

COLONIAL.

New Brunswick.

THE SEASON.—Our navigation may now be said to be closed. The last outward bound vessel left Chatham last Wednesday week and went over the bar on the following Sunday. The river remained passable until Thursday last; since then the ice has rapidly accumulated, and had it not been for the high winds on Sunday and yesterday, it is more than probable it would have been entirely frozen over. One or two calm days will accomplish this.—Miramichi Gleaner, 2nd.

A man named Thomas Brown, a native of Ireland, was accidentally killed yesterday by the lowering of a heavy sled from a window, the pole of which struck him on the head.—St. John, N.B. Observer, 2nd.

FIRE IN PORTLAND.—On Thursday night, between 11 and 12 o'clock, a fire broke out in a block of buildings on the Straight Shore, originating, it is supposed, in a chimney, which was observed on fire a short time previous. The engines were some time getting to the ground, and all their efforts could not prevent the destruction of three of the houses. Some persons lying sick at the time in the neighbouring houses were removed to some distance.—Freeman, 4th.

LIBERAL BEQUESTS.—It affords us great pleasure to learn that the late Chief Justice Chipman has bequeathed the munificent sum of ten thousand pounds to the Diocesan Church Society of this Province. This noble donation, unparalleled in these Colonies, will form a nucleus for the permanent endowment of our beloved Zion, and will place her, as far as human means can avail, in a secure position. A large sum has also been given to endow St. John Church, which is to take effect as soon as the northern section of the City is legally set off as a distinct Parish. We also learn that the cause of Education has not been forgotten by his Honor, and that he has left the sum of five thousand pounds to the Madras School, an institution in which he has always taken a deep interest.—Church Witness.

The Court of General Sessions of the Peace and the Mayor's Court, were opened in this City, on Tuesday. The Calendar exhibited only one prisoner in goal, who stands committed for trial before the Supreme Court, and the only criminal business before the Sessions is an indictment against W. Dougan, standing over from the last Court. There were four civil causes entered for trial. Robert Jardine, Esq., was elected Foreman of the Grand Jury. After the usual proceedings, His Honor the Recorder charged the Jury, and in the course of his observations brought under their notice, the subject of the apportionment of the taxes upon the several Parishes, and suggested enquiry into the correctness of the rate. A Bill was read before the Jury preparatory to its being laid before the Legislature to provide for the payment of the interest on the House of Correction Debentures. Tuesday next was appointed to take into consideration the subject of a motion introduced by Mr. Justice J. A. Lockhart, declaring the expediency of repealing all Laws relating to the manufacture, importation and sale of spirituous liquors. Some few accounts were ordered to be paid, and the Court adjourned until this morning.—Witness.

THE SPEAKERSHIP.—We learn from undoubted authority that the Hon. Mr. Crane will be a candidate for the Speaker's Chair, which he formerly occupied. There will, in all probability, be a contest for the honour of first Commoner, and the decision of the question will be looked for with a good deal of interest by the public.—Head Quarters.

We have been requested to put the public on their guard against counterfeit Five Dollar Gold Pieces, which parties were endeavouring to pass at Sackville a few days ago. They have since left for this City.—St. John, N. B. Courier, 6th.

RESTIGOUCHE.—Andrew Barberie, Esq., one of the Representatives for this County, having accepted the office of Clerk of the Crown, a new election has been held, at which Mr. Barberie was re-elected by a large majority over his opponent, Dr. Carter. The state of the poll, as known at Dalhousie on the 27th ult., and communicated to the Miramichi Gleaner, was—Barberie, 148; Carter, 57.—Ib. 6th.

MR. WISHART'S LECTURE.—The Rev. Mr. Wishart delivered his fourth lecture at the Hall of the Institute, on Thursday evening last, before a crowded house. The subject was "The Formation of Character," and the lecture appeared to give general satisfaction.

The Rev. Gentleman adverted to twelve leading particulars, which we name in their order. First,—that the complexion of character is principally attributable to primary structure; second,—that character, often evinces a tendency to exist in disproportioned and unsymmetrical forms; third,—that there is great dissimilarity in its mode of development—some persons coming forward at fourteen, some not till forty; fourth,—the ascendancy of the practical over the ideal nature was insisted on; fifth,—it was shown that the strong nature gives itself a second education; sixth,—it was said to be a frequent condition in the natural history of a remarkable man, that he arrives at eminence by the vanquishing of more than common obstacles; seventh,—a strong character, in unfolding itself, generally displays remarkable singleness of object; eighth,—character is said to depend much on the circumstances with which it is associated at an early period; ninth,—it was alleged that the formation of strong character is impeded by certain prevalent prejudices; tenth,—a very obvious distinction is the difference be-

tween the character that inclines to literature, and that which has a disposition towards science; eleventh,—by far the greatest number of characters take their shape from the ordinary circumstances by which they are surrounded; twelfth,—the employment was exhibited as exerting a strong influence, especially over the nature of merely average vigour. The address concluded with some suggestions in regard to the institutions that might promote strong character in this new country.—Ib. 6th.

