Huron Signal.

WEEKLY EDITION.

W. T. COX, Editor and Proprietor.]

"The Greatest Possible Good to the Greatest Possible Number."

$1.50 PER ANN. IN ADVANCE]

GODERICH, ONTARIO, D. C., THURSDAY, SEP. 12, 1867.

[VOL. XX.—NO 33

Business Directory.

Medical.

Richard Moore,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Manchester, C. W.
February 7th, 1867. w3

C. M. McMICKING, M. D.
LICENTIATE COLLEGE PHYSICIANS and Surgeons, C. E. Residence—the house formerly occupied by Mr. Buest, Caledonia Terrace, Goderich. w19

Dr. Stanbury,
GRADUATE of the Medical Department of Victoria University, Toronto, and late of the Hospital and Dispensary, New York. Residence D McDougall's (Bailiff) Bayfield. w9

ROBERT J. SLOAN, M. D.
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, &c., &c.
THREE years surgeon in the U. S. A. during the late war. One of the resident surgeons on U. S. Hospital Steamer "D. A. January." Assistant operator for the 15th Army Corps at Vicksburg, Miss. [illegible] Office and Residence,—Mr. T. G. Jackson's Lower Wingham.
N. B.—Consultations on surgical cases attended in all parts of the country.
Wingham, C. W., March 5th, 1867. w15 6m*

Ira Lewis,
BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT Law, and Solicitor-in-Chancery, County Crown Attorney, Goderich, Canada West. Office in Court House. v14n40

M. C. Cameron,
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, CONVEYANCER, &c. Kingston street, Goderich, C. W

John Davison
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR in Chancery, &c. Office, Market Square Corner of Kingston Street, Goderich. 9:42

Sinclair & Walker,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, CONVEYANCERS, &c. Office over the Store of J. V. Detlor & Son, Goderich.

Toms & Moore,
ATTORNIES, SOLICITORS, &c., Goderich, C. W. Office—CRABB'S NEW BLOCK. [illegible]
Goderich, August 17th, 1864. sw103w31

D. Shade Gooding,
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR, &c., GODERICH, C. W. OFFICE: Upstairs Watson's Block, West St.; entrance next Door west of Glasgow House.

John B. Gordon,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SOLICITOR IN Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c. &c. Goderich, Canada West. Office—on South side of West Street, third door from the Court-House Square.

William T. Hays,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SOLICITOR IN Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer &c. Goderich, C. W.—Office, over C. E. Archibald's Store, Crabb's Block. v15n29
Money to Lend on Real Property

S. L. Doyle,
BARRISTER, &c., GODERICH, C. W. Office—Savage's New Block.

J. Y. Elwood,
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Blake's Block, opposite the Post Office, Goderich.
January 3, 1866. sw37

J. Francis C. Haldan
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SOLICITOR-IN Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. &c., Goderich, C. W. and Bayfield, C. W. Office—Kay's Block, Goderich, and Mr. Patterson's Store Bayfield.
Mr. Haldan will be at his branch office, Bayfield, every Monday from 10 a. m. till 5 p.m. swkw26

William R. Bain, B. A.
CHANCERY AND LAW OFFICE.
Casey's New Buildings, Kingston Street GODERICH.
N. B.—Conveyancing. Money lent on favourable terms. Disputed and defective titles to real estate Quieted.
Goderich, Dec. 24, 1866. sw34

R. Shimmings
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SOLICITOR-IN Chancery, &c. &c. &c. Office—Kingston street, Goderich, 2 doors west of M. C. Cameron's Law Office.
MONEY TO LEND. w20

H. Holcomb,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c &c. Clinton, C. W. w34
MONEY TO LEND.

JAMES SMAILL, ARCHITECT,
PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS of Buildings, &c., got up in a neat and correct style. Office at the Huron Auction Mart, Market Square, Goderich. lew-vlaly

Thomas Weatherald,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND PROVINCIAL Land Surveyor, Toronto Street, Goderich. v15n3

A. B. Hamlin,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR Land Agent and Conveyancer, Kincardine.

Consulate of the United States of America.
DARK'S HOTEL.
Office hours from 9 o'clock, a. m., to 3 o'clock, p. m.

D. McDougall
LICENSED AUCTIONEER, BAYFIELD County of Huron. Sales in village or country attended to. w3-1yr

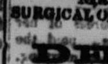
John Campbell,
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT Commissioner in Queen's Bench, for taking affidavits, Conveyancer, &c., &c. Office on Broadway, Village of Kincardine, C. W. 9:9

Peter McKenzie,
FORWARDER AND COMMISSION Merchant, INVERHURON, C. W. Notes and Accounts collected. Business of any kind entrusted to him will receive prompt attention. w30-1y8omz

CONVERSE, COLSON & LAMB
Commission Merchants,
CORNER HOSPITAL & ST. JOHN STS. MONTREAL.
Bennett's Wharf, Halifax.
THE MANUFACTURERS OF CANADA [illegible] the [illegible] official [illegible]
LOWER PROVINCES
FREE OF DUTY
Consignments Solicited.
July 17. w27

Business Directory.

