

THE HAMILTON TIMES

WEDNESDAY, MAY 20, 1908.

FORCE DISSOLUTION.

From the tactics adopted by the Opposition in the House last night on the Elections Bill it is believed that it is trying to force the Government to dissolve the House and appeal to the country. If such is its intention, it can only be because it sees that its policy of slander and scandal-mongering has been a failure, and it hopes to mislead the country with charges of crookedness, etc., in the Marine and other departments before the commission has had time to show them to be unfounded. The Toronto World has a report this morning that Premier Roblin of Manitoba has seen Sir Wilfrid, and that he has agreed to withdraw the clauses obnoxious to the Tories and thus relieve the situation. That, however, may be taken for what it is worth. The Government, it may be sure, will not leave the Manitoba election lists to the tender mercies of Roblin's hirings.

ROBLIN EXPOSED.

Yesterday the Toronto Mail and Empire at some length presented a not very candid statement by Premier Roblin, of Manitoba, who is now at Ottawa stimulating the obstructionists in the House, of how the Manitoba voters' lists are prepared. The reader is not astonished at the character of the assertions made in this statement by Mr. Roblin when he finds that it is prefaced by the words: "I came east because people of the Province of Manitoba are very much exercised over the so-called Aylesworth Bill inasmuch as it becomes law as introduced it practically means the disfranchisement of the Conservatives of Manitoba."

The reader who depends solely on Mr. Roblin's statement of the alleged facts, either as to the Dominion Elections Bill, or as to the manner in which the Manitoba lists are prepared, would indeed be a victim of Roblinism. Through his two-column effort to excuse the partisan outrage of the Manitoba lists, he makes a studied attempt to convey the impression—both by the omission of vital facts and the inclusion of half-truths, as mendacious as direct falsehood—that the preparation and revision of the Manitoba voters' lists, including the appointment of the registrars, is left entirely to the judges. What excuse he may have to offer for such deception it is difficult to imagine.

As a matter of fact, up till 1904 the Manitoba law left the appointment of the registrars to the judges. In that year Mr. Roblin's Government took from the judges the appointment of the registrars, and has since appointed them itself. Why was that done? What proper object was to be served thereby?

In the House on Monday night, under the promptings of this veracious Manitoba Premier, Mr. Borden and Mr. Roche both endeavored to leave on the members the impression that the Manitoba judges appointed the registrars, and it was only when the dishonesty of such an attempt was vigorously condemned that the statement was withdrawn. Hon. Mr. Oliver quoted from the Manitoba statutes to show that to the partisan registrars was left the choice as to whether personal registration should be insisted upon or not, thus furnishing them with an easy means of loading the lists with Tories and leaving the Grits off. He pointed out that, for the first time during the debate, the Opposition had been obliged to admit that the registrars were not appointed by the judges, although a great effort had been made to lead the public to think otherwise.

Mr. Roblin overplays the role of injured innocent. His statement, above quoted, is a falsehood, and he knows it to be such. Why his professed fear of the placing of the voters' lists revision in the hands of the judges? Is there any hint here?

The public has heard a good deal about jailbirds in connection with a certain affidavit made in connection with certain naturalization proceedings. One Rudneski, who is sojourning outside of Manitoba (thanks to the generosity, mercy or practical appreciation of former services, of the Manitoba Tory party), and beyond the reach of the legal officers of that Province, swore to the commission of crimes in the interest of the Roblin Government, and with the knowledge, and under the general direction of the Tory party organizer, Rudneski had just completed a term in the Winnipeg jail for fraud about the time that W. H. Hastings, Roblin's organizer, began to assemble his workers "in the cause of good Government." He at once became a recruit, and rendered yeoman service during the campaign as a member of Hastings' staff. If a man like Rudneski was eagerly seized upon by Roblin's managers to forward the cause of purity in such a campaign, is there any reason to think that such "useful" agents as he might not be selected to compile the voters' lists under Roblin's law? As a matter of fact, the Winnipeg Free Press announces that last Manitoba Gazette contains the names of the registration clerks appointed by the Roblin Government to make the lists in Winnipeg. Among them to be noted the name of an ex-convict who has one term and possibly more, to his credit. Our contemporary adds "This individual is a notorious political heeler who has been doing work for the last two months for the Roblin machine in naturalizing foreigners, according to the Hastings formula. Now he is put in a position where, if he is not watched day and night, he can plug the lists."

