General News.

—Use Seavey's East India Liniment.

Toronto, Dec. 7.—There are ugly rumors afloat about the standing of some large dry goods houses. Developments are expected in a few days.

—A child of Officer Lusby of Zanesville, O., received a fall yesterday which drove a clothes-pin through her throat, killing her almost instantly.

—Over 60,000 feet of splendid pine lumber was washed ashore at Friar's point, near Harrisville, Mich., during the recent gales, and nobody has come along to claim it.

Obion, Tenn., Dec. 8.—Three negroes named Adam Charles, Andy Miller and Wm. Smith, who had assaulted a ten-year-old girl, were caught by a mob of 100 whites and blacks yesterday near Rives, Tenn., and hanged.

Pictou, December 7.—A woman named Mrs. Andrew Murray, about seventy years of age, belonging to Toney River, a few miles from Pictou town, was to-day found dead on the road by Daniel Urquhart. She was going to see a near neighbor at the time and was apparently well when she left the house.—*Herald.*

—At Teeswater, Ont., Dec. 5th, when the auctioneer had reached the word "gone," at a sale in Weir & Tandy's furniture store, the floor gave away, letting 75 people, several counters and stoves fall nine feet into the cellar floor. About 20 persons were injured, none fatally; some required medical attendance.

—One Stephen Bailey, of Columbia, S. C., butchered his wife a week ago, and cremated her in a furnace. This heavy ruffian, who is 70 years of age, confessed, on his arrest, to have murdered his two previous wives also, one with a club, the other with a brick. He evinced no repentence.

ACCIDENT.—On Monday, Thomas Cochran, while at work at Messrs. Mack and Sheroff's lumber camp, Aylesford, was caught by a falling tree and had a leg broken below the knee so that the bone protruded through the skin. The unfortunate man was carried on a handsled across Aylesford lake, thence by wagon to his home on North River Road.—*Star.*

FIRE A VOLLEY!—A commercial traveller says, that the people all over this Province speak in the highest terms of Dr. Norton's Dock Blood Purifier and that he knows of some cases where it has almost taken people out of their graves. Without doubt it is the best Tonic Appetizer and Blood cleanser that is sold in the Dominion of Canada.

San Francisco, Dec. 7.—J. B. McDonnell, a brother of George McDonnell, the notorious counterfeiter, is under arrest for obtaining from an engraver a block of a Bank of England five-pound note. McDonnell asked the engraver to make him a cut of a note for the advertisement of a patent medicine. McDonnell's brother, with A. B. Bidewell, swindled the Bank of England out of over a million dollars in 1873.

—Samuel Washington, of Cincinnati, O., is a colored man who deals in coal in small quantities. His wife, however, employs the wholesale system as regards her babies. She has just presented Samuel with triplets, much to his astonishment, and, for that matter, her own too. The babies, two girls and a boy, are strong and healthy, and the latter has been named George Washington, a name well and favorably known.

Ottawa, December 7.—A number of Ottawa capitalists have organized a company and purchased a tract of 300 acres of land, at what is known as Lemer Bleu, about thirteen miles from this city, for the purpose of boring for natural gas, which has been found to exist there in large quantities. Machinery will be imported at once and a trial well sunk, and if the expectations of the promoters are verified, pipes will at once be laid to the city, and Ottawa may become a second Pittsburg, as there is an unlimited supply of iron ore in the district.

—Says the St. John *Globe*:—A prominent English divine with whom the church wardens of St. John's church have been in correspondence lately, with a view of obtaining a successor for Rev. George M. Armstrong, writes that he had spoken to four or five clergymen, and they were all afraid to come to Canada, believing that the climate would be too rigorous for their health. This mistake is doubtless caused by the frequency with which Canadian winter scenes are depicted in the English and Canadian illustrated magazines and papers.

—The congressional library at Washington will cover 111,00 square feet, more than two and a half acres. Mr. Smithmeyer, to whom the library has been entrusted, has carried on, says the *American Architect*, elaborate tests of the resisting power of the soil on which it will stand. A loaded car was brought to bear on the earth of the excavated trenches in such a way as to prove that the resistance was equal to thirteen and a half tons to the square foot. As the estimated weight of the building is between two and three tons to the square foot, the chances of subsidence of walls and consequent disasters are reduced to a minimum. The German parliament house covers 110,000 square feet, the Royal library at Munich 99,000, the library of the British museum 97,000.

