner as to give that satisfaction to the genery and public, as will merit the patronage which, on a former occasion. where he hopes, from a superior assortment of goods suitable for the season, and his many years experience in business in he so eminently enjoyed.

Toronto, October 16, 1846.

A CARD. THE SUBSCRIBER considers it necessary to state for the information of his friends generally, that no change has taken place, or is contemplated, with reference to his business. T. BILTON.

No. 2, Wellington Buildings, LATE T. J. PRESTON. See advertisement. October 22, 1846. IMPORTATION OF

Rich Fall and Winter Goods. THOMAS BILTON, MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 2, WELLINGTON BUILDINGS. THE Subscriber begs to inform the Gentry of Canada West, that his importation of FALL & WINTER GOODS have come to hand, comprising the best possible assortment both in Style and Quality, of Beaver Cloths, Plain and Fancy Trowserings, Rich Plushes, &c. &c. In fact his present Stock embraces that select class of Goods which are only to be met with in a first-rate Establishment.

The Tailoring Department will continue to be conducted on those principles calculated to ensure a continuance of the distinguished patronage already N. B.—University Work in its different orders, also Judges', Queen's Counsel, and Barrister's Robes, in the most approved

Engraved District Waps. rico be Published, a complete ATLAS OF CANADA WEST, in Districts, shewing every Lot, Farm, River, Creek, Port, Town, Village, Post Office, Church, &c., in each Township; exhibiting a Bird's-e, e view of all Travelled Roads, distinguishing the Concession Lines and bearings, Plank, Rail and Mail Routes, beautifelly Engraved upon Copper Plates.

At Brockville, on Wednesday, the 21st inst., by the Rev. (about 2 by 3 feet), forming a Register of all Improvements in the Country, upon a scale of $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles to one inch—considerably larger than Bouchette's, and embracing more information than ville.

Toronto, October 10, 1846

contained in any other Map-and drawn by eminent Surveyors. Plate 1-The Western District, with Chart. Plate 2-London, Talhot, and Brock Districts. Plate 3-The Haron Tract. The Home, Simcoe, Niagare, Midland, Newcastle, and other

Districts, will follow in succession, one every two months.—
Price to Subscribers, 10s. each plate, who will receive Proof impressions. Subscribers' names will be received by the Engravers, J. ELLIS & Co., 8, King Street, Toronto, (from 15, Broad Street, Bank of England, London), and at the Office of this Paper. Toronto, Oct. 1, 1846.

JUST PUBLISHED, (Illustrated with numerous Wood Engravings,)

RECREATIONS OF A LONG VACATION:

A VISIT TO INDIAN MISSIONS IN UPPER CANADA. BY JAMES BEAVEN, D.D. Professor of Divinity in the University of King's College, Toronto. Price, 5s .- Bound in Cloth.

For Sale by Ramsay, Armour & Co., Kingston; Ramsay & McKendrick, Hamilton; Goodeve & Corrigal, Cobourg; at the Depository of The Church Society, Toronto; and by the H. & W. ROWSELL.

THOMAS WHEELER, WATCH MAKER, ENGRAVER, &c.

No. 6, King Street East, Toronto, R ESPECTFULLY solicins a share of public patronage.

Every description of Watches and Clocks cleaned and repaired with accuracy and despatch, and warranted.

Arms, Crests, Cyphers. Brass and Silver Seals, Door Plates, &c. Engraved. Coats of Arms Emblazoned. Jewelry neatly repaired. Hair inserted in Lockets, &c. China and Glass iveted and repaired.

** Reference for integrity and ability kindly permitted to THE LORD BISHOP OF TORONTO. 476-52 OILS.

BARNARD, CURTISS & Co. 110, Front Street, New York, WORKS, Blesched and Unbleached WINTER AND FALL OILS, of all kinds, such as Sperm, Elephant, Whale, and Lard Oils, and Sperm Candles, which they offer on

New York, Sept. 1, 1846. RIDOUT BROTHERS & Co. BEG to announce to their Friends and the Public generally, that their STOCK has, by RECENT IMPORTATIONS, been considerably sugmented; and that, in addition to a WELL-SELECTED ASSORTMENT OF

SHELF HARDWARE, they hold on hand, English, Swedes, and Banks's Iron; Sanderson's Steel; Cut and Wrought Nails; Shot; Sheet Lead; Lead Pipe; Spades; Shovels; Feying Pans, and Irons; Fenders; Fire Grates; Fire Irons; Files; Saws; Edge Tools, and

CUTLERY. Parlour and Cooking Stoves; Camp Ovens, Bellied Pots;

WHICH, WITH 100 boxes Felling Axes, 500 boxes Glass, 7 × 9 and 12 × 18, 100 bundles Wire:

300 boxes Canada Plates. They offer for Sale on advantageous conditions. ningham, Sheffield and Wolverhumpton Warehouse, To on o. Oct. 1, 1846 481-13

MR. P. MARCH R ESPECTFULLY annuances that he has entered into ar-

A Splendid Mezzotinto Engraving REV. DR. M'CAUL,

Vice President of King's College, Toronto, From the Painting executed for the Principal and Masters of Upper Canada College, (to whom the Engraving is, by permission, respectfully dedicated.) and which has been pronounced

to its being placed in the hands of the engraver, some material provements were made.
The price will be 20% for Proofs, and 12% 6d. for Prints; and great care will be taken to secure perfect copies to sub-

The Portrait will be of the same size and style as that of the Governor General recently engraved; and by the same Engraver, Mr. Warner, and published by
H. & W. ROWSELL. Booksellers and Printers to the University of King's College, Toronto.

