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The Toronto World

The Man With a Secret
By FERGUS HUME
Author of "The Mystery of a Hansom Cab."
RED LETTER SERIES
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ELEVENTH YEAR. TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 5, 1890. ONE CENT.

UP AT THE SUDBURY MINES.

A RICH FIELD FOR LEGITIMATE MINING INVESTMENT,

But No Use For Land Boomers—The Flies Gone and Fine Weather Now Prevails—Pretty Scenery and Good Sport—What Is Being Done by the Big Companies—Nickle the Predominating Metal.

[The World has received the following letter from Mr. R. H. Ahn, mining engineer of Toronto, who is now up in the Sudbury mining district as manager of the Gold and Silver Reduction Works of Algoma.]

NICKLE CITY, Algoma, Aug. 2.—Few people are aware of the amount of work that is being done in this truly rich district. To tell a Toronto man of furnaces pouring out their flow of molten metal in one continual stream both day and night, with yards of an extent requiring miles of rails on which to move the ores about, and companies owning their own locomotive engines for that purpose, with several hundreds of men employed in such works, would make many of them think the bow was being pulled somewhat long; but such is the fact, not alone in one but in three different cases. Take for instance the Canada Copper Cliff Company. Their works extend for fully one mile, with two furnaces continually in blast, employing in all some 400 men; and the success of this company is such as to warrant them in extending their operations considerably—the best proof possible that the enterprise is a successful one. They have lately obtained a controlling interest in that truly wonderfully rich property in Denison, where gold was first discovered (The Vermilion Mine). It is quite a relief to find that this property has at last got into the hands of those who will appreciate the rich prize it is, and do something towards its development. In fact, they have already done more than the previous owners ever did, and that is, test this property as to its contents of metals.

The Dominion Mining Company are also operating largely, as also are the Vivians of Swansea, South Wales, the largest refiners in the world. Surely such people as these are fully capable of knowing what they are doing, and would not be extending their operations to the extent they are unless they knew their way; and yet one hears continually from those who are ignorant of the facts that there is nothing in investment here.

Were it known of the number who have made money here already there would be no lack of investors. As it is, there is a great deal of property held in this district by Toronto men who have not the nerve to spend enough to find out what their property really is worth. Some I know of have property which, if properly handled, would yield them many thousands of dollars for their few hundred invested, but it is hard to get them to move at all in the matter. One gentleman of Toronto whose name figures in some seven or eight different locations in the Township of Denison when spoken to about his property and asked to do something, replied that he was going up to look at it himself, thinking, I suppose, that he could do developing work himself. Such a thing is of course ridiculous, when it is taken into consideration that the party in question is totally ignorant of mineralogy or geology, more particularly the formations to be found here.

Again many have been misled by so-called mining experts, who claim such a title from the fact of their having in some parts of the States or elsewhere once worked at mining and have come into this district expecting to find the same formations as are to be found at one particular spot in another part of the earth. I have before me now reports of properties by such men, who to please their employers have given a highly-colored report, wherein they state having located innumerable veins of gold and copper, never mentioning the true deposits, which, were they competent of passing upon, would have given much more satisfaction to the owners than the fictitious reports made. It has been my task lately to prove such reports by practical tests. How any one could have drawn upon his imagination so as to make the statements made therein is incomprehensible to me. What properties I have already opened up have proved under good, hard, practical work to be rich in nickle, the one prevailing metal of this district, and which properties should yield the owners at least twenty for every thousand invested.

With regard to prospectors coming into this district, by all means let them come. There is plenty of good mineral land not taken up yet, but they must make up their mind to pass the first year unprofitably, as it will take them fully that to locate themselves and become familiar with the formation.

To gentlemen desiring to invest I would strongly advise them not to put up money for any prospectors unless they are well acquainted here. Any such I shall be pleased to correspond with and give any information at my command.

The flies, which are an abomination in this part of the country, are rapidly disappearing, and living is now becoming a pleasure with the many agreeable surroundings. The supply of wild fruit is remarkably fine. The many streams and lakes abound with good sport to the angler, and later on the woods will yield excellent game of all kinds to the hunter. So that parties desiring a change can combine both business and pleasure by spending a few days here.

To those gentlemen having invested in land here I will extend a cordial invitation to come up and I will cheerfully show them what they have invested in, and in many cases give them ample proof to warrant them opening up their property, which is useless and thoroughly unsaleable as it is. To parties wishing to invest, as you will see from circular enclosed, we offer the best facilities. Our company was organized by myself, as I saw from previous visits to this district that such an enterprise was highly necessary and is strongly recommended by the mine commission whose report is lately to hand. The different branches, save that of milling, are now in operation, and we expect to have all our machinery in full swing very shortly.

There are many opportunities for investors obtaining some good property already located by prospectors, who have been on the range for years, and who for a comparatively small amount will dispose of their interest. But for an investor to simply purchase and not develop sufficiently to prove his property is worse than useless. So that investors desirous of making a profit on the transaction must be prepared to do as stated above, or they had better not invest. Five thousand dollars properly invested here now would yield the investor at least four or five times that amount within one year or so. I know of no case where money has been lost here yet by its investment, save when it has been sunk blindly and in ignorance.

The machinery our company are putting in is all of the latest and most approved style, and will have a capacity of heating at least 60 tons per day to start with. Our assay office is replete with all the best appliances. Our mining branch is under the charge, so far as practical work is concerned, of the best miner of the district and one who has had charge of large mines, both at Port Arthur and in the States, and having on hand all appliances, tools, etc., together with camp outfits, we are enabled to send out a gang of men at an hour's notice all fully equipped for any branch of work we undertake.