It is useless for Mr. Roblin, in the light of the facts, to assume the airs of an outraged innocent, or to pretend to view the provision of the Aylesworth Bill, which would place in the hands of the judges the protection of the citizen's right to vote, as a measure for disfranchising the electorate of Manitoba. Such a pretence is an insult to an intelligent public, and an uncalled for reflection upon the judiciary; and coming from a Premier whose political managers make use of perjurers and convicted frauds newly out of prison stripes, is a speaking commentary upon the objects he desires to accomplish.

MAKES THEM THINK.

Among the features of the Hydro-Electric proposals which tell strongly against it with all intelligent men are seeking only the good of the people served, is the insistence of the commission upon requiring those municipalities entering the scheme to shut themselves up to an absolute monopoly in addition to binding themselves to a contract for 30 years and assuming a huge debt. It naturally occurs to them to ask: Why should the Commission want to tie a municipality up for 30 years to an absolute monopoly if it is to furnish the cheapest power available? Would not the fact of it being the cheapest be in itself a sufficient protection against competition? They are thinking about this matter even in Hon. Mr. Beck's own city. The people are asking why they should incur a liability of probably a million dollars to enter a scheme which they are told can be made feasible only by submitting to an arrangement to exclude all competition. In Hamilton the case is worse. Not only has Hamilton more strings to her bow, but she has open for her acceptance another supply of power, guaranteed to be 10 per cent. cheaper, involving no investment or risk, no monopoly fetters, and ready to be delivered at once.

A VERY DEAR DOLE.

Some of Whitney's friends are making much of his increase of railway taxation. Sulman, the Tory candidate in West Kent, the other day boasted that Dover township had derived \$212,132 out of the railway tax, and claimed this as a great triumph of statesmanship.

But there is a per contra which Mr. Sulman and the Whitneyites would fain ignore. Here is where it comes in: In addition to the railway taxes, Whitney merely places a further burden upon the farmers and shippers of the country, and the probability is that the township of Dover people had to pay perhaps \$10,000 extra to the railways because of this Whitney tax. The *Chatham News* puts the matter in this form:

Here are the facts: When the railway tax was increased to \$60 a mile, the railways at once advanced their freight rates. It costs a hundred pounds. Among others, N. H. Stevens, president of the Canada Flour Mills Company, experienced the advance, and declared that since then the farmers have been getting just nine-tenths of a cent less on every bushel of wheat they ship than they would have got had there been no higher railway tax.

How does this figure out in Dover? Here it is: On every car load of 40,000 pounds capacity shipped containing Dover products, the Dover farmers lost \$6.

On every car load of 60,000 pounds capacity shipped containing Dover products, the Dover farmers lost \$9.

How does this figure out in the aggregate? "At the very lowest estimate," said N. H. Stevens yesterday, "for the \$212,132 that Dover got from the Government as the township's half of the railway tax, the farmers paid \$10,000; and I am inclined to think, in view of the immense shipments from Dover, that the township paid over \$20,000 for the \$212,132."

This "Big Stick" and Take-They-by-the-Throat kind of legislation may be all very fine as a means of furnishing Whitney with money to squander by increasing the railways' taxes; but in the end it all comes out of the people, and with interest. He but makes the railways his tax collectors. And his followers seek to delude the people into applauding him as a genius. Bowyer, of East Kent, declares that Hon. Mr. Matheson says that taxation of the railways is going to be doubled by Whitney. If so, look out for higher freight rates that must come out of the farmers' and shippers' pockets. The railways are not piling up money, even as things are. They must provide for all charges out of their earnings, and every new tax levied upon them is an additional expense which must be made up out of the public.

REFUSES THE JUDGES.