Street, and also at the Publishers'. 479 PRIVATE TUITION.

THE REV. A. PYNE, A.B. Incumbent of St. Jude's Church, Oakville, WILL be prepared, by the First of November next, to BOARDERS, who shall in every respect be treated as mem-

bers of his family,
Mr. P. would carefully prepare Students for entrance at the University, and is now desirous of commencing with a small class. He would also instruct a few Junior Pupils in the several branches of an English or Classical Education. For terms, apply to the Rev. A. PYNE, Lake Shore Road.

WANTED, CLASSICAL MASTER, to take charge of a Small School, a short distance from Montreal. alified to direct the children in the ordinary branches of Classical and General Education.

Sept. 3, 1846.

Address, post-paid, stating qualifications and references, to the Rev. A. B., at the Rev. D. B. PARNTHER'S, Montrea July 14, 1846. BOARD AND EDUCATION.

CLASSICAL AND COMMERCIAL ACADEMY. YORK STREET. MR. LOSCOMBE respectfully announces to his Friends and the Public that be will RE-OPEN HIS SCHOOL, on Monday, the 7th September, in a new and spacious School House, on the CORNER OF YORK STREET AND BOULTON STREET WEST, when he trusts, by pursuing a course of un-remitting attention, to merit a continuance of that support which has hitherto favoured his exertions.

MR. Lescombe has removed into a spacious brick house in Yonge Street, opposite to the new Protestant Free Church, and has vacancies for FOUR PRIVATE BOARDERS.

Satisfactory references can be given. Teronto, August 20, 1846. EDUCATION.

MRS. PETER KEEFER continues to receive a limited number of young Ladies as Boarders, to whom she devotes her most watchful care and attention, using every envotes her most vatering care and architon, using every en-des your to promote their Moral and Religious welfare, intellec-tual improvement, lady-like deportment, heal h and heppiness. That she has not been unsucce-sful in these efforts, she is thenkful and happy to state; and likewise requests that any persons wishing to send their daughters from home for education, will make some inquiry concerning the Establishment at Thorold, which is a pre-eminently healthy place, and from its lelightful and reli ed situation, well adapted for a School; as, in the writer's estimation there is a better hope for the charac ter, when the imagination expands during the period of youth, amid the fair scenes of nature; for these early impressions tend to pre-occupy the fancy, and to give a lasting direction to the taste. References kindly permitted to the—

Rev. T. B. FULLER, Thorold, Rev. T. CREEN, Ningara, Rev. A. PALMER, Guelph, WM. RICHARDSON, Esq. Brantford. TERMS may be had on application to Mrs. Keefer. Thorold, August, 1846.

DAILY GOVERNESS. LADY would be glad to meet with an engagement as DAILY GOVERNESS, in this city. Apply at the Office of this paper. BIRTHS.

On Friday, the 23rd inst., the lady of F. P. Rubridge, Esq., (Public Works Department,) of a son. At St. Catherines, on the 3rd inst., the wife of the Rev. A. At Montreal, on the 28th Oct., at Bellevue Terrace, the lady

of Col. W. Ermantinger, of a son.
On the 30th of August, at Burnham, Westage, the wife of the Rev. Thomas Earle Welby, of twin daughters. MARRIED. In St. Peter's Church, Thorold, on the 23rd inst., by the

At Brockville, on Wednesday, the 21st inst., by the Rev. Mr. Denroche, John Ross, E-q., of Belleville, Barrister at Law. to Margaret, third daughter of George Crawford, Esq., of Brock-At Errol, Plympton, Canada West, on the 28rd ult., by the

Rev. Mr. Mockridge, Alexander Scott, E-q., third son of the Rev. W. Scott, Prebendary of Tagmon, County of Wexford, Ireland, to Sarah, eldest daughter of George Hyde, Esquire, Lieut., R. N. On the 28th ult., at Christ's church, Hamilton, by the Rev. J. G. Geddes, Mr. Thomas Wilson, to Eliza Ann, eldest daugh-

ter of Mr. J. Kennedy. Office of in the 40th year of her age, and in full christian faith and hope,
480-tf Helen, wife of the Hon. John Macaulay, deeply regretted by

her family and friends.

In Kingston, on Tuesday, 27th Oct., of a relapsed fever contracted at New Haven (Connecticut), Naomi Helen, second daughter of the Hon. John Macaulay, aged 7 years and 10 At Windsor Bay, Whitby, on the 2nd inst., Francis Kirk-

ham Tincombe, aged 26, eldest son of the late Capt. Tincombe, Devonshire, England. At Cobourg, on the 28th ult., in his sixth year, John Francis, son of Mr. Hudspeth, of that place. LETTERS received to Thursday, November 5:

Mr. Thos. Ryall, (No. 1 and 2), add subs. and rem.; S. J. Scovil, Esq. rem. (the papers have been sent to the Rev. F. Coster, St. John's, N. B.; in future shall be sent as directed): Rev. T B. Fuller; Rev. W. McMurray, Rev. John Pentland; Rev. A. F. Atkinson; Wm. Miller & Co.; Post Master King479-3m ston; Rev. Thos. Greene; Rev. Jon. Shortt.

King Street, Toronto.

In this city, on the 1st inst, Mrs. T. Bilton, of a daughter-