To those gentlemen in Toronto who have invested in land here, possibly under the advice of someone who is but little better acquainted than themselves with mining lands, I say come up and see your property. Some have that which will make them rich, while others have that which is not worth a quarter what they paid the Government for it. Some properties I know of in particular are exceedingly rich, but the richness can only be made returnable by some outlay.

R. H. AHN.

Peaches.

We have to-day received reliable advices that the crop of early peaches is already about exhausted. This week will probably see them cleared out. There are very few of the late varieties. Parties desiring to purchase should secure supply at once. Imperial Produce Company of Toronto, limited, 69 Front east.

DESTRUCTIVE HAILSTORM.

It Is Estimated 100,000 Acres of Manitoba Wheat Are Ruined.

WINNIPEG, Aug. 4.—Fuller accounts of the damage done by the storm on Friday night have been received, and show the loss to the wheat crops to be greater than at first reported. At Deloraine, 200 miles south of Winnipeg, the hail belt is said to have been four townships wide, narrowing down to a mile and a half as it proceeded east, leaving destruction in its wake. Mr. Ogilvie's manager here says that 100,000 acres of wheat have been totally ruined. So far reports have only been received from the principal towns along the Canadian Pacific Southwestern Railway, and it is impossible to say yet just how extensive the damage is, but certainly it is very serious.

A Boissevain despatch says: Yesterday about 13 o'clock the sky darkened like a total eclipse. Half-an-hour later a severe lightning storm began. There was a deluge of water which continued to 22 o'clock. In town glass was once more badly wrecked and the Ryan House was unroofed. Crops are badly damaged south of the track. Very little is destroyed north.

Mr. Shaughnessy's Estimate.

MONTREAL, Aug. 4.—Mr. T. G. Shaughnessy, assistant president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, estimates on the basis of recent telegrams that the Northwest grain crop will amount to 17,000,000 bushels, of which 12,000,000 will be for export.

THEY RAWHIDED THE COUNT.

Mrs. Price and Her Sister Beat Gallant Achille Vidal.

CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—Count Achille Vidal, who two weeks ago was nearly pounded to death by Sol Price and the latter's burly brother, received a vigorous cowhiding last evening. The punishment was received at the hands of Mrs. Price and her sister. The Count, who is a notorious gallant, received a daintily written note, signed Marie, making an appointment at 8½ o'clock. He was on hand to meet the fair unknown, when he was confronted by the two women, who began to lay on the rawhides. With a shriek of pain Vidal beat a hasty and ungraceful retreat, closely followed by the women.

A few weeks ago the Count was compelled by Sol Price to take a midair jump from a second story window and later had his beauty disfigured in a fight. Until yesterday the Count had disappeared from public gaze. So had Mrs. Price, whose friskiness had caused all the trouble. Mr. Price sued for a divorce from his wife the day after he forced the gay Count to jump through the window, but it would seem that he has since patched up the difficulty with the gay Mrs. Price, and she has been restored to her old place in his affections. This rawhiding may have been Mrs. Price's affidavit that she is no longer in love with the Count.

INCENDIARISM SUSPECTED.

A Mysterious Fire at London the Loss—The Loss Estimated at $10,000.

LONDON, Ont., Aug. 4.—Another mysterious fire occurred this morning, which was most disastrous in its results. The watchman at Minhinnick's old oil refinery noticed a blaze proceeding from the roof of Lawrason's lard oil manufactory about 5 o'clock this morning and telephoned to both fire stations and the brigades were promptly on hand, but they were unable to do anything but save adjoining buildings. The proprietors place their loss at about $10,000. They are at an entire loss to account for the fire unless it was incendiarism.

THE ARGENTINE CRISIS.

Portfolios Refused Under Celman—England Protects German Interests.

BUENOS AYRES, Aug. 4.—General Roca and Senor Costa, to whom were offered the portfolios of the Ministry of the Interior and the Ministry of Education respectively, have declined to accept office in President Celman's cabinet.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—At the request of the German Government England has ordered her men-of-war at Buenos Ayres to protect the interests of Germans.

Sullenly Refused.

BUENOS AYRES, Aug. 4.—Celman offered the city practical autonomy, which was sullenly refused.

Celman's Predicament.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—The Times' despatch from Buenos Ayres says: Vice-President Pellegrini threatens to resign. Celman has offered every post in the Cabinet to opposition leaders, but each has declined the offer. The officers of regiments recently opposed to each other now fraternize and declare that henceforth the troops will be united. The naval officers have resumed their commands. Policemen and firemen defend Celman's house against a surprise by the army.

The Central American War.

CITY OF MEXICO, Aug. 4.—A San Salvador despatch says Gen. Trungarny at the head of the Guatemalan revolutionists has taken Chiquimula, near the capital, and this has obliged the Guatemalan Government to concentrate troops toward the capital. A Guatemalan despatch denies that an attempt was made to assassinate President Barillas and says the revolution is unimportant. It also says Minister Mizner's correspondence has not been tampered with and the Minister for days has been in free communication with the United States Government. A special from Guatemala says: The diplomatic corps has offered to negotiate in the interests of peace. The offer has been accepted and it is expected a peaceful settlement will be arranged within a few days.

Hats, Heads and Nationalities.

It is interesting, said Dineen's big hat salesman to a World reporter, to notice how the shape of a man's head gives away his nationality.

Can you tell where a man was born by sizing up his head?

Certainly, but not before he tries on a hat. Canadians and Americans have long, narrow heads, and when an average American comes in for a hat the chances are that if it is long enough fore and aft it is too wide at the sides; if it fits exactly at the sides, it has to be pulled out in front. Now with Germans it is the reverse. The heads of Germans are very wide at the temples, and if a hat is the exact length in nine cases out of ten it has to be stretched sideways to fit. Englishmen's heads are not so pronounced in width, there is more of a sliding scale with them as to the relative length and width. Irishmen have oval heads and are very easily fitted, while Scotchmen have very long and very large heads. Some people with apparently small heads require large hats, and others who seem to have large heads wear small hats. A man may have a large face and yet the part that the hat requires to cover may be comparatively small. Taken altogether heads seem to be growing larger. I have been twenty years in the business and when I began to sell hats the average size ranged from 6⅛ to 7. Now the average is 7 to 7⅛.

