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EIGHTH YEAR — WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 3, 1887 — PRICE ONE CENT

HERRING IN THEIR HOLDS.

TWO YANKEE FISHERS CAUGHT IN THE QUODDY RIVER.

The Americans Stand With Empty Nets, While the Canadians in the Full Enjoyment of the Inshore Fisheries, Fill Their Craft With Juicy Mackerel.

OTTAWA, Aug. 2.—Information was received by the Department of Fisheries to-day of the seizure of the American sloops Fanny and James Garfield, in the Quoddy River, bound for Eastport, Me., with cargoes of herring, the vessels having neither entered nor cleared at a custom house. Pending the receipt of further particulars instructions were issued by the Department to release the vessels on the deposit of a small fine.

In an interview with the Deputy Minister of Fisheries to-day he expressed his great regret that the statements generally communicated to the American press regarding the seizure or detention of fishing vessels recently was not of a more accurate character. It is made to appear from the statements published in American newspapers that the crews of the escaped fishing vessels Colonel French and Argonaut, brought to Souris, P.E.I., by the Canadian cruiser Critic, have not been treated well, and also that transport to their homes in other fishing vessels had been refused to them, while the facts are, with reference to the first point, that the collector of customs at Souris agent at Souris that the men would not be put on board the escaped vessels, he should allow them to return by any fishing vessel bound for home. It would appear that prior to the receipt of these instructions the men had been sent home by steamer from Charlottetown.

In further conversation the Deputy said that like the department had information that there are over two hundred United States fishing vessels in the vicinity of North Bay, P.E.I., very few of whom have secured anything like good fares. Some have abandoned the fishing voyage and gone home. Mackerel are plentiful and schooling well in shore, where the Canadian fishermen are securing large fares. The result of the season's operations will go far to settle the question as to the great value of our inshore fisheries. Their value has never been doubted by any one competent to judge, but after the contrast between American fishermen catching nothing outside the three mile limit and Canadian fishermen having more than they could catch inside the limits, which has been shown this year, no sensible man can any longer pretend that the inshore fisheries of Canada are not of immense value.

A. M. Burgess, Deputy Minister of the Interior, returned this morning from his trip to the Pacific Coast.

Frank Jones, who represented Leeds and Grenville in Parliament from Confederation to 1872, and who had a stroke of paralysis about a month ago, died here this morning.

Judge McGuire of the Supreme Court, Northwest Territories, arrived here to-day for the purpose of finding the Minister of Justice, and, finding that he was in Kingston, proceeded to that city. He reports everything quiet and prosperous at his judicial headquarters, Prince Albert.

It is understood that the murderers of McLeash, in Manitoba, have been traced to the United States, but no arrests have yet been made. It will be remembered that a reward of $5000 was offered some time ago for this arrest.

Adjutant-General Powell was advised to-day of the death of Major MacPherson, District Paymaster and Superintendent of Stores at Victoria, B.C., at the age of 74. Major MacPherson had served for many years in the Imperial force and was a highly-esteemed officer.

A SUBSIDY FOR THE C.P.R.

The British Government Decides to Support the Canadian Road.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—It is announced to-day that the Government has decided to grant a subsidy to the Canadian Pacific Railway. It is hoped to make the new route a great source of advantage to English speculators.

The Egyptian Convention.

PARIS, Aug. 2.—M. Florens, Minister of Foreign Affairs, has sent a circular to foreign agents regarding the Egyptian Convention. He says that after the rejection of the convention there was a noticeable spirit of conciliation manifested by England. The convention's two points were: First, the abandonment of the Sultan's suzerainty to a Christian power; second, the absence of a specified date for the evacuation of Egypt by the British. He believes that if negotiations are renewed it will be easy to arrive at a useful result by avoiding these difficulties. He concludes by expressing the hope that Lord Salisbury will not deceive himself regarding French sentiments on the subject. There is nothing hostile, he says, in his policy. France continues to desire a settlement according to the wishes of all the powers.

Russian Intrigue in the East.

BOMBAY, Aug. 2.—The Czar recently sounded the Ameer of Bokahara as to whether his subjects would assist Russia in the event of war. The Ameer replied that his subjects were Moslems and would rebel if he assisted Russia.

A proclamation of the Czar has been posted on the gates of Samaracand, promising that Russia will not interfere with the Turkomans and Usbeks provided Russian troops are allowed a free passage through the country.

Trevelyan Carries Bridgeton.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—An election was held to-day in the Bridgeton division of Glasgow to fill the Parliamentary seat made vacant by the resignation of Mr. E. R. Russell, Home Rule Liberal, who, at the last election, received 4264 votes against 3507 for the Conservative, Mr. Colin Mackenzie. The election to-day resulted in the return of Sir George Otto Trevelyan, the Liberal candidate, by a vote of 4654, Evelyn Ashley, the Wasservative nominee, receiving 3353.