Malcolm Nicholson.
SURGICAL OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL DENTIST.
ELECTROPATHIST, &c.



TEETH inserted in either Platina, Gold, Silver, or Vulcanized Rubber on reasonable terms. Office over the Post Office, West Street Goderich.

ALL RIGHT AGAIN.
LARGEST
PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY IN THE PROVINCE,
WITH A
New & Magnificent Sky-Light
AND SPLENDIDLY FURNISHED
ROOMS.

E. L. JOHNSON
BEGS to inform his old patrons, and the public generally, that he has, at much expense, fitted up his rooms, in STEWARTS' New Brick Block, corner of Hamilton street and Square, Goderich, in such a style as to render them the finest in the country, and the best adapted for the accomplishment of first-class work in his delicate and beautiful art. Those desirous of having Pictures of
CHILDREN
taken will please bring in the morning.
Photographs taken in every Style known to the art, and Old Ambrotypes and Daguerrotypes copied as Photographs. A large Stock of Gilt and Rose-Wood Frames always on hand. Also, ALBUMS, very cheap.
E. L. J., in returning thanks for the liberal patronage of the past, feels satisfied that recent improvements will enable him to merit a continuance and increase of the same,
E. L. JOHNSON.
Goderich, March 1, 1867. w6tf

MAITLAND HOTEL, GODERICH
E. HOSKER, PROPRIETOR. THE above is most pleasantly situated on an eminence 120 feet high, overlooking the Harbor and Lake Huron;—good Orchards, Gardens and Rural Walks attached. Board $1 per day; single Meals or Beds 25 cents. v15n10vly

Commercial Hotel, Mitchell C. W
JOHN HICKS, Proprietor. This is the largest and best Country Hotel in Western Canada, and charges as moderate as any House in Mitchell. Stage Proprietor. Good stabling for 100 Horses. Horses and Carriages for Hire, on Shortest Notice 1867

THE BRITISH EXCHANGE HOTEL
EXETER.
ANGUS McDONALD, Proprietor.
NO effort will be spared on the part of the proprietor of the above hotel to render his house all that can be required by the travelling community. Give him a call.
April 17th, 1867. w12

CANADIAN HOTEL,
CLINTON, C. W.
W. TUDSBURY Proprietor.
THE establishment is furnished with all the requirements essential to the comfort of guests. w34tf

PRINCE OF ORANGE' HOTEL DUNGANNON.

A. BLACK, Proprietor.
Ample accommodation, choice liquors and good attendance.
Dungannon, Mar 21, 1867

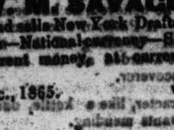
ROYAL OAK HOTEL, LUCKNOW.
JAMES CAMPBELL, Proprietor.
BEST OF WINES & LIQUORS.
Good Accommodation for Travellers,
GOOD STABLING AND ATTENTIVE HOSTLERS
Lucknow, 5th March, 1866. w8tf

WM. ELLIOTT.
General Horse, and Cattle Farrier.
New Grocery and Temperance House, Benmiller.
A WELL furnished stable, attentive hostler, and all necessary accommodation for the public, at very reasonable rates.
Benmiller, May 15, 1867. 17w6m8p*

J. D. CAMERON,
HAS REMOVED FROM THE CENTRAL TO
The Bayfield Hotel!
(formerly kept by Mr. Luby.)
CONSTANTLY on hand, the best of liquors, Cigars, &c., and an attentive hostler, and by strict attention to business hopes to merit a share of public patronage.
Bayfield, March 8, 1867. w7-6m

LUCKNOW HOTEL
AND STAGE OFFICE.
R. S. CUNNINGHAM, Proprietor.
SITUATED on the corner of the Northern Gravel Road, Lucknow. Stages leave every morning for Goderich and Walkerton. The hotel is fitted up with every accommodation for commercial travellers. A large Hall attached.
June 24, 1867. w22

Take Notice.



SAMUEL POLLOCK, Esq., late Deputy Sheriff has been appointed official Assignee under the Insolvent Act of 1864 for the United Counties of Huron and Bruce.
Office in Cameron's Block, Kingston street.
February 20th, 1866. w50

W. M. SAVAGE,
BUYS and sells New York Drafts—Greenbacks—National currency—State notes, and uncurrent money, at current rate of exchange.
19th Dec., 1865. w47-1yr

Business Directory.