A PHYSICIAN'S RUIN.—(New York Nov. 29.)—Dr. Charles Bradley, the Chicago physician who was arrested two years ago in that city for experimenting on his wife and children with cocaine, is himself a victim to the deadly drug. After his discharge he continued the use of morphine and cocaine until his irregular habits and irresponsible actions lost him his practice, which at one time was large. Dr. Bradley came to this city about two months ago, and has lived chiefly in the streets. To obtain the drug, which had now become a necessity to his existence, he resorted to the most desperate methods, which at length caused his arrest. He confessed to being a vagabond, and asked to be sent to some institution for 12 or 18 months, in the hope that his terrible habit could be cured. He was committed for six months which is the limit for vagrancy cases.

NIL DISPERANDUM.

"Never despair," is a good motto for all. If afflicted with any lingering disease, remember "while there is life there is hope." Never despair of relief until you have tried Burdock Blood Bitters. It cures diseases of the stomach, liver and blood when all other medicines fail.

A BIG BUSINESS.—An *Exchange* says: It has been estimated that the potato crop of the Maritime provinces amounted to 20 000,000 bushels the past year, which at an average of 50 cents per bushel are worth $10,000,000. The P. E. I. crop is estimated at 7,000,000. Potato speculators who ship to American markets find a strong competition in the shape of shipments from England and the continent. This season 75 714 bushels have arrived from these sources to New York.

—Tone up the system and improve the appetite by taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla, It will make you feel like a new person. Thousands have found health, and relief from suffering, by the use of this great blood purifier, when all other means failed.

HALIFAX MARKETS.—The following quotations are dated Dec. 2nd, and are furnished us by Messrs. Momford Bros., Argyle St. Butter, choice dairy, 20; butter in rolls, in boxes, per lb., 18 to —; eggs per doz., 23; hams and bacon, per lb., 10; beef, quarters, to 5—; hogs, dressed, per lb., 6 to 6½; mutton, by carcass, 4 to 5; lamb, do., per lb., 4 to 5; veal, do., per lb., —; turkeys, per lb., 11 to 12; ducks, pair, 50 to 60; fowls and chickens, pairs, 30 to 40; geese, each, 60; partridges, pair, 20; rabbits, pair, 8 to 10; apples, bbl., $1.50 to $3.00; potatoes, bbl., $1.00; oats, bush., 35; hay, ton, $14 to $16; wool skins, each, 50 to 55; dried apples, per lb., 6; turnips, bbl., 80; beets, bbl., 80; parsnips, bbl., $1.25; carrots, bbl., $1.15.

A HINT TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

Mrs. Robert Williamson, of Glenila, Parry Sound, Ont., says "I could not keep house without Hagyard's Yellow Oil at hand. I have used it in my family for croup, sore throat, and a cut foot and can highly recommend it to everybody."

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of our correspondents.

MR. EDITOR:—

If to be egotistical is to stick to facts, figures and principles, and to be unwilling to be convinced that one is in the wrong, until those facts, figures and principles are proved to be false, I confess to such egotism. I believe I hold to no trade principles but those that are well established among thoughtful men and endorsed by the best political economists. I refuse to wear the white feather, even if some of our leading men do advise political expedients (as a winning game) in the place of sound, political economy. To belong to a minority in such a case, if necessary, is to me a high ambition.

I am like your correspondent "R," bitterly opposed to our national policy, and like him, I am egotistic enough to say so, notwithstanding the fact that it has been popular with the majority of our people, including "business men of the province." I am, however, unwilling to exchange our national policy for one of which ours is a modified copy.

I think if "R" would read his own letters over carefully, he would find many admissions to the correctness of my claims. I think also that he would find that where the admissions are not made, the refutations are not made either. What about the iron duties I mentioned in my last letter? What about American monopolies, and what about the annexation sentiments of the Commercial Unionist leaders?

Our present policy for collecting revenue, and the policy proposed by Commercial Unionists, are the same in one respect, namely, to levy and collect duties on articles consumed by the people. A remission of duties on goods imported from one country, to be counterbalanced by an equivalent heightening against another, is merely a readjustment of its bearing, and not a lightening of the load on the people. We have had a taste of this sort of readjustment through the Boyd-Tilly readjustment. Applying this reasoning to the case in question, we assume, and are prepared to prove, that the articles we are receiving from England, West Indies, and other countries, are as necessary to the well-being of our people, as those we receive from the United States.

"R" names several articles, that under Commercial Union we could get free from the United States at a much less cost than at present; on this point we think our people laboring under a delusion, and none more so than the farmer, who believes this to be the true policy for him; most of those articles mentioned are articles sold by the most rigid monopoly combinations, the force of which, under Commercial Union, would extend uninterrupted over Canada. The difference between the Commercial Union scheme and a broad free trade policy, so desirable, is, that while the former would give a fillip to many combinations in our own country, it would also give a fillip to those in a border country; while the latter would give us a chance to break these combinations through the freedom of the English, French and German markets. What is the necessity for becoming vessels to a foreign power in order to cheapen articles of consumption, when that can all be accomplished by standing honestly and courageously by the principles of free trade, and thus strengthen the hands of the noble workers for correct trade principles in our mother country, for which we profess so much pride and admiration?

