

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 9, 1901

Vol. XXX, No. 2

Calendar for Jan., 1901.

MOON'S CHANGES.
Full Moon, 4th, 8h. 13m. evg.
Last Quarter, 12th, 4h. 38m. evg.
New Moon, 20th, 10h. 36m. m.
First Quarter, 27th, 5h. 52m. m.

Day of Week	Sun rises	Sun sets	High Water	Low Water
1 Tuesday	7 49	4 21	8 29	19 58
2 Wednesday	49	23	9 38	20 49
3 Thursday	48	23	10 35	21 38
4 Friday	48	24	11 27	22 27
5 Saturday	48	26	12 11	23 16
6 Sunday	48	27	1 1	24 2
7 Monday	47	28	0 54	24 59
8 Tuesday	47	31	1 46	25 48
9 Wednesday	46	33	2 32	26 37
10 Thursday	46	34	3 18	27 26
11 Friday	45	35	4 03	28 15
12 Saturday	44	37	4 59	29 04
13 Sunday	44	37	5 57	29 53
14 Monday	43	39	6 07	30 42
15 Tuesday	42	41	7 28	31 31
16 Wednesday	42	41	8 35	32 20
17 Thursday	41	42	9 27	33 09
18 Friday	41	43	10 14	33 58
19 Saturday	39	44	10 58	34 47
20 Sunday	38	45	11 39	35 36
21 Monday	37	47	12 18	36 25
22 Tuesday	36	49	1 1	37 14
23 Wednesday	35	50	0 31	38 03
24 Thursday	34	51	1 28	38 52
25 Friday	33	53	2 18	39 41
26 Saturday	32	54	3 13	40 30
27 Sunday	31	55	4 16	41 19
28 Monday	30	57	5 36	42 08
29 Tuesday	29	59	6 59	42 57
30 Wednesday	28	61	8 18	43 46
31 Thursday	27	63	9 25	44 35

Sale of 70 Acres of Land, STOCK, etc.

To be sold on TUESDAY, the 29th of JANUARY, inst., 1901, at 11 o'clock a.m., on the farm of the late John J. McDonald, Little Pond, Lot 56, two acres, 8 and 9 years old, two mitch cows, five head of dry cattle, ten sheep, five pigs, one mower, one reaper, one horse rake, one plough, one cart, three sets of harness, one spring tooth harrow, four tons of hay, three tons of straw, oats in sheaf, potatoes, turnips, and sundries too numerous to mention.

Terms all sums under \$5 cash, and over \$5 12 months credit on approved joint notes.

The undersigned also offers her farm of 70 acres at Little Pond, Lot 56, by private sale, 50 acres clear, balance covered with a growth of spruce, fir and soft wood; good dwelling house, two barns on premises. Also Orchard Farm, formerly owned by John J. McDonald.

For particulars apply to undersigned on premises, or to Joseph J. McDonald, Little Pond, Lot 56.

Dated 27th Dec., 1900.

Jan. 2-4 SARAH McDONALD.

The New Year

AND NEW CENTURY ARE HERE,

and Gifts are here in abundance that will please both the giver and receiver.

GLOVES

In Kid, Mocha, Buckskin, Silk Lined and Fur Lined, Prices from 50c. to \$4.50.

Fur Collars, Silk and Cashmere Mufflers, Silk Handkerchiefs, Silk Umbrellas.

NECKWEAR—Special for Christmas trade. SHIRTS, COLLARS and CUFFS, NIGHT ROBES, CUFF LINKS, SCARF PINS, etc.

Big Discounts will be given on all the above goods

GORDON & McLELLAN,

Manufacturers of High Grade Clothing, and dealers in Men's Furnishings.

"We treat you white, wherever you may hail from."

Grocery Satisfaction

In this store means something more than simply LOW PRICES. It means strictly high-class goods—the guaranteed kinds. It means prompt attention, quick delivery. It stands for all you can possibly expect, from the best Grocery Store you ever heard of.

Everything guaranteed to be the best of its kind.

Our Tea pleases many. It will please you.

Driscoll & Hornsby, Queen Street.

20th Century.

BE UP-TO-DATE AND SEE OUR EXCELLENT STOCK

Heavy Overcoatings

Suitings and Trousers

Underclothing

Hats, Caps, Gloves, Ties, etc.

John McLeod & Co.

WE ARE IN THE

Monumental Business

We devote all our time and energies to this line only. We employ tradesmen who thoroughly understand their business—some of them having served their time with the old reliable firm of Cairns & McLean.