Accidental Shooting at Hamilton.

HAMILTON, Aug. 2.—At the German Catholic picnic this afternoon Rev. Father Bergmann, while aiming at a target, accidentally shot Adam Marten in the hand, the ball entering at the side of the thumb and coming out at the back of the hand. The wound is a very painful one, though, of course, not at all serious.

Emin Bey Heard From.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—Emin Bey, the African explorer, writes from Wadelai, under date of Feb. 10, 1887, that his prospects were hopeful and that he was about to start for the Kabarega country.

French Respect for Katkoff.

PARIS, Aug. 2.—M. Lockeyer proposes that the French journalists send a delegate to represent the French press at the funeral of M. Katkoff, editor of the Moscow Gazette.

CHAT ACROSS THE CABLE.

The freedom of the city of Dublin was yesterday conferred on Patrick A. Collins and William O'Brien.

Emperor William has bestowed on the Crown Prince Rudolph of Austria the cross of the Grand Commander of the Order of Hohenlohe.

Special detectives made a strict search of all the baggage belonging to passengers aboard the City of Richmond on her arrival at Queenstown on Monday night.

At Hamburg twenty-five hundred joiners are on strike. Workmen of all trades are indignant because the police have suppressed the joiners' union.

From 15 to 20 deaths from cholera are reported in Catania daily. The epidemic is spreading in the provinces. In Syracuse and Calabria the condition of affairs has improved.

A despatch from Corsica says that the followers of Leandey, the Bonapartist, who were charged with rebelling against the authorities, have been acquitted.

A severe storm occurred thirty miles from Panama a few days ago. It blew over some thirty ranches and destroyed the crops.

BY BYE, BALLANTYNE.

The Secretary of the Dickens Club Does the Disappearance Act.

Two months ago there came to this city a well educated young Englishman, who soon found his way into Toronto's best society. He gave his name as "R. Ballantyne," and claimed to be a nephew of the famous Serjeant Ballantyne. He first made himself prominent from his active connection with the dinner at the Walker House on June 21 under the auspices of old English public school boys, and he was the originator and sole manager of the affair and is said to have looked after the details so carefully that he had quite a respectable sum remaining in his possession after liquidating the expenses. Prof. Goldwin Smith presided at the festive board, and was so favorably impressed with Ballantyne that he invited the young Englishman to dinner the following day. Ballantyne, it is needless to say, accepted and partook of the hospitality of the master of "The Grange."

This recognition of such a distinguished gentleman as Prof. Smith gave Ballantyne an entree to the houses of persons equally prominent in social circles. He was well educated, possessing marked literary ability, and an ability as well to gull his newly made and too confiding friends. For a month past he has been living at Gamble's Place at 108 McCaul-street, in the company of a select circle of young men holding responsible positions in banking institutions and law offices. He regaled them with stories of his valorous deeds under Baker Pasha and his school-boy exploits at a famous English school. Literature and art were his favorite subjects of conversation. In the recent organization of "The Dickens' Club" he was deeply interested, in fact being one of the originators, and upon its formal organization, July 14, was elected secretary. Last week the members of the club received circulars from the secretary, requesting them to forward at once $10, the amount of their annual subscriptions. He had no authority to do this, and when questioned about it was unable to explain his conduct satisfactorily. So far as known, no response was made to his circular.

During the latter part of last week Ballantyne busied himself in arranging for his departure. From three of his friends he succeeded in getting $20, giving them checks on the Bank of Montreal, which on presentation Monday, were not honored. From a King-street shirtmaker he got goods of the best texture to the value of $25, agreeing to settle upon the delivery, which, however, he successfully evaded. A bigger game he tried to work Saturday afternoon when he sought unsuccessfully to induce various banks to cash a draft for 2000 francs on an unknown bank in France. To his friends that day Ballantyne said he proposed going to Rochester at night by the Empress of India for a brief stay. That he intends returning is considered most improbable by his victims, who declare they will invoke the law for his punishment.

A couple of weeks ago Ballantyne was around some of the newspaper offices giving out that he was going to put $2,000 into a high-toned literary weekly. He tried to borrow $10 from a Publisher on the strength of this fake. It is needless to say he was unsuccessful.

ALL THE BYLAWS CARRIED.

The Vote on the Water Mains, Harbor and Drill Shed Site Expenditures.

The free-holders of the city were yesterday asked to vote on the following bylaws:

1. Bylaw to raise $100,000 for a Drill Shed site just north of Osgoode Hall.

2. Bylaw to raise $100,000 to be applied in building works to protect the Island.

3. Bylaw to raise $190,000 for the laying of the new water mains and services and for other purposes.

The World is happy to be able to announce that all three bylaws were carried. A clique of wealthy but stingy voters did all they could to defeat the grants. The greatest interest centered in the Drill Shed Bylaw. The military men worked might and main for it, and they are to be congratulated on their success. Toronto's volunteers will deserve a site and a building worthy of their deeds and valor.