DENTISTRY.
Dr. PHELPS,
SURGICAL & MECHANICAL
DENTIST, Goderich, C. W.

Rooms over Mr. F. Jordan's Drug Store
Teeth extracted without pain by use of narcotic spray.
January 13th, 1866. sw38-yly

INSURANCE.
Fire, Marine and Life Insurances
EFFECTED ON REASONABLE TERMS.
Office—J. F. C. Haldan's Law Chambers, Kay's Block, corner Court House Square and West St., Goderich, C. W.
JOHN HALDAN, JR., Agent.
Goderich, 27th Sept., 1866. w36tf

GODERICH FANNING MILL AND Pump Factory!
THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS TO INFORM the inhabitants of the Counties of Huron and Bruce that he is still Manufacturing, and has on hand a number of his
SUPERIOR FANNING MILLS & PUMPS.
He would particularly draw attention to his Mills, as he will warrant them to free Wheat from oats, cockle, chess, &c. Pumps made to order and warranted.
Factory on Nelson st., between Victoria street and Cambria Road.
ALSO, agent for the sale of Morgan's premium and patent CULTIVATOR, which has never yet failed to give general satisfaction to those who have used them.
HENRY DODD.
Goderich, April 23rd 1866.

Auction & Commission.
GODERICH & CLINTON
Established 1852.
SALES of Miscellaneous Property in Goderich every Saturday, and in Clinton every Wednesday.
Money advanced on Property for immediate sale and prompt returns made.
Farm Stock and other Sales punctually attended to throughout the County.
G. M. TRUEMAN'S Auction Mart,
w61 Market Square, Goderich

Money to Loan on Real Estate,
APPRAISER to the Trust and Loan Company of Upper Canada.
G. M. TRUEMAN,
w6 Market Square, Goderich.

Land Office,
A REGISTER of Improved Farms and Wild Land for Sale.
G. M. TRUEMAN,
Goderich March 1, 1867. Market Square

NEW GOODS!
AT BUTLER'S
Stationery, Toy, & Fancy Goods Store.
BABY CABS!
of all kinds, styles and prices, excellent quality and first class finish.
The Dominion Clothes-Wringer!
The best in use; wholesale and retail.
50 Reams of Blue line cream-laid letter Paper. 150 Reams Cream laid, Blue laid, and
Variously Tinted Note Papers.
50 Reams Blue and Cream-laid
FOOLSCAP!
OF ALL WEIGHTS AND PRICES
75,000 ENVELOPES!
All Colors, Quality, Sizes and Kinds.
All the Popular Magazines received as soon as published.
Miscellaneous Books!
on hand always. Also, an extensive stock of the
Various School Books!
A very large and varied stock of Ladies' and Gentlemens'
FANCY & SPORTING GOODS
always on hand, all of which are bought and imported direct from the Best European and American Manufacturers.
Everything in Stock will be sold at a very small advance on cost.
All the Popular Ballads
Songs, Vocal and Instrumental Music, procured in two days' notice, and sold at Publisher's Prices.
At BUTLER'S.
Goderich, June 28th, 1867. w48

ALLAN P. MACLEAN,
TAILOR & CLOTHIER

HAS JUST RECEIVED A LARGE
ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS
Consisting in part of West of England Broad Cloths, Beavers, Whitneys, Doeskins, Fancy English, Scotch, and French Tweeds, Cashmeres, Doeskins, and a variety of Canadian Cloths; Plain, Satin, and Flowered Vestings, Shirts, Gloves, Caps, &c., &c.
He feels confident of giving satisfaction to all who may favor him with their orders.
TWEED SUITS (all wool) $12 and upwards.
N. B.—Cutting done to Order.
Goderich, Sept 25th, 1866.

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHMENT IN TOWN.

MARTIN AMANN
BEGS TO INFORM HIS OLD CUSTOMers, that he is still able to sell for cash, at the lowest rates,
ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE
At his shop on Kingston street, opposite the Huron Hotel, Goderich. Give him a call.
Goderich Oct. 3, 1866. w37

$1000 REWARD!
FORGERY!
Not of the Bank of Montreal Notes, but a facsimile of the human face committed every day by

CRABB'S BLOCK. OVER ARCHIBALD'S STORE

GODERICH.
where he has refitted his Rooms, and enlarged his Sky Light, making it the largest in the County, and one of the best in Canada especially for taking groups. Two persons taken together at the same rates as one.
In returning thanks for the liberal patronage of the past, Mr. Campbell feels satisfied that those who wish a good Photograph should try his new Sky Light.
Pictures taken in every style known to the Art.
Proofs shown if required. Photographs taken in all kinds of weather.
Life-Size Photographs
plain or colored, taken on reasonable terms.
D. CAMPBELL,
Crabb's Block.
Goderich, July 23rd, 1867. w27

STOVES! STOVES
CISTERN PUMPS, LEAD PIPES, &c., &c.
EVE TROUGHS & CONDUCTING PIPES.