"R" Says he was sorry to find me "opposing the only measure (short of repeal of the union) that would relieve our people from the oppression under which they are now groaning." The writer was a strong supporter of the repeal movement, thinking its success might loose us from the toils of a false policy, but the proofs are so conspicuous that the leaders in the agitation either never had based their movement on any sound principles of trade, or if so lost them before the assumed necessary confirmation by the people that we think it best to drop that subject for the present. If the Commercial Union problem was being dealt with by men who by their past record had proved themselves true free traders, so that we might trust that a free trade with the United States would be immediately followed by general free trade, it might be something of an "acceptable idea," but some of them declare exactly contrary.

December 9th, 1887. H.

P. S.—"R" thinks that we should have Commercial Union in order that our farmers may be relieved from paying ruinous prices for "cotton goods" and "wool flannels." We imported last year over five millions of dollars worth of cotton goods from England, and less than two from the United States. We are unable to understand how our consumers are to be benefitted by putting an increased obstruction against the importation of England's free trade cotton goods, in order to buy the United States monopoly cotton goods. England exported in 1881 $380,000,000 worth of cotton goods or $10.90 per capita; the United States exported in the same year 13,000,000 or 25 cts. per capita. We would be sorry indeed to see our people suffering for the want of wool goods as the Americans have under their fiscal policy. England exported $105 000,000 worth of wool goods in 1881 or $3 per capita, the United States exported in the same year $408,000 or 8.10 of 1c. per capita. H.

CANADIAN RAILWAYS.—*Washington, December*, 4.—Congressmen Townshend and Springer with other gentlemen had a consultation to-day with Senator Cullom relative to some regulations which by amendments to the Inter-state Commission law, will regulate the traffic of this country passing over the Grand Trunk and other Canadian railways from points in the United States through Canada to other points in this country. One of these gentlemen will introduce some measure in Congress that will accomplish this purpose without occasioning any increased cost of transportation to the consumer. It has been suggested by others who have carefully considered the subject that Congress should require the payment of customs duties on articles re-imported into this country over the Canadian railways.

New York, Dec. 12.—A Washington special says: "It is believed here that the fishery commission have given up all hope of formulating a general treaty, and that the most they hope to accomplish is an agreement or protocol defining a new meaning of certain clauses of the treaty of 1818, such as these relating to, to repairs and refreshments, and to the transhipment in bond, across Canada of American fish. It is understood that such a protocol if agreed on, will be merely explanatory of the old treaty, and will not have to be sent to the senate for action, but if acceptable to the state department it will provide a mode of action for the future."

A POISONING PREVENTED.—Miss Martha Potter, a young and pretty woman of Bridgeport, Ct., went into a drug store a few days ago and called for a deadly poison. The clerk put up a harmless liquor. The young lady had been disappointed in love, and sat up all night writing letters to her sweetheart. She then drank the liquid and became so nervous that she was completely prostrated. When her father ascertained the innocent nature of the potion he promised the clerk a handsome Christmas present, and later in the day the daughter came in and thanked him.

DON'T

let that cold of yours run on. You think it is a light thing. But it may run into catarrh. Or into pneumonia. Or consumption.

Catarrh is disgusting. Pneumonia is dangerous. Consumption is death itself.

The breathing apparatus must be kept healthy and clear of all obstructions and offensive matter. Otherwise there is trouble ahead.

All the diseases of these parts, head, nose, throat, bronchial tubes and lungs, can be delightfully and entirely cured by the use of Boschee's German Syrup. If you don't know this already, thousands and thousands of people can tell you. They have been cured by it, and "know how it is, themselves." Bottle only 75 cents. Ask any druggist.

LITERARY NOTICES.

—Babyhood, the magazine for mothers, begins with the December issue its fourth volume. It contains an article by Dr. Chaplin on contagious diseases of children, which will be found especially helpful, giving, as it does the first symptoms of such diseases as scarlet fever, measles, diphtheria, small-pox, chicken-pox, whooping-cough and mumps. The extended article on the prevention and cure of stuttering in children is also particularly valuable. A dozen contributors, among them Rev Drs. John Hall and William M. Taylor discuss the question, "Ought Santa Claus be Abolished!" with a decidedly entertaining difference of opinion. A very practical article on the baby carriage, and brief remarks on nose breathing are also noteworthy. Considerable space is devoted to holiday literature, and careful reviews are given of some dozens of the best books for the wee ones. Several pages are also given up to the most useful hints for Christmas nursery novelties, Baby's wardrobe, the answering of nursery problems, etc. The number from beginning to end is a good one, and should have a place in every home where there are young children. $1.50 a year; 15 cents a copy. Babyhood Publishing Company, 5 Beekman Street, New York.