The totals of the voting are as follows:

Drill shed site bylaw: For 1180, against 1055.
Harbor works bylaw: For 1218, against 1019.
Waterworks, etc., bylaw: For 1197, against 1013.

A FEARFUL EARTHQUAKE.

Terrible Scenes and Widespread Destruction in Ecuador.

PANAMA, Aug. 2.—A letter from Cuenca, Ecuador, dated June 29, furnishes the following: "At 6.30 o'clock this morning a terrible earthquake awoke the greater part of our citizens, and nearly all of them rushed into the streets without clothing. The movement was accompanied by a loud and fearful noise. In the streets and in the squares the people threw themselves on their knees, begging divine mercy. The curates, meanwhile, were exhorting the people to fly to the churches. The turrets of San Blas Church toppled over with a crash, and the walls of some of the churches have been severely damaged. Most of the houses have been destroyed, and the few still standing are damaged. Letters from Azoques report damage there, and the town hall is destroyed. Canax has also suffered loss.

At noon the earthquakes continued without cessation. All the bridges were damaged. The hospital is almost totally destroyed. The telegraph informs us that the shocks have been felt everywhere as far as Tulcan, but with less violence than here. A procession is now passing through the streets composed of all the ladies in the city and they are imploring the Almighty to appease His wrath.

Earthquake in Illinois.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—The earthquake shocks of last night were felt generally in southern and central Illinois. At Jonesboro a rumbling noise was heard, and the shocks were of sufficient force to cause picture frames to fall from the walls. The time was 12.40 a.m.

THE RED MEN SIGHT-SEEING.

The Visitors Visit the Point and Have Some Fun With Ned Hanlan.

The Improved Order of Red Men who established one of their tribes in Toronto on Monday night, remained in the city all day yesterday and put in a good time doing the sights. In the afternoon they chartered the steamer John H anlan and visited the Point, intending to call on "Ned" Hanlan, who is a member of the order in Toronto. But Hanlan was in the city, so the Red Brethren had a tow down towards the Humber and around the Island. After the steamer had entered the Eastern Gap the champion of America was discovered seated in his shell, having come out to meet the other Improved Aborigines. The water was as smooth as glass and he treated them to an exhibition right across to the Point. They quickly got off the steamer, and hustling to the boat-house some of them put him on their shoulders and carried him to the hotel amid great enthusiasm. They spent a fine afternoon and had lots of fun. As the boat left for the city the Red Men gave Hanlan cheer after cheer. Nearly all left last night for home.

Fewer Saloons, but Plenty of "Drunks."

The closing of seventy-four drinking places and hotels in the city on Monday has not, so far, reduced the work of the police in locking up drunken men and women found in the streets. Perhaps the continued hot wave has something to do with starting men's latent intemperate propensities. The first "drunk" was landed at Police Headquarters at 10.30 yesterday morning, and up to midnight a round dozen had been gathered in. In the other stations at the same hour, fifteen more drunks were booked, making the total catch twenty-five. Of course this has nothing to do with those who got drunk and were not caught.

William Booth Still Lingers.

There was a slight improvement in the condition of Mr. William Booth last night. Hitherto the only nourishment administered to him has been milk and lime water, but yesterday, by the doctor's orders, in addition to these he was given coffee and beef tea. He still remains unconscious and extremely weak, though there was a very slight increase of vitality. This is the thirteenth day since his accident.

UNITED STATES NEWS.

Mrs. Fannie Hoyne of Tuscola, Ill., was gored to death by a bull yesterday.

A slight shock of earthquake was felt at Evansville, Ind., early yesterday morning.

Lawyer Charles H. Reed has been discharged from Bellevue Hospital, New York, in the custody of friends.

The elections for the State and Legislative offices of Kentucky resulted in a Democratic majority of from 25,000 to 30,000.

Five persons were wounded and one killed in a fight at Cairo, Ill., yesterday between a negro excursion party and some whites.

In Faulkner County, Ark., yesterday Ike Meredith killed two brothers named John and Joe Evans. A feud had existed between them.

Christ Lutheran Church, a short distance from Reading, Pa., which was erected in 1743, was struck by lightning yesterday and destroyed: loss $20,000.

John Beal, a young boy imprisoned in Eaton, O., on the charge of killing his mother, has confessed that he did so by shooting her and almost beheading her with an axe. No cause is known excepting jealousy of favoritism shown to his sister.

NOT A LAUGHING MATTER.