PLAIN AND FANCY
TINWARE,
COAL OIL,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Coal Oil Lamps, &c. &c. Old Iron, Copper, Brass, Wool Pickings, and Sheep Skins taken in exchange.
J. & J. STORY.
Sign of the Large Coal Oil Barrel.
Goderich, March 1st, 1867. w6-tf

COLONIAL HOUSE
THE Subscriber always keeps the largest variety and best Stock of
HOISERY & GLOVES!
IN THE COUNTIES.
CHAS. E. ARCHIBALD.
Goderich, August 22nd, 1866. sw103

William Fraser,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SOLICITOR IN Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Walkerton Co. of Bruce. v16n1ynm

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.
County of Huron, To Wit: } BY virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias issued out of Her Majesty's County Court of the United Counties of Huron and Bruce, and to me directed against the Lands and Tenements of Laughlin Sterling at the suit of Isaac Buchannan and Adam Hope, I have seized and taken in Execution all the right, title, and interest of the said defendant, in and to lot number Eighteen, in the Fourth concession of the Township of Hullett in the County of Huron, which Lands and Tenements I shall offer for Sale, at my Office, in the Court House, in the Town of Goderich, on Tuesday the Eighth day of October next at the hour of Twelve of the clock noon.
JOHN MACDONALD,
Sheriff H.
Sheriff's office, Goderich, } 26th June, 1867. w23 td

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.
County of Huron, to wit: } BY virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas, and to me directed against the lands and tenements of John McIntyre and Robert McIntyre, the defendants, at the suit of John Goldie and Hugh McCulloch, the Plaintiffs, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title and interest of the said defendants in and to lots numbers sixteen and seventeen, in the eleventh concession of the Township of Grey, and lot number sixteen in the twelfth concession of the said township of Grey in the County of Huron, which lands and tenements I shall offer for sale at my office in the Court House, in the Town of Goderich, on Tuesday, the Fifteenth day of October next, at the hour of Twelve of the clock noon.
JOHN McDONALD,
Sheriff of Huron.
Sheriff's Office, Goderich, } 4th July, 1867. w25

LANDS FOR SALE
THE Subscriber offers the following land for sale, viz:—
A Farm in Tuckersmith,
Being lot 29, con. 2, Huron Survey, 100 acres, 75 of which are under cultivation. The land is of excellent quality, well watered, and with hardwood timber. The Township is known to be one of the best in Upper Canada for farming. On the lot there is a good frame house, frame barn, and outbuildings to correspond. Also a good orchard, of 50 bearing trees.
FARMS IN MORRIS.
Being 350 acres, composed of S. ½ 3 and 4, con. 3, 200 acres; 25 acres under cultivation. The land being of first quality this is a most desirable farm. Also S. ½ 19, con 3, 100 acres, no clearing; and W. ½ of S. ½ 18, con 3, 50 acres, all best quality of land. Terms reasonable. Indisputable titles. For particulars and terms apply to
ALEX. CAMPBELL,
lot 22, 2nd con. Tuckersmith
Seaforth p.o., March 22, 1867. w9 6m

Farm for Sale.
BEING Lot 24, centre road, Goderich Township; 80 acres, 65 cleared and well fenced; frame barn and stables and log house; well watered; fine bearing orchard; land of the very best quality. Equi-distant from Goderich, Bayfield and Clinton. Time given for part of price. For particulars apply to W. T. Cox, Signal Office, or on the premises to
ALEXANDER HAMILTON.
Goderich, July 12, 1867. w25 3m.

