



**Evening Telegram**

W. J. HERDER, Proprietor  
C. T. JAMES, Editor

TUESDAY, September 17th, 1918.

**On Eastern Front.**

The refreshingly prompt rejection by President Wilson of the Austrian peace overtures not alone seals their fate but should by its very promptness and emphatic language give the enemy politicians and peoples something to think about. The messages state that Paris was prepared for the offer, deeming it, or something like it, the logical outcome of the severe German defeat in the west. We do not think the reason assigned the whole cause, though the greater part of it; the remainder is not hard to find if we turn our eyes for a moment to the east.

Public opinion in the Allied nations has had a curious trick of swinging pendulum-like from one extreme to the other, from optimism to despondency, from exaggeration of some particular factor to disregard of it altogether. Especially is this true regarding Russia. The great steamroller was to finish the enemy and the war in quick time, and when it failed to do the impossible people forgot that it had at least saved Europe and made possible the Marne. When the unwieldy empire at last succumbed to influences altogether unknown or unappreciated in the west it was assumed with absurd facility that the reactionary element being swept completely away, the great democracy, strong in its new-found freedom and unhampered by treachery and corruption, would start with a clean slate and, once again, soon finish the reckoning. Followed then the object lesson, which French history a hundred years back should have made unnecessary, of the true value of a "great democracy" like Russia's in the hands of an autocracy like Germany's, and then the pendulum swung again; Russia might be counted out for the rest of the war; America had taken her place, the war must be won in the west, and so on.

The second mistake was as great as the first, and it is well that it was not shared by all among the councils of the Allies. Probably few know by how narrow a margin and through exactly what influences Russia has been prevented from being tortured and compelled into active alliance with Germany, as active, that is, against her former allies as she has unhappily been against herself. As it is the Bolsheviks have been such an ally to Germany, delivering her from all ap-

prehension regarding her eastern frontier and releasing the armies which were hurled with such effect against the Allies last March and April.

With the now imminent fall of the Bolshevik regime that apprehension is revived. It casts its gloomy and portentous shadow over Berlin, moving it to talk of peace quite as much as anything that is happening in the west. It must be remembered—what Western Europe has not sufficiently understood—that Russia and the east mean almost more to Germany than "dreams, at present unrealistic, of domination over the greater powers on the Atlantic. They have been alternately her hope and her nightmare. Defeated in the west, she would merely have to relinquish Belgium and northern France, which she never hoped to hold, possibly Alsace and Lorraine, which were never hers of right, and possibly pay also an indemnity. What would these losses be if she were left in secure possession of her eastern frontiers, her domination of Austria, the Balkans and Turkey, her complete economic control, which would be virtually political also, of Russia? There is no comparison: she would emerge from the war immensely the victor, enabled to refresh herself and exploit her gains until the time should be ripe to win back her losses in the west and all else she wished beside.

That hope, which seemed bright enough four months ago, is now dashed and replaced by the opposite fear, which takes shape daily. It is not domination in the east that is now threatened here but defeat and invasion. The Bolsheviks have destroyed themselves more thoroughly than the Allies could have done; the very horror of the nightmare which they spread over the rest of Russia has awakened it at last. There is an eastern front again, for the present in Siberia, but soon to move westward. The Czechs and Slovaks control the Siberian railway system; daily their forces are being augmented, and now we read of a large Polish army springing into existence at their side. When the time is ripe, and Russia is again ready, the Allies will be able to throw off their apprehensions and despatch all the forces they can spare to the east. Prophecy is dangerous, but we may reasonably expect to see Russia become next year once more, and for the last time, a real theatre of war. Given such a condition, Germany and Austria, caught between the two millstones, would not again have the power to resist their pressure. It would be a matter not of months but of weeks and days when they would be crushed. None sees this more clearly than the enemy themselves, and that is why they are beginning to talk earnestly of peace.

**With the Canadians.**

The following N.G.M. names appear in a Canadian casualty list, published on Sept. 12:

**Infantry—Killed in Action—**C. Kane, Alexander Bay, Nfld.; H. Payne, Pogo, Nfld.; J. Devereux, Avondale, Nfld.

Wounded—F. W. Fowling, Trinity.

**McMurdo's Store News.**

TUESDAY, Sept. 17, 1918. Sunset Soap Dyes have evidently come to stay, and are growing steadily in popularity. The reasons are several—they dye any kind of fabric, cotton, wool, silk, linen, or a mixture of any of these; they do not soil the hands or utensils; they wash as well as color the goods at one operation; they give bright, rich, even color that do not quickly fade or wash out. On the whole, Sunset Soap Dyes give the best results at the least trouble of any dyes that we know of. A wide variety of colors like a pig.

Troubled with corns? Get a package of Acme Corn Silk. 'Twill cure you. Price 10c.