The Ottawa Journal, in its eagerness to excuse the obstruction of the Ottawa Opposition, pretends to regard the Premier's proposal to leave the redistricting and revision of the lists in Manitoba to the County Judges as "cryptic"; doubts that it would be carried out, and says, "If it presses it it will be guilty of an inexcusable betrayal of principle." The Vancouver Province, scarcely less Tory than the Journal, but more candid, has no doubt as to the Premier's proposal, but it wants the lists prepared by Tory agents, and it refuses to trust the judges. It says:

It is probably owing to a suspicion, a fear, that the judges and Sir Wilfrid think too much alike that the Conservative Opposition in Parliament hesitates to accept the Premier's proposal that to the members of the bench be entrusted the task of preparing the voters' lists in Manitoba and British Columbia. If, therefore, the federal Opposition decides to refuse Sir Wilfrid Laurier's offer in the matter of the Franchise Bill, it will meet the approval of the country at large in doing so.

As between the two Tory organs, the Ottawa Journal and the Vancouver Province, the Province gets nearer the motive of the Opposition, and nearer the

truth of the cause of its obstruction. It knows that the Manitoba lists are now prepared neither by the municipal authorities nor by the Judges, but by agents appointed from their list of party friends by Roblin; and they wish to retain the system with all its opportunities for taking undue party advantage. It boldly announces itself as approving of obstruction to prevent leaving the matter to the Judges. The Ottawa Tory organ, the Journal, seeks the same end, but it is less frank in its methods.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Remember, Mr. MacKay will speak to Hamiltonians on Tuesday, May 26.

Seven years in the penitentiary and thirty lashes, the sentence which was meted out to William O'Connor yesterday for assaulting and robbing a woman in the street. Truly, the way of the transgressor is hard.

Whitney is living on the Province's capital now. Of the revenue of the year \$1,185,000 is the purchase price of Kerr and Cobalt Lakes. If a farmer sold his farm, he could have a fly time-blowing in the proceeds. But after it was spent, what?

Between 1904 and 1907 under Whitney the charges on Crown Lands increased by 88 per cent., the revenue from the same source by 11 per cent. Whitney is pursuing the policy of "taking care of the boys" at the expense of the assets of the province.

Asbamed of his gerrymander! Not Whitney. The sentiment that he feels is only the apprehension of the wrongdoer, caught in his offence, who has some haunting fears that, after all, his precautions to baffie justice may not suffice to enable him to escape punishment.

In the first ten and a half months of Whitney's rule he made 662 appointments to office! There had been in that time only 35 vacancies by death and other normal causes. The appointments were due to the dismissal of old officials. And Whitney came fresh from pledging himself against the spoils system!

A monopoly power advocate assumes that because Toronto has contracted for 10,000 horse-power and tenders for the line have been advertised for, the Hydro scheme is sure to be carried out. Has it ever occurred to him that if Whitney chose to drop the matter after the election, he could still, through Mr. MacKenzie and his line, meet all the demands of Toronto?

The Ottawa Citizen, in trying to excuse the obstruction of the Dominion Elections Bill, says: "Hitherto the Provincial lists in Manitoba have been regarded as satisfactory alike to Liberals and Conservatives." The Citizen states what is untrue, as was amply proven by the speeches of the Manitoba members in the House. The Journal, as Tory as the Citizen, says "there has not been a fair fight in Manitoba since Greenway came to power."

Whitney professes to regard his gerrymander as a mere correction of anomalies. Even so devoted an organ as the Toronto World cannot stomach that. It declared on April 13 that "if a Liberal Government had done things parallel to the 'readjustment' . . . Hon. Mr. Whitney, as Opposition leader, would have stormed the skies in protest. . . . It is things like these that give a Government a bad reputation, and, persisted in, eventually wreck it."

There are hints being dropped that the machine will produce the "influence" in due time, and that its "bait" is a large one. We have no doubt that ample provision has been made in connection with some of the deals of the session, especially of "that last awful week" for the arguments which the machine's heels are so adept at using. But it is a dangerous business, and no effort will be spared to visit punishment upon the corruptionists. Watch the men with the boot!