A Terrible Storm.

HAMMOND, Ind., Aug. 4.—Yesterday's downpour of rain was the heaviest in the history of this section. The damage in the town is great. Huge trees were torn up by the roots and carried away, fences were swept out of existence, orchards obliterated and everything in the path of the tempest destroyed. The rotary velocity of the wind was terrific, and it progressed forward at the rate of sixty miles an hour. The west wing of the building leased by the Chicago Ax Company was blown over and completely destroyed. The roof of the Lutheran church was badly damaged by a falling chimney. The ice house at Wolf Lake, two miles from here, was lifted from its foundation and destroyed, and it is reported several people who sought shelter there were killed and injured. A man named Fisher was struck by flying timbers and had his leg broken and is internally injured.

CONDUCTOR POWELL KILLED.

ONE WOE DOTH TREAD UPON ANOTHER'S HEELS.

The Inquest Concerning Thomas Butler's Death Tends to Show that He Died from Narcotic Poisoning—The Investigation Adjourned for a Week—Other Casualities of Minor Importance.

Conductor Walter Powell, one of the oldest employes on the Grand Trunk, met with an awful death yesterday afternoon at Little York. Mr. Powell was attached to the Kingston mixed which leaves Toronto for the east at 12¾. His train reached Little York about 1 o'clock, remaining there five minutes. Conductor Powell, as the train slowed up, jumped from the rear coach toward the west end of the platform and walked along between the rails to the station for orders. He did not perceive the pilot engine, which was passing east at a rapid rate, behind him. Powell took a slanting walk towards the platform, and the moment he placed his foot across the rail, the engine struck him, cutting him in pieces.

There were quite a number of people at the station who witnessed the accident, and just before the engine struck the unfortunate man, a general shout of warning was sent up. It was too late, however, for in less than a second poor Powell was a mangled corpse. The body was carried into the waiting room and afterwards handed over to Undertaker Stone at the request of the Order of Railway Conductors, by which society the deceased will be buried.

Mr. Powell was also a member of the Oddfellows, A.O.U.W. and Masonic fraternity. He leaves a wife and two children, a son and a daughter, the former being assistant ticket agent at the Union Station. Mrs. Powell and her daughter are east for their health, and it is unlikely that they will be able to return in time for the funeral, which has been arranged for to-day from deceased's late residence, 715 Ontario-street.

DIED FROM NARCOTIC POISONING.

The Stomach of the Late Thomas Butler to be Analyzed—An Inquest Opened.

Coroner Powell yesterday afternoon, at M. McCabe's undertaking establishment, opened an inquest on the body of Thomas Butler, who died suddenly in the office of Dr. Wallwin the preceding night. Mr. Robert Fraser was foreman of the jury.

The only evidence taken was that of Vincent T. Bero of Queen-Dundas-streets, brother-in-law of the deceased; Dr. Wallwin, in whose office deceased died, and Dr. Primrose. The result of the post-mortem was not made public, but the coroner announced that Drs. Teskey and Wilberforce Aikins, who conducted it, and who had made a thorough examination, had informed him that all the organs were in a healthy state and there was no apparent cause for death discovered.

It was decided to adjourn the inquest until Monday, Aug. 11, and Coroner Powell will meantime submit the facts to the Attorney-General's department, with the request that the stomach be analyzed.

The burial certificate issued by Coroner Powell ascribed death as being due to narcotic poisoning, the testimony leading to this deduction.

The remains will be taken to Cobourg for interment via G.T.R. this morning. Deceased was only 21 years of age.

FUNERAL OF A PRIEST.

The Remains of Father Shanahan Interred in St. Michael's Cemetery—A Large Number of Priests Attend.

The funeral of the late Father Shanahan took place yesterday from the residence of deceased's father, 232 Parliament-street, to St. Paul's Church, and thence to St. Michael's Cemetery. Very Rev. Father Rooney was the celebrant of requiem mass, with Father Lynch as deacon and Father Cruse as sub-deacon. The chief mourners were Mr. J. Shanahan and family, Mr. M. J. Shanahan of Hamilton; W. J. Griffin of Chicago, brother-in-law of deceased.

Six priests officiated as pallbearers, and the priests of the Toronto parishes turned out in force.

Father Hand was master of ceremonies. Bishop O'Mahony presided in cope and mitre, and performed the absolute. The following priests were present: Very Rev. J. M. Laurent, V.G., St. Michael's; Very Rev. Dean Harris, St. Catharines; Very Rev. Dean McCann, St. Helen's, Toronto; Rev. Fathers Allain, Merritton; Bergin, Newmarket; Cassidy, chaplain House of Providence; McColl, Whitby; Buckly, St. Michael's College; Donohoe, St. Basil's; Egan, Thornhill; Finan, Sunnyside Orphanage; Gallagher, Schomberg; Gibney, Alliston; Gearin, Flos; McGinley, Uptergrove; Harold, Niagara; Hours, St. Michael's College; Hand, Oshawa; Jeffcott, Pickering; Krine, St. Patrick's; P. Keirnan, St. Mary's; E. Keirnan, Collingwood; La Marche, Sacre Cœur; Lynch, St. Paul's; Moyna, Stayner; Morris, Orangeville; Minehan, St. Michael's; McInerney, St. Patrick's; McBride, Dixie; McEvay, Hamilton; McPhillips, Brockton; McEntee, Port Colborne; O'Reilly, Leslieville; Walsh, St. John's Grove; Trayling, Fort Erie. Delegations from Niagara and Merritton also attended to extend their sympathy to the family. The Very Rev. Dean Harris of St. Catharines paid a very eloquent and feeling tribute to the memory of the deceased.