**Reids Boats.**

The Argyle left Placentia to-day on western route.

The Clyde left Port Union yesterday morning, no report since.

The Dundee left Campbellton at 9 a.m. yesterday.

The Ethie is leaving Humbermouth to-day.

The Home left Port Leamington at 12.15 p.m. yesterday.

The Petrol left Trinity at 12.05 p.m. yesterday.

The Fogota arrived at Port aux Basques at 9.15 a.m. yesterday.

**Train Notes.**

Sunday's outgoing express arrived at Port aux Basques on time this morning.

Yesterday's west bound express left Howley on time to-day.

To-day's east bound express left Port aux Basques on time.

**BAND CONCERT.**—The C. L. B. will give a Band Concert in Bannerman Park this Tuesday evening, from 8.15 to 10 o'clock. Proceeds for W. P. A. and C. L. B. funds. Citizens wishing to contribute can do so on the gate.—sep17,11

**Woman and Girl Injured When Horse Bolted.**

Mrs. Patrick Brien of Topsail, and an adopted daughter had a narrow escape from fatal injuries yesterday morning when their horse bolted and capsized their express panning the occupants underneath. The particulars as learned by us are as follows: Mr. Patrick Brien, wife and adopted daughter were coming out the Topsail Road at 8 a.m. yesterday morning in an express wagon drawn by a high-spirited horse and while passing Davey's the shafts which broke from the vehicle by the bolt snapping, fell down on the horses legs, resulting in the animal becoming frightened and dashing along the road at top-speed up the express throwing the occupants to the ground and pinning Mrs. Brien and the girl beneath it. Mrs. Brien fortunately, was thrown clear and escaped with slight injuries. On being extricated from their perilous position, Mrs. Brien was found to have received severe injuries to her back and legs, while the little girl was badly cut about the head and face. The injured persons were hurried back to Topsail where they were attended by Dr. Chisholm.

**With the Gun.**

Quite a number of Blue Puttees veterans are leaving the city within the next few days in quest of the feathered tribe which are said to be plentiful in certain districts "known to a few."

Mr. L. G. Chafe, accompanied by Mrs. Chafe, their daughter Annie, and two sons, Lieut. Eske Chaf. M.C., and Walter of the Royal Stores, leave by to-morrow's express for Tickle Hr. for a few weeks hunt.

Mr. A. LeMessurier, and Corpl. Frank LeMessurier leave by this evening's train for a ten days shoot along the Trepassey railway.

**Here and There.**

**PERSONAL.**—Mr. and Mrs. John Kerbin, of Cape Race, are at present in the city.

**CAPE RACE, To-day.** Wind east, fresh, weather dull. Bar. 29.70; ther. 58.

**DEFAULTERS ARRIVE.**—Three defaulters arrived by train this morning from Trepassey.

**PERSONAL.**—Miss Eleanor Parkins, who has been spending a long vacation in Topsail, is now in the city again.

**HERRING STRIKE IN.**—Herring of a medium size, have struck in Placentia Bay, and large numbers are being taken.

**WEATHER REPORT.**—The weather across country is foggy on east coast, fine on west coast; temperature 30 to 55 above.

**CASE OF DIPHTHERIA.**—A case of diphtheria was reported to the Health Office yesterday, and the patient, a young girl of Coronation St. was removed to hospital.

**BUTS FINE RESIDENCE.**—Mr. Geo. Neal, the popular auctioneer and commission merchant, has purchased the house formerly occupied by Mrs. Parnell, and still more recently by Lady Bowring, Military Road.

**POLICE COURT.**—Only one case occupied the Court this morning, one wherein a shopkeeper charged a man with stealing a large amount of essence of lemon. He was fined \$5 or ten days.

**TYPHOID FEVER CASE.**—A case of typhoid fever was reported to the Health Authorities yesterday, and the sufferer, a young girl of 213 Southside Road, was conveyed to hospital last evening.

**MORE LAUNCHES.**—A ship will be launched at North Arm some time this week. There will also be another launched at Catalina during the week. The H. Grace Shipbuilding Co. will also launch another large vessel on Thursday.

**VESSEL STRANDED.**—A fine large vessel that was launched recently at St. George's, has been stranded on a sand bank there, and her stern is held tightly. However, it is expected that she will come off again in the spring tide, the highest of the year.

**RECEIVES FINE RECEPTION.**—Mr. F. J. Doyle, who is now in Boston on a business trip, is receiving a warm welcome from the Newfoundlanders there. He will return about the end of the month, to resume his navigation classes.

**DASTARDLY CONDUCT.**—A young lad who was roaming on the Southside Hills, in company with two other boys on Sunday, on returning to his home told his parents of the beastly conduct of a man there. This man was described as being somewhat elderly and well dressed. The stranger, noticing the little boy to him acted in a manner that betrayed his low nature.