It is quite useless for Whitney's friends to try to break the force of the criticism of that \$2,500,000 bond guarantee by throwing blame on the C. N. R. No man in his senses blames it; it but did what any other wise-awake concern would have done. The responsibility to the people is on Whitney. And the blameworthiness of the act is vastly aggravated by the public's since-acquired knowledge that to excuse his betrayal of his own loudly-boasted principles and to deceive the Legislature into acquiescence he came to it with a falsehood on his lips as to the situation in which the Province stood with regard to the matter.

In glorifying Whitney the Toronto News ventures the assertion that "it is possible that Mr. Hanna has done more for the permanent legislative advance of temperance than any previous occupant in his office." The Pioneer does not see it in that way, and it remarks that the News does not put forward a single fact in support of its statement, and it adds: "On the other hand there is the fact that he has kept local option out of 74 municipalities in which it had just as good a chance to succeed as in those where it is now in force." The temperance men who whooped it up for Whitney last election are doing a tall lot of thinking these days. So is Ham. Regan.

All is not happy in the Tory hive of West Toronto in spite of Whitney's "A" and "B" schemes to enable the machine to handle it. Four Tory candidates are now offering. The machine men are

Hon. T. Crawford and W. D. McPherson. A. W. Wright, the battle-scarred veteran of many a Tory campaign, and at one time the organizer for the party, announced himself as an "Independent," but later on was willing to modify himself to "Independent Conservative." Even that did not make him acceptable to the machine, but so far, he stays in the field. H. C. Tomlin is also offering as an "Independent Conservative." There's much scurrying around among the machine managers, and a great effort is being made to get Wright and Tomlin drawn off. How much will they ask?

OUR EXCHANGES

The Three-fifths. (Toronto Globe.)

Would it be in order to move that Tory candidates must secure three-fifths if the votes cast to secure election?

Sorry for Smithville Man. (Toronto Star.)

As the political campaign waxed hotter with the more and more with the troublemaker in the Smithville Brass Band, who must inevitably be asked some time or other to play against his convictions.

A Familiar Roblin Lie. (Winnipeg Free Press.)

Geo. E. Foster, bitter and prejudiced as he is, was compelled by S. J. Jackson, M. P., to admit that the statement that he owed his election in Selkirk to irregularities in the election lists was erroneous. This particular statement, thus repudiated by Mr. Foster, is one which Mr. Roblin has made many times.

A Study in Suicides. (Detroit Free Press.)

Mary Christensen, 20 years of age, and brought up in a small country town of Michigan, was reduced to the necessity of becoming a domestic in Grand Rapids. Apparently she submitted with parative cheerfulness to the task imposed on her as long as she could perform them within the privacy of the home of her employers. But the menial task of scrubbing off the front steps of the house, where she would be observed by the neighbors and the passers-by, was one she could not stand. Being summarily ordered to perform this duty, she shot herself dead. Here was a foolish, foolish, false pride.

ONTARIO EDUCATION

An Incapable Department In a Condition of Chaos.

A few days ago the Toronto News, which seems to have become Mr. Whitney's personal organ, its editors being required daily to laud him and his Cabinet ad nauseam, devoted a column or so to singing the praises of Whitney's Education Department. First, of course, came Hon. Dr. Pyne, one of the three heads of the Department. The reader was asked to admire him because he was once a hospital assistant, served in an insane asylum, and was, for a time, registrar of the Medical Council, and even attained to the dignity of a Toronto school trustee! It would be a poor compliment to say of Mr. Whitney's following in the House that it does not contain a dozen or even a score of men who possess more knowledge and experience of the medical, separate and joint schools of Ontario than Dr. Pyne has. He presented before the O. E. A. Convention a most pitiable figure. Being given the first place in the list of speakers, he labored painfully with a few cheap educational platitudes. The sorry figure he cut as a shock to the assembled educationists. The superintendent's grammar, as one of the school inspectors aptly enough called him, brought a worn-out cylinder that evening.

The educational experience of the Deputy Minister takes up little space in the News item that he attended Public and High School in Montreal, and that he, as secretary of Toronto University Commission, visited several universities and wrote its report.