Proportion is one of the most particular branches of our trade; without it a Monument cannot look well. This is one of the places where some competitors are continually going astray.

We do not import condemned stock full of cracks and stains because it is cheap, but we pay the right price and get the right goods.

THE BALANCE OF OUR STOCK

WILL BE CLEARED OUT AT COST

To wind up the season's business and make room for our large Fall Stock for winter cutting. Come quick if you want a bargain.

We don't advertise very much, but when we do we mean just what we say.

CAIRNS & McFADYEN,

Cairns & McLean's Old Stand, Kent Street Charlottetown.

TOPICS OF THE DAY.

Pope Leo XIII. Closes Holy Door.

Rome, December 24. The Pope closed the holy door at St. Peter's today with impressive ceremony.

While Queen Dowager Margherita was being acclaimed in the streets the Pope was descending into St. Peter's amid the frantic applause of an immense multitude. To observers in either place it seemed as if the whole population must be in the streets or Cathedral respectively.

Everywhere there was military display. Royal troops lined the thoroughfares without the Vatican, while the Papal Guards kept the approaches to the basilica, the great portion of which was enclosed, furnishing accommodations for a thousand spectators.

The ceremony of closing the holy door was more impressive, if possible, than that which attended its opening a year ago. The procession started from the Pope's apartments. Olor and picturesque was the keynote, the frail figure of his Holiness, with his waxen face, giving a touch of asceticism. A jewelled cross headed a long train of the regular and secular clergy with lighted candles.

Then came the Papal chair, which was surrounded and followed by an imposing procession of about thirty Cardinals in red, Archbishops and Bishops in purple and the Swiss Guards in their gorgeous uniforms.

At the portico, where the ceremony was to be performed, the Pontiff alighted. The portico, like the whole building, was superbly decorated, scarlet and gold being the prevailing hues. Here his Holiness received holy water, and remounting the sedia gestatoria he was borne into the Cathedral amid the same gorgeous procession, the solemn, exquisite strains of silver trumpets heralding his approach.

"LONG LIVE THE POPE AND KING." High above the throng, swaying somewhat with the motion of the sedia gestatoria the Pontiff blessed the multitude, who gave way to unrestrained enthusiasm, crying, "Long live the Pope and King."

"Long live the Pope as a temporal ruler." A group of men began a counter demonstration, shouting, "Viva Roma intangible," the words of the late King Humbert which gave so much offense to the Clericals. A somewhat unseemly dispute was imminent, but before any really serious incident took place his Holiness reached the high altar, on which the most precious relics of the Church were exposed.

When silence was imposed the service began. The Pope knelt for a while before the altar. He was next borne to the altar of the Holy Sacrament, where he again offered a prayer. The procession then moved again to the portico, where the ceremony of the day was performed. His Holiness allowed every one of his train to pass first through the holy door. He then followed himself on foot, walking to the throne, on which he took his seat.

WITH A GOLDEN TROWEL. Then rising the Holy Father blessed all the material necessary for closing the door, and kneeling in front of the portal he laid three portions of lime with a golden trowel on the threshold, and after three bricks, each bearing a commemorative inscription. By the side of the bricks was placed an urn containing gold, silver and bronze medals, with portraits of the Pope on the obverse and inscriptions recording the opening and closing of the holy door on the reverse.

His Holiness then returned to the throne, while Cardinal Vantelli and four others in sacerdotal vestments performed the same ceremony with the lime and bricks. Workmen then covered the doorway with cloth painted in imitation of marble until the aperture can be built up at their leisure.

The Pope then left the Cathedral and was proclaimed enthusiastically by the multitude. The ceremony lasted an hour. It is reported that

"Hit the Nail On the Head."

If you have eruptions, pains in the head or kidneys, stomach trouble and feelings of weariness, "Hit the nail on the head." Hood's Sarsaparilla is the hammer to use. It will purify your blood. The masses praise it for doing this and making the whole body healthy.

Sick Headache—"I was troubled with sick headaches. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla, my husband having been cured of all them by it, and soon it made me feel like a new woman." Mrs. Robert Sica, Fenwick, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla NEVER DIES.

when the Pontiff reached his apartments he was so excited and exhibited so little fatigue that his doctors hesitated to recommend him to rest.

He said to the physicians, "You will insist on introducing a practical rest while I feel as though I had wings. My prayer has been answered. I have really opened and closed the jubilee of the Church at the end of the century."—Standard and Times.