—The Phrenological Journal and Science of Health, for December presents the portrait and very interesting sketch of Bishop H. C. Potter, of New York. The third of the pleasing articles on notable people of the day includes John W. Mackay, Marquis of Lansdowne, Mrs. Burnett, and Clinton B. Fisk. To the students in that line, "Mathematics in Delineating Character" will be a welcome aid. "Pleasant Winter Quarters," relates to Mexico, with several fine illustrations. Margaret McKenzie's ambition and its aiders and abettors, as well as its detractors and opposers, occupy several pages. English "Penny dinners" may give some light to those interested in similar problems. Consumption is treated of with a masterly hand from a rational point of view. In Child-Culture an "Auntie's Notion's" are continued, and "That Troublesome Child" looms up again. The usual table of careful cullings from the field of science and industry, correspondence and random letters, with thought-full editorials, and poems of unusual excellence make this closing number of 1887 a strong inducement for renewals and new subscribers.

Published at $2 a year, or 20 cents a month per number, by

Fowler & Wells Co., Broadway New York.

THE SWISS CROSS FOR DECEMBER.—We take pleasure in calling the attention of our readers to this excellent periodical, for we can conscientiously recommend it to our young people as one of the best magazines for them we have yet seen. It aims to show them how to collect facts, and how to use them when collected. It is well illustrated. The articles are good, and will add to the reader's stock of ideas, and lead him to think. There is no nonsense about *The Swiss Cross*. It is safe, pure, healthful reading, and we should feel much encouraged as to the future of our nation could we know that all the boys and girls of our land read it. Their would be less of a desire to ape the silly frivolities of Madam Fashion, and more sound common sense, than we find to-day. $1.50 per year. N. D. C. Hodges, 47 Lafayette Place, N. Y.

—Christmas *Wide Awake* is made up of thirty-five poems, stories, sketches, papers of all sorts long and short, and pictures fifty-seven. Both writers and artists are such as stand for timely help along the highway of life with good cheer in the bargain. If such an amount of such work of pen and pencil was made into Christmas books, they would cost as many dollars as cents in *Wide Awake*.

Think of it, $20-worth of the stuff that Christmas books are made of for 20 cents! Besides there is a part not reckoned but which is full of interest, 32 pages of pictures of Christmas things to be got for a little work. There is many a boy and girl who will find in those 32 pages not only Christmas delight, but hints toward wider fortune.

By all means have the Christmas *Wide Awake*. If your bookseller hasn't got it send to the publishers, D. Lothrop Company, Boston.

The Motive Power of the Future.

It is a recognized fact that the steam engine makes use of only a small fraction of the amount of fuel that is burned to run it. The nature of the machine is such that this fact is a necessary one. The fault does not lie in the workmanship, for the actual loss of power from imperfections in this respect is found (by the indicator) to be only about twelve or fifteen per cent. The cause of the low efficiency lies too deep to be overcome by any mechanical device, and it has often been remarked that the motor of the future must work on an entirely different principle.

Mr. Edison has invented a motor which transforms heat into mechanical energy without the intervention of either boilers, pistons or cylinders, and he is very hopeful of improving it so that it may become of practical use. We have examined drawings of it, however, and have become skeptical. The motor is electrical in nature, and in order to make it run it is necessary to heat and cool a piece of iron very rapidly. We doubt if this can be satisfactorily done.

The hot-air engine is very inviting, but men like Ericsson and Siemens after years of thought, have not brought it into successful competition with steam, although they were well acquainted with the theory of its action, and were vastly better prepared to make experiments than the fathers of the steam engines were.

The wind mill is too uncertain in its action to compete with steam though the fact that it consumes nothing must become a very weighty consideration in its favor when our coal supply gives out.

The tide mill has never been very widely adopted, and hardly anyone thinks of it seriously as a rival to steam; but it is nevertheless possible to construct one that can produce power enough for the entire United States. A reservoir forty miles square, at or near the head of the Bay of Fundy, where the tides are very great, would contain sufficient water to generate 700,000 horse power for twelve hours; and this might be distributed electrically and sold in every state in the Union. When coal has become scarce the construction of such reservoirs may be attempted, so that power and light and perhaps heat also, generated in Nova Scotia, may be sold all over the continent.

Power obtained in this way would not come from nothing. If a tide plant like that we have suggested is ever constructed, it will lengthen the time of day. It will slow down the earth's rotation just as certainly as a big gear wheel would, if placed on the earth's axis and made to drive machinery; though the effect would be so slight, owing to the immense size of the earth, that the increase in the length of day would not be measurable for thousands of years.

