

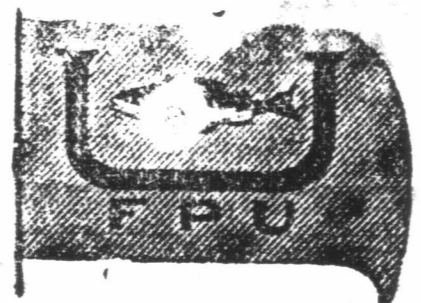
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(To Every Man His Own.)

The Mail and Advocate

Issued every day from the office of publication, 167 Water Street, St. John's, Newfoundland, Union Publishing Co. Ltd., Proprietors.

Editor and Business Manager JOHN J. ST. JOHN

ST. JOHN'S, N.F.L.D., OCT. 25th., 1915.

OUR POINT OF VIEW

P. T. McGrath

SATURDAY'S HERALD contained an editorial respecting Capt. Montgomerie that surpasses in virulence and impertinence anything ever written by P. T. McGrath.

Why he should select the present time for such a ferocious attack upon Protestants can be better imagined than expressed.

Every decent citizen should condemn such utterances.

If P. T. McGrath knew such discrimination existed, his duty was to bring the matter before the proper authorities or utilize his position in the Legislative Council to ventilate the grievance; but to rush harshly into print and create a Sectarian agitation, and indignation such as will be aroused by his article, can only be explained by the suggestion that he has become the willing agent of the Liquor interests in order to influence the vote to be taken next month.

We would advise P. T. McGrath to refrain from further reference to Sectarian issues, as this Country has had all the Sectarian talk it intends to tolerate.

Such an outburst will be considered as an insult to the intelligence of the people, and will be resented strongly should it again be attempted, even by the father of the Godless School Cod of 1913.

We intend to defend no conduct in any one that discriminates against any denomination, but we will not fail to reprove such indiscreet and impudent remarks as those penned by P. T. McGrath, which appeared in Saturday's Herald.

We advise the Premier to put a curb on the editor of The Herald, for the public want no more quarrels about Sectarian issues.

President Coaker

PRESIDENT COAKER will leave town on Thursday, the 28th inst., and return Thursday, Nov. 4th.

During his absence from town he will address Union meetings at Port Rexton, Catalina, Bonavista, Clarke's Beach, Port-de-Grave, and if possible Bay Roberts and Carbonear. At each meeting Union members and their wives will only be admitted.

What About It?

THE MANITOBA Liberal Government has instituted proceedings against the ex-Premier of Manitoba, and several of the Cabinet Ministers that formed Sir R. Robins' administration, and during this autumn no less than four ex-Ministers of the late Manitoba Government will stand trial on a charge of conspiracy to defraud the Province.

What is happening in Manitoba may be duplicated in Newfoundland, in event of a Union Government being returned in 1917, for no Province in Canada was ever ruled or misruled in a manner equal to that experienced in Newfoundland during the past few years.

A searching investigation must be instituted as soon as a new government takes office.

Disgraceful, outrageous, contemptible tactics have been in vogue in this Colony in connection with certain Departments, and such highhanded rascality must be punished as soon as circumstances permit.

In Manitoba the ex-Premier and three of his Cabinet colleagues now await trial for conspiracy to defraud, but what of the trial of the man whose conduct is chiefly responsible for the death of 79 of our Northern toilers and the crippling for life of 21 others?

Does he really imagine that conduct that entailed the death and permanent crippling of 100 men is to pass by with impunity, in the face of the four trials of Cabinet Ministers soon to take place in Manitoba?

The F.P.U. Party will appeal to the Country in 1917 for power to rule the Colony and will place in its platform a plank that will provide for the trial of Ab. Kean for the part he played in the great massacre of March 31st, 1914. If the Country wants him punished it will be enabled to do so by returning Union members in 1917. If the Country desires the conduct of certain Cabinet Ministers in Newfoundland investigated and punished it will alone be accomplished by returning Union members to Parliament in 1917.

Yes, if the people of Manitoba can place an ex-Premier and three Ministers of the Crown on trial for trying to take public monies they had no right to from the people, surely it would be worse than a crime to allow a man whose conduct was responsible for the death of 79 men, to walk the streets a free man and command coastal steamer subsidized by the public, and sealing steamers and to flaunt to the faces of the people, of whom 10,000, actually signed petitions to the Crown praying for his arrest and trial for manslaughter.