Salt Territory!
THE Subscriber offers to any person or company for a royalty of one-fifteenth of the production, one half acre of land, situated about one hundred feet front. Land situated about eighty yards from the present Goderich Salt Works.
For further particulars apply by letter or personally to
E. CAMPAIGNE,
Keeper of County Gaol.
Goderich, Dec. 6th, 1866. w45tf

GODERICH

AXE FACTORY!
THE Subscriber having recommenced the Axe Business
AT THE OLD STAND,
on the Corner of
Waterloo and Light-House Streets,
would beg to intimate to his old friends, and as many new ones as favours him with a call and trial, that he will produce and sell a
WARRANTED HOME-MADE AXE CHEAP
also old ones jumped at a small cost. Picks, &c., Made and Sharpened on short notice
N.B.—Also a number of Sleighs on hand.
JOHN McPHERSON.
Goderich, Oct. 30th, 1866. 40-

NOTICE.
THE undersigned having purchased the large stock of Saddlery and entire
HARNESS

BUSINESS!
of Mr. Horace Horton, who has been so long and favorably known in that capacity, beg to state that we are prepared to continue the business on the same favorable terms to purchasers as they have hitherto enjoyed.
The Subscribers have on hand at their Shop, Market Square, a very large Assortment of
SUPERIOR HARNESS,
IN EVERY STYLE.
Saddles, Trunks, Valises,
&c., &c., which they are prepared to offer to the public at greatly reduced prices, for cash. Farmers will do well to call and inspect their stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere, as such a chance is seldom offered.
H. & W. MARTIN.
Goderich, Oct. 16th, 1866. w39

COLONIAL HOUSE!
KID GLOVES! KID GLOVES
Josephine's, Alexander's, Jouvin's, Duchess Lace backs & Alexandras in white, black and colors. The largest Stock in the Counties.
CHAS. E. ARCHIBALD.
Goderich, August 22nd, 1866. sw10.

THE RIDGE PROPERTY FOR SALE.
THE RESIDENCE OF THE LATE JOHN GALT, Esq.
THIS property is beautifully situated opposite the Town of Goderich, on the North Bank of the
RIVER MAITLAND,
and on the Banks of Lake Huron. It contains 31 7-10 acres of Land more or less, with Dwelling House, Outhouses, Stables, &c., with large Garden, Vinery and Orchard. The Wood Land consists principally of Oak and the flowering Linden, Cherry, Maple, &c. The Grounds are in very good order. There are three never failing springs of pure water on the Property. The situation for a private residence cannot be surpassed in the Province.
For terms apply to
THOS. GALT, Esq.,
Barrister, Toronto
D. SHADE GOODING,
Barrister, Goderich.
Goderich, 6th July, 1866. sw90

TO SELL OR RENT!
THE WEST HALF LOT NUMBER EIGHT, in the fourteenth concession of Hullett, on the boundary line between Blyth and Walton. Five Offices each way. Good hardwood land; well watered; thirty acres clearance. Seventy seven acres and a half in all. Well fenced. For further particulars apply to [illegible] on the premises.
RANKIN LAWSON.
May 21st, 1867. w16

WOOL! WOOL!
THE Subscriber begs to inform the farmers of Huron and Bruce, that his Woolen machinery has been thoroughly fitted up with New Cards, and is now doing the best of work, and is prepared to warrant all work entrusted to him to be executed in the best style, and on the shortest notice.
FULLING, DYEING,
AND
Cloth-Dressing!
Having purchased a first-class Shearing Machine from New York, Fulling, Dyeing, and Cloth-Dressing, in all its branches, will be attended to with promptness. Also,
Blankets Napped and Scoured.
Strict attention paid to Gristing.
LUMBER, LATH, AND PICKETS,
constantly on hand.
PETER FISHER.
Wingham Mills, June 4th 1867. w21 3m

OUR CANDIDATES.