The News' sketch of Supt. Seath's educational qualifications indicates an absolute lack of practical acquaintance with rural or Public School affairs. It omits, also, all reference to the persecution of the late Dr. McLellan, and Mr. Kirkland, which first brought Mr. Seath into public notice. Nor does it consider the Inspector's personal animus against Dr. Thompson and the city of Hamilton, which must be reckoned with in accounting for the removal of the Normal College, as worthy of being put forward as a claim to high educational honors. At the recent presentation of a testimonial given by all the high school teachers of the Province to the late Inspector, a colleague of the Superintendent, one of the high school men remarked that our modern Ahasuerus having no Queen Esther, sought Mordchai and promoted Haman. Dr. Seath deserves his fate and is ready for his hanging on the gallows of the high schools, but if Mr. Whitney is correctly reported as giving him all the credit, he is certainly much mistaken. Many of the high school men make no secret of the opinion that the other inspector was the more useful of the two. The News dwells on the fact that he was appointed by the Hon. G. W. Ross. If the latter had been Dr. Pyne's spirit then instead of appointing a political opponent like Dr. Seath, he would have told him, if he could have used Dr. Pyne's language, to "go to the devil and shake himself."

From Dr. Goggin's list of educational honors the News omits all mention of his services on the stump against Mr. Hyman at London, and his eloquence against the Autonomy Bill. His loud roaring against the Separate School clauses increased his qualifications in Dr. Pyne's estimation to compile new readers for the schools.

All the circumstances considered, it is no wonder that the Whitney Government's first School Act made a record. It had the shortest life of any Act of Parliament ever passed in Ontario. It was born alive, but it had not begun to walk before the intention to murder it was announced in the Speech from the Throne. The object of the Act was good, but it was framed in such crass ignorance of the conditions that it raised a storm, which threatened the existence of the Government. It was not conceived in the spirit of statesmanship, but in that of the bully. It was quite in keeping with the blundering that has marked the course of the Education Department

Thursday, May 21, 1908

SHEA'S

The Corsets That Satisfy are "Royal Worcester," "Groompton's," "D. & A."

AN EXHIBITION OF

Women's Blouses

See our windows to-night and all day to-morrow for an exhibition of the "Blouse strength" of the Shea store. We doubt if there is another establishment in Western Ontario that can make a showing of such a multiplicity of designs, such dainty styles and above all such unquestionable money values. Every waist in the window will have its individual price ticket and you can depend on it being worth the money. Our standard of value has been the bar many a manufacturer has failed to cross, consequently only garments of unexceptional merit have any place in the Shea Blouse Store. The "Blouse reputation" of this store has gained and maintained in the face of splendid opposition and this season's showing will go far to convince you that "Shea's for Blouses" means something. The prices for Lawn Waists begin at 50c with every between-price up to \$5.00.

Every other department will have special Thursday bargains.

Table linens, lace curtains, wash goods, hosiery, gloves, and the great

"Going Out of Dress Goods Business" Sale.



CANADIAN CLUB.

President W. M. McClelland Resigns the Presidency.

A meeting of the Trustees of the Canadian Club was held on Monday night, and it was decided to have the annual meeting of the club on June 11. W. M. McClelland tendered his resignation as President, owing to his nomination as a political candidate; and as the Canadian Club is strictly non-political, the Trustees decided to accept the resignation, though they did so with great reluctance, as Mr. McClelland has been a most energetic and successful officer. The members of the club are requested to lend their support to the entertainment being arranged at the Stoney Creek Battlefield, in aid of the Canadian Battlefields Association, tickets for which can be procured from the Secretary, 7 King street east.

THAW DIVORCE.

Evelyn Must be Ready May 26th or Drop Suit.

New York, May 20.—The proceedings brought by Evelyn Nesbit Thaw for the annulment of her marriage to Harry K. Thaw were adjourned again to-day. Lawyer O'Reilly who represents Evelyn Thaw, secured the adjournment by promising either to go on with the case on May 26th or withdraw the suit. He represented that various papers relating to his side of the case, especially Thaw's will, drawn on the day of his marriage, were in the possession of Justice Morechauser at Poughkeepsie.