Canada.

A Telegraphic Despatch from Quebec, to the St. John Reading Room, states that Messrs. Stewart and Dubord have been elected for that city, and Mr. Chauveau for the County. There had been much rioting in some of the districts—hay forks, chisels stuck on sticks and other weapons had been used. In two Wards—Chaplain and St. Roch's, troops called out to keep the peace.

The loss of the new Ship Sydenhams, with 17 lives, the particulars of which we append, is a melancholy event: "She cleared from Quebec on 8th ult. for London. She sailed from the Brandy Pits on 19th Nov. with a fresh Westerly breeze. On the morning of 22nd, at 2 A. M., she went on shore on Cariboo Island on the North Shore of the St. Lawrence, during a violent snow storm, and sad to relate seventeen of her hands perished, twelve having been thrown overboard by the fall of the mainmast, and the other five either killed, or drowned by the fall of the fore-topmast. The Captain, Mate, second Mate, and three of the seamen were saved, by lashing themselves in the rigging, where they remained till about 6 o'clock in the evening, having been 17 hours on the wreck, the sea washing over them all the time, when seeing a fire on shore and it being low water, they jumped overboard, and hove ashore in the surf, where they were met by two Indians who took them to their house and rendered them all the assistance possible.

On the 24th, the schr St Helena, Bernier, came down to their rescue, took them on board at Cape St. Ignace, from which place they came up by land. Capt. Rudolf reports that the ship went to pieces before they left. Eight of the bodies of the unfortunate seamen were picked up on shore and buried at that place.

The Hon. F. Hincks has been returned for Niagara, without opposition.—Quebec Chron.

West Indies.

The Royal Mail Steamer Merlin, Capt. Sampson, arrived at a late hour on Monday night from St. Thomas, bringing the usual mails from the West Indies.—The Merlin has arrived 24 hours in advance of the time at which she was due.—The celerity of the movements of this fine steamer is most gratifying.

The intelligence from Barbados is of little moment. A fire broke out in Bridgetown on the morning of the 10th instant, and, at one time, it was feared that the whole city was doomed. But through the exertions of the inhabitants and aid from the crew of H. M. B. Persian, the fire was subdued after the destruction of one house. The inefficiency of the existing provisions for suppressing fires is loudly complained of in the Barbados Papers. Another large crop of Sugar is anticipated, if the weather continue propitious; and we also learn that an extensive portion of the land in Barbados has this year been devoted to the cultivation of Cotton.—The Legislature was in Session, but nothing of general interest had occurred in its proceedings.

Greata papers mention that the Legislature had considerably reduced the Island tariff; and that no less than £3000 a year, would be the amount of pecuniary relief to the community by such reduction. The Wesleyan Missionary Society had held its Anniversary, over which the Chief Justice of the Island presided. The proceedings are represented as having been highly interesting.

Dominica papers state that a fatal disease resembling Asiatic Cholera, called "La Grippe," had broken out at Guadeloupe.

The long-pending suit between Mr. Crosby, Police Magistrate at St. Vincent, and Chief Justice Sharpe of that Island, for delamation, had ended in favour of the Judge.

Antigua papers to the 14th Nov., furnish no local news of any interest. The export of sugar up to the beginning of the present month amounted to upwards of 13,000 hogheads.

The Trinidad papers, which are to the 8th inst., report the completion of the Census, by which it appears that the number of the population of that Island is 68,600 persons—showing an increase of 8000 since 1844. The Council of Trinidad had under consideration an Ordinance respecting Insolvent Debtors, by which it was contemplated to relieve the future property of Insolvents from any liability from their Debts unless it should appear that they had acted fraudulently or dishonestly. Emigration from China to Trinidad was to be promoted by grants from the Island Treasury.

Demerara Journals to the 11th inst., inform us that the Governor had withdrawn the Reform Measures which he had submitted to the Court of Policy in consequence of the great difference of opinion thereon. The subject, meanwhile, is again to be brought to the attention of Earl Grey. The sum of £50,000 has been voted in the Court of Policy to introduce Chinese Immigrants into the Colony of British Guiana. There was great activity amongst the shipping in the Demerara River; large quantities of Sugar were arriving at the place of shipment from the Plantations. The prospects of next crop were very encouraging.