Father Shanahan formerly had charge of the parish of Niagara, being subsequently transferred to Merritton. The reverend gentleman left St. Catharines in comparatively good health a short time ago for a trip on the water, and nothing was heard from him until the news came of his sudden death. Deceased was a peculiarly gifted man of a generous, social nature, and passionately fond of music. He was just in the prime of life, being only 31 years of age, and his prospects were of the most brilliant character.

He studied at St. Michael's College and at Genoa, Italy. He was about six years in the ministry and a general favorite.

Irish's Balsamic Inhaling Extract

Strengthens the vocal chords. For sale Rossin House Drug Store, Toronto.

Drowned at the Beach.

HAMILTON, Aug. 4.—While bathing at the beach Sunday afternoon Max ("Slick") Bradt got beyond his depth and was drowned. He was an employe of Contractor Nicholson on the Grand Trunk spur line, and at the time of the drowning was with a son of his employer. Neither of the men could swim. The drowning occurred not 25 feet from shore. Capt. Armstrong recovered the body. Bradt has relatives in St. Catharines. He was married, his wife being on a visit to Buffalo.

Remember Grocers' Picnic and games, Exhibition Grounds, Wednesday, Aug. 6. Splendid program.

Fired by Lightning.

BEAVERTON, Aug. 4.—About 2¾ this afternoon during a thunderstorm a barn belonging to John J. McRae, lot 13, 3d concession Thorah, was struck by lightning and consumed together with its contents. The premises were occupied by Henry Dawson, whose loss is about $250, no insurance. The barn was insured in the London Mutual for $400, which does not cover the loss.

Two Men Drowned.

NEW YORK, Aug 4.—It is now stated that four of the crew of the government Dredge Advance, which was sunk in the harbor yesterday by the steamer Norje, are missing, two of whom are known to be drowned. The others are supposed to have escaped by climbing aboard the steamer.

Voice culture—Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum improves the voice, 5 cents.

ONE MORE DAY.

Kemmler's Electrocution Probably Fixed for Wednesday Morning.

AUBURN, N.Y., Aug. 4.—This afternoon the Associated Press representative asked Warden Durston if it would be safe for a correspondent to absent himself from the vicinity of the prison two or three hours. "Why, certainly," was the response, "and I will say to you frankly that there will be nothing of importance within the next 24 hours." This was said at 4 o'clock this afternoon, hence the warden is authority for the statement that the death bolt will not be loosed at least until 4 o'clock to-morrow.

The execution will probably occur Wednesday morning.

A Delicate Point of Law.

A delicate point of law was to-day suggested here by a gentleman deep in legal lore. This suggestion was not the outgrowth of any personal interest, but is the outcome of careful perusal of the statute under which Kemmler has been sentenced, and of the form of the sentence that directs Kemmler shall be killed in the week beginning Monday, Aug. 4. Here is the point raised: That the week beginning Aug. 4 ends with Sunday. The warden has arbitrary power to defer the execution until Sunday, Aug. 10. On Sunday it is held that the general law would intervene to prevent the killing on that day upon the ground that any execution of legal processes upon Sunday is not legal.

Directly at this point the case is touched by that general principle of law that, if the sentence under which Kemmler is expected to be killed is void in part, it must be wholly void. Brought to a close application the assumption is that if it is illegal to kill Kemmler on the seventh day of the week designated, then it would be illegal to kill him on any other day of the week designated. The situation, it is held, would be different if Sunday intervened as part of seven days, because it would then run with the week and be a part of the seven days constituting the week.

As the case stands the week in which the sentence is to be executed will not be legally complete, because the week ends with a day void in law. Unless there is some general law which may bridge this point which is raised, the entire sentence, it is thought, might be declared null and void.

NEWS OF THE OLD WORLD.

The Medical Congress at Berlin—Russia's Military Manœuvres—The Kaiser and the Queen.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 3.—General von Novsky, Minister of War, is increasing the means of transportation on the Caspian Railway. The rapid development of the cotton trade of Turkestan has resulted in a complete blockade of the depots along the line, the railway not having the facilities for transporting the cotton.

Over 100,000 troops will take part in the military manœuvres to be held before the Czar in Volhynia in September. Emperor William will arrive at the Peterhof Aug. 24. He will remain for three days and will return by sea to Germany.

The Doctors at Berlin.

BERLIN, Aug. 4.—Professor Virchow, president of the Medical Congress, made the opening address. He expressed the Emperor's sympathy with the objects of the congress and said Germany would devote herself to science and humane effort. Two thousand four hundred Germans and 2500 foreign doctors, including 500 physicians from America, are present. Herr Von Boetticher made an address welcoming the delegates on behalf of the German States and Dr. Von Gos-ler welcomed them on behalf of the educational department. An address welcoming the delegates to Berlin was read by the burgomaster.

Another Mine Explosion.

PARIS, Aug. 4.—The mines at St. Etienne, at which the explosion occurred to-day, first took fire and the explosion followed. Twelve men were injured. The pit is known as the Ville Bœuf pit.

To Check Cholera.

PARIS, Aug. 4.—The Senate to-day voted 100,000 francs for establishing frontier posts to prevent entry of cholera into France.

180 Houses Burnt.

VIENNA, Aug. 4.—Fire in the village of Puespolk, Hatval, Hungary, has destroyed 180 houses and immense stores of corn.

France's Ultimatum.

PARIS, Aug. 4.—France has sent an ultimatum to Dahomey demanding the cession of Kotonou and Whydah. If the demand is rejected an expedition to be composed chiefly of Senegalese Arabs will start for Abomey in October.