MR. DILLON CAUSES A SCENE IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

He Denies That He Laughed When the Stoning of Women in Ireland Was Mentioned in the House and Half a Dozen Members Declare He Did.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—In the House of Commons this evening Mr. Dillon complained of a statement that appeared in a provincial paper, which he suspected was supplied by a Conservative member, charging him in a recent debate with laughing in approval of the stoning of a daughter of the agent of Lord Sligo during a school procession in Belfast. Mr. Dillon said he made it a rule not to notice newspaper assertions, but this offensive and disgusting passage was too much for him. [Conservative cries of "It is true."]

Mr. Dillon: "Who says it is true? It is absolutely false."

Mr. Halsey: "I say it is true—I distinctly remember the occurrence."

Mr. Maclean of Oldham: "I heard it, too."

Mr. Webster: "So did I."

Mr. Price: "And I also."

Mr. Dillon: "I say it is false against the four of you." [Cries of "Order" and Home Rule cheers.]

Mr. Dillon: "It is part of a system of infamous and atrocious falsehood by which an attempt is being made to hunt the Irish members out of public life." [Home Rule cheers.]

The Speaker: "Order. You must not make such charges against members."

Mr. Dillon: "I have reason to suppose that the offensive passage was supplied by a member. No more atrocious an accusation could be made, yet other members about that it is true. Are Irish members to have any protection here? I heard the Speaker call members to order for language which beside this strike into insignificance."

The Speaker: "I am the judge of order here. The members who said that [illegible] to put their own voice in upon what passed during the debate referred to."

Mr. Maclean, amid an uproar, maintained that when the assault upon the girl was mentioned laughter was heard among the Parnellites, and that Conservative members indignantly cried "Shame." The Speaker had found mentioned in the House reports. He would acquit Mr. Dillon of sharing in the laughter if he repudiated such conduct.

Mr. Dillon: "Nothing of the sort occurred. I ask justice at the Speaker's hands. The accusation ought to be withdrawn. I challenge this character of evidence to be hurled against us there will be an end to all public decency and order in Parliament."

The Speaker: "The laughter which members declare they heard was meant to be interpreted in an offensive sense. If Mr. Dillon repudiates the statement the House can accept the explanation."

Mr. Dillon insisted that this was insufficient. He demanded the protection of the Speaker. He withdrew if the Speaker or that the Speaker require the members to withdraw.

The Speaker: "Order. I have settled the incident."

Mr. Dillon: "These measures of justice are for one set of members, and there is no justice for another set." [Home Rule cheers.]

The debate on the Land Bill was then resumed.

BOULANGER AND FERRY.

The Seconds Unable to Arrange the Terms of the Duel.

PARIS, Aug. 2.—The seconds of ex-Premier Ferry and General Boulanger have decided that a duel is necessary.

Gen. Boulanger's seconds publish a report of what they say transpired at the conference between them and the seconds of M. Ferry. This report is in substance as follows: Gen. Boulanger desired a serious reparation—one the gravity of which should be proportioned to the gravity of M. Ferry's affront. On this account he proposed that the combatants exchange shots until one was hit, the choice of the distance to be left to the seconds of M. Ferry. These conditions were not being accepted Gen. Boulanger's seconds agreed to be content with an exchange of shots between the principals at twenty paces without any word of command. Considering this proposal too serious the extreme limit of Gen. Boulanger's formal instruction his seconds did not feel authorized to make any further proposition. Ferry's seconds would only accept a duel at twenty-five paces with a single exchange of shots, the fire to be opened at word of command. Therefore the offended party has the right to dictate the conditions of a duel without being obliged to submit to terms dictated by his adversary's seconds, Gen. Boulanger's seconds withdrew from the affair.

A $100,000 FIRE.

A Conflagration at St Jean Baptiste renders Fifty Families Homeless.

MONTREAL, Aug. 2.—Early this evening a fire broke out in the rear of Paquett's grocery store, on St. Hypolite-street, St. Jean Baptiste Ward, and before it could be got under control the buildings on both sides of St. Dominique, from Napoleon to St. Jean Baptiste streets, the west side of St. Hypolite and those in rear of the east side of St. Lawrence-street, were destroyed and about fifty families rendered homeless. This is one of the streets in connection with the drain of which charges of a boodle combine were made against the Road Department contractors, and the people throwing their goods into the open drain saved much of them from the fierce flames. The upper part of the police station was gutted.

Paquette, in whose place the fire originated, was insured for $3100, but in most cases there was no insurance. The families rendered homeless are mostly poor people. The buildings were largely wooden, a number being wood and brick, and a few being built entirely of brick. The damage is estimated at $100,000.

IN HONOR OF LAURIER.

Large Numbers Attend the Liberal Picnic at Somerset, Que.