**The Rivers of France.**

The rivers of France are tan score and twain. But five are the names that we know The Marne, the Veuze, the Ourcq and the Aisne. And the Somme of the swampy flow.

The rivers of France, from source to the sea, Are nourished by many a rill. But these five, if ever a drought there be, The fountains of sorrow would fill.

The rivers of France shine silvery white, But the waters of five are red With the richest blood, in the fiercest fight. For Freedom, that ever was shed.

The rivers of France sing soft as they run, But five have a song of their own, That hymns the fall of the arrogant one And the proud cast down from his throne.

The rivers of France all quietly take To sleep in the house of their birth, But the carnal ways of five shall break On the uttermost strands of Earth.

Five rivers of France, see their names are writ On a banner of crimson and gold, And the glory of those who fashioned it Shall nevermore cease to be told. —Westminster Gazette.

**Haig Issues Order**

PRaising BRITISH ARMY ACHIEVEMENT.

Declares Enemy's Effort is Now Spent and That Dark Days Will Never Return—British Took 75,000 Prisoners and 750 Guns in Four Weeks.

London, Sept. 10.—The capture by the British of 75,000 prisoners and 750 guns in four weeks is announced by Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig in an Order of the Day.

The text of the Field Marshal's Order of the Day reads: "One month has now passed since the British armies, having successfully withstood all the attacks of the enemy, once more took the offensive in their turn. In that short space of time, by a series of brilliant and skilfully executed actions, we have repeatedly defeated the same German armies whose vastly superior numbers compelled our retreat last spring. What has happened on the British front has happened also on the front of our Allies.

"Less than six months after the launching of the great German offensive, which was to have cut the Allied front in two, the Allied armies everywhere to-day are advancing victoriously side by side over the same battlefield on which, by the courage and steadfastness of their defence, they broke the enemy's assaults.

"Yet more has been done. Already we have pressed beyond our old battle lines of 1917, and have made a wide breach in the enemy's strongest defences.

"In this glorious accomplishment all ranks, arms and services of the British armies in France have borne their part in the most worthy and honorable manner.

"The capture of 75,000 prisoners and 750 guns in the course of four weeks' fighting speaks for the magnitude of your efforts and the magnitude of your achievement.

"My thanks are due to all ranks of the fighting forces for their indomitable spirit in defence and their boldness in attack, to all commanders and their staff officers under whose able direction such great results have been attained, and also to all those whose unparalyzing labors behind the actual fighting line have contributed essentially to the common cause. To have commanded this splendid army which, at a time of grave crises, has so nobly done its duty, fills me with pride.

"We have passed through many dark days together. Please God, these never will return. The enemy has now spent his effort, and we rely confidently on each one of you to turn to full advantage the opportunity your skill, courage and resolution have created."

**N. S. Apple Yield**  
Less Than Half Last Year's Crop.  
Ottawa, Sept. 10.—The crop fruit report for September places the Nova Scotia apple yield at 400,000 barrels, or slightly more than half of last year's production. The embargo on apple exports to Great Britain, the report states, is discouraging to Nova Scotia growers, but the orchards are being kept in good condition, in view of the after-war possibilities.

Conditions in Quebec province are described as "lamentable" because of the destruction last winter of old Fenimore orchards. The hope is expressed that the farmers will replant these orchards.

In Eastern Ontario there is a medium crop of some varieties of apples. There is also a fair crop in Central Ontario, but the quality is below average. In Western Ontario fall varieties are one-half a crop, and winter varieties thirty-five per cent. There is a fairly good crop in the Georgian Bay districts.

Earlier reports on the Niagara Peninsula peach crops are confirmed by the September report. The total yield will be slightly less than in 1917, and probably not more than forty to fifty per cent. of an average crop.

The apple crop in the inland valleys of British Columbia will average about 10 per cent. less than in 1917, but is of better quality and size. Pears are a very large crop, at least fifty per

**Tenne Millinery Hats have set the Style for Fall 1918.**

To-day we present our first showing of

**High-Class Tenne Millinery Hats**  
FOR FALL WEAR.

Absolutely the cream of American Millinery. These are entirely different from others you may have seen. Every hat personally selected and no two alike. ALSO

**Ready-to-Wear Hats**  
in all the most favoured styles and shades. Excellent assortment.

**OUR NEW FALL COATS AND SUITS**

are on display to-day, offering all that is new in the most likeable styles for Fall wear. No better time for choosing your "NEW COAT" or "NEW HAT."

*James Baird*

**THE LONDON DIRECTORY,**  
(Published Annually)

enables traders throughout the World to communicate direct with English MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS in each class of goods. Besides being a complete commercial guide to London and Suburbs, it contains lists of

EXPORT MERCHANTS with the goods they ship, and the Colonial and Foreign Markets they supply; also

PROVINCIAL TRADE NOTICES of leading Manufacturers, Merchants, etc., in the principal Provincial Towns and Industrial Centres of the United Kingdom.