The gas engine has proven itself very convenient in many places, and oil and powder engines are also in use; but all of these use fuel, so that, equally with the steam engine, fail to solve the great problem that must face the world sooner or later, when the coal is gone. The engine of the future must draw its energy from some of the forces of nature, and it seems that it must be operated by wind, waves or tides, or by rivers, ocean currents or the direct rays of the sun.—*Power.*

—The Sultan of Morocco was, according to report, poisoned by one of his wives from Tunis, a woman of unusual beauty, who considered herself slighted by the Sultan. The latter is now said to have had the woman strangled by his eunuchs. Thirty more women of his harem, who were reported to have known of the attempt, he had ejected from his harem, and gave them for presents to the officers of his palace.

IN A DREADFUL CONDITION.

Hattie E. Manthorn, of Mill Village, Ont., says, "My cough was dreadful, I could not sleep at nights on account of it, but when I used Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam I slept and was quickly cured." All druggists sell this invaluable cough remedy.

BOSTON LETTER.

Canada may make an attempt next year to capture the American Cup for which the English yachts Genesta, Galatea and Thistle, have for three years tried and failed. David Lynch of St. John, N. B., was recently in New York to learn the requirements of a yacht to make eligible as a challenger. Mr. Lynch has built some very fast boats, the pilot boat "Lightning" that he built a number of years ago, being considered the fastest vessel of her class in eastern waters. St. John has sent out some of the fastest clippers on the sea. She has also produced the champion shell builder.

John Teemer, the American champion sculler, may go to Australia to row Beach, who has lately defeated Ned Hanlan, of Toronto. Teemer has also defeated Hanlan. He is considered a remarkable man and will give Beach a hard fight for the world's championship. Hanlan will row Trickett before he returns to America.

I understand that the Baldwin apple, so well known in Nova Scotia, was first raised on the old Baldwin estate, near Woburn, Mass., eight miles from Boston, hence the name.

To-day we were treated to a sight you won't often see in Boston. A yoke of white oxen hitched to a blue farm cart bearing the legend "Deanett's Food," (probably a new extract of beef) on both cart and oxen. They were driven by a man dressed in a blue smock, broad-brimmed white felt hat and long-legged boots,—a cross between a cowboy and a Boston butcher—anything to advertise a new thing, and it pays too.

There are half a million dollars in Boston's savings banks in sums of $25 to $3000, awaiting an owner. This has been unclaimed for twenty years and owners are unknown. By state law, banks are compelled to publish names and addresses after twenty years, as far as known. Seems strange that people will forget where they put their money.

There will be no carnival at Montreal this winter. The committee has decided that it is now too late to make arrangements. D.

Boston, Dec. 9th, 1887.

Local and Other Matter.

—In our last issue we stated under the notice of death of Mr. Cornelius Fleet, that he and his aged helpmeet had lived together for 64 years. It should have been 54 instead.

—Schr. Temple Bar, Capt. Longmire, arrived in port from St. John, on Saturday last, in tow of the Eva Johnson. She was loaded with coal for Messrs. Thompson & Shaffner, merchants.

—A notice was given out by the rector of St. James Church, last Sunday evening, asking the ladies of the parish to kindly meet at the rectory last evening to consider the advisability of getting up a meat supper during the holidays in order to raise funds for church purposes. We have been requested to say that the meeting has been postponed until to-morrow night, (Thursday) when it is hoped there will be a good attendance.

—10 doz. Silk Handkerchiefs, 1 case Ladies' and Gents' fancy Slippers, just opened for the Christmas trade at J. W. Beckwith's. 1i

—The ladies of Torbrook Busy Bee Society intend having a sale of fancy and useful articles at the Baptist meeting house, on Wednesday evening, Dec. 21st. A short entertainment will be given and a ten-cent supper served to any desiring it. Should Wednesday evening prove stormy, it will take place on Friday evening the 23rd. Santa Claus will be there in person. Come and see for yourself. Proceeds are to go toward purchasing a Sunday school library.

—Everything for the Christmas trade, now opened at J. W. Beckwith's.

OBSERVANCE OF ST. JOHN'S DAY.—Divine service will be held in St. Luke's Church, Annapolis, on Tuesday, 27th inst., under the auspices of Annapolis Royal Lodge, No. 33, R. N. S., A. F. and A. M. Rev. H. D. deBlois, M. A., has been asked to officiate. Sojourning and visiting brethern are cordially invited to attend. The craft will leave the Lodge room at high twelve, and march in procession to the church.—*Spectator.*

—Potter's Liniment, for sale at Palfrey's.