SOMERSET, Que., Aug. 2.—The great Liberal picnic to-day, in honor of Hon. W. Laurier on his appointment to the leadership of the Liberal party, was attended by thousands of excursionists from all parts of the province, and many prominent members of the party from Ontario and other provinces. Among those in attendance were Premier Mercier of Quebec, J. D. Edgar of Ontario, and a large number of members of both the Dominion and Local Parliaments.

Excursion trains ran from Montreal, Quebec and other points, bringing large numbers. The picnic took place in the afternoon in a fine grove at Somerset, which was crowded. Mr. Laurier was received with the greatest enthusiasm. His speech in reply to an address from the Liberal clubs was the event of the day.

FOUL PLAY SUSPECTED.

A Mystery Surrounding the Death of Patrick Kiernan of Ottawa.

OTTAWA, Aug. 2.—An inquest was held on the remains of a man found in McKay's Lake on Saturday and an open verdict of found drowned was returned. The body was in too advanced a stage of decomposition to tell whether there had been foul play or not. On the body was found a receipt to Patrick Kiernan for $15, signed by Rocheon & Champagne, advocates, of Hull, and dated March 16. The body is believed to be that of Kiernan, whom Rocheon & Champagne say they last saw on March 16, when he had about $100 on him. Foul play is suspected.

Arrested for Criminal Libel.

MONTREAL, Aug. 2.—Hugh Graham and R. K. Graham have been arrested at the instance of the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company, on a charge of criminal libel for an alleged libellous article that appeared in The Star newspaper.

Where Industry is Death.

GALLAKEN, Pa., Aug. 2.—A Hungarian coke drawer went to work yesterday at the mines of the Blair Iron and Coal Company. Later a number of his countrymen sought him and murdered him for being a traitor to the cause of their strike.

Electric Light for a Live Town.

OSHAWA, Aug. 2.—At the regular monthly meeting of the Town Council last night a by-law to light the town with electric light was passed.

THE RENFREW ELECTION.

Mr. Ferguson, the Conservative, Elected by a Majority of 136.

RENFREW, Aug. 2.—Following is the result of the polling in the south riding to-day:

	Ferguson's Majorities.
Admaston & Hartys	21
Bagot & Blythefield	6
Brudenell	30
Mansfield	32
Sebastopol	2
Shamrock	28
Bringham	20
Scotch Bush	23
Sherwood & Jones	20
Raglan & Radcliffe	5
Arnprior	173
	390
	McIntyre's Majorities.
Renfrew	47
White Lake	19
Sand Point	3
McNab Town Hall	20
Horton	48
Hagarty	6
Eganville	75
Admaston Town Hall	5
Total for McIntyre	224
Total for Ferguson	390
Majority for Ferguson	136

Griffith and Matawatchen are still to be heard from.

A Whoop up at Arnprior.

ARNPRIOR, Aug. 2.—The town is wild with excitement to-day over Ferguson's majority being declared to be 150. The brass band played through the town, and hundreds of people gathered at the Campbell House, Devine's hotel and McPhee's. An immense open air meeting took place at McPhee's, where speeches were made from the balcony and over 2000 people were present, Mr. Dulmage, barrister, occupying the chair. The speakers were John Harvey, Mr. McIntosh, Oscar McDonald of Ottawa. The meeting closed with cheers for Sir John Macdonald and the Queen.

Ferguson's Election was Expected.

OTTAWA, Aug. 2.—The result of the election in Renfrew caused great satisfaction here, but little surprise, as it was pretty generally conceded by all, except extreme partisans, that Ferguson would be elected.

THE ST. THOMAS DISASTER.

The Accident Owing to the Negligence of G.T.R. Employes.

ST. THOMAS, Aug. 2.—The jury on the inquest in the late disaster in this city were locked in last night at 9 o'clock, and after morning at 3 returned their verdict, finding:—

First, it is quite plain from evidence adduced that the engineer was on that day, at all events, quite unfit for his duty, as for instance the speed at which he ran the train into the corporation of the city of St. Thomas without slackening at the proper places.

Second, the negligence of the conductor in not examining the air brakes before leaving the Port, which, had it been done, might have prevented the disaster which has brought desolation into so many homes.

Third, and further, had there been an inspector, as there ought to have been, at the Port, such serious consequences might have been averted.

Fourth, the drowning of the young lady, Miss Thomas of London, at Port Stanley, is another direct result of the disaster. If Mr. Larmour had accepted the offer of the Michigan Central Railway officials to send an engine to Port Stanley to relieve the anxiety of hundreds at the Port and taking them to their destination, the sad ending of a young life would not have occurred.

Fifth, another point to which we would call attention is the practice of the officials of the company in not providing enough special accommodation for excursion trains. The evidence of one of the brakesmen went to show that there were so many children on the platform of the cars making a noise that he could not tell whether the whistle had been blew or not, and upon being asked if there was not room for them inside he replied in the negative.