Dr. Middleton on the Philippines

A recent bulletin of exceptional interest has been issued by the Free Library, Philadelphia, and we welcome it most cordially to our office. The Rev. Thomas Cooke Middleton, D. D., O. S. A., read, some time since, a paper before the Publication Club in Philadelphia, and this paper, "Some Notes on the Bibliography of the Philippines," is the subject of the bulletin, which also adds a fine index, very useful for the student. The preface, by Mr. John Thomson, tells us that so many had been the inquiries at the Free Library for information concerning the history and literature of the Philippines, that an effort was made to get books together bearing upon these subjects; and, from time to time, the library issued "finding lists" for its readers, to facilitate the use of these books by them. Up to May 4, 1900, however, only fifty-four volumes had been collected, while 600 magazine articles were pointed out for use.

The attitude of the general magazine articles towards Philippine affairs is only too well known. We can, therefore, readily imagine that Dr. Middleton's paper will be, for the most of our citizens under whose observation it may fall (and it surely ought to be placed in all of our public libraries, at least), a sort of revelation as well as a source of solid historical and scientific information. It not only throws much light on mooted questions, but it may also serve to bring a blush of shame to the reader's cheek, as he discovers, through the simple and plain statements of this valuable little work, how truly the men to whom so many slanderous charges have been flung were the real benefactors of the islands. The introduction opens with this quaint and gently pointed paragraph:—

"The following pages, embodying a survey (on a broad scale) of the chief characteristics of the Philippine intellectual activity, in its various lines of art, science, letters, seems an objective worthy of the American scholar, who, to his own large group of aboriginal tongues at home, has now to add to his field of study a similarly far-reaching family of the many-toned dialects of Malaya, Malay, and the Philippine archipelago."

Dr. Middleton divides the body of his article into five sections: 1. Works of general information; 2. Authorities on Philippine dialects; 3. Some literary curios among the Philippines; 4. Philippine press; 5. Introduction of printing into the Philippines. He names the chief works of reference, and of the highest, most authoritative character, that deals with the distinctive traits of the Philippines; with the history and antiquities of the archipelago; the characteristics of its many tribes; the geology, fauna and flora of the islands; and, in brief, of whatever refers to this part of Malaya. Then he adds certain subjects for serious reflections, which we would commend to the careful consideration of our confident statesmen, our hungry politicians, and our self-sufficient philanthropists.

"No matter how much the Malay, Javan, Borneo (Sumatra), as well as Philippine—has been civilized and Christianized, so far (as must be conceded) he has not become Caucasian in mind, nor will, nor spirit. He remains as he was (nor any wonder), wholly Asiatic. Albeit, for three centuries and upwards, taught, ruled, elevated (a time, too, disfigured) by white men, the Malay, or brown man, is not perhaps never will be—employed by Europeans, save in very limited spheres, in wholly subordinate trusts, whether in commerce, trade, or whatsoever other field of human activity."

If we bear these words in mind while we read the pages that follow, we shall perhaps arrive at a shaming conclusion that it is really possible that the religious orders who have ministered in these islands for centuries may know a little more about the things they write of than the newcomers do. Here are some significant facts. The history of Mindanao, and their adjacent islands, was written by a Jesuit, before



No other aid so great to the housewife, no other agent so useful and certain in making delicious, pure and wholesome foods, has ever been devised.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

There are imitation baking powders, sold cheap, by many grocers. They are made from alum, a poisonous drug, which renders the food injurious to health.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

1668, and is "invaluable beyond other guides, to the ethnologist especially." An Augustinian has written the history of the tribes in Luzon, "hardest to convert." A Recoletto missionary has given the general history of the Philippines, styled by Retana "an historic work par excellence." An Augustinian has written on the botany of the Philippines, a "monumental work of the highest character," superbly republished of late in four folio volumes of text in Spanish and Latin, and with two volumes of colored lithographed plates. The same Augustinian translated into Tagal the work on medicine of the French physician, Tissot, adding to it his own personal observations on plants in the Philippines. The Dominican archbishop of Manila drew up what is acknowledged by experts to be the richest and most valuable collection of statistics relating to the Philippines, more reliable than the Spanish government's own work. Two Augustinians made an encyclopedia in two volumes which is a "monument of varied scholarship and research, a masterpiece of all-round learning." Besides these works and others of a similar character, there are the annals of the religious orders in the East, which are to be compared for richness of interest only to the celebrated "Relations of the Jesuits," which are now being edited by Reuben Gold Thwaites, secretary of the State Historical Society of Wisconsin; and of the eastern annals we fearlessly predict that they will yet appear in similar form and take rank beside them.