—The attention of fruit raisers is directed to the advertisement of Mr. T. E. Smith, of the N. S. Nursery, Cornwallis. Home enterprise should be encouraged, and we believe other things being equal, that trees grown in Nova Scotia nurseries are the best for our fruit growers.

Commission Adjourns.

OTTAWA, Dec. 11.—A telegram received here from Washington states that the fisheries commission has adjourned for a month and Mr. Chamberlain will spend his Christmas holidays in Ottawa.

[Montreal Herald.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—Careful inquiry to-day shows at the legation last night that yesterday's session of the fisheries conference did not break up in a squabble, and no sudden or undignified termination of the negotiations is contemplated. It is a fact, though, that very little progress is being made, and the situation is fast becoming embarrassing. The various propositions are coming from the American side at present, and it will only be when they are all exhausted without having been approved by the other side that the English negotiators will make counter propositions. It is certain there will be no final adjournment until every proposition has been most thoroughly discussed, until it is evident an agreement is absolutely impossible, which is not at all certain. Up to the present time Secretary Bayard wants too much, and our people will not concede to it. That is the situation in a nutshell.

Sarnia, Ont., Dec. 7.—30,000 tons of coal belonging to the G. T. R. on the docks here, is afire and likely to be all destroyed.

A CURE FOR DISTEMPER.

C. C. RICHARDS & Co.,

Gents,—My horse was afflicted with distemper so badly that he could not drink for four days and refused all food. Simply applying Minard's Liniment cured him.

CAPT. HERBERT CANN.

Feb. 1887.

SO SAY ALL.—That Minard's Liniment is the standard Liniment of the day, as it does just what it is represented to do.

Marriages.

PARKER—BATH.—At the residence of the bride, Granville, by Rev. J. G. Angwin, on Tuesday, 6th inst., Mr. Charles W. Parker, of Granville, to Mrs. Sarah E. Bath.

Deaths.

FRAZER.—At Hantsport, on Wednesday, the 7th inst., Bessie R. Frazer, in the 51st year of her age. She was a native of Cromarty, Scotland, and was the only surviving sister of Capt. Frazer of this town.

DEMONT.—At Paradise, Dec. 5th, 1887, of peritonitis, Eliza Ann, wife of George W. Demont, aged 36 years.

—The year 1889, which comprises the latter part of the 113th and the beginning of the 114th year of American independence, corresponds to the year 6602 of the Julian period to 7399-98 of the Byzantine era, the year 7398 commencing Sept. 1; to 5649 50 of the Jewish era, the year 5650 commencing Sept 25 at sunset; to 2612 since the foundation of Rome, according to Varro; to 2636 since the beginning of the era of Nabonassar, which has been assigned to Wednesday, Feb. 26, of the 3967th year of the Julian period and in the notation of astronomers to the 746th year before the birth of Christ; to the 2,665 of the Olympiads; to 2,201 of the Grecian era, or era of the Seleucidæ; to 1,605 of the era of the Diocletian; to 2,549 of the Japanese era, and to the 22nd year of the period entitled "Meiji." The year 1,307 of the Mohammedan era, or the Hegira, begins on August 28th, 1889, and the first day of January, 1889, is the 2,411,004th day since the commencement of the Julian period.

TO RENT.—Three rooms over MONITOR Office. Will be supplied with water from street service if desired. A grand chance for light manufacturing, as steady or intermittent power can be supplied as desired. Possession about 1st January.

—Don't overlook the great offer we are now making of the "*Cottage Hearth*" Magazine and the MONITOR, one year for only $2. The *Cottage Hearth* is a very fine monthly.

New Advertisements.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

THIS Powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

Coal. - - Coal.

I BEG to inform the public that I am importing, by the S. S. "Azorian," from Newcastle, England, a superior lot of Lump House Coal to arrive at Annapolis in January.

Notwithstand I have to pay (50) fifty cents per 2000 lbs. duty on this English Coal, I can still sell it as cheap as old Sydney.

Please book your orders with H. FRASER, if for less than car loads. Or apply to THOS. S. WHITMAN.

Annapolis, Dec. 7th, '87. 8i38

Strayed into My Premises!

A 2 year old STEER. Color, Red and White. Marks, slope under left ear, crop off top and slit in same; square crop off top right ear and nick on same. The owner can have same by proving property and paying expenses.

WILSON FRANCIS,

Phinney Cove, Dec. 5th, '87. 5i40pd

OUR STOCK

: OF :

Canadian, British, & Foreign

Dry Goods

FOR AUTUMN, 1887,

: IS :

VERY LARGE & COMPLETE,

—EMBRACING LEADING LINES IN—

Mantle Cloths and Cloakings,
Fancy Berlin Wool Goods,
Gents' and Ladies' Wool Gloves,
Gents' and Ladies' Wool Hosiery,
Scotch Shawls,

A Very Large Variety of

Berlin Wool Shawls

In all the New Colors.