Kaiser and Queen.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—After luncheon the Queen and the Emperor had a long private interview. The Queen's dinner party, besides the Emperor and members of the Royal Family, included only Count von Hatzfeldt, the German Ambassador at London.

Excursion to Chautauqua Lake, N. Y.—Only $4 Round Trip.

Just keep this in your mind that on Aug. 8 you can leave Toronto at 3.40 p.m. by the palace steamer Empress of India and will only cost you four dollars, round trip, Toronto to Chautauqua Lake. The Erie Railway will land you right at the lake. For full particulars apply to S. J. Sharp, corner Wellington and Scott-streets, or P. J. Slatter, corner King and Yonge-streets, and at Geddes' wharf.

Irish's Balsamic Inhaling Extract.

Public speakers should use Irish's Balsamic Inhaling Extract immediately before and after speaking. For sale Rossin House Drug Store, Toronto.

The success of the Order Tailoring Department at The Model Clothing Store, corner Yonge and Shuter-streets, has been phenomenal, 'tis the prices do it.

A Strike Nipped in the Bud.

MONTREAL, Aug. 4.—The firemen on the Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Company's steamer Corsican struck work this morning upon their demand of an increase from $25 to $30 a month being refused. Under threat of arrest they returned to work before the firemen of the other ships joined them.

The Grocers' Games are acknowledged to be the best of the Season. Prizes $1000.

The cutters are thoroughly experienced. The tailors the best money can procure and you'll save money by ordering your clothing made at The Model Clothing Store, corner Yonge and Shuter-streets.

From Police Blotters.

A suit of clothes was stolen yesterday from John Fitzgerald, 141 Jarvis-street.

T. Malady, 202 King-street east, had three shirts stolen from in front of his store yesterday.

John Labelle, 38 Cornwall-street, reported to the police yesterday that $150 had been stolen from him at the above address.

Alice Gummerson, 159 Church-street, reports the theft of $5 from her trunk yesterday.

Matilda King, who says she is a servant at 243 Wellesley-street, was arrested last night on a charge of trespass on the premises of Miss Stevens' millinery store, 241 Yonge-street.

Thomas C. Hill, 238 Niagara-street, and Edward Whitney, 96 Euclid-avenue, were arrested last night for disorderly conduct in Queen-street west. Julia Dupree of 254 Niagara-street, Hill's sister, attempted to rescue her brother by striking the constable over the head with a heavy key. She was subsequently arrested, charged with assaulting the police.

Attempted to Desert.

NEWPORT, R.I., Aug. 4.—Twenty-four British sailors attempted to escape from their ship here to-day, stealing the ship's boat. A crew sent in pursuit shot one, cut another's finger with a cutlass and captured all but three in the act of landing.

How to cure Indigestion—chew Adams Tutti Frutti Gum, 5 cents.

RIVAL FACTIONS AT WAR.

TORONTO STREETS WILD WITH EXCITEMENT LAST NIGHT.

Nobody Seriously Injured as the Result of the Fracas, But a Couple of the Ringleaders Locked Up at Headquarters—"Jumbo" Campbell Suggests Three Cheers for the Queen.

An Orange and Green riot disgraced the streets of Toronto last night. The component parts were a gang of youths ranging from 12 to 16 years of age and the Naval Brigade of Orange Young Britons and their band. Accounts of the riot are pretty mixed, and even the police differ as to who were the aggressors. When The World reached the scene of the riot, Queen-street west between Bay and York-streets, it found P. C. Kennedy of No. 2 division in front of Mr. John Campbell's store, placed there to guard it against the attacks of a mob. Wedged in one of the $50 panes was a stone, which the willing hand of an enemy had in vain attempted to hurl through it.

Policeman Kennedy told the story that as the O'Connell band (Irish Catholic) was passing Mr. Campbell's grocery store opposite Teraulay-street, one of the crowd fired the stone above referred to. This did not cause any partcular trouble, but in their onward march the band collided with the Central Band on the corner of William-street. Then there was a free fight, neither of the bands being inclined to give way. While the opposite factions were breaking each other's heads a general alarm was sent out and the police flocked to the scene. In less than fifteen minutes seven mounted men and the rank and file drawn from the night reliefs of No. 1 and No. 2 were on the spot. Inspector Ward, acting in place of Deputy Chief Stewart, who is away on his holidays, had charge of the squad and manœuvred his men in such shape as to scatter the combatants. This was Kennedy's story.

Sergeant Gregory of No. 2 had put in an appearance about ten minutes after the row began. He blamed the trouble on the band of the Pioneer Cadets Naval Drill Corps, who refused to allow the O'Connell band to pass. In the melee which ensued the O'Connell party had its drum kicked to pieces and was completely demoralized. The bandsmen fled for shelter into Angus Kerr's hotel, William-Queen-streets. Later they issued forth, and again reforming once more offered battle, this time on the corner of Elizabeth-street. The police were now in sufficient force to completely scatter the crowd, which did not reform. The prisoners were the result of the later fight. The first was Peter Fogarty of 101 Richmond-street east, and the second William Lamont, 114 Adelaide west, Lamont being found with the shattered remains of the O'Connell Band's drum in his possession. Both were locked up at headquarters.

Policeman Forest of No. 1 Division tells a blood-curdling story, in which drawn sabres, revolvers, etc., figure conspicuously. He alleges that the row commenced a short distance west of York street, and that the Orange brigade were the aggressors, as they formed across the street with drawn swords. On perceiving the approach of the O'Connell band they made a dash by for the drum of the rival party and captured it, and its recovery was only brought about after the constable had knocked down the ringleader with his club, but before doing so he had to dodge a weapon in the hands of the latter and, finally, to draw his revolver.