From Jamaica, the news is both of the most interesting and the most painful nature. The Legislative Session was opened by Sir Charles Grey on the 28th Oct., in a Speech which has given offence to both Houses. The most objectionable parts are a recommendation that suspending clauses be put to certain Bills, and an allusion to his instructions from the Home Government respecting his assent or dissent to Bills. These and other cognate sentiments together with the Governor's last prorogation Speech, were voted by the House of Assembly, in a long string of Resolutions, as breaches of the Privileges of the Assembly, inasmuch as they were calculated to fetter the independence of that body.—The Council having presented an Address in Reply to the Governor's Speech, received a long reply from His Excellency, which reply was voted by the Council in a series of Resolutions, as most objectionable, because in it the Governor had made unnecessary and unwarranted comments on the language used by the Council. Both Houses forwarded to the Governor their resolutions of censure. We lament to notice that the Cholera, instead of being on the decline, was extending its ravages in many parts of the Island. It is an awful fact that near twelve months have elapsed since that fearful scourge first made its appearance in Jamaica, and that it still rages with great severity. A severe gale accompanied by most destructive rains, has visited the Island.—Bermudian, Nov. 26th.

AMERICA.

United States.

THE NATIONAL REVENUE OF THE UNITED STATES.—We have authentic intelligence from Washington, to the effect that, during the last fiscal year, ending June 30, the revenue for Customs amounted to \$49,000,000 From Public Land, to 2,000,000 Total, \$51,000,000

A MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT, which resulted in the drowning of four men, occurred in the harbour on Tuesday night about twelve o'clock. Three of the crew of the steamship Asia, who had been ashore on a visit, attempted to get on board that vessel,—which was lying at anchor off Cunard wharf—in a small dory, accompanied by two boatmen. The wind was blowing a gale at the time, rain poured down in torrents, and when about half-way between the wharf and the steamship, the boat was swamped by a heavy sea and four of the five passengers were drowned.—Their names were James Haseith, cook; David Watkins, second steward of the forward cabin; Alex. Turnbull, bar-keeper—all of the steamship Asia; and John Sumner, watchman, who resided in Besson court, East Boston. The boatman, Henry Davidson, saved himself by clinging to the boat until rescued by assistance from the shore. Only one of the bodies, that of Mr. Haseith, has as yet been recovered. It was found in the bottom of the boat, and was yesterday taken to the dead house in Court square where an inquest is to be held over it. Mr. Sumner was a widower, but he leaves three helpless orphans.—Boston Courier.

Kossuth arrived in New York on the 4th inst., there was great furor on the occasion. Lola Montes had also arrived.

UNITED STATES.—Congress assembled at Washington on Monday last. The Hon. Linn Boyd, of Kentucky, the Compromise candidate, was chosen Speaker of the House on the first ballot. The President's Message is, as usual, a lengthy document.

The President gives a clear account of the Cuban expedition, and speaks of it as illegal and ill-acted. The prisoners who were executed all admitted the offences charged against them, of being hostile invaders of the island. "Our neutral obligations must be steadily and sternly enforced, if we desire to maintain our respectability among the nations of the earth," is the basis of the action of the Cabinet.

Attention is again invited to the subject of reciprocal trade between the United States and Canada. The President remarks:—

"Your attention is again invited to the question of reciprocal trade between the United States and Canada and other British possessions near our frontier. Overtures for a convention upon this subject have been received from her Britannic Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary, but it seems to be in many respects preferable that the matter should be regulated by reciprocal legislation. Documents are laid before you showing the terms which the British government is willing to offer, and the measures which it may adopt, if some arrangement upon this subject shall not be made."

A convention for the adjustment of the Portuguese claims has been concluded, and the ratifications exchanged. The first instalment of the indemnity has been paid by Portugal. The President of France has been selected as the arbitrator in the case of the Gen. Armstrong, and has accepted the trust. It does not appear from the message that a decision has been given against the claim, as has been reported.

The President recommends Kossuth and his companions to Congress.

In connection with the relations with Mexico, it is stated that the Tehuantepec treaty has not been ratified by that country, but that the administration is determined to exert all proper efforts to bring about the necessary arrangements for the speedy completion of the railroad.

A condensed and clear statement of the finances of the country is given, and it appears that they are in a prosperous condition. A constantly accumulating surplus is applicable to the extinction of the public debt. The condition of trade and commerce, however, is not so satisfactory, and shows that the country has not been benefited by the policy which dictated a low rate of duties. A modification of the tariff and specific duties is recommended.

