## Sanitary Acports.

## THE VESTRY OF ST. MARY ABBOTT'S, KENSING FON.

We have just received a report issued by the "Vestry of the Parish of St Mary Abbott's, Kensington, W. London," on the spread of Scarlet Fever, with instructions for preventing the spread of infectious or contagious diseases, such as scarlet fever, We reprint them, although we gave our readers small-pox, &c. a synopsis of the like in our August number. Our Board of Health should distribute copies gratuitously to our fellow-citizens of some such suggestions, not forgetting a strong one on revaccination.

1.—Separate the sick person from the rest of the family directly illness appears, placing him, if possible, in a room at the top of the house, and taking care to remove carpets, curtains, and all unnecessary articles of furniture and clothing therefrom.

2.—Admit fresh air by opening the upper sash of the window. The fire place should be kept open, and a fire lighted if the weather permits. Fresh air should be freely admitted through the whole house by means of open windows and doors. through the house, the less likely is the disease to air th spreau.

3.—Hang up a sheet outside the door of the sick room, and keep it wet with a mixture made either with a quarter of a pint of carbolic acid (No. 4), or a pound of chloride of 1 me, and a gallon of water. The floor should be well sprinkled frequently with either of the same disinfectants, and cloths, wetted with either; hung up in the room.

4.—Everything that passes from the sick person should be received into vessels containing half a pint of a solution of green copperas, made by dissolving one pound of copperas in a gallon A like quantity of the solution of copperas should be added to the discharges before emptying them into the closet.

5.—Every sink, closet or privy should have a quantity of one of he above-named disinfectants poured into it daily, and the greatest care should be taken to prevent the contamination of drinking water by any discharges from the sick person.

J.—All cups, glasses, spoons, &c., used by the sick person should be first washed in the above-named solution of carbolic