Quiet was apparently restored, when "Jumbo" Campbell appeared on the scene and called for three cheers for the Queen, and the call was responded to with a will.

Some one called for three cheers for "Jumbo" and the crowd whooped it up again. About 11½ everything was still at the scene of the trouble, but the police were on guard in front of Campbell's store all night.

THE DECOLLETE IN MODERN LIFE.

A Severe Arraignment of the Low Necked Dress.

In the current number of The Forum, Elizabeth Stuart Phelps, author of "The Gates Ajar," asked the question: "Has the sense of personal modesty kept pace with the progress of the age?" And her answer is an emphatic negative. The indelicacies of the stage, the license of the ball room, the freedom of flirtation, the civilized savagery of the surf-bather, the increasing cult of the nude in art, and of the "relastic" in literature; all these and more are adduced in evidence that the American woman of to-day has retroverted to a ruder and earlier state of development. Has the writer any suggestions to offer, any plan to propose whereby the instinct of feminine modesty may be nerved to keep stroke with the moral development of the age? She has. She enforces, however, her plea for a revival of modesty by motives that, we fear, possess but little motive power. She appeals to the pride of both sexes.

Civilization, she says, implies a high degree of delicacy; lack of delicacy betokens the savage. Convince the woman who exhibits herself for promiscuous surf-bathing, before a thousand spectators, in a bathing costume which stops—where it does; convince the half-nude woman that she is not a lady, but a savage; make it fashionable to be decent and the day is won. Convince the writer of indelicate literature that he is not an artist but a savage, and he will burn his manuscripts and discover a new literary fashion. It is to women, however, and to women "in society" that the bulk of the article is addressed. Mothers should keep their daughters under stricter surveillance; they should know exactly, by questioning them, if necessary, what they are thinking, reading, doing. Women should have nothing to do with associations for the advancement of moral purity where questions of delicacy are allowed to be discussed in public. Much mischief is wrought by relaxing the strict rule of reserve in speech.

"In the conscientious treatment of a subject like this it is a question whether one should omit a matter so hard to discuss that only the urgency of the case could induce my pen to meddle with it. I refer to the injury wrought upon the delicacy of our women by the fashion of resorting to physicians of the opposite sex in cases when any sensitive woman would seek a woman's care if it could be had for the praying or the paying. Far from this pen be any flippant flying at the honor, the uprightness, the delicacy of honorable and pure-minded physicians who happen to be men. But for young women who prefer attendance which is abhorrent to nature, to that which the progress of science has made practicable from woman to woman—for girls to choose the one when they can command the other—there is no condemnation too severe. For mothers who encourage them, what is to be said?"

The writer holds very decided views with regard to the "styles of undress which now disgrace our sex." "It is a fact, that decent women have never dressed so indecently in our country and our century as they do in fashionable life to-day. "What is the evening dress of a fashionable woman but a burlesque on civilization? It exposes the body with an indifference which nothing seems to abash. The reproofs of the pulpit, the complaints of the press, the denunciations of modest members of our own sex, flit over these bared bosoms like the feathered tips of their own fans. The impression goes no deeper. 'Face the truth.' An immodest dress does not cover a modest woman. If your costume is coarse and vulgar, you can blame no voice or pen which calls you coarse and vulgar too. If the dress is disgraceful the wearer is disgraced. The woman who dresses indecently—never mind who, never mind where, never mind why—is indecent. The woman who dresses without shame is shameless. 'By their robes ye shall know them.'

Grocers' Games at Exhibition Grounds on Wednesday, Aug. 6. Commence at 1 o'clock. Prizes $1000.

Sheffield House Importing Company (Registered),
57 Yonge-street, below King, will sell goods retail at wholesale prices. We only keep the best goods. C. E. Robinson, Manager.

Be sure and go to the Exhibition Grounds on Wednesday, to see Grocers' Games.

THE CASE IN A NUTSHELL.

The Telegram is screeching against the University bylaw. To carry the bylaw will cost the city just $1000 a year for a few years, ten at most, and it will enable the University authorities to spend $200,000 in building operations almost immediately. This will be in addition to the restoration of the building recently destroyed. That is what it means. It means that the University by reason of its misfortune is willing to forestall its income and spend the money thus realized in making work for mechanics. The screeching Telegram does not wish to see the workingmen of Toronto get further employment! Surely Toronto can afford $1000 a year for ten years to put all this money into immediate circulation. It would be a small concession on the part of the city to an institution that has taken the city's name and is yearly drawing hundreds of students and thousands of dollars to Toronto. *The University's income, now some $90,000 a year, is every cent of it spent in Toronto.*

If you are a property holder don't be misled by such hoodlum appeals as those of The Telegram. Look at it like a sensible citizen.

A DON JUAN'S FIVE WIVES.

Dozens of Women Victims of His Blandishments—Revenge At Last.

CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—Charles Loring, locked in the Court House jail here on a charge of bigamy, is accused of having five living wives, and the full list includes the names of a dozen women who have fallen victims to his blandishments. Thirty years of age, well educated, handsome and of excellent family, Loring has made a record scarce second to that of Don Juan.

He met Esther E. Batasco, a beautiful, dark-eyed Jewish maiden, who lived in Brighton, England, and in 1884 he married her. She is in Chicago now, intent on his punishment. She tells how she met Loring and married him in opposition to her parents' wishes. He told her he was in the employ of the telephone supply company and possessed a fortune of $150,000.

Loring then became entangled with a young woman in St. Paul and left his wife. He came to Chicago and secured a position with the Lake View Electric Light Company and established his wife in a comfortable home in that suburb. Just around the corner lived Aurelia Anderson, a handsome and accomplished blonde, with whom he eloped. They were married on Aug. 11, 1889. About the same time the Lake View Electric Light Company missed $1500 which had been in Loring's hands.