MOURNING

AND COLORED

Dress Goods,

We call especial attention to our Large Assortment of

Trowserings,
Coatings,
Flannel Shirtings,
Outside Flannel and Top Shirts,

Men's and Boys' Underclothing.

—Our Stock of—

BOYS' AND MEN'S OVERCOATS,
BOYS' AND MEN'S SUITS,

Is Large and the Best Value we have ever shown.

Runciman, Randolph & Co.

Bridgetown, N. S., Oct. 22nd, 1887.

New Advertisements. New Advertisements.

PUTTNER'S EMULSION

OF

COD LIVER OIL, &C.,

IS highly endorsed by the Medical Profession for its wonderful curative effects produced in cases of PULMONARY CONSUMPTION, CHRONIC COUGH, BRONCHITIS and THROAT AFFECTIONS, ASTHMA, SCROFULA, WASTING and DISEASES of WOMEN and CHILDREN. In cases of the NERVOUS SYSTEM as MENTAL ANXIETY, GENERAL DEBILITY, LOSS of VIGOR, WANT of ENERGY, LANGUID APPETITE, PARALYSIS, and the many diseases due to insufficient supply of NERVOUS FORCE. For Weak and Delicate Women and Children

PUTTNER'S EMULSION

—will prove invaluable.—

SOLD BY ALL DEALERS THROUGHOUT CANADA.

Brown Brothers & Co., Druggists, - - Halifax, N. S.

Just Let us Whisper--that

IT WILL DO YOU GOOD TO SEE OUR BIG STOCK OF

Holiday Attractions!

—CONSISTING OF—

Latest Novelties and Most Appropriate Gifts

AT PRICES NOBODY CARES TO MEET.

PEOPLE ARE SAVING MONEY

—AND—

SECURING THE BEST

BY PURCHASING FROM OUR

SEASONABLE LINE

—OF—

Choice SELECTIONS

—IN—

WATCHES, CLOCKS,

JEWELRY,

SILVERWARE, FANCY GOODS, ETC.

AN IMMENSE VARIETY IN ALL OUR DEPARTMENTS!

The Leading Novelties and Standard Styles of the Season.

Prices the Lowest

Ever Known for FIRST CLASS GOODS.

AND DON'T FORGET THAT THERE WILL BE NO NEED OF A SANTA CLAUS FOR THOSE WHO BUY OF

J. E. SANCTON.

NEW STORE!

THE subscriber has removed to one of his New Stores, and now asks the attention of his patrons and the public, and solicits a

Call and Inspection of His Stock.

—100 pairs of Hand Made—

COARSE BOOTS,

made in Shop and Warranted.

—25 Sets of—

HARNESSES,

in Silver, Brass, Nickle and X C. In price from $14 to $40 per set.

Horse Rugs, Collars, Whips, Sleigh Bells, and a Good Line of Harness Furniture, for Retail and Wholesale.

50 pairs of French Uppers, C. D., and Fitted Balmorals in Best Styles.

SHOE FINDINGS Always in STOCK.

WANTED:

1000 HIDES! 1000 HIDES!

Hay Scales in splendid Order for Weighing

GEO. MURDOCH.

For Sale, Cheap.

My Grey Mare, "Nellie,"

Age 9 past; weight, about 950 pounds; sound, kind, and a good driver and worker.

ONE COVERED BUGGY,

in perfect order; warranted as good as any in town.

ONE SLEIGH, 1 year old, upholstered in Red Plush, in good order.

ONE NICKLE MOUNTED HARNESS

The above will be sold CHEAP for CASH.

5i137 ARNOLD GOODWIN.

KINGSTON HOTEL

Capt. C. WEST, Proprietor.

THE above House has been leased by me and I am now prepared to accommodate transient and permanent boarders in the

BEST STYLE

and on MOST REASONABLE RATES.

Good Teams to Hire at All Times.

6mt5pd.

MUSIC

Comic, Popular, Words and Music, 100 of each, 30 cts. or 400 for $1. Book Piano Music, 400 for $1. Book Vocal Music, 400 for $1. Big Bargains in all kinds of Instruments. Illus. 4p. Catalogue free.

John S. Jones,

P. O. Box 246,

Halifax, N. S.

—: DEALER IN :—

BAND INSTRUMENTS

PIANOS,

ORGANS,

and everything in the

MUSICAL LINE.

Mention this Paper.

THE BACKUS WATER MOTOR

—is the most—

Economical Power Known

—: FOR :—

DRIVING LIGHT MACHINERY

It takes but little room.
It never gets out of repair.
It can not blow up.
It requires no fuel.
It needs no engineering.