SIR,—In sending Messrs. Cameron and Gibbons to both Houses of Parliament, the Riding is only sending the right man to the right place. In sending a man to Parliament it is almost needless to say that he should be a qualified person, for every elector in the riding knows this. But I very much fear that the general term "qualification" is to a considerable extent misunderstood and consequently greatly misapplied. It is very true that the law requires a certain property qualification, fitting a member for parliament. But it is no less equally true that the same law leaves it with the people to supply the necessary talent and experience required for so important an office. Now, there is in almost every constituency a certain few, who are satisfied with a bare *property* qualification on the part of a member to represent them, also another few who are equally satisfied with an intelligent and business man, and there, too, are some who look not beyond any one as suiting them, but a *simple honest* man. It is hardly worth while to say, that we claim no connection with either of those parties, for we consider one and all of such men as they choose, to be unqualified for the office already stated. But, if we find the required amount of property, the talent and experience, and the honesty of purpose, all centered in one man, we say, that is the man for us, and we believe we have got them in the person of Messrs. Cameron and Gibbons now before the people for election. In saying this for these Gentlemen, we are aware that it goes somewhat in the teeth of certain things that have been said and wrote by opponents especially about the latter gentleman, Mr. Gibbons. It is not during the heat and strife of an electioneering contest where men's passions are in a manner loose to say or to do any thing, it is not then entirely that we form our opinion of the fitting qualifications of a member for parliament. No, it is rather to the usual quiet course of events that have preceded. It is to the past history of Mr. Gibbons we look to find what he really is. During a long course of years we find that he has been a very prominent and public man, in the United Counties of Huron and Bruce, filling steadily for many of these years the highest offices required of any man in connection with either Town or County, and we must certainly take this as a proof of his worth and fitness for the same, and if so fit to preside over fifty men in a County Council it is surely a great stride towards being prepared to take his place [illegible] if not to preside over eighty men in the Ontario Legislature, it was said of Mr. Gibbons by his opponent at a certain political meeting that Mr. Gibbons was known as a pugnacious or fighting man. To be as charitable as possible, we don't think that the person who who said this, meant to say that it was *fisty* work, but which ever way, it was said with the view to deprecate the worth of Mr. Gibbons in the minds of the electors, but the aim was missed, for instead of deprecating, sensible electors took it as a high compliment paid, it showed that he (Mr. Gibbons) had a mind—a judgment and opinions of his own, which if occasion required he could do battle manfully for, not with fists, however, but with the well levelled aim of argument. This very propensity, if we can call it such, is considered to be an indispensible qualification for a member of parliament. We require to send a man there who will grapple with and do away with all corruption and wrong doing, who will see there is no extravagance—no waste—and no manipulations of Public funds by Prime Minister or any other Minister in connection with the government of Canada, but that there be a wise and economical use of the same. On reading the expenditure of our public funds for the last number of years—the purpose for which money has been paid and to whom paid, we are amazed in our mind at the great incapacity and want of right principle in some of our public men who have been in a special degree under the star and guidance of our present Premier. We think that to coalesce with these men in the government of a country with the public chest beside them is to go into strong temptation. It is like walking into a fire and think not to be burned, which is most absurd. In starting this New Dominion, if we wish to see it grow and prosper in her Agriculture, in her commerce, and in her manufactures, to be extending on the right hand and on the left, we must in this case see that we have men at the helm of affairs, who are actuated by right principles, men who are unselfish, wise and patriotic in all their movements, men who instead of looking to office for emoluments, are ready to sacrifice (when occasion requires) their time, their wealth even to their all, for with such men as these, we may then rest satisfied of the assured prosperity of our County, not for one period of five years, or twenty years, but for generations yet to come.

Electors of the South Riding of Huron if this be your wish as already described, rally then round the polls on the 6th and 7th of September and record your votes for Messrs. Cameron and Gibbons.

A REFORMER.

Exeter Aug. 31st 1867.

Life in London.

[From our own Correspondent.]

London Agu. 31 1867.

Saturday night—drizzly, dreary, and cold. Splendid weather for rheumatism, and very prolific in pulmonary complaints. The main streets are quiet, the throng of promenaders having concluded that it would be better to remain within doors (your correspondent among the rest. As it is usual for the "youth and beauty" of the town to go forth to see and be seen, on Saturday night, my thoughts naturally turn towards Dundas street, and I imagine I see the thousand-and-one strangers and acquaintances pass and repass, as on some pleasant evening of last month. Some are young—in the prime of life, thoughtless and gay.

The most noticeable among the throng are the garrison officers; who do all they can to make themselves conspicuous. Here are three of them taking their evening walk. Their style and dress is ridiculous in the extreme. Three abreast are awe-inspiring, the common folks stand aside to let them pass. Like an ancient candle-stick for three candles, the tallest takes centre. Mr. Tall wears a bob-tail coat, outgrown by him many years since, trowsers of the three-bushel bag style stuffed into striped stockings which are again placed in shoes of the most foreign appearance, long and pointed and turned up at the toes. On the side of his head he cocks his white felt hat, which is, by the way far too small for him, and swathed in white tarletan. He wears a massive gold chain, and his fingers would be a fortune to many. An eye-glass is an indispensable article with him and, ever and anon, he places it to his eye to take a better survey of a certain Miss B—— who happens to be passing. The others being shorter men, necessarily don a different style of coat, one has a white coat, buttoned up close, the other's it would be impossible to button; their pants are tights and of Confederate grey color. This is a fair description of the garrison officers of the first class, they carry half-canes, small "saloons" with a hose, a bay, a bell, two hoops, and a bias, and bull terrier dogs and poodles. All smoke, chew, and drink, talk loud and affectedly, and are "splendid creatures."

Here are two of the ladies of the garrison; the officers are splendid but these are "splendider." One in imitation of the great Eugenie sports an extensive trail which in honor of the Empress has been called "Empress trail" the other following a late caprice of this wonderful fashion-maker has contracted to the moderate size of a stove bean pole. Both have waterfalls, dimension, say a small bag of apples or onions, it matters little which, for comparison, and both are the "follow-me-lad's" though I should suppose from appearances that if they have not caught their lad before this they never will. The ladies of the garrison are all getting old, and all paint.