Sixth, and further, that the said officials of the company allow their trains to run too fast in the city for the safety of the public.

Conductor Spettigue was committed for trial on a charge of manslaughter.

Drowning Accident at Windsor.

WINDSOR, Ont., Aug. 2.—A party of dancers who took part in the emancipation celebration here last night embarked in a small boat about 12 o'clock last night to cross to Detroit. One of the party stepped on the side of the boat, which capsized and the occupants were thrown into the river. Officer Nash of the Windsor police force, who was on the dock at the time, pulled off his hat and coat, and, jumping into the water, rescued four of the drowning party. Miss May Lewis of Clinton, Mich., aged 18, was drowned. The body is not yet recovered.

Suicide at Amherstburg.

AMHERSTBURG, Aug. 2.—Mrs. Robbins, wife of Col. G. C. Robbins, the well-known assayer and mining engineer, committed suicide yesterday at her residence, below this place, by shooting herself with a small pistol. She had been troubled with a severe attack of brain for some time. Col. Robbins is at present in Eureka, Nevada, looking after mining interests, and her son, Frank C., only left for California last week, being engaged by New York capitalists to examine mines.

Why Didn't They Steal a Full One?

MONTREAL, Aug. 2.—Geo. Bates, aged 32, styling himself a Toronto broker, and Edward Wirth, aged 32, a horse-collar maker of St. Thomas, were sent to jail for one month today for stealing an empty lager keg.

The Log Stealing Case.

OTTAWA, Aug. 2.—Messrs. John and Allan Gilmour were up before Recorder Champagne of Hull on the charge made by Father Paradis of stealing logs. The case was enlarged for a week at the instance of the prosecution.

A New Boon to the Public.

Are you going for a trip by boat or train? Are you going camping? Are you taking your family for their annual holiday? Then listen: The Verral Cab, Omnibus and Baggage Transfer Company was established just to meet your case. They send for your baggage in ample time to get it to the train, and when you step out of one of their well appointed carriages the agent of the company hands you your checks, and boarding the train or boat you are happy. No quarreling with cabmen, no fear of overcharge, no trouble with baggage, no worry about parcels. Then when you return, feeling strong, stout and sunburnt, you will find the gentlemanly agent of the company on the train or boat prepared to take your order for a cab and to deliver your baggage without any worry on your part. He will exhibit the company's special tariff, issue you a ticket for cab and baggage, take up your checks, and when you arrive will place you in one of the company's carriages and look after your baggage and see it safely sent home. The employes of the company are neatly uniformed and wear badges showing their respective occupation: drivers, agents, collectors, baggagemen, etc., etc., as the case may be.

The company's offices are situated as follows: Head office—11 to 19 Mercer-street, telephone 979. Offices and stables—11 and 13 Queen-street east, telephone 933; 55 York-street, telephone 969; Union Station, telephone 205. Branch offices—J. A. Allan, 326 Spadina-avenue; C. H. Newman, 168 Brunswick-avenue; Dr. Bentley, 215 Wellesley-street; May & Co., 372½ Queen-street west; Carr & Armstrong, 769 Yonge-street.

The Tannery Hollow Sidewalk.

Personally appeared Ald. John Shaw before the Board of Works yesterday. Ere the flowery alderman of St. Paul's quitted that committee room he had the solemn promise of the board that the much-needed sidewalk at Tannery Hollow would be put down forthwith. Accordingly North Torontonians will rejoice.

SENATOR SHERMAN IN TORONTO.

The Ohio Statesman Sees the Sights—The Presidential Boom.

Hon. John Sherman and party arrived in Toronto from the West at 10.15 yesterday morning, having put in Monday at the Falls. The gentlemen registered at the Rossin House as follows: Hon. John Sherman, Ohio; Gen. J. S. Robinson, Ohio; Hon. Amos Townsend, Cleveland, O.; Col. C. H. Grosvenor, Athens, O.; Judge Thompson, Ohio. The distinguished quintet spent the day in Toronto, and will leave for Montreal on the C.P.R. express this morning, their destination being the Pacific Coast.

At 11 o'clock Mayor Howland, wearing a light grey suit and a soft felt hat to match, called on Mr. Sherman at the Rossin House and spent over an hour with him. Then the two, accompanied by Ald. Ritchie, walked along King-street to the City Hall, where the distinguished visitor was conducted to His Worship's new office with its shabby walls and floor, devoid of carpet or proper paint and paper. The People's William joked about the floor, and Honest John remarked that he liked it for its plainness and simplicity. Then Mr. Sherman returned to his hotel, and the Mayor called for him at 3 o'clock and drove him around the city.

Senator John Talks Much, But Says Little.

A young man of The World sent up his card to Senator Sherman at the Rossin House yesterday afternoon, and was presently admitted to the mysteries of Room 186. The distinguished American sat down in one of the red plush arm-chairs, threw one long, lean leg over the other, smoked a cigar and talked affably.