CENTENARY LADIES.

Annual Reports Show a Successful Year.

The annual meeting of the Ladies' Aid Society of Centenary Church was held on Monday, May 18, in the church parlors, Mrs. Charles Hardy presiding. The reports were most encouraging, a successful year having just been closed. Receipts for the year were \$658.95; disbursements, \$508.83; balance, \$150.12.

The following were elected officers: Hon. President, Mrs. Dennis Moore; Hon. Vice-Presidents, Mrs. Sanford, Mrs. Thomas W. Watkins, Mrs. Whitney; President, Mrs. Charles Hardy; Vice-Presidents, Mrs. W. A. Robinson, Mrs. S. F. Lazier, Mrs. Strachan, Mrs. J. Orr Callaghan; Recording Secretary, Mrs. W. S. Moore; Treasurer, Mrs. H. S. Griffin; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. Wm. C. Morton; Deaconess, Treasurer, Mrs. W. B. Walker.

CAN'T AGREE.

San Francisco, May 20.—The jury in the case of Abraham Reuf, former police boss of San Francisco, who has been on trial for six weeks past on one of the 117 indictments brought against him for bribery, will come into Justice Dooley's court to-day and either render a verdict or announce that an agreement is impossible.

HELD UP TRAIN.

Mexico City, Mexico, May 20.—News just received here states that the occupants of two sleeping cars attached to a train which left this city on Saturday for Vera Cruz were held up by two negroes, and at the point of a pistol, relieved of their money and valuables, amounting to about \$1,000.

ARTIST DEAD.

New York, May 20.—Word was received here last night of the death in Berlin on May 15 of Charles Frederick Fries, whose paintings have attracted much favorable criticism in America and abroad. Mr. Ulrich was born in America in 1858.

In Berlin Mr. Ulrich married Miss Margaret Oppenheim, a daughter of a banker, who, with one son, survives him.

TWENTY-ONE HURT.

Seats In Chicago Circus Collapsed at Performance.

Caused by Crowd Scrambling For Breakfast Food Samples.

Chicago, May 20.—Twenty-one persons were injured, many of them seriously, and hundreds narrowly escaped death last night at a performance of the Charity Circus, Oak Park avenue and 33rd street, when all the seats in the tent suddenly gave way and crashed to the ground.

It was the opening night of this latest diversion of Chicago society, and the tent was packed with more than 300 spectators when the accident occurred. In the panic which followed scores of women were trampled upon. Quick work of men in the audience and of circus performers prevented the injury of many more.

The accident was caused by a scramble of spectators to obtain sample packages of a brand of breakfast food, which were thrown from the arena by a young woman who was taking part in the circus.

Little Rock, Ark., May 20.—A despatch to the Gazette from Clarendon, Ark., says seven prominent young society people were drowned last night, when the tank of a gasoline launch in which they were going for a moonlight excursion exploded, wrecking the boat. Other members of the party were rescued with difficulty.

The drowned: Miss Lillian Winfield, of Clarendon, Ark.; Miss Alma Pett, of St. Louis, Mo.; Mattie Counts, of Clarendon; Miss Bessie Palmer, of Kansas City; Miss Aline Burton, of Helena, Ark.; Jos. McManus, of Clarendon; Dr. A. L. Houston, of Clarendon.

One of those rescued, Miss Mary Cavett, of Clarendon, was severely burned. The boat left Clarendon early in the evening bearing a merry party, who had planned to go several miles down the river. When about five miles below Clarendon, the tank of the launch exploded, wrecking the boat and hurling the occupants into the stream.

Few could swim, and some were stunned by the force of the explosion, and went down before swimming. In the rescue, the survivors were found on the river bank by runners dispatched from here, because of the prolonged absence of the party. None of the bodies has been recovered.

ABUSED BY FRENCH

And Emperor William Refused to Take Luncheon.