Mrs. Loring No. 1 heard nothing of her husband's whereabouts. She was penniless, and managed to secure a position where she makes a comfortable living. Meantime Loring tired of his second wife, and one day last fall left her without warning or means of support. He returned to Brighton, England, where he married Miss Batascoe.

Here he met Miss Florento E. Winfield, a prepossessing young lady. He fascinated her and her parents with his captivating manners and tales of great wealth, and finally on the day Miss Winfield's brother was married Loring and his latest love, after acting as best man and maid of honor, were themselves married.

She prepared to accompany him to America, but at the last moment it was discovered that the expected draft from Loring's American partner had not arrived. The new father-in-law pawned his jewelry for $150 and loaned the amount to Loring, who, with his bride and a ten-year-old girl, sailed for New York.

For a time they stopped at the best hotels and revelled in luxury, but finally Loring struck a streak of bad luck. His wife No. 3 pawned her wedding ring and a charity organization supported them. He subsequently left her destitute and fled to Denver.

Meanwhile Mrs. Loring No. 1 got on her false husband's track. She discovered his escapades with Miss Anderson and Miss Winfield, and also discovered that he had a family in Wheeling, W. Va., and another in Montana. Neither of these wives has been definitely located.

Through Loring's father his whereabouts were discovered, and Mrs. Loring No. 1 concocted a scheme to have her revenge. Wife No. 3 was sent for and came to Chicago. Then a despatch was sent to Loring saying that Polly (No. 3) was dying, and having inherited some money, wanted to give it to him. Polly's deathbed was located at the corner of School and Forty-third-streets, where Loring sought her. There he was told his wife was in the hospital, where the lady of the house agreed to accompany him. He was then arrested.

BISHOP OF LONDON.

Rev. Dennis O'Connor of Sandwich Appointed to the Vacant See—May Eat Meat Aug. 15.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—The Catholic Union has the following cable from Rome:

Rev. Dennis O'Connor of Sandwich, Ont., Superior of the Basilian Fathers, has been appointed Bishop of London, Ont., to succeed Most Rev. John Walsh, who was made Archbishop of Toronto last year.

By decree of the Holy Office the faithful will be allowed the use of fresh meat on Friday, Aug. 15. The dispensation is granted in honor of the feast of the Assumption of the Blessed Virgin.

Got to Go,

Summer Felts, Straws and Shell Hats prices at away down to clear them out, all new goods and the latest styles. We can give you an elegant Shell Hat in Beaver, Fawn and Pearl colors for $2.50. Felts in all colors, best qualities, $2 to $2.50. We are already showing Fall Styles in Felt Hats. Grant & Co., 77 King-street East. 246

Run Down by the Ferry.

At 5¾ last night the Canadian ran down a small boat containing four men named Daran, Meyer, Holmes and Curten. The men were pulled on board by life ropes thrown under their armpits. Considerable excitement reigned for a time on the Canadian.

A FREE FIGHT.

Italians at Bound Brook (N.J.) Engage in a Fatal Quarrel.

BOUND BROOK, N.J., Aug. 4.—A terrific fight occurred in the Italian settlement known as the "gravel pit," in the outskirts of Bound Brook, yesterday. Several years ago an Italian girl came to this country and began to work in the Bound Brook mills. She was engaged to a lover, in Italy, but in a short time was married to one of the Bound Brook Italians. Yesterday a brother of the jilted lover visited Gravel Pit and met the faithless woman, who carried a child in her arms. He struck her over the head with a bottle. The husband interfered, and in a moment the two men where fighting. A free fight followed. The occupants of the shanties all turned out and fought viciously. All sorts of weapons, including heavy pieces of split railroad ties, spades, shovels, pickaxes and knives, were used. In a few minutes the ground was covered with bleeding and groaning victims. During the night two of the wounded men died in great agony. Others are in a dying condition. Five arrests were made.

Irish's Balsamic Inhaling Extract

Is recommended by leading physicians for all diseases of the throat, bronchial tubes and lungs. For sale Rossin House Drug Store, Toronto.

Gordon sashes in black, navy or brown are the latest fad and, are worn around the waist without a vest, only a few left. Wheaton & Co., 17 King-street, corner Jordan. 246

Hay, Hay, Hay—Buyers will do well to call at 74 Colborne-street. Choice Timothy Hay selling at $9 and $9.50 per ton. 135

Personal Mention.

J. A. Brown of Madison, Wisconsin, is at the Palmer House.

Prince Bismarck and Count Herbert Bismarck have gone to Kissingen.

D. C. McKay, high constable of the county of Huron, was in the city yesterday on his return from Montreal.

Mr. William Alexander, for a long time well and favorably known as an attache of Keachie's Hotel, leaves this week to take charge of the club-house of the St. Clair Gun Club at the St. Clair Flats.

BIRTHS.

RADCLIFFE—On Sunday, Aug. 3, at 648 Queen-street east, the wife of William Radcliffe, of twin girls, all doing well.

THE BYLAWS SHOULD CARRY

REASONS WHY FREEHOLDERS SHOULD VOTE YEA TO-MORROW.

There Is Every Probability that the Several Bylaws Will Receive a Majority of the Popular Vote—Reasons Showing Where the Taxpayer Would Gain by Passing Them.

There are seven bylaws to be presented for the endorsation of the ratepayers of Toronto to-morrow, aggregating a total of $729,253. Outside of the University grant, $200,000, the three more important are the Waterworks Improvement, $229,780; General Permanent Improvements, $160,233; and the Parks Improvements, $79,240. The Waterworks bylaw takes in the construction of mains, services and special works which will add to the revenue producing powers of this department. It will be no charge on the general taxes, but sinking fund and interest will be met out of the general water rate. Further, should this particular bylaw be defeated, it means the discharge of scores of men who are in the employ of the Waterworks, as the department under these circumstances will have to strictly confine itself to the limits of its appropriation.