Yes, the day is not far off when Kean will find himself where ex-Premier Robins is to-day. Kean has insultingly defied the people and kept the sealers massacre of March 31st, 1914, constantly before the public by his indiscreet and vain display of conduct and impudence; and just as sure as his name is Abram he will answer before the Bar of Justice for his brutal and inhuman conduct towards 120 sealers on the 31st day of March, 1914.

If Kean imagines his conceit will carry him over the next general election, or that the influence of friends in a Government that rules in defiance of the peoples' wishes and the constitution of the country will always carry him through, we fear he will be sadly disappointed.

The country has not yet finished with Abram Kean, or his abettors and defenders, and as Robins in Manitoba met his Waterloo and must take his medicine for his highhanded conduct while Premier of Manitoba, so will Kean and other rascals in the Newfoundland Government, as soon as the country get an opportunity to clean up the dirty stables

How Cashin's "Cullage" Regard the Kean Verdict

(To Editor, Mail and Advocate.) Dear Sir,—When I say that I am indignant over the verdict rendered by the Jury against the Union Publishing Company, I feel sure that I am voicing the sentiment of 99 percent of the people in the outports, for no matter where one might go, he will hear bitter condemnation of the verdict. All agree that this was a blow aimed to kill out the Mail and Advocate, the only independent paper published in Newfoundland, the paper that does not hold back criticism for fear of losing an "ad." If they think that by soaking the Publishing Co. for \$1,800, they are weakening the Union, I can assure them that it will have precisely the opposite effect, for instead of being detrimental to the Union, it will only add rivets to the bands that bind the Union together, and serve as reinforcements for the concrete foundation on which the Union is built.

Model has already added his quota of rivets and now Judge Johnson's charge has clenched them. I hope that an outport Judge and Jury will be one of the planks in the next Union's platform. I would have the Union insert such a plank in their political platform. It would be the means of thousands of votes given to Union members that would otherwise be recorded on the opposite ticket.

Thanking you in anticipation for space. ONE OF CASHIN'S CULLAGE. Shoal Hr., Oct. 23, 1915.

The F.P.U. Convention

THE SIXTH Annual Convention of the F.P.U. will be held in this city about November 23rd, and will be in session during the afternoon and evenings of the 24th, 25th and 26th.

Delegates may travel by the Prospero, Fogota or the Reid-Nfld. system.

The District Councils of Twillingate, Fogo and Bonavista will meet here during Convention week.

Trinity District Meeting will probably be held at Winterton about the first week in January.

Every Council is expected to send a delegate to the Convention. Important matters far surpassing any ever submitted to an F.P.U. Convention will be discussed.

"The Mark"

WE HAVE RECEIVED a copy of "The Mark," edited by Rev. Mr. Bayley, of Bonavista. It contains an editorial absolutely opposed to Prohibition and recommends the Grace of God as sufficient to combat the sin of intemperance.

As a Churchman we will review the Reverend editor's remarks after the ballots have been cast, and without hesitation will take that gentleman to task for his advanced (sic) temperance opinion.

Be it said, however, that at least one Church of England clergyman had the courage to openly denounce the measure to prohibit the importation, manufacture and sale of liquor in Newfoundland.

For Prohibition

(Editor Mail and Advocate) Dear Sir,—I have noticed with pleasure the firm stand your paper is taking on the question of Prohibition. I do not intend to trespass on your space with any attempt at an exhaustive article on temperance, but as the time when this momentous question is to be decided is drawing so near I mean to sound a note of warning to those who may be inclined to be indifferent on the subject.

The conditions imposed by the Government, "the barbed wire fence," put around the proposition makes this very important. A forty per cent vote of the electorate in favour of Prohibition is the conditions laid down.

Reid-Newfoundland Co. Bay-de-Verde Branch. Commencing Monday October the 11th, and until further notice. Schedule will be as follows:--

NOTICE.

THE SEVENTH Annual Convention of the Supreme Council of the F.P.U. of Newfoundland will be held at ST. JOHN'S on the 23rd, 24th, 25th and 26th of NOVEMBER next. All Councils, District and Local are expected to send Delegates. By order of the President, W. W. HALFYARD, Secretary F.P.U.

NOTICE.