It appears by a brief statement given by the President that, deducting the specie exports and imports, there is a balance of trade against the United States of \$23,472,544, notwithstanding the great increase in the value of the cotton exports. The exports of specie over the imports for the year ending the 30th of June last, have been \$24,263,979; but what is more alarming, the exports for the first quarter of the present fiscal year are largely increased; and if continued in the same ratio during the year, it will drain from the metallic currency the enormous amount of over fifty eight millions of dollars.

An increase of the army is recommended; for the better protection of the inhabitants of California, and of the new territories from the Indians. Such an increase appears to be absolutely necessary.

The President recommends that the officers and seamen of the American Arctic expedition receive extra pay and emoluments. A re-organization of the Navy is again recommended.

The message concludes with some high-toned and eminently patriotic remarks with regard to the enforcement of the Fugitive Slave Law, and to the Compromise measures.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 3.—We have advices from the City of Mexico to the 15th. The news of the raising of the siege of Matamoros had caused great rejoicing among the inhabitants.—No other news of importance.

Brazil.

A line of railway is about to be immediately constructed at Rio, leading to the mouth of the river Mova, a distance of about 16 mjs. It will be the first railway in Brazil, and will materially diminish the distance between Petropolis and Rio. The concession is made to an eminent Brazilian connected with England.

Three treaties have been concluded between Brazil and the Oriental Republic of Uruguay, viz; of alliance, of limit on of territory, and of peace, amity, and commerce. These treaties are published in extenso.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PRESENT STATE AND PROGRESS OF TELEGRAPHS IN THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA.—The length of telegraph lines built and in operation in the United States and Canada is estimated at from 12,000 to 15,000 miles. The most distant points in communication are Halifax, N. S., and Quebec with New Orleans, near 3,000 miles intervening between them, following the circuitous routes of the wires. The towns and villages which are accommodated with telegraph stations amount to between 450 and 500. As there are two or three lines, under different companies, between New York and other principal cities, many of the towns have two or three separate telegraph offices.

The first line erected was in 1844-'45, between Washington and Baltimore. The next was from New York to Philadelphia, which was opened early in 1846. This line was soon after extended from Philadelphia to Washington. The next lines of importance constructed were those made by Henry O'Reilly, connecting Philadelphia with Pittsburg and Cincinnati, and another connecting New York with Boston, and another connecting New York with Buffalo. New Orleans is connected with New York by two lines. The first passing South by way of Washington, Richmond, Charleston, Savannah, Augusta, Macon and Columbus, Ga., and Montgomery and Mobile, to New Orleans.—The other passes via Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Louisville, Nashville, and thence through Mississippi, to New Orleans. Each of these routes intersects with other lines, and give off lateral branches to any places not on the main routes. The distance traversed by either line from New York to New Orleans does not vary much from about 2,000 miles. Messages passing from one of these cities to the other have usually to be re-written four or five times at intermediate stations; though, by an improved method of magnetic connections, the seaboard line has, in good weather, transmitted communications direct between New York and Mobile, without intermediate re-writing, a distance of near 1,500 miles.—By the Western or Cincinnati route to New Orleans, steamers' news handed in at 8 A. M., has reached New Orleans, and the effects produced on the market at that point returned to New York by 11 A. M. Short messages forwarded from New York have frequently beaten time in reaching St. Louis and New Orleans.—New York Herald.

IMPROVEMENT.—One of the happiest improvements in the English language was written by Doctor Young, author of the "Night Thoughts." Being playfully drawn from his garden by two ladies, one of whom he afterwards married, he said— "Thus Adam looked when from the garden driven,

And thus disputed orders sent from Heaven: Like him I go, but yet to go am loth— Like him I go, for angels drove us both; Hard was his fate, but mine still more unkind, His Eve went with him—mine remains behind!"

Extract of a letter to the Editor, 11th, 1840. Professor Hall reports that he cured one of his patients in eight days, and in another case in four days, and in a third case in three days, and in a fourth case in two days, and in a fifth case in one day, and in a sixth case in one day, and in a seventh case in one day, and in an eighth case in one day, and in a ninth case in one day, and in a tenth case in one day, and in an eleventh case in one day, and in a twelfth case in one day, and in a thirteenth case in one day, and in a fourteenth case in one day, and in a fifteenth case in one day, and in a sixteenth case in one day, and in a seventeenth case in one day, and in an eighteenth case in one day, and in a nineteenth case in one day, and in a twentieth case in one day, and in a twenty-first case in one day, and in a twenty-second case in one day, and in a twenty-third case in one day, and in a twenty-fourth case in one day, and in a twenty-fifth case in one day, and in a twenty-sixth case in one day, and in a twenty-seventh case 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