whom we Canadians have so spontaneously extended the most cordial welcome, for this, that besides being a great general, he showed himself, on the battlefield, the friend and protector of our boys who were ready to lay down their lines, as a great many did, in order that Justice may prevail among the nations. But too often, military genius has achieved no enduring results, while the work of such men as Pericles, Aeschylus, Demosthenes, Cicero, etc., has produced lasting effects, the benefit of which is still felt.

Caesar's legions conquered the world, though the great Empire soon declined and fell, but the Roman jurists have brought everlasting glory on their country, whose laws have proven to be for the world at large an inexhaustible fountain of knowledge and an indestructible monument of wisdom.

And what were Napoleon's own words at St. Helena? "My glory," said he, "shall not consist in having won forty battles. Waterloo will wipe out the memory of all my victories, while nothing can ever destroy what will last forever, and that is my Civil Code." That Code, the pride of the fallen Emperor, that Code so highly praised and now sanctioned by over a century's experience, from which nations have borrowed their domestic legislation, that Code was not the work of a conqueror, but of advocates and jurists who, themselves, derived their inspiration from the Roman Law and from the great Justinian Code which has come down to us, through sixteen hundred years, as the very model of all codes of law devised or yet to be devised.

And England, proud Albion, whose fleet covers the seas, upon whose domains the sun never sets, to what does she owe her immense prosperity, her leading influence in the Council of Nations, if not to the excellence of her maritime and commercial laws, to the fairness and humanity of her criminal laws, of those laws which so jealously safeguard the liberty of the subject that it has been said of them that the moment a colored man sets his foot in England he is no longer a slave.

Such laws to which Great Britain owes her supremacy