royal decree abolishing the trading privileges hitherto granted in the Northwest, although it soon became inoperative, was disastrous to many traders. Perrot had, moreover, spent large sums in presents to the savages, trusting to the French authorities for his reimbursement. In this he was disappointed; and his last years were spent in poverty. During this period, he composed his memoirs, which afford a faithful picture of the Indian tribes then inhabiting the Northwest, their customs and superstitions. This document remained in MS. form until 1864, when it was published, with copious and learned notes by the Jesuit Tailhan; it has already been often cited by us in the notes accompanying this series. Perrot died Aug. 13, 1717. Concerning his life and achievements, see Tailhan's notes to Perrot's Mémoire; Sulte's Canad.-Fran., t. v., pp. 50-51; and Stickney's "Nicholas Perrot," in Parkman Club Papers, 1896, pp. 1-15.

- 6 (p. 133).—Regarding the early settlement of the Ottawas on Manitoulin Island, see vol. xiv., note 9.
  - 7 (p. 151).—Concerning "rock tripe," see vol. xxxv., note 28.
- 8 (p. 197).—See Hornaday's admirable monograph on "Extermination of the American Bison," in *U. S. Nat. Mus. Rep.*, 1887, pp. 367-548. Cf. vol. ix. of this series, *note* 33.
- 9 (p. 199).—The bird thus described is the American white pelican (*Pelecanus erythrorhyncos*); found in temperate North America as far north as 61°, and migrating southward in winter.—See Ridgway's *N. Amer. Birds* (Phila., 1887), pp. 81, 82; and *Riverside Nat. Hist.*, vol. iv., pp. 185–188.
- 10 (p. 221).—Upon the location of St. Mark's mission, see vol. liv., note 12. Since that note was written, Lawson, in company with Mgr. J. J. Fox, of Green Bay, has (Sept. 19-20, 1899) revisited and reëxamined some of the Indian sites in Waupaca county. In a letter to the editor (dated Sept. 25), he now advances the opinion that the mission "was located at Manawa," a village on the Little Wolf River, in the township of Little Wolf. He thinks that White Lake, in the township of Royalton, about five miles south of Manawa, is the "little Lake St. Francis" of Allouez.
- 11 (p. 235).—Louis de Buade, count de Frontenac, was born in 1620. His natural preference was for military life; and, at the age of fifteen, he was sent to Holland, where he served under the prince of Orange. He soon gained distinction and promotion, and was regarded as an officer of considerable ability and bravery. The greater part of his life was spent in active military service, although at times he was attached to the royal court. His marriage was an unhappy one, and his only son died at an early age. In 1672, he