The General Permanent Improvement bylaw includes the reconstruction of the Jarvis-street sewer, $5000; construction of stone crossings, $15,000; construction of stone curbing, $5000; purchase of land for opening street off St. George street, under agreement with the University, $10,725; University creek general sewer construction, $23,250; and construction of city wharf at foot of Frederick street, $3500. Then the additional cost of the new drill shed site, $44,000, and various finishing touches to new fire halls and police stations adds $63,820 to the sum total. The Markets and License Committee ask for $21,120 for enlargement of jail, etc. In many of these items the sums called for are but the finishing up of contracts commenced in 1888 and 1889, and if not paid by debenture as permanent improvements must perforce be settled from the general taxation fund of 1890. The permanent improvements to parks, $79,240, has been placed separately so that the ratepayer can by his vote favor or oppose the present park policy. Should the bylaw carry, $7000 will be expended on Stanley Park (Ald. J. E. Verral's pet idea); $39,000 on the Island Park and wharf; $10,500 on High Park; $10,000 on Riverdale Park; $2000 on Exhibition Park, and $4400 on Horticultural Gardens. At present Park Commissioner Chambers is working on his appropriation, and if the bylaw carries will be able to continue on the same lines. If it be defeated, then all work in the parks will be suspended practically and 150 men sent adrift.

The other items, $10,000 for the Howard memorial, $20,000 for Boys' Industrial School and $20,000 for Girls' Industrial School, are largely matters of sentiment, and it is left to the citizens to say whether the gift of the late Chief Ranger is worthy of recognition or not. In the matter of the two grants of $20,000 each there is a great moral question behind both, and the feeling seems pretty general that the ends aimed at are deserving of the support of the citizens.

City Treasurer Coady, when spoken to by The World on the subject of the bylaws, expressed the strong hope that the citizens would see fit to adopt the bylaws. "Toronto is going ahead," he said, "she is not asleep, and to grow properly must be properly cultivated."

"Tell the people through The World," said the Mayor, "that I have no sympathy with these pessimists and defamers of the city's fair fame. We are progressive men in Toronto. We are building up a great city and my sincere hope is that the citizens by their vote on Wednesday will show the Blue Ruin gang that they cannot balk its onward march by their barking. These bylaws have all been carefully studied, discussed, and voted upon by the council. The aldermen, I take it, are the representatives of the people, and their opinion is entitled to some degree of respect. They have approved of these bylaws and sent them on to the people for final settlement, and it is for the people now to act."

BIRCHALL'S DEFENCE.

Eminent Counsel Retained by Benwell's Alleged Murderer.

WOODSTOCK, Aug. 4.—Mr. George T. Blackstock, Q.C., has been retained as senior counsel for the defence in the Birchall case, says The Sentinel-Review. Messrs. Hellmuth & Ives of London will act as second counsel. Messrs. Finkle, McKay & McMullen of this town have also been retained for the defence. A cablegram was received from Mr. Blackstock from Brighton, Eng., on Saturday night, signifying his acceptance of the retainer. Detective Bluett will remain in town until the trial is over.

Jekyll and Hyde.

[From The Montreal Gazette.]

The Globe, whose editor-in-chief is Mr. Farrer, the moving spirit in the inception of the Equal Rights agitation, reads a severe lesson to The Mail, whose editor-in-chief was Mr. Farrer, the said moving spirit, because of its habit of collecting and re-printing all the violent utterances of the ultra French-Canadian papers, and attributing the prejudices therein exhibited to the whole French-Canadian people. It was under Mr. Farrer's management that The Mail inaugurated this system of quotations, which did much to provoke and excuse the extreme feelings shown by the Equal Righters. Now we are learning from Mr. Farrer's paper how wicked Mr. Farrer's other paper was when he conducted it.

Five Deaths from Violence.

Undertaker M. McCabe of Queen-street west has been as busy as a nailer the past few days. On Friday his services were called into requisition to attend the three victims of the Brock-avenue accident. Sunday morning he had to take charge of the obsequies of the unfortunate switchman Lawrence Mahon, and the same night he was summoned to take charge of Thomas Butler, whose sad death is still being investigated.

A School Teacher's Death.

Miss Lizzie Sturrock, teacher in Wellesley Public School and Erskine Presbyterian Sabbath School, died at Niagara-on-the-Lake yesterday, after two weeks' illness. The remains will be interred in the Necropolis here to-day.

Donkey races, riders in costume, obstacle races, trotting races, at Grocers' Games. Admission 15c, Children 10c.

The Fighting Still Continues.

The Orange and Green riots still continue to agitate the village of North Toronto. On Friday night the fighting was renewed with increased violence, resulting in the smashing up of an Irish Catholic named McGee.

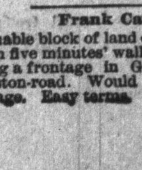
Swept By Flames.

DES MOINES, Ia., Aug. 4.—Fire to-day destroyed half the business portion and 40 residences of Whatcheer, Ia.

Steamship Arrivals.

Date.	Name.	Reported at.	From
Aug. 4.	—Eider	New York	Bremen.
"	—Russia	"	Hamburg.

A Little Cooler.



Wind mostly westerly or northwesterly, fair weather with a little lower temperature.

TEMPERATURES.

Calgary 50, 86; Prince Albert 42, 82; Qu'Appelle 42, 82; Winnipeg 50, 74; Toronto 68, 85; Montreal 72, 88; Quebec 68, 86; Halifax 62, 84.

Frank Cayley Offers

a valuable block of land containing over 40 acres within five minutes' walk of Little York Station, having a frontage in Gerrard-street through to Kingston-road. Would yield nearly 14,000 feet frontage. Easy terms.