THE FOURTH Annual Meeting of the Fishermen's Union Trading Co., Ltd., will be held at ST. JOHN'S on THURSDAY, the 25th of NOVEMBER next at 7.30 p.m. Notice is hereby given that at the said meeting Resolutions will be submitted to increase the authorized capital of the said Company from \$100,000 to \$250,000. W. W. HALFYARD, Secretary.

NOTICE.

THE First Annual Meeting of the Union Export Co., Ltd., will be held at ST. JOHN'S on the afternoon of the 25th Day of NOVEMBER next. W. W. HALFYARD, Acting Secretary.

NOTICE.

THE Fourth Annual Meeting of the Union Publishing Co., Ltd., will be held at ST. JOHN'S in the forenoon of the 25th Day of NOVEMBER next. W. W. HALFYARD, Secretary.

NOTICE.

FOGO DISTRICT COUNCIL of the F.P.U. will hold its Sixth Annual Meeting at ST. JOHN'S during Convention week. All Local Councils will please arrange to send a Delegate. W. W. HALFYARD, Chairman.

NOTICE.

BONAVISTA DISTRICT COUNCIL of the F.P.U. will hold its Fifth Annual Meeting at ST. JOHN'S during Convention week. All Local Councils will please arrange to send a Delegate. R. G. WINSOR, Chairman.

NOTICE.

TWILLINGATE District Council of the F.P.U. will hold its Sixth Annual Meeting at ST. JOHN'S during Convention week. All Local Councils will please arrange to send a Delegate. W. B. JENNINGS, Chairman.

NOTICE.

Dr. Dumba Very Talkative LONDON, Oct. 18.—The trials of Dr. Dumba, who arrived off Falmouth last Wednesday night, are not yet over. The liner, on which he is a passenger—the Nieuw Amsterdam—is being held up because the former Austrian Ambassador to America brought with him a valet who is of military age and has no passport.

When the liner arrived at Falmouth elaborate precautions were taken to prevent communication with the liner. About 150 passengers were landed, and it was their opinion that the doctor talked too much for an Ambassador. One American first-class passenger said:

"The Doctor tried his best to make friends with us, but we would have nothing to do with him. He dined in the saloon, but generally sat at a separate table with his wife, and when we were in the social room he was nearly always seated at a separate table.

"He told a friend of mine that he believed Germany and Austria would declare war on the United States on account of our making munitions for the Allies."

Dr. Dumba is proceeded to Rotterdam in the liner.

MEDICAL MEN AND LIQUOR

John D. Quackenbush, A.M., M.D., Emeritus Professor, Columbia University and Fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine, New Hampshire Medical Society, American Medical Association for the advancement of Science, writes as follows in the Temperance Cause:

"I have been asked to define the position of the medical profession in regard to the use of alcohol as a beverage and as a therapeutic agent. It is distinctly unfavorable today. Physicians look upon alcohol as a protoplasmic poison, and are advising against its employment where it was once warmly recommended, for instance, in nervous depression, dyspepsia, insomnia, and tuberculosis. We now know that alcoholic drinks interfere with digestion, predispose to cardiorrenal and pulmonary troubles, and impair the elimination of toxins created in the body which are the cause of gastric acidity, sleeplessness and general neuroasthenia, as well as of high blood pressure and premature arteriosclerosis. Thus the use of alcohol indirectly contributes to the development of a form of atavical degeneration, designated as hardening which is directly due to auto-intoxication accentuated by the ingestion of alcohol. The majority of people overeat and under-exercise. Sixty per cent of Americans work indoors at sedentary vocations, and these drink moderately as a habit, and over-smoke as well, in response to the demand of a system depressed by the superabundance of food that cannot be disposed of, and of unskilful work that keeps up to the demand. What these persons drink to reinforce nervous energy is itself a most dangerous compound crude grain of potato spirits, of fusel oil, and various 'essences' manufactured in laboratories—a compound sixteen times as deadly in its effects on the brain and other organs as is ethyl alcohol in pure whiskey. And the beer and ale of the country all contain sulphuric acid and other adulterants, much of it persevering rendering it antagonistic to digestion which is a form of fermentation, and constituting a kidney and liver irritant which has to be removed with by the doctor and is taken into serious consideration by life insurance companies. Diseases of the kidney have increased twenty per cent, with the sophistication and improvement of the manufacture of beer."

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