Berlin, May 20.—The Foreign Office has received a report from Dr. Rosen, the German Minister to Morocco, regarding the alleged maltreatment of a man under German protection by French soldiers. According to the information received here, the man was carrying a letter from the German consul, Herr Lueberitz, to the commander of the body of French troops, but the soldiers maltreated him, while the officer spat upon the consul's letter.

It is assumed here that Chancellor Von Buelow brought this matter to the Emperor's attention at Wiesbaden on Monday, and possibly this was the cause of the Emperor's cancelling a luncheon engagement with the provincial nobility.

According to the reports presented at the meetings of the Toronto carpenters' unions, about 40 per cent. of the 800 union carpenters in that city are still idle. Last year at this time only 5 per cent. were out of work. A number of carpenters from outside points are reported to have come to the city in information that work was plentiful. Some of these are now working at a low wage.

OBITUARY.

Funeral of Mrs. Westhorpe—Other Interments To-day.

The remains of Margaret Westhorpe were laid at rest yesterday afternoon in Hamilton Cemetery, at 2 o'clock, the funeral taking place from Blackford & Son's undertaking rooms. Rev. E. J. Etherington officiated at the house and grave. Mrs. Westhorpe (Mithell) was for many years a resident of this city, and for the past 20 years had been at the Boys' Home, where she was employed. She leaves one son and one daughter, both of whom are here for the funeral.

The remains of Arden E. Forester were laid at rest yesterday afternoon in Hamilton Cemetery, the funeral taking place from his late residence, 200 West avenue north. Rev. R. J. Trevelyan conducted the service at the house and grave. The pall-bearers were: Geo. Price, E. Servos, W. B. Fred, Joseph and Russell Forester.

The funeral of Hugh Gillespie took place this afternoon from his late residence, 156 Herkimer street. Rev. Dr. Lyle and Rev. R. B. Bell conducted the services. The pall-bearers were: A. Sutherland, J. Lennon, K. Smith, F. Ramsay, J. Mack, and J. Howcroft.

Commons adjourns. Ottawa, May 19.—The Commons will celebrate the twenty-fourth of May on Monday by not sitting. Sir Wilfrid Laurier has given notice of a resolution to this effect. On Thursday, the 28th, there will be an adjournment over Ascension Day.

Hon. Adam and Mrs. Beck may go to England in June to attend the International Horse Show. Mr. Beck has been asked to act as judge of the hounds and saddlers, but says he has not yet made up his mind.

DOCTOR ADVISED USE OF CUTICURA

After Other Treatment Failed—Eczema in Raw Spot on Baby Boy's Face Lasted for Months—Cried with Pain when Washed.

ECZEMA WAS CURED AND HAS NEVER REAPPEARED

"Our baby boy broke out with eczema on his face when one month old. One place on the side of his face the size of a nickel was raw like beefsteak for three months, and he would cry out when I bathed the parts that were sore and broken out. I gave him three months' treatment from a good doctor, but at the end of that time the child was no better. Then my doctor recommended Cuticura. After using a cake of Cuticura Soap, a third of a box of Cuticura Ointment, and half a bottle of Cuticura Resolvent he was well and his face was as smooth as any baby's. He is now two years and a half old and no eczema has reappeared. I am still using the Cuticura Soap; I think it is the finest toilet soap I ever used. I keep my little girl's hair and face cleansed with it too. I am so thankful for what Cuticura has done for us. Mr. M. L. Harris, R. F. D. 1, Alton, Kan., May 14 and June 12, '07."

SANATIVE

Antiseptic Cleansing Is Best Accomplished by Cuticura.

Women, especially mothers, find Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Resolvent the best, sweetest, and most effective remedies for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands, for the treatment of inflammatory and ulcerative conditions, as well as for restoring to health pale, weak, nervous, prematurely faded, run-down women. Guaranteed absolutely pure under the United States Food and Drug Act.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Form of Itchiness, including the Adult Cuticura Ointment to Purify the Skin, Cuticura Resolvent (or in the form of Rhubarb and Cuticura Pills, in vials of 80 to 100 pills each, sent throughout the world. Foster Drug & Chem. Co., Sole Mfrs., New York, N. Y.

Free Mailed Free Cuticura Book on Skin Diseases.