These are the most conspicuous in the crowd, although the young "swells" are fast copying, and in another letter I will tell you how they learn.

The stores here close early, but on Saturday nights they remain open till ten o'clock. This makes it light and pleasant for the promenaders. They throng the streets till the last store closes, and even then are tardy in getting home. To-night, however this is not the case, the air is damp and cold, and "love in a corner," at home is far the pleasantest.

LENTULUS.

MINISTERS IN GODERICH.

Hon. Wm. McDougall and Hon. J. S. Macdonald arrived in Goderich yesterday (4th) at 3 o'clock p.m. They were met at the station by Sheriff McDonald, Hon. D. McDonald, Mayor Detlor and several other gentlemen. Their object in Goderich being to interfere in the forthcoming elections, a large majority of our citizens looked upon their visit as an unwarrantable intrusion, and as a consequence they were not received so cordially as would have been the case under other circumstances. A meeting having been arranged for the evening in the Court House, the room was densely crowded at 7:30. From the large number of Ritchie men present, we inferred that Mr. Whipper-in had been at work during the day, no doubt spreading the gross libel started in the morning that the horrid reformers of Goderich were bent on preventing the illustrious missionaries from being heard.

J. V. Detlor, Esq., was called to the chair. On the platform we noticed besides the speakers of the evening, Hon. D. McDonald and ladies, Sheriff McDonald, M. C. Cameron, Mr Hays, and H. McDermott, Esq., something-in-Chancery, who seemed to have appointed himself Hand-clapper and HEAR! HEAR-er-in-chief. Unfortunate for many a long-drawn-out and highly parliamentary ministerial sentence Mr. McD. persisted in stamping and yelling in the wrong places, much to the annoyance of the speakers and the amusement of the audience. No doubt the hon. gentlemen will leave town with a highly favorable opinion as to the strength and capacity of his lungs.

With regard to the speeches which lasted from eight till twelve o'clock, we must postpone our full phonographic report until another occasion, and give the salient points as briefly as possible.

Hon. WILLIAM McDOUGALL, on being introduced, was loudly cheered. He began by stating that he was there at the request of *somebody*, he hardly knew who, present to explain the policy of government at the crisis. As strong prejudices had been sent out by the *Globe*, it was incumbent upon them to meet them through the country. He had always been in favor of representation by population, but had been one of the first to discover that in the state of parties when the struggle was at its height the idea was impracticable. When they had defeated the government on the Militia Bill, and Mr. J. S. McDonald had formed a government, they were in the first hour supported by Mr. Brown, but in the second hour they received a telegram that they could not have his support. Mr McDougall then went on to attack the conduct of the *Globe*, and Mr Brown on that occasion at considerable length. He then went over the various governmental vicissitudes up to the crisis of 1864, when Mr. Brown proposed a Coalition as a means of doing away with the difficulties standing in the way of the successful carrying on of the government. He (Mr McD.) had advanced the idea of local parliaments for local purposes, and when he saw that there was an opportunity of securing what he desired, he consented to enter the Coalition with Mr Brown. That gentleman had thought fit to leave the Coalition government in a pet, at a critical time, leaving his colleagues to finish what he had begun. More than that, on their return from England, after accomplishing Confederation, he demanded that he [Mr McD.] and Mr Howland should at once leave the government, and fall back on old party lines. This they could not consistently do, as the members of the Privy Council were to be appointed for life, and undoubtedly that body would have been composed almost exclusively of conservatives, had they not remained. The rest of the hon. gentleman's address was made up of a discursive attack upon Mr. Brown and his party, in which he strongly deprecated the raking up of the dead bones of past strife and took to himself a great share of the glory attaching to the framers of the new constitution. In the course of his address, he denounced what he termed the so-called Reformers in bitter language and predicted the direst calamities if the government of which he was a member was not placed in uncontrolled possession of the Dominional purse strings. Mr. McDougall spoke for almost two hours.