Business Cards of Merchants and Dealers seeking

BRITISH AGENCIES can now be printed under each trade in which they are interested at a cost of \$5 for each trade heading. Larger advertisements from \$15 to \$50.

A copy of the directory will be sent by post on receipt of postal orders for \$7.50.

**The London Directory Company, Ltd.,**  
25, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C. 4.

**Salt!**

Now discharging a Cargo of

**Cadiz Salt.**

LOWEST Market Prices.

**M. MOREY & CO.**

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**HEADQUARTERS**

Just arrived:

500 brls Choice Apples, Gravenstiens and Early Williams.

250 brls New Potatoes, dry as meal.

200 bags White Corn Flour.

200 bags Yellow Table Meal.

**GEO. NEAL**

**NEW ARRIVALS!**

Just opened another shipment of

Ladies' Blouses, Skirts, Costumes, and One-Piece Dresses,

Suitable for present wear. See our Ladies' Skirts made of extra fine Silk Poplin, in colors of Grey, Tan, Navy, Sage Black, etc.

**WILLIAM FREW, Water St.**

**FOR SALE**

**S.S. "Jacobsen."**

This Steamer is very strongly constructed, and was specially built for Whaling and Sealing.

**A. H. MURRAY & CO.,**  
Limited.

**EXPRESS PASSENGERS.**—The following first class passengers are on the incoming express:—J. W. Paton, Miss J. Lawlor, L. Walsh, R. J. Burton, T. Basha.

**DIED.**  
Killed in action, on September 8th, somewhere in France, Pte. Frederick A. Rose, C. E. F., leaving a wife and two children, father and mother and two brothers and four sisters to mourn their sad loss. May his soul rest in peace.

**TO-DAY'S MESSAGES.**

**NOON.**

**GREECE TO BUILD SHIPS.**  
OTTAWA, Ont., Sept. 16. Reuter's correspondent interviewed Michael Acopoulis, the Greek Minister of Agriculture to-day. The Minister said that Greece had 200,000 soldiers under arms and could raise an additional 100,000, but was handicapped owing to the lack of shipping facilities. They were immediately commencing to build ships. He concluded that he was convinced that the Salonika front was far more important than was generally realized. Soon there will be big developments there, he said.

**BULGARIAN POSITIONS CARRIED.**  
LONDON, To-day Reuter learns that after an intense fire, the Franco-Serbian troops yesterday attacked the most powerful Bulgarian positions that had been organized and fortified for over two years. The whole positions on a front of 15 kilometers, including Vozvuk, Dobropoklje and Sokal, constituting the most important part of the Macedonian front have been carried. Fifteen hundred were taken prisoners, and a great number of guns and material were captured.

**AUSTRALIAN BOND CAMPAIGN.**  
MELBOURNE, Aus., To-day. (Via Reuter's Ottawa Agency)—The seventh Australian War Loan Campaign was inaugurated enthusiastically to-day. The first bond was sold to the Lord Mayor. It is hoped to realize 40,000,000 pounds in a month's campaign.

**S. A. REJECTS PEACE FEELER.**  
WASHINGTON, Sept. 16. The United States, as was fully expected, has unconditionally rejected Germany's peace feeler. In doing so the Government has spoken for all the belligerents. Almost immediately after receiving the Austrian Government's note from the Minister of State, Mr. Eckengren, Secretary of State Lansing to-night issued this formal statement: "I am authorized by the president to state that the following will be the reply of this Government to the Austro-Hungarian Note proposing an unofficial conference of belligerents: the Government of the United States feels that there is only one policy which it can make to the suggestion of the Imperial Austro-Hungarian Government. It has repeatedly and with entire candor stated the terms upon which the United States would consider peace and can add will maintain no proposal for a conference upon a matter concerning which has made its position and purpose plain."

**JAPANESE MAKE BIG CAPTURE.**  
TOKIO, Sept. 9. Japanese cavalry and an infantry battalion captured the enemy naval base of Khabarovsk on September 9, according to an official announcement to-day. They took 17 gunboats, other vessels, wireless station, 8 mines, 8 munition depots, 7 machines, 2 automobiles, barbed wire and much other material.

**BOLSHEVIKISM IS DEAD.**  
VLADIVOSTOK, Sept. 3. Bolshevism from Bretnak, in of

**The proper care**

The high cost of shoes makes it imperative to use every means to make them last as long as possible. Moisture is their worst enemy. It dries and cracks the leather, ruins their shape and shortens their life of wear.

**Gfita**

**SHOE TR**

**BOWRING BROTHERS**  
Hardware Dept