There is no delay; no firing up; no ashes to clean away; no extra insurance to pay; no repairing necessary; no coal bills to pay; and it is always ready for use.

Is is invaluable for blowing Church Organs, for running Printing Presses, Sewing Machines, Turning Lathes, Scroll Saws, Grind Stones, Coffee Mills, Sausage Machines, Feed Cutters, Corn Mills, Elevators, etc.

Four-horse power at 40 pounds pressure of water. It is noiseless, neat, compact, steady and above all

IT IS VERY CHEAP.

PRICE, $15 to $300.

Send for circular to the Backus Water Motor Co., Newark, N. J., stating paper you saw advertisement in.

H. H BANKS,

PRODUCE COMMISSION AGENT,

Parker Market Building, Halifax, N. S.

All Kinds of Produce Sold on Commission.

—I am now making a—

SPECIALTY IN HANDLING APPLES.

Write for Market Prices.

SEND TO THIS OFFICE FOR BILL HEADS, CARDS, TAGS, ETC.

New Advertisements.

BRIDGETOWN

HARNESS STORE!

We are now Selling Harnesses, both Single and Double, Very LOW.

Fine Truck and Team MADE to ORDER.

—Always in Stock—

The Best Wool, Team and Harness Collars, Collar Pads, Horse Rugs, Lap Robes of all kinds, Rubber Horse Covers and Boots, Whips, Halters, Etc., Etc.

The best assortment ever offered in town of

TRUNKS, VALISES, AND HAND SATCHELS.

THE above goods personally selected from manufacturers. Will be sold

LOW for CASH.

J. W. ROSS.

October 18th, 1887. 2m

BRIDGETOWN

GROCERY.

—Full assortment—

Very Best GROCERIES

—in the Market.—

FLOUR, MEAL AND FEED

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

OUR MOTTO:

"Best Goods at Lowest Prices."

NEW FRUIT, both Foreign and Domestic, a specialty.

We have also added to our stock a full line of

CROCKERYWARE

Call and inspect before purchasing elsewhere.

ALL goods delivered in the town free of charge.

Thompson & Shaffner.

THE TOUCH WORKMANSHIP AND DURABILITY Every Piano FULLY WARRANTED FOR 5 YEARS.

—SOLE AGENCY—

HALIFAX PIANO & ORGAN CO

157 & 159 HOLLIS ST. HALIFAX, N.S.

New Goods,

—AT—

R. D. BEALS!

—Comprising—

DRY GOODS,

MILLINERY,

Ready Made Clothing,

HATS & CAPS,

BOOTS and SHOES,

Crockery ware.

SHELF HARDWARE,

Best Groceries.

TIN WARE, ETC.

EXTRA CASH DISCOUNT ON ALL LINES.

Eggs for Goods or Cash.

Butter and all Other Produce in Exchange

Nictaux Falls, May 9th, '87.

BATH BROS'.

Livery and Boarding Stables!

BRIDGETOWN.

WE have purchased from F. Mr. FitzRandolph the entire stock and good-will of his Livery Stable Business, and the Boarding and Livery Stable Business formerly conducted by Mr. W. J. Gleneross. We are therefore in a position to furnish the most Stylish Turnouts that can be desired.

Passengers conveyed to all parts of the country at Reasonable Rates.

TEAMS IN WAITING AT ALL TRAINS.

Single or Double Teams for Wedding Parties Furnished at Short Notice and Fitted up in Best Style.

SPECIAL attention given to the wants of Commercial Men.

Livery Stables opposite Rink. Boarding Stables on the premises of the Grand Central Hotel.

W. C. BATH. - - H. S. BATH

Farm for Sale!

—Situated two miles from—

BRIDGETOWN

AND contains about 600 acres, 67 rods wide and extending 4½ miles from the Annapolis river;

Fine Young Orchard in Bearing;

Good Buildings; Fine Pasture; 9 acres Lyke Marsh; Timber and Hard Wood in abundance. Apply to E. & L. RICKETSON,

Bridgetown, July 11th, '87. tf

For Service.

ON the premises of the subscriber, a fine and thoroughbred

ELLSMERE BOAR,

Address, J. N. NORTH.

"Spring Hill Farm," Nictaux. 21i37

—In the contested election suit against Sir John A. McDonald in Kingston, Ont., a despatch to the *Chronicle* says:—

"When the election court opened this morning, Judge Patterson decided that the evidence given up to that time was insufficient to warrant him in unseating Sir John Macdonald. An arrangement was then made by which the remaining charges against Sir John and the counter charges against Mr. Gunn were abandoned, the Conservatives agreeing to pay half their own costs."