"Honest" John is between six and seven feet high, and is built on the model of an old-fashioned wooden clothes-pin, though not quite so symmetrical. When standing up with cigar aglow he looks like the frame-work of a high house, and when turned over sideways he throws no shadow. He is taller and thinner than Blackett Robinson, a more fluent conversationalist than ex-Ald. John Turner and a more wily diplomat than John Baxter, Esq., Chief Justice of the Police Court and Court of Revision. Mr. Sherman has a good shaped head, rather a high, wide forehead, bright clear eyes, prominent nose, square chin, wide mouth, uneven teeth and the rest of him looks like a lath. When he begins to talk he rises from his chair. Senator Sherman rises from a chair in the same way they start a freight train—a link at a time. When he is finally upon his feet he looks like the State of Ohio tipped up on end. He is very affable and genial, and one feels at home in his presence in a moment. But he understands all about being interviewed. He doesn't want to talk on public questions and that settles it. He is almost the equal of Sir John Macdonald in talking around a question.

"Ah, yes," he said, "glad to meet you. Now tell me in what way I can be of any use to you?"

Here was a plain intimation that Honest John was willing to unburden his mind, and it was a pleasure to think that he might first tell what he is doing here and then turn to public questions.

"Certainly," he replied. "Certainly. We are going for a trip over the Canadian Pacific Railway. You know it is only just now that your railway is open to us for travel. I am well acquainted with Gen. Van Horne, and I shall be joined by him in Montreal. We are going through to Vancouver. I have been in Vancouver before, but it was before British Columbia became a part of the Dominion of Canada. My brother, Gen. Sherman, first drew my attention to that country.

"Will you go through to Alaska?"

"I hardly think so. We will not have time. Some of us have to get home early, especially Gen. Robinson, who is Secretary of State for Ohio.

Honest John was next approached on the subject of commercial union, and he didn't pass shot like a bear trap. Give an opinion? No, sir! But he said:

"Even if I desired to speak it would not be a proper thing to do. This is a matter of treaty making and therefore of Executive action. As I am not a member of the Executive of course it would be quite improper for me to express a thing on the subject one way or the other. It is a matter that can only be properly introduced to us by the Executive of the United States."

All of which was a pretty considerable side wipe at Bro. Butterworth, but nothing to what was to follow.

"Has not Congressman Butterworth introduced a bill dealing with the subject? He is not a member of the Executive."

"Well, yes! It is possible for two countries to consent to mutual legislation to attain a desired end, although the difficulties would be very great. In this case they would be almost insurmountable, from the fact that negotiations have to be carried on through the English Government." Then getting back again to the former question—"You know while you are perfectly free here in Canada with you have not that one power of treating with another nation. This treaty will have to be carried on through the English Government, while on our side it will not. It must be carried through the Executive, and therefore, as only a private member, I am not in a position to express any opinion."

If the above means anything, it means in Senator Sherman's opinion Ben Butterworth has been talking when he should have held his tongue, and has as a private member been usurping the prerogatives of the Executive. At any rate one thing is clear, little Bon Butterworth has been stumping the country on a subject that the great Republican leader and Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs feels that he is not justified in even expressing an opinion about.

On the subject of the coming presidential campaign, Senator Sherman was as dumb as a South Bay oyster. "I am the last person in the world who should say anything on that subject"—and there he stuck. He wasn't prepared to say who would get the Republican nod, who would probably win if they did get it, or anything else. "What is done this year may not hold out next year," he said, and with this oracular deliverance he shut himself and towered aloft. Then he went on talking:

"I have never been in Toronto before, but I have been in Montreal several times, and also Niagara Falls often. This is just like a Northern United States city. Your people are like our Northern people, you reporters are just about the same sort as I meet in the States—it does seem ridiculous to make two nations of this people."

"But you have all the population you can govern now."

"That may be so, but we could send some of our surplus to you. We could spare you half a-dozen millions easily. I see some distinguished Americans have come to settle with you; I'm afraid they won't do you much good though," and with a sad kind of a smile, John placed the fourth knob of his vertebra against the mantel-piece and closed the interview.

Subsequently he went down-stairs to the cigar stand to replenish his stock.

Moonlight on the Bay.

Senator Sherman and his party saw Toronto by moonlight from the water last night under the auspices of Ald. Piper and his fellow members of the Reception Committee. They went out on the ferry Queen City, steamed round the Bay half a dozen times and then landed at Hanlan's Point, where half an hour was spent.

Jubilee Gems.

Shannessy & Hall, the photographers at 228 Yonge-street, have got up a set of jubilee gems, consisting of instantaneous views of the procession that walked on the jubilee holiday. The pictures are well executed and will form fitting mementos of the occasion.