This bulletin is of so fascinating and important a character that it is no easy matter to treat of it in our limited space as we wish to do. We hope to refer to it again ere long. Meanwhile, we leave with our readers the following thought, wherewith Dr. Middleton concludes the section on authorities on Philippine dialects:—

"Speaking of the heroism of these self-exiled chieftains and worshippers of the Christian Minerva in Asiatic tropics, I quote the words of the famed French savant, Etienne Reclus, a witness, by the way, in no measure partial to cloister life. In his 'Universal Geography' he declares that 'Los Filipinos son de los pueblos mas civilizados del Extremo Oriente. Los han civilizados los frailes,' that is, 'The Philippines are one of the most civilized of people of the far East. The friars have civilized them.'—S. H. Review.

Writing of parents who "will wonder very much in after years why their children have turned out badly," the Casket says: "They will wonder that the most natural thing in the world has happened, that is, that their evil example has corrupted their children. A child of tender age thinks his father is the greatest man in the world. When he sees his father do, and hears him say, things which are wrong and bad, he has more harm done to him than a priest can preach out of him in a thousand sermons. Of what use for a man to speak of the evils of gambling, if he plays for stakes in the presence of children? Of what use for him to advocate temperance or to voice the evils of drinking if he perfumes his breath with whiskey? The breath which he uses in good speaking is nowhere in its influence upon his children, or his neighbor's children, either, with the breath which gives to their nostrils the odor of intoxicating liquor. One of the surest ways to make a child cynical and distrustful of the goodness of others is to preach something to him and have him see that you do the opposite of what you preach."

"To raise a boy properly nowadays," says the Pittsburg Catholic, "he must go to college. To be successful in the present onward march of civilization he needs to be proficient at football. It would be a waste of words to say had he been kept at home and given a job of hard work to help support the family that he would have worn his strength away. The average boy is not of this make. When at college, think you he would even develop many qualities, unless he was treated to tobacco sauce and soured in a mill-pond with hands and feet tied? This is called hazing, and, like football, sometimes kills. The college boy is the future man, and he needs not so much knowledge of books as to be up-to-date in a cane crush and starting panics at meetings with dynamite crackers. This gives him confidence in himself. It gives him a great headway over other people who have no education. It makes him courageous and broad-minded. The faculties understand the boy nature and they adapt the means to the end. What matters a death here and there? There is no use making a fuss or feeling bad about it, so long as it is not your boy, and the faculty can prove it was an accident, anyway, and an accident will happen, so there is an end."

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff.

Interesting Happenings The World Over.

One of the most impressive receptions of the whole "Anno Santo" took place the other day when Leo XIII. entered St. Peter's and received the devout homage of nearly 15,000 children belonging to the Catholic schools of Rome. It was a most touching spectacle to see the little ones cheering as the Pope slowly passed by the central aisle in their midst, pausing every now and then to pet a curly head or to bless a group of children that pressed forward more eagerly than the rest addressing kind words of praise and encouragement to the teachers and

Look! See

You have almost all your Xmas Presents for your friends picked out and hidden away. The two or three you have not you will be sure to find among

Haszard Moore's

Wonderful collection of beautiful things. We are VERY BUSY, but will be happy to help you select. Come in the morning, there will not be such a crush.

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THESE ARE THE

New Lenses

For Seeing both at a distance and near. They are made as perfect as science can make them. Orders for them fitted in gold, silver or other frames, or your own frames if suitable, filled in rotation. When you call ask to see the

NEW EYE PROTECTOR,

Just the thing to face a snowstorm with.

E. W. Taylor,

OPTICIAN, Cameron Block, Ch'town.

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Ladies' Hockey Boots with straps, warm lined, worth \$2.35; now \$1.25; now is your chance to secure a bargain; cost us far more money; want to clear them out. Headquarters for Ladies' Gaiters. We have them as low as 20 cents a pair.

A. E. McEACHEN,

THE SHOE MAN.

FIRE INSURANCE, LIFE INSURANCE.

The Royal Insurance Co. of Liverpool, The Sun Fire office of London, The Phenix Insurance Co. of Brooklyn, The Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York.

Combined Assets of above Companies, \$300,000,000.00. Lowest Rates. Prompt Settlements.

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