Hon. J. S. McDONALD, on coming forward, was warmly received. He said he claimed to be a sound and thorough reformer, of the old school, and urged that he was entitled to the support of the reformers of the country notwithstanding the opposition of the *Globe*. He also claimed that when his government held power during two years, they had [illegible] of [illegible] and [illegible] valuable reforms. They [illegible] a terrible legacy at their hands from the long course of extravagance [illegible] of their opponents. The [illegible] buildings were at a stand still, the [illegible] ate School question was unsettled, the [illegible] under an exorbitant scale, and [illegible] a bad state generally. They had gone to work with a degree of energy which resulted in the restoration of order and economy, and they had the proud satisfaction of establishing on a [illegible] that Volunteer system which in the hour of trial had served the country so well. He claimed that he had received nothing [illegible] his hands of his previous friends the conservatives and owed them nothing, therefore he could carry out his policy exactly as he intended to do, perfectly independent of conservative control. [Conservative cheers.] The hon. gentleman stated that it would be better to support him because he, being in power, could do more, of course, for friends than for those in opposition to him. His speech throughout was a complete [illegible] of reform principles, and a thorough condemnation of toryism in all its forms. He expressed himself as perfectly independent of the tories, and he determined to remain so. [Cheers.]

M. C. CAMERON, Esq., arose amid a perfect storm of cheers, and said as it was after eleven o'clock he could not be expected to make much of a speech.—[Go on! go on!] He had been perfectly delighted with the visit of his friends, Messrs. McDougall and McDonald, whom he had met under very different circumstances. They never came up here except when they wanted something [Laughter.] He wished to say that, although Mr. McDougall would make it appear that he had come up to support nobody in particular, he had been opposed in this contest by all the power of the government.

Mr McDougall.—No! no!

Mr Cameron said it was a fact, and he could prove it. [Cries of, "prove it."] He would give them one instance. Mr Parsons the postmaster at Crediton had received a letter from head-quarters, telling him that if he did not support the government candidate he might expect the direst consequences. [illegible] As for his host [illegible] Mr. McDonald, he [illegible] [illegible] follow as his leader [illegible] public life. He would [illegible] [Mr C.] would find himself under such leadership before the new Parliament was six months old. [Cheers.] But after all, reverting to the speech of Mr. McDougall, who had been invited here, no doubt, by Wm. Campbell, he could not see the necessity for this ministerial visitation. The people of Goderich knew what they were doing and he had no doubt, would on Saturday evening show such a majority for himself and his friend Bob Gibbons as would [illegible] prise their opponents. [Cheers.] When he had last met Mr McDougall in Goderich it was when his friend Hon. D. McDonald was [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Donald had spoken of [illegible] while the Globe [illegible] little twinkling [illegible] it should not be forgotten that the Hon. Mr. McDougall was once as adept at [illegible] [illegible] and had materially assisted in [illegible] such men as [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] had been [illegible] by him [Mr. C.] [illegible] had changed his ground [illegible] canvass, making a different [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Mr. Ritchie [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] while he was [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] If [illegible] [illegible] all the [illegible] [illegible] could [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Dougall had [illegible] [illegible] his party, but he would tell them the [illegible] party had been [illegible] by the [illegible] thing Mr. Brown could possibly do [illegible] cheering.] Mr. McDougall [illegible] ing up the dead bones of past strife, but it would be well for him if his dead bones were not being dug up by the publication of [illegible] [illegible] cheering. Mr. Cameron [illegible] a [illegible] [illegible] harbor to the Railway Company [illegible] for one [illegible] the only bad act of which he could charge him. (Cheers.) He would not prolong his speech at that late hour, but would ask the people of Goderich to sustain him and make [illegible] a majority of five hundred! (Prolonged cheering.)

Mr. Hays was then called for, and was received with cheers from his friends some of whom had been imported from the North for the occasion. He commenced by sneering out on Mr. Cameron for daring to interfere with him at Hensall. To show the inconsistency between his expressions there and on this occasion he read an extract from the *Signal's* report of his Hensall speech, in which he said he would rather support a pure conservative government than a miserable mongrel Coalition.

Mr. Cameron.—Hear, hear—so I would!

Mr. Hays then went on to berate Mr. Cameron at a fearful rate and sat down amidst the uproarious applause of seventeen of his supporters.

Mr. Cameron rose to offer a word of explanation, when he was received by the Hays men with hisses and cries of "Ritchie! Ritchie!"

Mr. Ritchie got himself up on the platform, Mr. Cameron still holding the floor.

A scene of great confusion then arose. The Cameron men were determined that their chief should answer Hays, and the Hays and Ritchie men united would hear Ritchie. Cameron stood to his post like a man for half an hour, when the hon. gentlemen departed, and the Mayor, after vainly calling for order, left the chair, and the audience dispersed, greatly to the relief of Mr. Ritchie, who was evidently delighted that he was not able to deliver his one little speech in such a presence.

The meeting, on the whole, was a splendid success for Cameron and Gibbons.

The record states that, before the Sultan left England, he was presented by the British and Foreign Bible Society with a very handsomely bound Bible in the Turkish language, and that he received the gift very graciously. A Bible was also to be presented to the Egyptian Viceroy; but it was not ready in time, and will be sent on to Egypt.