379 Interments During July.

During July the number of interments in the four city cemeteries was 379, of which 139 were at St. James', 106 at Mount Pleasant, 71 at St. Michael's, 63 at the Necropolis. Of this number 282 were children.

Alive Bellard sells seven Stonewall Jacksons or Heroes for 25 cents; also 10-cent El Padres for 5 cents. 135

In the Police Court.

The Fenner case was called in the Police Court yesterday and again remanded till tomorrow.

The three boys arrested Monday night on suspicion of being implicated in the various robberies from island tents were in the Police Court yesterday and dismissed. There was little or no evidence against them.

Mark Smith and Thomas J. Collins, charged with larceny, were sent for trial.

A Car Drivers' Association.

BUFFALO, Aug. 2.—A convention of street car employes of the United States and Canada is being held here. The convention is for the purpose of forming a national association.

Ladies Only.

—It is said "a woman takes care of the pence and leaves the 'pounds' to take care of themselves;" well, woman is usually right. No housekeeper can save more money in any line pertaining to domestic affairs than she can in her general housefurnishing department, and it is a well-known fact that the ladies in Toronto save dollars by expending their cents at Strachan's, 179 Yonge, where good value for your money is always obtained.

THE PHARMACY INCIDENT.

NEW REVELATIONS ABOUT THE ALLEGED "CROOKED" BALLOTS.

Lawyer Osler's Plan for Getting at the Real State of the Poll—A Comparison Between the "Official" and the "Revised" Counts

The interest in the alleged "cooking" of the returns in connection with the election of the thirteen councillors of the Ontario College of Pharmacy, in February last, grows apace. Each day adds something fresh to the developments.

It will be remembered that The World stated some time ago that Mr. B. B. Osler, Q.C., who was retained by the plaintiffs in their suit against the councillors-elect, had determined to send out ballot papers to all those who had voted and have them re-mark the papers, so that they could be compared with the official returns. This has been done, and The World yesterday obtained a copy of the official ballots and those obtained by Mr. Osler's scheme, which took several weeks to gather. The statement is published in full. In the first column of the table will be found the official count and on the outside Mr. Osler's revised count. In the centre is the difference between the two columns. The exact words of the registrar and the scrutineers in making their return is used:

NINTH ELECTION OF COUNCIL
of the
ONTARIO COLLEGE OF PHARMACY.

The appointed scrutineers beg to report the following as the result of the election held in accordance with section 6 of the Pharmacy Act and bylaw 10 of the Ontario College of Pharmacy.

4838 votes were cast; the number obtained by each candidate is shown below, viz.:

Name.	The Official Count.		Plus.	Minus.
1 Love, Nell C., Toronto	275	(142)	133	
2 Harvey, Edmund, Guelph	247	(137)	110	
3 Allen, Henry, Toronto	243	(136)	107	
4 Miller, Hugh, Toronto	241	(130)	111	
5 Ellis, F. W., Toronto	230	(112)	118	
6 Sanders, W. B., Stayner	218	(64)	154	
7 Tolson, Neil C., Kingston	198		214	
8 Hazlewood, G. W., London	196		196	
9 Brierley, Richard, Hamilton	195		194	
10 Wickett, R. R., Brantford	195	(49)	146	
11 Wightman, R., Owen Sound	185	(47)	139	
12 Foster, W. O., St. Thomas	177		164	
13 Wilson, J. A., Belleville	174		148	
Howse, W. R., Whitby	163		164	
Gregory, Thos., Lindsay	174		136	
Walters, Henry, Ottawa	167		143	
Pearen, J. M., Toronto	163		164	
McKee, F. Peterboro	140		106	
Clark, J. A., Hamilton	140		106	
Kennedy, J., Toronto	123		74	
Jordan, F., Goderich	106			
Buchanan, Angus, Kempt	93		88	
Ward, J., Toronto	85		71	
McCann, A., Wallaceburg	65		60	
Cooper, G. W., Toronto	62		66	
Murchison, Wm., Toronto	61		56	
Dyas, H. S., Strathroy	60		64	
Orbert, G. S., Kingston	52		64	
Oilphant, D., Collingwood	44		76	
Hamilton, Toronto	18		16	

We declare the first thirteen gentlemen on the above list duly elected as the council of the Ontario College of Pharmacy, 335 votes were lost by reason of the papers being unsigned, and 131 were spoiled.

GEORGE HODGETTS, CHARLES LOVE, CHAS. HODGETTS, } Scrutineers.
Toronto, July 6, 1887.

In the case of those on behalf of whom the figures are supposed to have been "cooked," there is indeed a great disparity between the official and Mr. Osler's returns. In the case of those where it is admitted there was no tampering with the ballots the returns from both sources are about the same.

One of the circumstances which the plaintiffs in their special affidavit